## Blizzard of 1918 recalled

## 'If you thought '78 was bad . . . '

Say "blizzard" to a Monroe Countian who was around 66 years ago, and you probably hear—with embellishments—a first-hand account of the blizzard of 1918

IT WASN'T exactly one of the better aspects of the "good old days." The fasts—as reported in the Weekly Star and in the Weekly Carrier—were these: between Friday, Jan. 11 and Tuesday, Jan. 15, 1918, 18 inches of snow fell on Monroe County. If the inconvenience of deep snow was not enough misery, the weather in that period also included a 23 below zero temperature and 40-mile-an-hour winds (wind will feet of mines of deep services).

chill factor of minus 84 degrees)
Rural mail carriers, reported the Star,
dutifully started their rounds, but "were forced
to turn back and abandoned their routes."
Farm families were snowbound, with the exception of the lucky ones who managed to get to

town in "oldtime" horse-drawn sleds.

In fact, horse-power was the order of the day.
Firemen used horses to drag their truck to

## Looking back

By Rose Mcllyeen

small fires at the home of Dr. J.W. Wiltshire and J.O. Payne, and merchants reverted to

horse-drawn carts for deliveries

AMERICA was at war, and coal was in short supply. The two biggest local users were the Central Indiana Lighting Company and the Showers furniture factory. During the emergency only one Monon train with a few coal cars got through the drifts to Bloomington. Reported the Star. "... many trains were stalled in the snow along the line, in some cases causing much suffering to the passengers. Some engines."

froze their cylinders with 180 pounds of steam."

Bloomington's telephone exchange logged

Bloomington's telephone exchange logged some 200 calls for help from persons out of food and/or coal. According to the Star, a dozen families found food and emergency shelter in the city hall. The Showers Company followed suit with cots and food for the families of some employees.

B F. Adams, appointed war-time county fuel administrator, used his discretion and authority to confiscate one of the railroad coal cars headed for the Central Indiana Lighting Company and had its contents distributed in small lots to homes where the bins were empty. The Stareditor estimated that some 500 families, half the families in Bloomington, got toal from the commandeered railroad car.

NOT ALL Bloomingtonians rose selflessly to the occasion. During the emergency a "gang" of four men and one woman was arrested for

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