

SDIRK Time Integration and Variable Material Properties for Radiative Transfer

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March 25, 2013

1 Generic SDIRK

Consider a generic Butcher Tableaux:

Stage	c_i	a				
1	c_1	γ	0	...	0	
2	c_2	a_{21}	γ	0	\vdots	
i	c_i	a_{i1}	a_{i2}	\ddots	0	
s	c_s	a_{s1}	a_{s2}	...	γ	
		b_1	b_2	...	b_s	

Let ψ be our variable of interest. Then $\psi_{n+1} = \psi(t_n + \Delta t)$ is:

$$\psi_{n+1} = \psi_n + \Delta t \sum_{i=1}^s b_i k_i \quad (1)$$

where k_i is defined as:

$$k_i = f \left(t_n + c_i \Delta t, \psi_n + \Delta t \sum_{j=1}^i c_{ij} k_j \right)$$

and

$$f(t, \psi) = \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t}$$

Eq. (1) can also be interpreted as meaning:

$$\psi_i = \psi_n + \Delta t \sum_{j=1}^i a_{ij} f(t_n + \Delta t c_j, \psi_j) \quad (2)$$

2 Grey Equations

We know that the 1D, mono-energetic (grey) radiative transfer equations are:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{c} \frac{\partial I}{\partial t} + \mu \frac{\partial I}{\partial x} + \sigma_t I &= \frac{\sigma_s}{4\pi} \phi + \frac{\sigma_a}{4\pi} a c T^4 + S_I \\ C_v \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} &= \sigma_a (\phi - a c T^4) + S_T \end{aligned}$$

Solving for the time derivatives:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial I}{\partial t} &= c \left[\frac{\sigma_s}{4\pi} \phi + \frac{\sigma_a}{4\pi} acT^4 - \mu \frac{\partial I}{\partial x} - \sigma_t I + S_I \right] \\ \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} &= \frac{1}{C_v} [\sigma_a (\phi - acT^4) + S_T]\end{aligned}$$

Before going any further, we spatially discretize our equations, expanding in an arbitrary order Lagrangian basis. First, transforming to a generic reference element:

$$\begin{aligned}x &= x_i + \frac{\Delta x_i}{2} s \\ s &\in [-1, 1] \\ \Delta x_i &= x_{i+1/2} - x_{i-1/2} \\ x_i &= \frac{x_{i+1/2} + x_{i-1/2}}{2}\end{aligned}$$

For generality, let \tilde{x} and \tilde{y} be unknowns represented using our finite element representation:

$$\tilde{x}(s) = \vec{\mathbf{B}}(s) \cdot \vec{\mathbf{x}} = \mathbf{B}_1(s)x_1 + \mathbf{B}_2(s)x_2 + \cdots + \mathbf{B}_N(s)x_N$$

where

$$\vec{\mathbf{B}} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{B}_1 \\ \mathbf{B}_2 \\ \vdots \\ \mathbf{B}_N \end{bmatrix}$$

and

$$\mathbf{B}_i = \frac{\prod_{k \neq i} (x_k - x)}{\prod_{k \neq i} (x_k - x_i)}$$

Further suppose we wish to take an integral of the form:

$$\int_{-1}^1 \vec{\mathbf{B}} \tilde{x} \Delta x_i ds$$

we represent this result as

$$\mathbf{M} \vec{\mathbf{x}}$$

where

$$\mathbf{M}_{ij} = \frac{\Delta x_i}{2} \int_{-1}^1 \mathbf{B}_i(s) \mathbf{B}_j(s) ds \approx \frac{\Delta x_i}{2} \sum_{q=1}^{N_q} w_q \mathbf{B}_i(s) \Big|_{s=s_q} \mathbf{B}_j(s) \Big|_{s=s_q}$$

Similarly if we want to calculate the integral:

$$\int_{-1}^1 \vec{\mathbf{B}} \tilde{x} \tilde{y} \Delta x_i ds$$

we will denote this result as:

$$\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_x \vec{\mathbf{y}}$$

where

$$\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{x,ij} = \frac{\Delta x_i}{2} \int_{-1}^1 x(s) \mathbf{B}_i(s) \mathbf{B}_j(s) ds \approx \frac{\Delta x_i}{2} \sum_{q=1}^{N_q} \left\{ w_q \mathbf{B}_i \Big|_{s=s_q} \mathbf{B}_j \Big|_{s=s_q} \left[\vec{\mathbf{x}} \cdot \vec{\mathbf{B}}(s) \Big|_{s=s_q} \right] \right\}$$

Our fundamental unknowns will be expressed as:

$$\begin{aligned} I(s) &= \vec{\mathbf{B}}(s) \cdot \vec{\mathbf{I}} \\ T(s) &= \vec{\mathbf{B}}(s) \cdot \vec{\mathbf{T}} \end{aligned}$$

where:

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{\mathbf{T}} &= \begin{bmatrix} T_1 \\ T_2 \\ \vdots \\ T_N \end{bmatrix} \\ \vec{\mathbf{I}} &= \begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \\ \vdots \\ I_N \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Material properties will be interpolated in space from their values at the finite element interpolation points. For example:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\sigma_a}{C_v}(s) &= \sum_{j=1}^N \mathbf{B}_j(s) \frac{\sigma_a}{C_v} \Big|_{T=T_j} = \vec{\mathbf{B}} \cdot \frac{\vec{\sigma}_a}{\mathbf{C}_v} \\ \sigma_t(s) &= \sum_{j=1}^N \sigma_t(T_j) \mathbf{B}_j(s) = \vec{\mathbf{B}} \cdot \vec{\sigma}_t \end{aligned}$$

The Planck function, $B(T)$ will be similarly expanded:

$$B(s) = \vec{\mathbf{B}}(s) \cdot \widehat{\mathbf{B}}$$

where for the grey case:

$$\widehat{\mathbf{B}} = \frac{1}{4\pi} \begin{bmatrix} acT_1^4 \\ \vdots \\ acT_j^4 \\ \vdots \\ acT_N^4 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since the Planck function is a highly nonlinear function of T , we elect to linearize it about an arbitrary temperature, T^* :

$$B(T) \approx B(T^*) + \frac{\partial}{\partial T} [B(T^*)] (T - T^*)$$

for the grey case:

$$acT^4 \approx [ac(T^*)^4 + 4ac(T^*)^3(T - T^*)]$$

Expressing in vector/matrix form:

$$\widehat{\mathbf{B}} = \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* + \widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left(\vec{\mathbf{T}} - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \right) \quad (3)$$

where:

$$\vec{\mathbf{B}}^* = \begin{bmatrix} \vdots \\ B(T_j^*) \\ \vdots \end{bmatrix}$$

and $\widehat{\mathbf{D}}^*$ is a $N \times N$ diagonal matrix with non zero elements, d_{jj} :

$$d_{jj} = \left. \frac{\partial B}{\partial T} \right|_{T=T_j^*}$$

Since the sources are slightly prickly, that is we don't necessarily want to express S_I and S_T as polynomials in the basis functions, we define the following vectors:

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{S}_{I,j} &= \int_{-1}^1 \mathbf{B}_j S_I(s) ds \\ \vec{S}_{T,j} &= \int_{-1}^1 \mathbf{B}_j S_T(s) ds \end{aligned}$$

Having defined all this notation, we give the spatially discretized equations for cell i :

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} [\mathbf{M}\vec{\mathbf{I}}] = c \left[\frac{1}{4\pi} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_s} \vec{\phi} + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \left(\vec{\mathbf{B}}^* + \widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left(\vec{\mathbf{T}} - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \right) \right) - \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_t} \vec{\mathbf{I}} - \widehat{\mathbf{L}}\vec{\mathbf{I}} + \vec{S}_I \right] \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} [\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v^*} \vec{\mathbf{T}}] = \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \left(\vec{\phi} - 4\pi \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* - 4\pi \widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left(\vec{\mathbf{T}} - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \right) \right) + \vec{S}_T \quad (5)$$

where $\widehat{\mathbf{L}}\vec{\mathbf{I}}$ is defined as:

$$\widehat{\mathbf{L}}\vec{\mathbf{I}} = \mathbf{L}\vec{\mathbf{I}} + \vec{\mathbf{L}}I_{in} + \hat{\mathbf{L}}\vec{\mathbf{I}} \quad (6)$$

$$\mathbf{L}_{ij} = -\mu \int_{-1}^1 \frac{\partial B_i(s)}{\partial s} B_j(s) ds \quad (7)$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{L}}_i = \begin{cases} \text{if } \mu > 0 & \vec{\mathbf{L}}_i = -\mu \mathbf{B}_i(-1) \\ \text{else} & \vec{\mathbf{L}}_i = \mu \mathbf{B}_i(1) \end{cases} \quad (8)$$

$$\hat{\mathbf{L}}_{ij} = \begin{cases} \text{if } \mu > 0 & \hat{\mathbf{L}}_{ij} = \mu \mathbf{B}_i(1) \mathbf{B}_j(1) \\ \text{else} & \hat{\mathbf{L}}_{ij} = -\mu \mathbf{B}_i(-1) \mathbf{B}_j(-1) \end{cases} \quad (9)$$

$$(10)$$

Solving for k_I and k_T we have:

$$k_I = c \mathbf{M}^{-1} \left[\frac{1}{4\pi} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_s} \vec{\phi} + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \left(\vec{\mathbf{B}}^* + \widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left(\vec{\mathbf{T}} - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \right) \right) - \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_t} \vec{\mathbf{I}} - \widehat{\mathbf{L}}\vec{\mathbf{I}} + \vec{S}_I \right] \quad (11)$$

$$k_T = \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v^*}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \left(\vec{\phi} - 4\pi \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* - 4\pi \widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left(\vec{\mathbf{T}} - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \right) \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \quad (12)$$

2.1 First RK step

We now look at Eq. (2) for step 1 of an arbitrary, diagonally implicit RK scheme:

$$\vec{\mathbf{I}}_1 = \vec{\mathbf{I}}_n + c\Delta t a_{11} \mathbf{M}^{-1} \left[\frac{1}{4\pi} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_s, *} \vec{\phi}_1 + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a, *} \left(\vec{\mathbf{B}}^* + \widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left(\vec{\mathbf{T}}_1 - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \right) \right) - \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_t, *} \vec{\mathbf{I}}_1 - \widehat{\mathbf{L}} \vec{\mathbf{I}}_1 + \vec{S}_I \right] \quad (13)$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{T}}_1 = \vec{\mathbf{T}}_n + \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \left(\vec{\phi}_1 - 4\pi \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* - 4\pi \mathbf{D}^* \left(\vec{\mathbf{T}}_1 - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \right) \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \quad (14)$$

We now use Eq. (14) to eliminate the unknown temperature, $\vec{\mathbf{T}}_1$ from Eq. (13). Solving Eq. (14) for $\vec{\mathbf{T}}_1$:

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{\mathbf{T}}_1 + 4\pi \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \mathbf{D}^* \vec{\mathbf{T}}_1 &= \vec{\mathbf{T}}_n + \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \left(\vec{\phi}_1 - 4\pi \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* + 4\pi \mathbf{D}^* \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \\ \vec{\mathbf{T}}_1 &= \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\vec{\mathbf{T}}_n + \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \left(\vec{\phi}_1 - 4\pi \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* + 4\pi \mathbf{D}^* \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \right] \dots \\ &\quad + \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\vec{\mathbf{T}}^* - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \right] \\ \vec{\mathbf{T}}_1 &= \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\vec{\mathbf{T}}_n + \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \left(\vec{\phi}_1 - 4\pi \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \right] \dots \\ &\quad + \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \mathbf{D}^* \right] \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \dots \\ &\quad - \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \\ \vec{\mathbf{T}}_1 &= \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* + \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\vec{\mathbf{T}}_n - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* + \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \left(\vec{\phi}_1 - 4\pi \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \right] \quad (15) \end{aligned}$$

Inserting Eq. (15) into Eq. (13):

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{\mathbf{I}}_1 &= \vec{\mathbf{I}}_n + c\Delta t a_{11} \mathbf{M}^{-1} \left[\frac{1}{4\pi} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_s, *} \vec{\phi}_1 + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a, *} \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* - \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_t, *} \vec{\mathbf{I}}_1 - \widehat{\mathbf{L}} \vec{\mathbf{I}}_1 + \vec{S}_I \right] \dots \\ &+ c\Delta t a_{11} \mathbf{M}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a, *} \widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\vec{\mathbf{T}}_n - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* + \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \left(\vec{\phi}_1 - 4\pi \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \right] \end{aligned}$$

Multiply by $\frac{1}{c\Delta t a_{11}} \mathbf{M}$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{c\Delta t a_{11}} \mathbf{M} \vec{\mathbf{I}}_1 &= \frac{1}{c\Delta t a_{11}} \mathbf{M} \vec{\mathbf{I}}_n + \left[\frac{1}{4\pi} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_s, *} \vec{\phi}_1 + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a, *} \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* - \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_t, *} \vec{\mathbf{I}}_1 - \widehat{\mathbf{L}} \vec{\mathbf{I}}_1 + \vec{S}_I \right] \dots \\ &+ \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a, *} \widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\vec{\mathbf{T}}_n - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* + \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \left(\vec{\phi}_1 - 4\pi \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \right] \end{aligned}$$

and move some terms over to the LHS:

$$\begin{aligned} \widehat{\mathbf{L}} \vec{\mathbf{I}}_1 + \left(\frac{1}{c\Delta t a_{11}} \mathbf{M} + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_t, *} \right) \vec{\mathbf{I}}_1 &= \frac{1}{c\Delta t a_{11}} \mathbf{M} \vec{\mathbf{I}}_n + \frac{1}{4\pi} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_s, *} \vec{\phi}_1 + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a, *} \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* + \vec{S}_I \dots \\ &+ \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a, *} \widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\vec{\mathbf{T}}_n - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* + \Delta t a_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \left(\vec{\phi}_1 - 4\pi \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \right] \end{aligned}$$

Further manipulating to pull all of the $\vec{\phi}_1$ terms together:

$$\begin{aligned} \widehat{\mathbf{L}}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_1 + \left(\frac{1}{c\Delta ta_{11}} \mathbf{M} + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_t,*} \right) \vec{\mathbf{I}}_1 = \dots \\ \frac{1}{4\pi} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_s,*} \vec{\phi}_1 + \Delta ta_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*} \widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta ta_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*} \vec{\phi}_1 \dots \\ + \frac{1}{c\Delta ta_{11}} \mathbf{M}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_n + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*} \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* + \vec{S}_I \dots \\ + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*} \widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta ta_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\vec{\mathbf{T}}_n - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* + \Delta ta_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\vec{S}_T - 4\pi \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*} \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* \right] \right] \end{aligned} \quad (16)$$

Though it does not look that familiar, Eq. (16) can be made to resemble the canonical mono-energetic neutron fission equation. Let us define the following terms:

$$\bar{\nu} = 4\pi \Delta ta_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*} \widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta ta_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \quad (17a)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{\xi}_d = \frac{1}{c\Delta ta_{11}} \mathbf{M}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_n + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*} \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* + \vec{S}_I \dots \\ + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*} \widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta ta_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\vec{\mathbf{T}}_n - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* + \Delta ta_{11} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\vec{S}_T - 4\pi \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*} \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* \right] \right] \end{aligned} \quad (17b)$$

$$\bar{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_t} = \frac{1}{c\Delta ta_{11}} \mathbf{M} + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_t,*} \quad (17c)$$

Inserting Eqs. (17) into Eq. (16) gives our final form:

$$\widehat{\mathbf{L}}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_1 + \bar{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_t} \vec{\mathbf{I}}_1 = \frac{1}{4\pi} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_s,*} \vec{\phi}_1 + \frac{1}{4\pi} \bar{\nu} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*} \vec{\phi}_1 + \bar{\xi}_d \quad (18)$$

Having found $\vec{\mathbf{I}}_1$ by solving Eq. (18), we use Eq. (15) to find $\vec{\mathbf{T}}_1$. There are two options to proceed at this point

1. use the new value of $\vec{\mathbf{T}}_1$ as the next iterate for $\vec{\mathbf{T}}_*$ or
2. do not iterate on $\vec{\mathbf{T}}_*$, and proceed with the calculation

Having found $\vec{\mathbf{T}}_1$, either by iterating or solving once, the values of $k_{I,1}$ and $k_{T,1}$ are found by applying the definitions of Eq. (11) and Eq. (12) respectively (noting that since we now know $\vec{\mathbf{T}}_1$, we also know $\widehat{\mathbf{B}}_1$, and do not need to linearize)

$$\begin{aligned} k_{I,1} &= c\mathbf{M}^{-1} \left[\frac{1}{4\pi} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_s,1} \vec{\phi}_1 + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,1} \widehat{\mathbf{B}}_1 - \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_t,1} \vec{\mathbf{I}}_1 - \widehat{\mathbf{L}}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_1 + \vec{S}_I \right] \\ k_{T,1} &= \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a} \left(\vec{\phi}_1 - 4\pi \widehat{\mathbf{B}}_1 \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \end{aligned}$$

2.2 i -th RK step

Moving on to the i -th RK step, we first write the equation for $\vec{\mathbf{I}}_i$ and $\vec{\mathbf{T}}_i$:

$$\vec{\mathbf{I}}_i = \vec{\mathbf{I}}_n + \Delta t \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij} k_{I,j} + \Delta ta_{ii} c\mathbf{M}^{-1} \left[\frac{1}{4\pi} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_s,*} \vec{\phi}_i + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*} \left(\vec{\mathbf{B}}^* + \widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left(\vec{\mathbf{T}}_i - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \right) \right) - \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_t,*} \vec{\mathbf{I}}_i - \widehat{\mathbf{L}}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_i + \vec{S}_I \right] \quad (19)$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{T}}_i = \vec{\mathbf{T}}_n + \Delta t \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij} k_{T,j} + \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \left(\vec{\phi}_i - 4\pi \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* - 4\pi \mathbf{D}^* \left(\vec{\mathbf{T}}_i - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \right) \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \quad (20)$$

Proceeding in a similar fashion as before, we solve Eq. (20) for $\vec{\mathbf{T}}_i$.

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{\mathbf{T}}_i + 4\pi \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \mathbf{D}^* \vec{\mathbf{T}}_i &= \vec{\mathbf{T}}_n + \Delta t \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij} k_{T,j} + \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \left(\vec{\phi}_i - 4\pi \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* + 4\pi \mathbf{D}^* \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \\ \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \mathbf{D}^* \right] \vec{\mathbf{T}}_i &= \vec{\mathbf{T}}_n + \Delta t \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij} k_{T,j} + \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \left(\vec{\phi}_i - 4\pi \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* + 4\pi \mathbf{D}^* \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \\ \vec{\mathbf{T}}_i &= \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\vec{\mathbf{T}}_n + \Delta t \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij} k_{T,j} \right] \dots \\ &\quad + \Delta t a_{ii} \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \left(\vec{\phi}_i - 4\pi \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* + 4\pi \mathbf{D}^* \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \\ \vec{\mathbf{T}}_i &= \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\vec{\mathbf{T}}_n + \Delta t \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij} k_{T,j} \right] \dots \\ &\quad + \Delta t a_{ii} \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \left(\vec{\phi}_i - 4\pi \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \dots \\ &\quad + 4\pi \Delta t a_{ii} \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \mathbf{D}^* \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \end{aligned}$$

Adding nothing:

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{\mathbf{T}}_i &= \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\vec{\mathbf{T}}_n + \Delta t \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij} k_{T,j} \right] \dots \\ &\quad + \Delta t a_{ii} \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \left(\vec{\phi}_i - 4\pi \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \dots \\ &\quad + \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \left[4\pi \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \mathbf{D}^* \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \right] \dots \\ &\quad + \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \mathbf{I} \left(\vec{\mathbf{T}}^* - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \right) \end{aligned}$$

simplifying

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{\mathbf{T}}_i &= \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\vec{\mathbf{T}}_n + \Delta t \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij} k_{T,j} \right] \dots \\ &\quad + \Delta t a_{ii} \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \left(\vec{\phi}_i - 4\pi \vec{\mathbf{B}}^* \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \dots \\ &\quad + \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \mathbf{D}^* \right] \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \dots \\ &\quad - \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi \Delta t a_{ii} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \mathbf{I} \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\vec{\mathbf{T}}_i &= \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* + \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi\Delta ta_{ii}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*}\mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\vec{\mathbf{T}}_n - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* + \Delta t \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij}k_{T,j} \right] \dots \\ &\quad + \Delta ta_{ii} \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi\Delta ta_{ii}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*}\mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \left(\vec{\phi}_i - 4\pi\vec{\mathbf{B}}^* \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \quad (21)\end{aligned}$$

Multiplying Eq. (19) by $\frac{1}{c\Delta ta_{ii}}\mathbf{M}$:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{1}{c\Delta ta_{ii}}\mathbf{M}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_i &= \frac{1}{c\Delta ta_{ii}}\mathbf{M}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_n + \frac{1}{ca_{ii}}\mathbf{M} \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij}k_{I,j} \dots \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{4\pi}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_s,*}\vec{\phi}_i + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*} \left(\vec{\mathbf{B}}^* + \widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left(\vec{\mathbf{T}}_i - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* \right) \right) - \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_t,*}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_i - \widehat{\mathbf{L}}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_i + \vec{S}_I \quad (22)\end{aligned}$$

Inserting Eq. (21) into Eq. (22):

$$\begin{aligned}\widehat{\mathbf{L}}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_i + \left(\frac{1}{c\Delta ta_{ii}}\mathbf{M} + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_t,*} \right) \vec{\mathbf{I}}_i &= \frac{1}{c\Delta ta_{ii}}\mathbf{M}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_n + \frac{1}{ca_{ii}}\mathbf{M} \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij}k_{I,j} + \frac{1}{4\pi}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_s,*}\vec{\phi}_i + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*}\vec{\mathbf{B}}^* \dots \\ &\quad + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*}\widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left\{ \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi\Delta ta_{ii}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*}\mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\vec{\mathbf{T}}_n - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* + \Delta t \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij}k_{T,j} \right] \dots \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \Delta ta_{ii} \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi\Delta ta_{ii}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*}\mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*} \left(\vec{\phi}_i - 4\pi\vec{\mathbf{B}}^* \right) + \vec{S}_T \right] \right\}\end{aligned}$$

Re-arranging to isolate $\vec{\phi}_i$:

$$\begin{aligned}\widehat{\mathbf{L}}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_i + \left(\frac{1}{c\Delta ta_{ii}}\mathbf{M} + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_t,*} \right) \vec{\mathbf{I}}_i &= \frac{1}{4\pi}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_s,*}\vec{\phi}_i \dots \\ &\quad + \Delta ta_{ii}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*}\widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi\Delta ta_{ii}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*}\mathbf{D}^* \right]^{-1} \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*}\vec{\phi}_i \dots \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{c\Delta ta_{ii}}\mathbf{M}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_n + \frac{1}{ca_{ii}}\mathbf{M} \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij}k_{I,j} + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*}\vec{\mathbf{B}}^* \dots \\ &\quad + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*}\widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi\Delta ta_{ii}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*}\widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\vec{\mathbf{T}}_n - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* + \Delta t \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij}k_{T,j} + \Delta ta_{ii}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\vec{S}_T - 4\pi\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*}\mathbf{B}^* \right] \right] \quad (23)\end{aligned}$$

Make the following definitions:

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{\xi}_{i,d} &= \frac{1}{c\Delta ta_{ii}}\mathbf{M}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_n + \frac{1}{ca_{ii}}\mathbf{M} \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij}k_{I,j} + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*}\vec{\mathbf{B}}^* \dots \\ &\quad + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*}\widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi\Delta ta_{ii}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*}\widehat{\mathbf{D}}^* \right]^{-1} \left[\vec{\mathbf{T}}_n - \vec{\mathbf{T}}^* + \Delta t \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij}k_{T,j} + \Delta ta_{ii}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \left[\vec{S}_T - 4\pi\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a^*}\mathbf{B}^* \right] \right] \quad (24a)\end{aligned}$$

$$\bar{\nu}_i = 4\pi\Delta ta_{ii}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*}\widehat{\mathbf{D}}^*\left[\mathbf{I} + 4\pi\Delta ta_{ii}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*}\widehat{\mathbf{D}}^*\right]^{-1}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1} \quad (24b)$$

$$\bar{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_t,i} = \mathbf{M}_{\sigma_t,*} + \frac{1}{c\Delta ta_{ii}}\mathbf{M} \quad (24c)$$

This then gives us our final equation for the radiation intensity:

$$\widehat{\mathbf{L}}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_i + \bar{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_t,i}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_i = \frac{1}{4\pi}\mathbf{M}_{\sigma_s,*}\vec{\phi}_i + \frac{1}{4\pi}\bar{\nu}_i\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,*}\vec{\phi}_i + \bar{\xi}_{i,d} \quad (25)$$

Having found $\vec{\mathbf{I}}$ for the i -th RK time step, we solve for $\vec{\mathbf{T}}_i$ using Eq. (21). At this point, we again have the option to either iterate on $\vec{\mathbf{T}}_i$, or we only solve for $\vec{\mathbf{T}}_i$ once. Regardless of whether we iterate for $\vec{\mathbf{T}}_i$ or not, we evaluate all material properties at the final value of $\vec{\mathbf{T}}_i$, and apply the definitions of $k_{T,i}$ and $k_{I,i}$:

$$k_{I,i} = c\mathbf{M}^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{4\pi}\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_s,i}\vec{\phi}_i + \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,i}\widehat{\mathbf{B}}_i - \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_t}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_i - \widehat{\mathbf{L}}\vec{\mathbf{I}}_i + \vec{S}_I\right] \quad (26)$$

$$k_{T,i} = \widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{C_v}^{-1}\left[\widehat{\mathbf{M}}_{\sigma_a,i}\left(\vec{\phi}_i - 4\pi\widehat{\mathbf{B}}_i\right) + \vec{S}_T\right] \quad (27)$$

After completing all steps of the particular RK scheme, we advance $\vec{\mathbf{I}}_n \rightarrow \vec{\mathbf{I}}_{n+1}$ and $\vec{\mathbf{T}}_n \rightarrow \vec{\mathbf{T}}_{n+1}$:

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{\mathbf{I}}_{n+1} &= \vec{\mathbf{I}}_n + \Delta t \sum_{i=1}^s b_i k_{I,i} \\ \vec{\mathbf{T}}_{n+1} &= \vec{\mathbf{T}}_n + \Delta t \sum_{i=1}^s b_i k_{T,i} \end{aligned}$$