Design Patterns - State Pattern

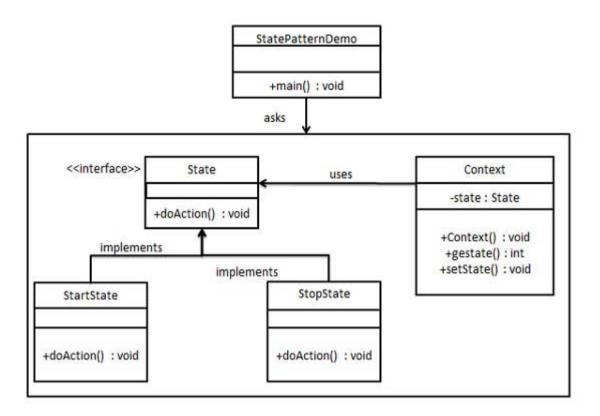
In State pattern a class behavior changes based on its state. This type of design pattern comes under behavior pattern.

In State pattern, we create objects which represent various states and a context object whose behavior varies as its state object changes.

Implementation

We are going to create a *State* interface defining an action and concrete state classes implementing the *State* interface. *Context* is a class which carries a State.

StatePatternDemo, our demo class, will use Context and state objects to demonstrate change in Context behavior based on type of state it is in.



Step 1

Create an interface.

State.java

```
public interface State {
   public void doAction(Context context);
}
```

Step 2

Create concrete classes implementing the same interface.

StartState.java

```
public class StartState implements State {

   public void doAction(Context context) {
       System.out.println("Player is in start state");
       context.setState(this);
   }

   public String toString(){
       return "Start State";
   }
}
```

StopState.java

```
public class StopState implements State {

   public void doAction(Context context) {
       System.out.println("Player is in stop state");
       context.setState(this);
   }

   public String toString(){
       return "Stop State";
   }
}
```

Step 3

Create Context Class.

Context.java

```
public class Context {
    private State state;

public Context(){
        state = null;
    }

public void setState(State state){
        this.state = state;
    }

public State getState(){
        return state;
    }
}
```

Step 4

Use the *Context* to see change in behaviour when *State* changes.

StatePatternDemo.java

```
public class StatePatternDemo {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      Context context = new Context();

      StartState startState = new StartState();
      startState.doAction(context);

      System.out.println(context.getState().toString());

      StopState stopState = new StopState();
      stopState.doAction(context);
}
```

```
System.out.println(context.getState().toString());
}
```

Step 5

Verify the output.

```
Player is in start state
Start State
Player is in stop state
Stop State
```