

PGConf.DE 2023



Deep dive into the
pgBackRest world

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Who Am I?

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- aka. pgstef
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Agenda

- installation & configuration
- various backup storage types
 - multi-repository feature
- less common operations
 - interact with a standby server
 - asynchronous archiving
- latest features

pgBackRest

- aims to be a simple, reliable backup and restore system
- current release: 2.46 (May 22, 2023)
- local or remote operation (via SSH or TLS server)
- parallel and asynchronous operations
- S3, Azure, and GCS support
- various compression types: gz, bz2, lz4, zst
- client-side encryption (aes-256-cbc)
- ...

Installation

- *Use the PGDG repository, Luke!*
 - yum / dnf / apt-get install pgbackrest

Configuration

- if `/etc/pgbackrest/pgbackrest.conf` does not exist
 - `/etc/pgbackrest.conf` is used

```
[global]
repo1-path=/var/lib/pgsql/15/backups
repo1-retention-full=1
log-level-console=info
```

```
[my_stanza]
pg1-path=/var/lib/pgsql/15/data
pg1-user=postgres
pg1-port=5432
```

- main configuration in the `[global]` part
- each cluster to backup has its own configuration called `stanza`

Setup - archiving

```
# postgresql.conf
archive_mode = on
archive_command = 'pgbackrest --stanza=my_stanza archive-push %p'
```

- Tips for debugging purposes:
 - look at the PostgreSQL logs!
 - add `--log-level-console=debug`
 - or directly in `pgbackrest.conf`:

```
[my_stanza:archive-push]
log-level-console=debug
```

Initialization

```
$ pgbackrest --stanza=my_stanza stanza-create
P00    INFO: stanza-create command begin 2.46: ...
P00    INFO: stanza-create for stanza 'my_stanza' on repo1
P00    INFO: stanza-create command end: completed successfully

$ pgbackrest --stanza=my_stanza check
P00    INFO: check command begin 2.46: ...
P00    INFO: check repo1 configuration (primary)
P00    INFO: check repo1 archive for WAL (primary)
P00    INFO: WAL segment ... successfully archived to '...' on repo1
P00    INFO: check command end: completed successfully
```


Full backup

```
$ pgbackrest --stanza=my_stanza --type=full backup
P00  INFO: backup command begin 2.46: ...
P00  INFO: execute non-exclusive backup start:
backup begins after the next regular checkpoint completes
P00  INFO: backup start archive = 0000000100000000000000003, lsn = 0/3000028
P00  INFO: check archive for prior segment 0000000100000000000000002
P00  INFO: execute non-exclusive backup stop and wait for all WAL segments to archive
P00  INFO: backup stop archive = 0000000100000000000000003, lsn = 0/3000138
P00  INFO: check archive for segment(s) 0000000100000000000000003:0000000100000000000000003
P00  INFO: new backup label = 20230525-120443F
P00  INFO: full backup size = 22MB, file total = 966
P00  INFO: backup command end: completed successfully

P00  INFO: expire command begin 2.46: ...
P00  INFO: repo1: 15-1 remove archive,
start = 0000000100000000000000001, stop = 0000000100000000000000002
P00  INFO: expire command end: completed successfully
```

Backup types

- full
 - all database cluster files will be copied
 - no dependencies on previous backups
- incr
 - incremental from the last successful backup
 - file-level by default, block-level available since 2.46
- diff
 - like an incremental backup but always based on the last full backup

INFO command

```
$ pgbackrest info --stanza=my_stanza
stanza: my_stanza
  status: ok
  cipher: none

db (current)
  wal archive min/max (15): 000000010000000000000003/000000010000000000000003

full backup: 20230525-120443F
  timestamp start/stop: 2023-05-25 12:04:43 / 2023-05-25 12:04:53
  wal start/stop: 000000010000000000000003 / 000000010000000000000003
  database size: 22MB, database backup size: 22MB
  repo1: backup set size: 2.9MB, backup size: 2.9MB
```

Where do I store my backups?

Do not keep your backup storage on the database host!

- directly attached storage (`repo1-type`)
- dedicated remote host (`repo1-host`)

Repository storage types

- `repo1-type`
 - azure - Azure Blob Storage Service
 - cifs - Like posix, but disables links and directory fsyncs
 - gcs - Google Cloud Storage
 - posix - Posix-compliant file systems
 - s3 - AWS Simple Storage Service
 - sftp - Secure File Transfer Protocol (since 2.46)

Dedicated remote host

- install pgBackRest
- create a specific user on the backup server
- setup *password-less SSH* or *TLS* connection between the hosts

Dedicated remote host - configuration

- Database server

```
[global]
repo1-host=backup-srv
repo1-host-user=pghbackrest

[my_stanza]
pg1-path=/var/lib/pgsql/15/data
pg1-user=postgres
pg1-port=5432
```

- Backup server

```
[global]
repo1-path=/backup_space

[my_stanza]
pg1-host=database-srv
pg1-host-user=postgres
pg1-path=/var/lib/pgsql/15/data
```

Command execution with remote storage

- Database server
 - `archive_command`
 - restore
- Backup server
 - backup

Using multiple repositories

- introduced in 2.33 (April 5, 2021)
 - redundancy
 - various retention settings
 - ...

```
# example
repo1-path=.../repo1
repo1-retention-full=2
repo2-path=.../repo2
repo2-retention-full=1
```

`--repo` option

- backward compatibility
 - not required when only `repo1` is configured
- when a single repository is configured
 - recommended to use `repo1` in the configuration

`stanza-create` command

- automatically operates on all configured repositories

```
$ pgbackrest --stanza=my_stanza stanza-create
P00  INFO: stanza-create command begin 2.46: ...
P00  INFO: stanza-create for stanza 'my_stanza' on repo1
P00  INFO: stanza-create for stanza 'my_stanza' on repo2
P00  INFO: stanza-create command end: completed successfully
```

check command

- triggers a new WAL segment to be archived
- tries to push it to all defined repositories

```
$ pgbackrest --stanza=my_stanza check
P00    INFO: check command begin 2.46: ...
P00    INFO: check repo1 configuration (primary)
P00    INFO: check repo2 configuration (primary)
P00    INFO: check repo1 archive for WAL (primary)
P00    INFO: WAL segment ... successfully archived to '...' on repo1
P00    INFO: check repo2 archive for WAL (primary)
P00    INFO: WAL segment ... successfully archived to '...' on repo2
P00    INFO: check command end: completed successfully
```

`archive-push` command

- tries to push the WAL archive to all reachable repositories
 - an error prevent PostgreSQL to remove/recycle the WAL file!
 - `archive-async=y` brings fault-tolerance

```
P00  DEBUG:      storage/storage::storageNewWrite: => {
    type: posix, name: .../repo1/archive/my_stanza/15-1/0000000100000000/
                    0000000100000000000000004-9c9f8c7ba88433a5496ed7b594a93c1a25ca57c2.gz, ...}
...
P00  DEBUG:      storage/storage::storageNewWrite: => {
    type: posix, name: .../repo2/archive/my_stanza/15-1/0000000100000000/
                    0000000100000000000000004-9c9f8c7ba88433a5496ed7b594a93c1a25ca57c2.gz, ...}
...
P00  INFO: pushed WAL file '0000000100000000000000004' to the archive
```

Backups

- scheduled individually for each repository
- without `--repo`, used by priority order
 - (`repo1` > `repo2` > ...)

```
$ pgbackrest backup --stanza=my_stanza --type=full
P00  INFO: backup command begin 2.46: ...
P00  INFO: repo option not specified, defaulting to repo1
P00  INFO: execute non-exclusive backup start:
backup begins after the next regular checkpoint completes
P00  INFO: backup start archive = 00000001000000000000000006, lsn = 0/6000028
P00  INFO: check archive for prior segment 00000001000000000000000005
P00  INFO: execute non-exclusive backup stop and wait for all WAL segments to archive
P00  INFO: backup stop archive = 00000001000000000000000006, lsn = 0/6000138
P00  INFO: check archive for segment(s) 00000001000000000000000006:00000001000000000000000006
P00  INFO: new backup label = 20230525-121742F
P00  INFO: full backup size = 22MB, file total = 966
P00  INFO: backup command end: completed successfully
```

Show information

- default order sorting backups by dates mixing the repositories
 - might be confusing to find the backups depending on each other

```
$ pgbackrest info --stanza=my_stanza
```

```
stanza: my_stanza
```

```
status: ok
```

```
cipher: none
```

```
db (current)
```

```
wal archive min/max (15): 000000010000000000000006/000000010000000000000008
```

```
full backup: 20230525-121742F
```

```
timestamp start/stop: 2023-05-25 12:17:42 / 2023-05-25 12:17:52
```

```
wal start/stop: 000000010000000000000006 / 000000010000000000000006
```

```
database size: 22MB, database backup size: 22MB
```

```
repo1: backup set size: 2.9MB, backup size: 2.9MB
```

```
full backup: 20230525-121839F
```

```
timestamp start/stop: 2023-05-25 12:18:39 / 2023-05-25 12:18:48
```

```
wal start/stop: 000000010000000000000008 / 000000010000000000000008
```

```
database size: 22MB, database backup size: 22MB
```

```
repo2: backup set size: 2.9MB, backup size: 2.9MB
```

Show information per repository

```
$ pgbackrest info --stanza=my_stanza --repo=2
stanza: my_stanza
  status: ok
  cipher: none

db (current)
  wal archive min/max (15): 0000000100000000000000008/0000000100000000000000008

full backup: 20230525-121839F
  timestamp start/stop: 2023-05-25 12:18:39 / 2023-05-25 12:18:48
  wal start/stop: 0000000100000000000000008 / 0000000100000000000000008
  database size: 22MB, database backup size: 22MB
  repo2: backup set size: 2.9MB, backup size: 2.9MB
```


Recovery

```
restore_command = 'pgbackrest --stanza=my_stanza archive-get %f "%p"'
```

- `archive-get` will look into the repositories in priority order
 - (`repo1` > `repo2` > ...)
- tolerate gaps!

Less common operations

- refresh Streaming Replication standby
- take backups from the standby server
- asynchronously push or get WAL segments
- selective restore

Refresh Streaming Replication standby

- repository reachable from both nodes
- add extra stanza configuration on the standby

```
recovery-option=primary_conninfo=host=primary user=replication_user
```

- perform a `delta` restore

```
$ pgbackrest --stanza=my_stanza --type=standby --delta restore
```

- check `primary_conninfo` and `restore_command` before restarting the service

Test system restore

- use the `--archive-mode=off` restore option
 - disables archiving on restored cluster

Take backups from the standby server

- `backup-standby` option

```
[global]
...
backup-standby=y

[my_stanza]
pg1-path=/var/lib/pgsql/15/data
pg1-user=postgres
pg1-port=5432
pg2-host=primary
pg2-host-user=postgres
pg2-path=/var/lib/pgsql/15/data
recovery-option=primary_conninfo=host=primary user=replication_user
```

- backup started on primary
 - wait replay location on standby
 - files are copied from the standby

Asynchronous archiving

- triggered by `archive_command`
- using `archive-async=y`
 - temporary data (acknowledgments) stored into the `spool-path`
 - early archiving using `process-max` processes
- when multiple repositories are defined, and one is failing...
 - archives are pushed asynchronously to working repositories!

Archiving queue

- `archive-push-queue-max`
 - maximum size of the PostgreSQL archive queue
 - prevent the WAL space from filling up until PostgreSQL stops completely...
 - ...but generate missing archives!
- very important to monitor archiving to ensure it continues working

Asynchronously get WAL segments

- `archive-get` using `archive-async=y`
 - early fetching `archive-get-queue-max` amount of WAL segments to speed up recovery
 - using `process-max` processes
 - stored in the `spool-path`

Selective restore

- `--db-include`
 - databases not specifically included will be restored as sparse, zeroed files
 - built-in databases (template0, template1, and postgres) are always restored unless specifically excluded
- `--db-exclude`
 - databases excluded will be restored as sparse, zeroed files
 - with the `--db-include` option, only apply to built-in databases
- `DROP DATABASE` to remove the zeroed databases after recovery

Latest features

- TLS server
- File bundling
- Backup annotations

TLS server

- introduced in 2.37 (January 3, 2022)
 - to replace SSH connections
- TLS server must be configured and started on each host
 - `tls-server-*` options used for configuring the TLS server
 - `pg1-host-type=tls` on the backup server
 - `repo1-host-type=tls` on the database server
- certificates generated in the same way as PostgreSQL

See complete example in [EDB docs](#)

File bundling

- introduced in 2.39 (May 16, 2022)
 - bundle/combine to improve small file support
 - zero-length files are not stored (except in the manifest)
- `repo-bundle`
- `repo-bundle-size`
- `repo-bundle-limit` - size limit for files that will be included in bundles

Backup annotations

- introduced in 2.41 (September 19, 2022)
 - possibility to annotate backups with user-defined key/value pairs

```
$ pgbackrest backup --stanza=X --type=full \  
  --annotation=comment="this is our initial backup" \  
  --annotation=some-other-key="any text you'd like"
```

```
$ pgbackrest info --stanza=X --set=20230525-122223F
```

```
...
```

```
full backup: 20230525-122223F
```

```
timestamp start/stop: 2023-05-25 12:22:23 / 2023-05-25 12:22:32
```

```
wal start/stop: 000000010000000000000000C / 000000010000000000000000C
```

```
lsn start/stop: 0/C000028 / 0/C000138
```

```
database size: 22.2MB, database backup size: 22.2MB
```

```
repo1: backup set size: 2.9MB, backup size: 2.9MB
```

```
database list: postgres (5)
```

```
annotation(s)
```

```
comment: this is our initial backup
```

```
some-other-key: any text you'd like
```

Where

- official website: <https://pgbackrest.org>
- user guides: <https://pgbackrest.org/user-guide.html>
- code: <https://github.com/pgbackrest/pgbackrest>
- EDB docs: <https://www.enterprisedb.com/docs/supported-open-source/pgbackrest>

Conclusion

- pgBackRest is a powerful tool
 - with a lot of features and possibilities

Questions?



Thank you for your attention!