## Perspectives on Functions

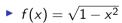
Tyler Holden and Parker Glynn-Adey

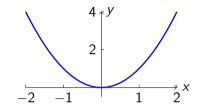
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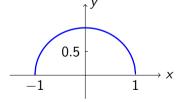
## 135 Definition

A function f(x) is an assignment of a real number x to some other unique real number.

• 
$$f(x) = x^2$$







**Definition:** The *domain* of a function is the largest set on which the function is defined. The *range* of a function is the set of all points which are witnessed by the function.

**Example Question:** Find the domain and range of the function  $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$ .

**Solution:** In the denominator we have a square root whose argument cannot be negative, so  $1-x^2\geq 0$ . Solving this gives  $-1\leq x\leq 1$ . This is the only restriction, so the domain is [-1,1]. For the range, note that every term of the function is non-negative, and it can never be zero, so f(x)>0 for any value of x. The function is smallest when the denominator is largest, which occurs when x=0, so the minimum of f is f(0)=1. As x gets closer to 0, the denominator becomes arbitrarily small, meaning that f gets arbitrarily big, thus the range is  $[1,\infty)$ .

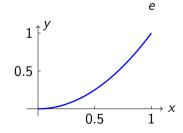
## 137 Definition

Given two sets A and B, a function is a map  $f: A \to B$  such that  $f(a) \in B$  for all  $a \in A$ . In this case, A is said to be the *domain*, while B is said to be the *codomain*.

Let  $A = \{0, 1, 2\}$  and  $B = \{a, b, c, d\}$ , and define the function by the following map:

 $\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$ 

▶ Define  $f:[0,1] \to \mathbb{R}$  by  $f(x) = x^2$ 



**Definition:** A function  $f: A \to B$  is said to be *injective* if whenever f(x) = f(y) then x = y.

**Example Question:** Suppose that  $f: B \to C$  and  $g: A \to B$  are functions such that  $f \circ g: A \to C$  is injective. Show that g is injective.

**Solution:** We are told that  $f \circ g$  is injective, which means that if f(g(x)) = f(g(y)) then x = y. We want to show that if g(x) = g(y) then x = y. So suppose g(x) = g(y), and apply f to both sides, so that f(g(x)) = f(g(y)). But since  $f \circ g$  is injective, it must be the case that x = y.

## 157 Definition(s)

**Definition:** The *cartesian product* of two sets A and B is the set  $A \times B = \{(a, b) : a \in A, b \in B\}.$ 

**Definition:** A binary relation on the sets A and B is a subset  $R \subseteq A \times B$ .

**Definition:** A function  $f: A \rightarrow B$  is a binary relation R on the sets A and B such that

- 1. if  $(x, y), (x, z) \in R$  then y = z. Here A is the domain and B is the codomain;
- 2. for every  $x \in A$  there exists a  $y \in B$  such that  $(x, y) \in R$ .
- For example, on the set  $\{0,1,2\} \times \{a,b,c,d,e\}$  we can define a function via the relation  $R = \{(0,c),(1,b),(2,c)\}$ . We often write this as f(0) = c, f(1) = b, f(2) = c.
- ▶ Define a function on  $[0,1] \times \mathbb{R}$  by  $R = \{(x,x^2) : x \in [0,1]\}$ , often written  $f(x) = x^2$ .

**Definition:** A function  $f: B \to C$  is said to be *monic* if whenever  $g_1, g_2: A \to B$  satisfy  $f \circ g_1 = f \circ g_2$  then  $g_1 = g_2$ .

**Example Question:** Show that a function is injective if and only if it is monic.

**Solution:** Suppose that f is a monomorphism, and that  $b_1, b_2 \in B$  satisfy  $f(b_1) = f(b_2)$ . Define the constant functions  $g_i : B \to B$  be the constant function  $g_i(x) = b_i$ . Now  $f(g_1(x)) = f(b_1) = f(b_2) = f(g_2(x))$  for all  $x \in B$ , so by assumption  $g_1(x) = g_2(x)$  for all  $x \in B$ , which in turn shows that  $b_1 = b_2$ .

Conversely, suppose that f is injective. Injective functions are left-invertible, so choose one such inverse  $h: C \to B$  such that  $h \circ f = \mathrm{id}_B$ . Let  $g_1, g_2: A \to B$  be any to functions such that  $f \circ g_1 = f \circ g_2$ , and post-compose by h to get

$$h \circ (f \circ g_1) = (h \circ f) \circ g_1 = \mathrm{id}_B \circ g_1 = g_1$$
  
=  $h \circ (f \circ g_2)$  by assumption  
=  $(h \circ f) \circ g_2 = \mathrm{id}_B \circ g_2 = g_2$ .

This shows that  $g_1 = g_2$ , allowing us to conclude that f is a monomorphism as required.