Billions of Blocks

This video of a Minecraft Java Edition world was briefly streamed online. We would like to recover the seed using only the little information we know. We know the world was generated with a string that starts with "S41NTC0N" and is followed by a lowercase English word. Can you crack the non-numeric seed used to generate this world?

Please note, you do not need to own Minecraft to solve this challenge.

For example, some possible answers include:

- "S41NTC0N password"
- "S41NTC0N banana"
- "S41NTC0N hypothetically"

So we are given a video of someone playing minecraft. We are asked to reverse engineer the seed from information gleaned from the video.

Fun fact, there are 2⁶⁴ (18,446,744,073,709,551,616) minecraft seeds.

So there are 2 problems.

- 1. Identify the seed used.
- Correlate the seed to the word.

One saving grace is that when you use a string to generate a world seed, it uses the java hashcode() function. hashcode() returns a 2^32 (4294967296) but it is signed. (-2,147,483,648 through 2,147,483,647)

So let's take a look at what information we can get.

Let's take a look at a frame from the video.

The player is running with the F3 debug screen on. It is also running with the F3-B showing the chunk borders.



1st, in the green rectangle we see that it is running in version 1.19.2. This is important because different versions of the game use different algorithms to generate the world.

2nd, in the yellow circle, there is a ruined portal. A ruined portal is generated during the world creation process. Portals are determined on a per chunk basis. This will be a structure that we will want to look at.

We can determine what chunk it is in. With just this knowledge we can limit it to 6871662 possible seeds or 0.16% of the keyspace. Still too many to work with.

3rd we are going to use the red and purple boxes which we can correlate a specific blome to specific blocks.

Let's add this first spot he is on. It reduces the amount of seeds to 165467. Using a total of 7 spaces [(282,72,76,beach); (329,73,107,beach); (330,73,109,forest); (341,66,119,beach); (344,65,120,forest); (335,69,113,forest); (282,72,76,beach)] we reduce the seeds to 6.

```
factor@megahurts:~/saintcon2022/cubiomes$ time ./seed_find
x:288 y:0 z:80 intrest:11
seed :-394087037
seed :-97805915
seed :-59373479
seed :766033802
seed :986088697
seed :1327689242

real    11m17.253s
user    11m13.906s
sys    0m0.152s
factor@megahurts:~/saintcon2022/cubiomes$
```

6 seeds we can validate by hand. (but for the sake of argument that we don't have minecraft installed we will pretend not to do that.)

So we have effectively solved the first problem. We have the seed for this world.

Now let's generate a list of possible solutions. We will concat "S41NTC0N" the contents of the file /usr/share/dict/american-english. We then run each of those though hashCode() and create a file full of hashes and strings. Note, I did sort by hash value.

Links -

https://github.com/Cubitect/cubiomes // code used to locate biomes and structures https://minecraft.fandom.com/wiki/Seed_(level_generation)#:~:text=Seed%20limit%20is%20now%2048%2Dbit.&text=World%20generator%20rewritten%20in%20a%20non%2Dbreaking%20way.&text=Replaced%20the%20random%20number%20generator,limit%20back%20to%2064%2Dbit. // info about world generation

They Cracked My Server!