Lecturer: Prof. Dr. G. Lohmann

Due date: 07.06.2014

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## Exercise 7

## June 30, 2014

The aim of this exercise is to understand the propegation of shallow water waves and examine deep ocean circulation.

There is a R program to calculate both 1D and 2D waves.

- 1. For both 1D and 2D waves:
  - Run the program: Which type of waves do you see?
  - Change the constants of water depth H, gravity g, describe your observations!
  - Can you roughly estimate the phase speed of the waves?
- 2. Consider a geostrophic flow (u, v)

$$-fv = -\frac{1}{\rho_0} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} fu = -\frac{1}{\rho_0} \frac{\partial p}{\partial y} \tag{1}$$

with pressure p(x, y, z, t).

Use the hydrostatic approximation

$$\frac{\partial p}{\partial z} = -g\rho \tag{2}$$

and equation (1) in order to derive the meridional overturning stream function  $\Phi(y,z)$  as a fuction of density  $\rho$  at the basin boundaries!  $\Phi$  is defined via

$$\Phi(y,z) = \int_0^z \frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \tilde{z}} d\tilde{z} \tag{3}$$

$$\frac{\partial \Phi}{\partial \tilde{z}} = \int_{x_e}^{x_w} v(x, y, \tilde{z}) dx \quad \text{(zonally integrated transport)}, \tag{4}$$

where  $x_e$  and  $x_w$  are the eastward and westward boundaries in the ocean basin (think e.g. of the Atlantic Ocean). Units of  $\Phi$  are  $m^3s^{-1}$ . At the surface  $\Phi(y,0)=0$ .

- 3. It is observed that water sinks in to the deep ocean in polar regions of the atlantic basin at a rate of 15 Sv.
  - How long would it take to 'fill up' the Atlantic basin? (Assume  $10^{14}m^2$  and 5km depth)
  - Supposing that the local sinking is balanced by large-scale upwelling, estimate the strength of this upwelling. Express your answer in  $m y^{-1}$ .

Notes on submission form of the exercises: Two students work together in one group. Each group has to submit only one solution. The answers to the questions shall be send to paul.gierz@awi.de.