

Sending Secret Messages with Synchronized Chaotic Systems

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May 7, 2023

Abstract

This paper introduces an example of a synchronized chaotic system based on the Lorenz system. We will see how this can be applied to the field of communications as synchronized chaotic system can be used to send secret messages. Lastly, we see how resistant this method of encryption is to noise when transmitting the signal.

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1 Introduction

add introduction (do this last) [CO93]

2 Theory of Synchronized Chaotic Systems

- for only the function that we are working with and show exponential convergence - give definition for synchronization (from that one paper) - introduces system and where it comes from (from circuit implementation)

Theorem 1. $E(t) \rightarrow 0$

Theorem 2. *exponential convergence*

3 Numerical Experiments

based on circuit implementation [CO93] summary of what we are doing can mention something about precision numbers

3.1 Algorithm Implementation

- numerical implementation of the algorithm and plots of convergence and noise and add pitfalls about machine epsilon - introduce it in the code format and mention particular findings that I found for this (numerical errors that can occur with rounding and what not)

3.2 Testing Algorithm Against Noise

testing it against Gaussian noise (add some noise and see how bad it can get)

4 Discussion

why it is not that good for sending secret messages but there are better method for doing so (binary messages which is more robust to sending secret messages)

References

- [CO93] Kevin M. Cuomo and Alan V. Oppenheim. “Circuit implementation of synchronized chaos with applications to communications”. In: *Phys. Rev. Lett.* 71 (1 July 1993), pp. 65–68. DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevLett.71.65. URL: <https://link.aps.org/doi/10.1103/PhysRevLett.71.65>.