

Ransomware

Getting Started

- Firstly, I opened an archive file(download them at here) containing some source files of this challenge. There are a compiled byte-code (.pyc extension) of python script(task.pyc) and an encrypted data file(flag.enc).
- Using uncompyle6(installing here) to decompile task.pyc, I get the original pythonscript as below:

```
1 $ uncompyle6 task.pyc
2 # uncompyle6 version 3.7.4
3 # Python bytecode 3.8 (3413)
4 # Decompiled from: Python 3.8.5 (default, Jul 28 2020, 12:59:40)
5 # [GCC 9.3.0]
6 # Embedded file name: task.py
7 # Compiled at: 2021-01-14 21:13:24
8 # Size of source mod 2**32: 420 bytes
9 (lambda data, key, iv: if len(data) != 0:
10 (lambda key, iv, data, AES: open('flag.enc', 'wb').write(AES.new(key, AES.11 # okay decompiling task.pyc)
```

Solve

 After achieving original python-script, I'm confused with it because the script is mess and looks like unreadable code. So, I needed to *petrus's* support (a crypto-player of my team) and he send me to python-script, which can be based-on decompiled code in order to decrypt flag.enc:

```
solve.py

import requests
from Crypto.Cipher import AES

data = requests.get('https://ctf.bamboofox.tw/rules').text.encode()
```

```
key = data[99:99+16]
iv = data[153:153+16]

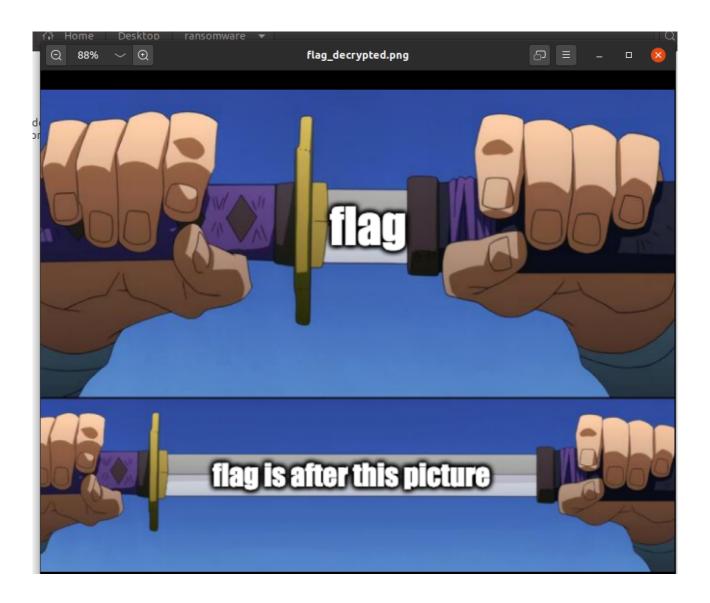
with open('flag.enc','rb') as f1:
    ciphertext = f1.read()

plaintext = AES.new(key, AES.MODE_CBC, iv).decrypt(ciphertext)
with open('flag_decrypted', 'wb') as f2:
    f2.write(plaintext)
```

Running the above script, and I see that the new file "flag_decrypted" is generated.
 Examining it using file command:

```
    $ file flag_decrypted
    flag_decrypted: PNG image data, 980 x 746, 8-bit/color RGBA, non-interlace
```

• Adding an extension(.png) to new file and opening it:



• In this stage, I also confused when I don't have an idea to get the flag: (. I needed to the *Stirring's* support to get the final image, which contains the flag's content:

```
$ binwalk flag_decrypted.png --dd='.*'

DECIMAL HEXADECIMAL DESCRIPTION

Ox0 PNG image, 980 x 746, 8-bit/color RGBA, non-
In the state of the state
```

 Maybe I guess that the second image having offset as 0xC5672 is flag-image. Opening and wow, it's real flag:

flag(345y_14_h4fy444444)

