

Session 8

Technological drivers of Cloud

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Alliance with  Education

Objectives

- SOA
- Virtualization
- Multicore, memory storage technology
- Web 2.0 and 3.0
- Pervasive computing

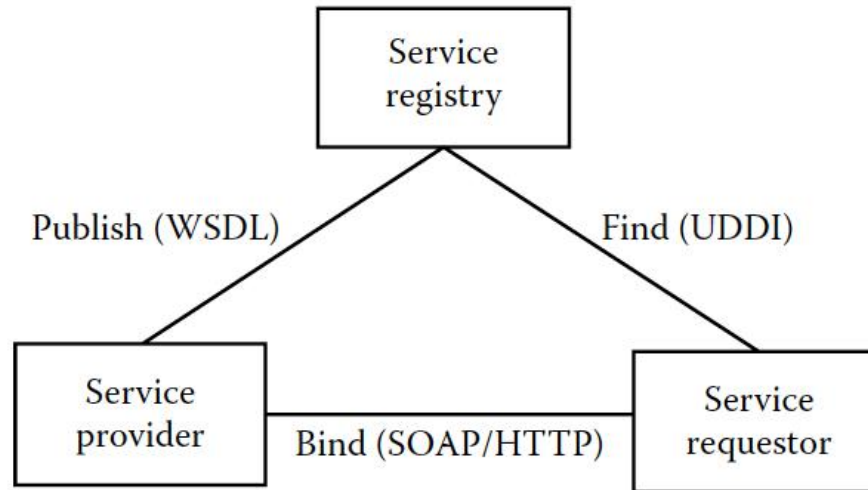
Service-oriented architecture(SOA)

- SOA enables mutual data exchange between programs of different vendors without the need for additional programming or changes to the services.
- A service need not have prior knowledge of the calling application, and the application does not need to have knowledge about how the tasks are performed by a service

Benefits of SOA

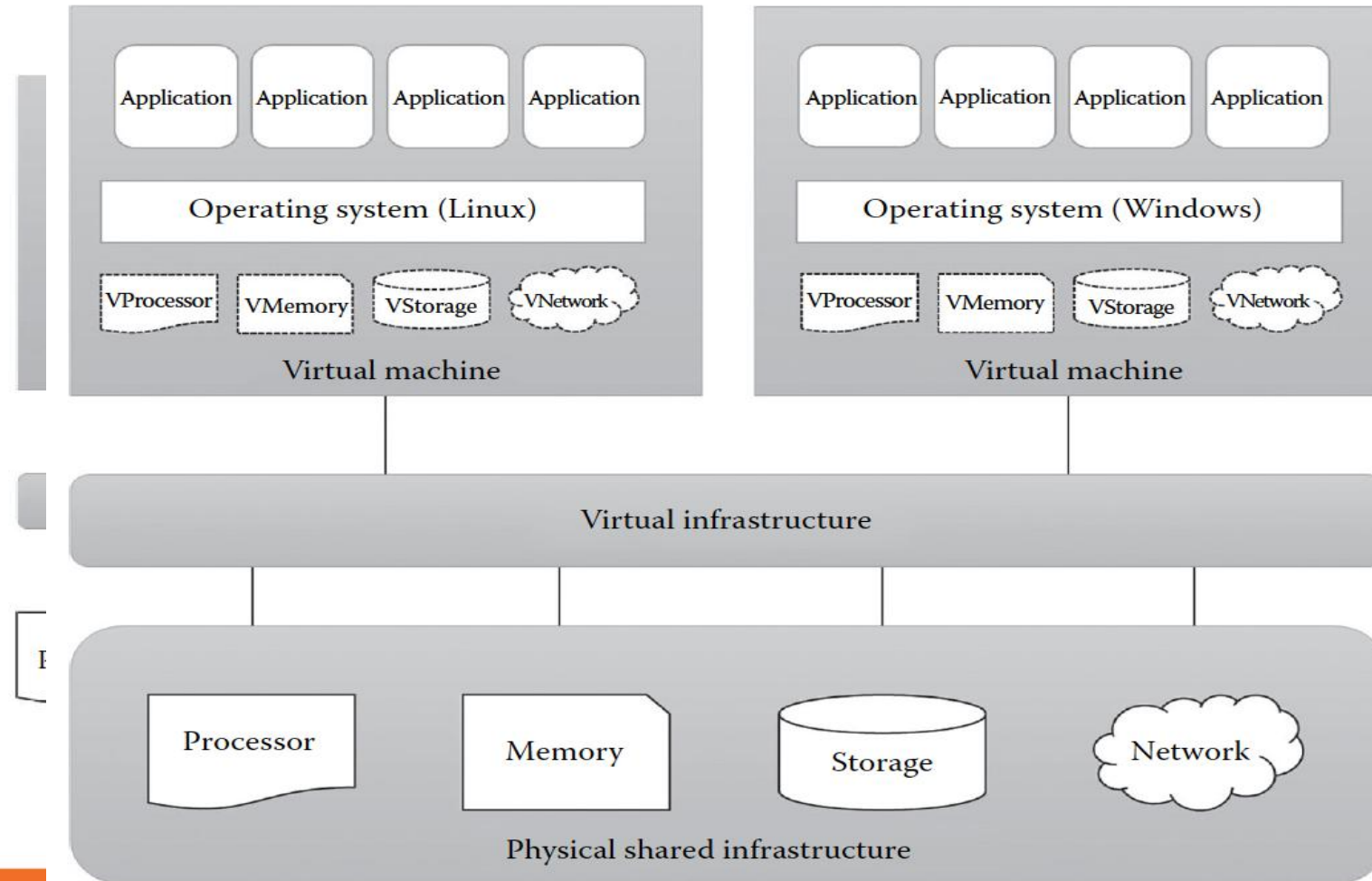
- *Reuse of services:* Various services can be reused by different applications on different platforms
- *Agility:* SOA can bring the architectural agility in an enterprise through the wide use of standards such as web services.
- *Monitoring:* It helps to monitor the performance of various services to make the required changes.
- *Extended reach:* In the collaboration between enterprises or in the case of shared processes

Services architectural model of SOA



- Virtualization is a technology that enables the single physical infrastructure to function as a multiple logical infrastructure or resources
- Virtualization is not only limited to the hardware, it can take many forms such as memory, processor, I/O, network, OS, data, and application
- It helps to improve scalability and resource utilization of the underlying infrastructure.
- It also enables the IT personnel to perform the administration task easier

OSs and applications before and after virtualization



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Benefits of Virtualization

- Better resource utilization
- Increases ROI
- Dynamic data center
- Supports green IT
- Eases administration
- Improves disaster recovery

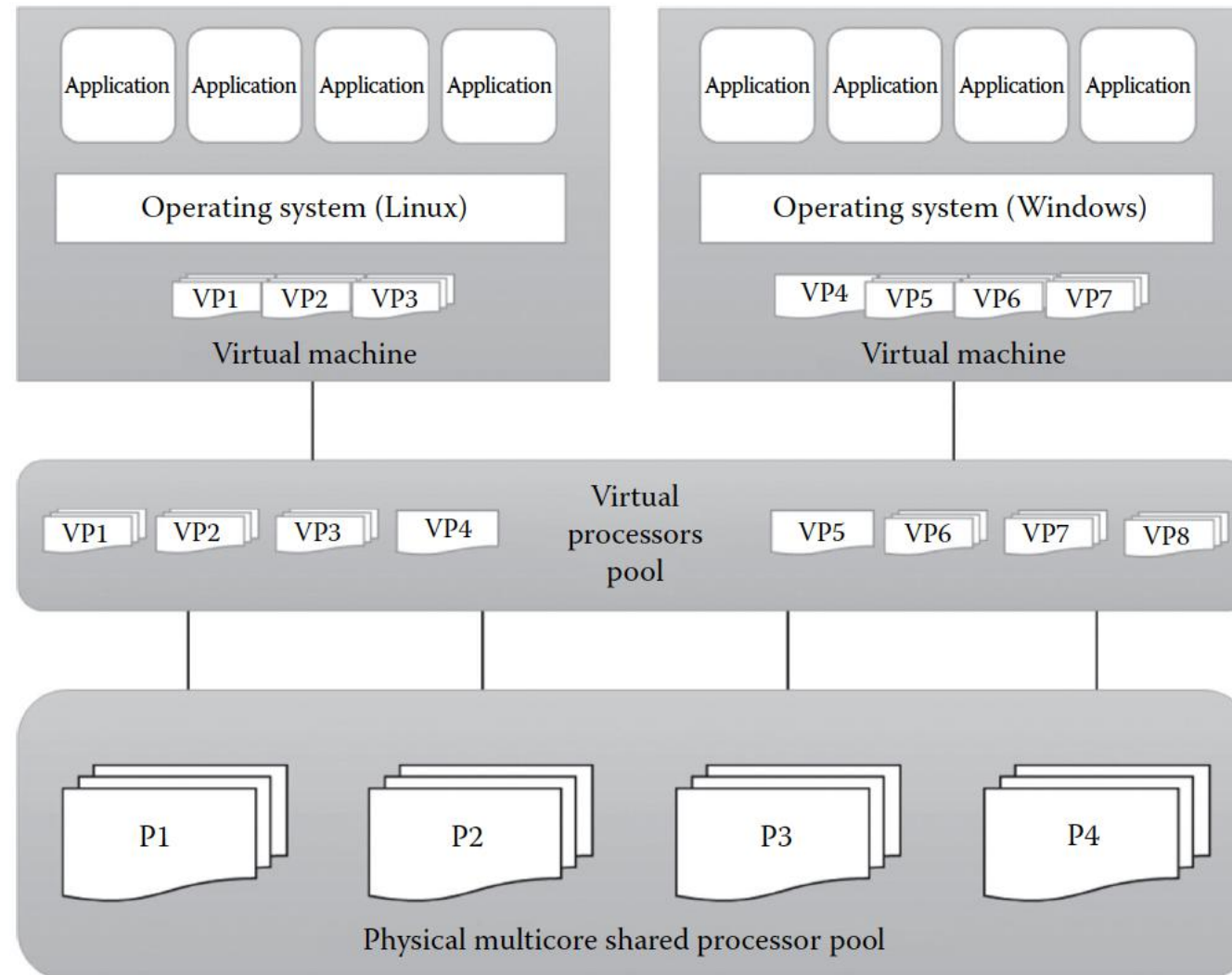
Drawback of Virtualization

- Single point of failure
- Demands high-end and powerful infrastructure
- May lead to lower performance
- Requires specialized skill set

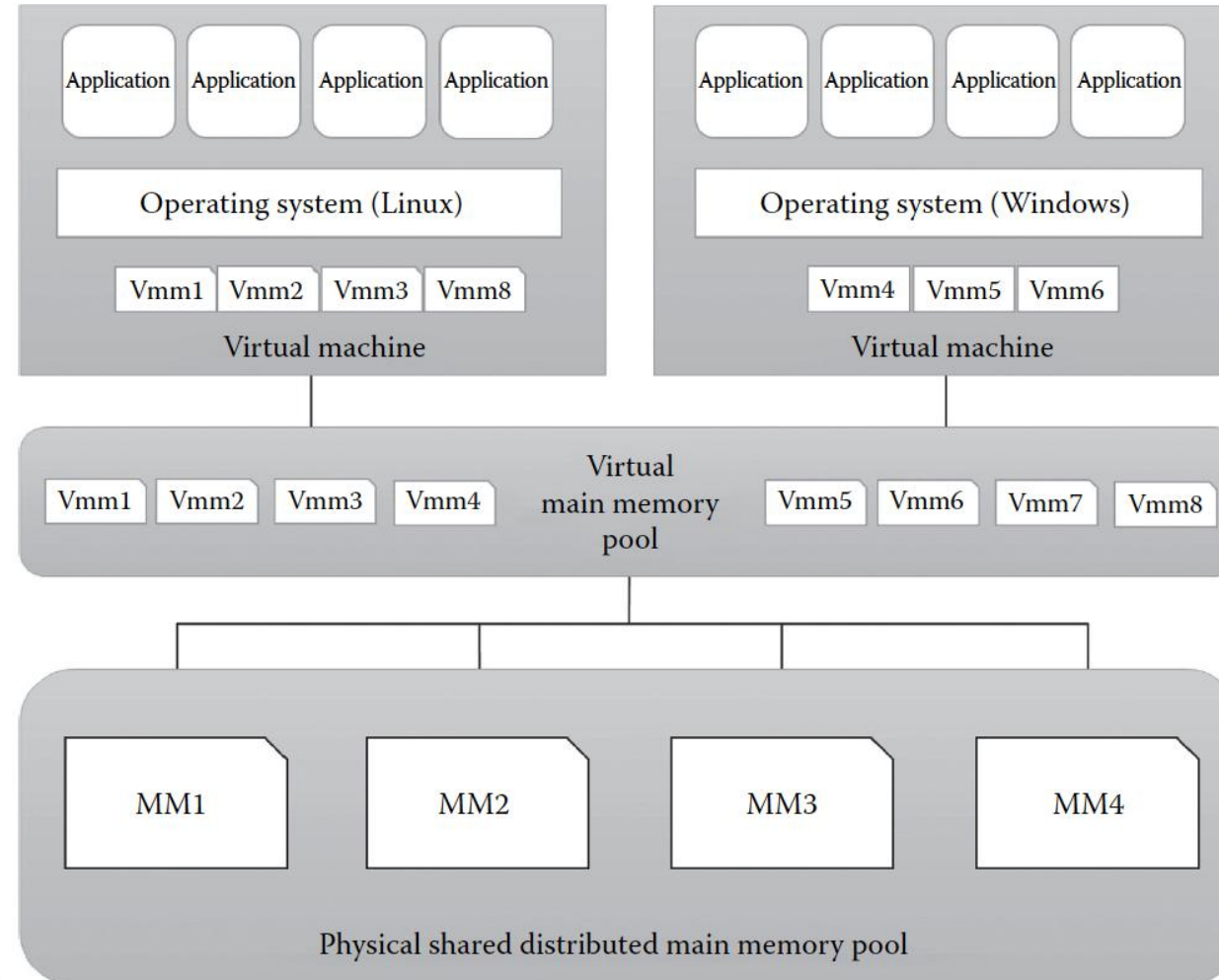
Virtualization Opportunities

- The different resources like **memory**, **processors**, **storage**, and **network** can be virtualized using proper virtualization technologies.

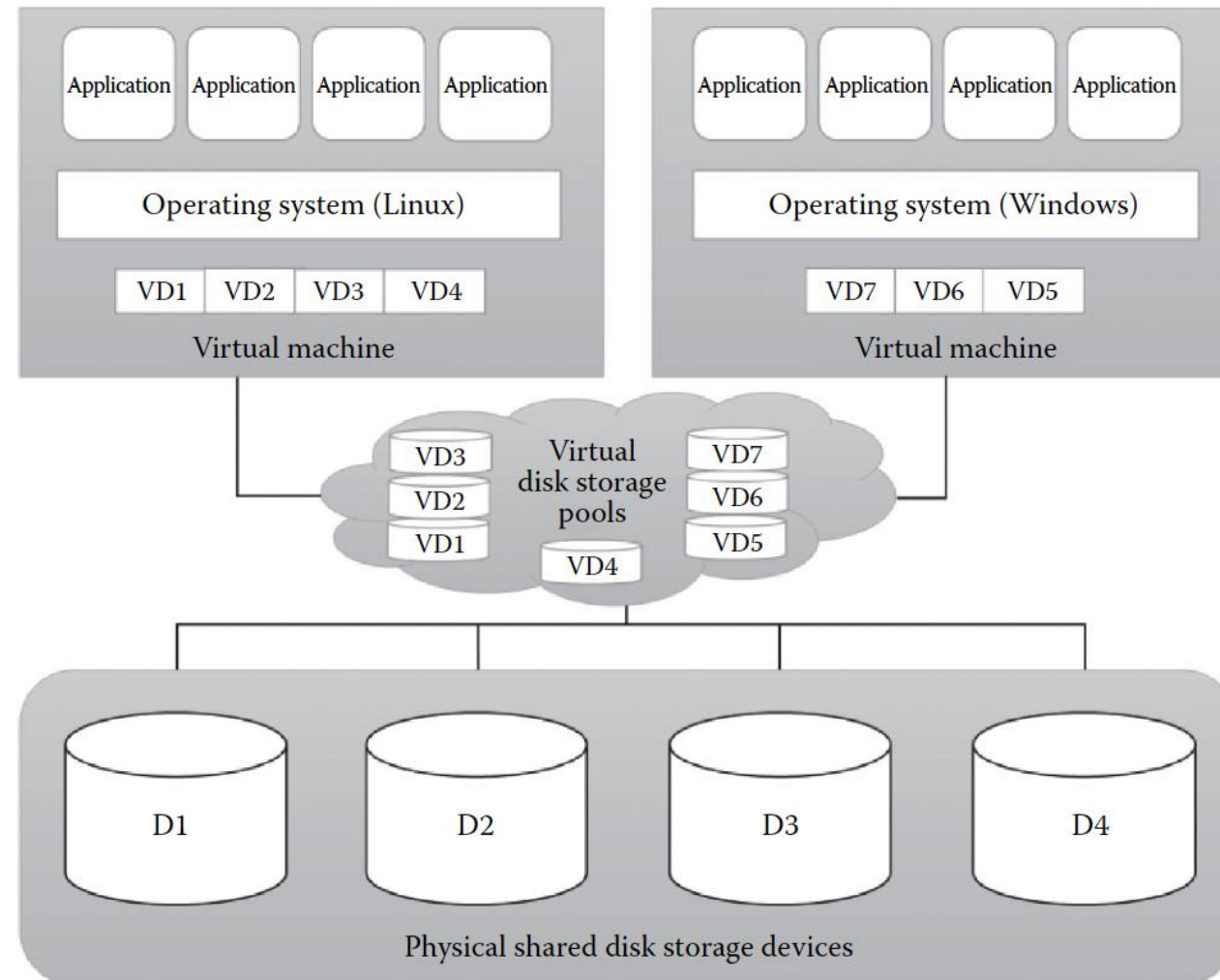
Processor virtualization



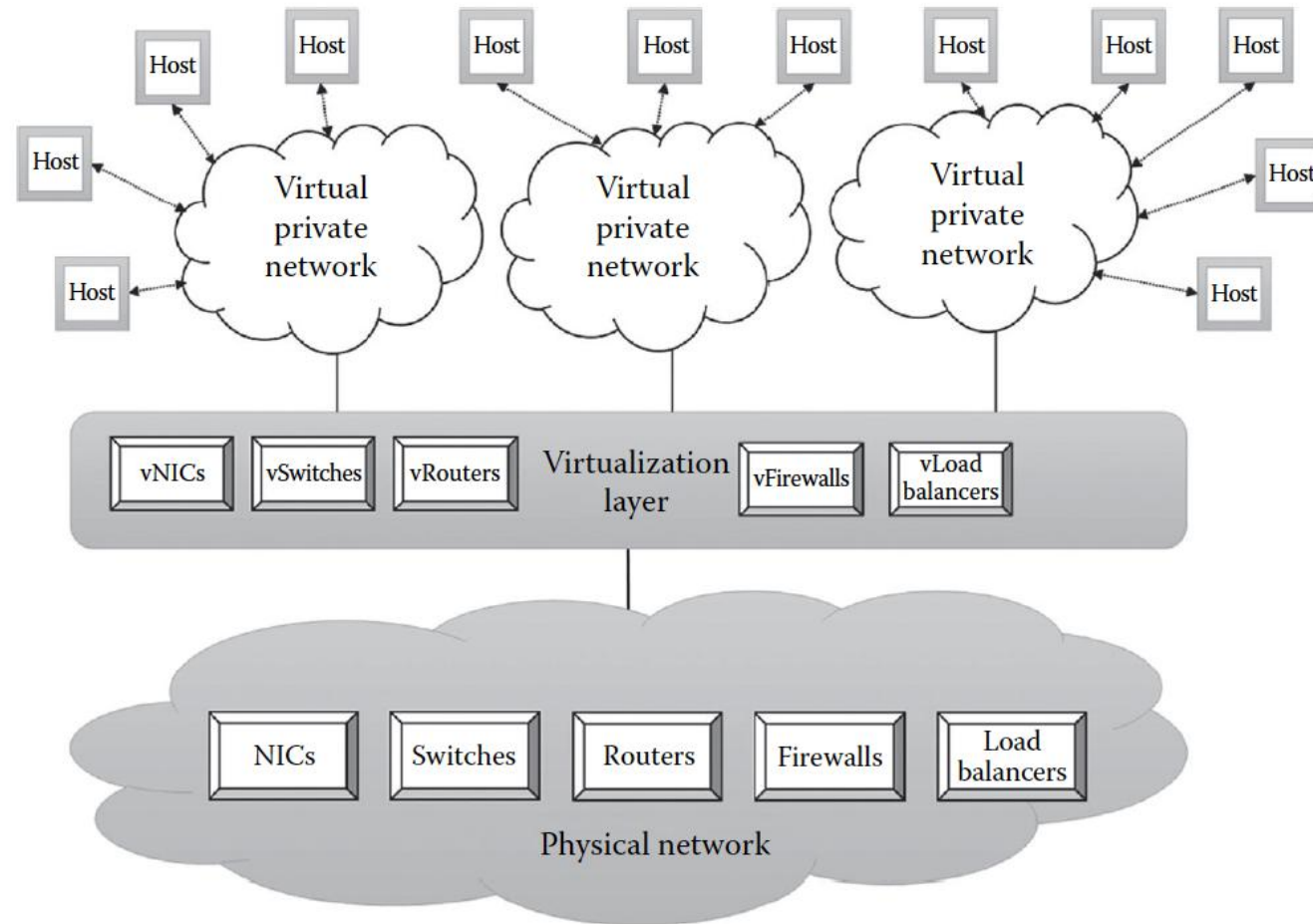
Memory Virtualization



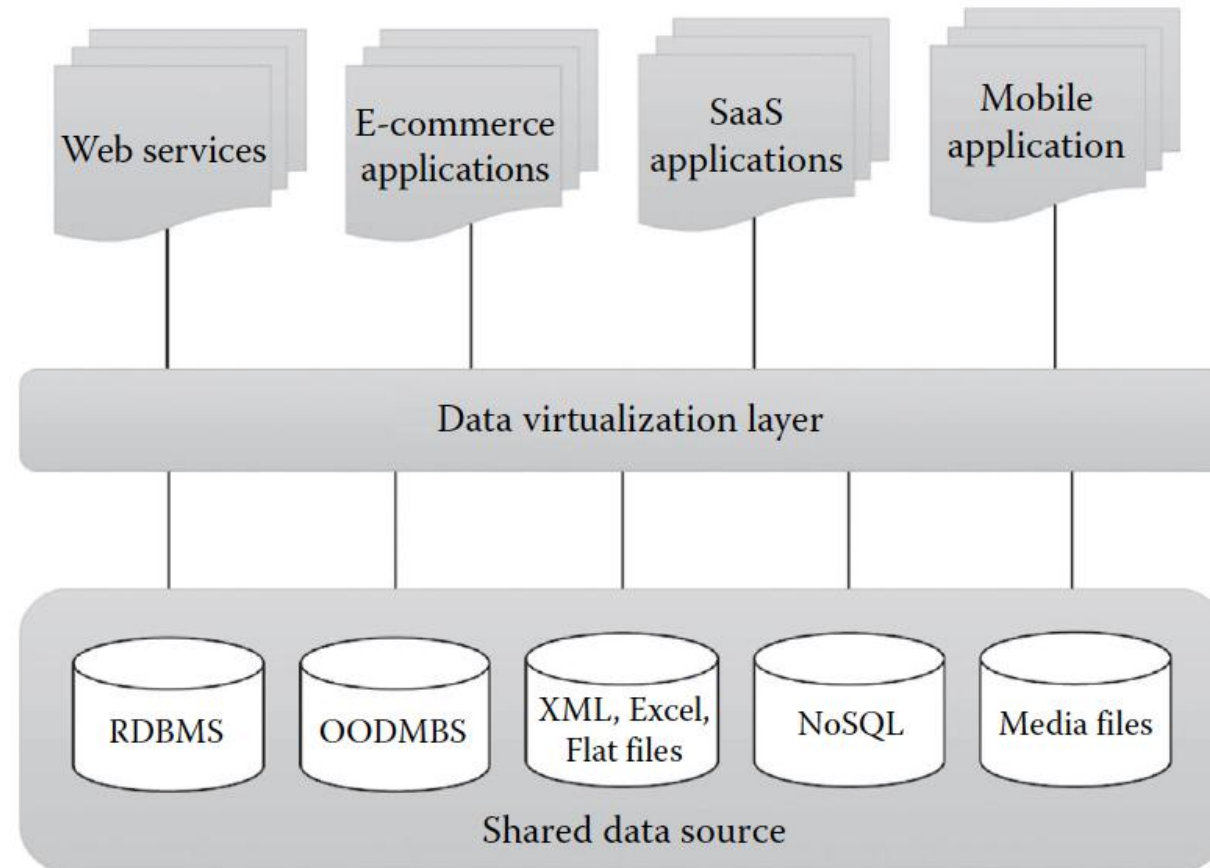
Storage virtualization



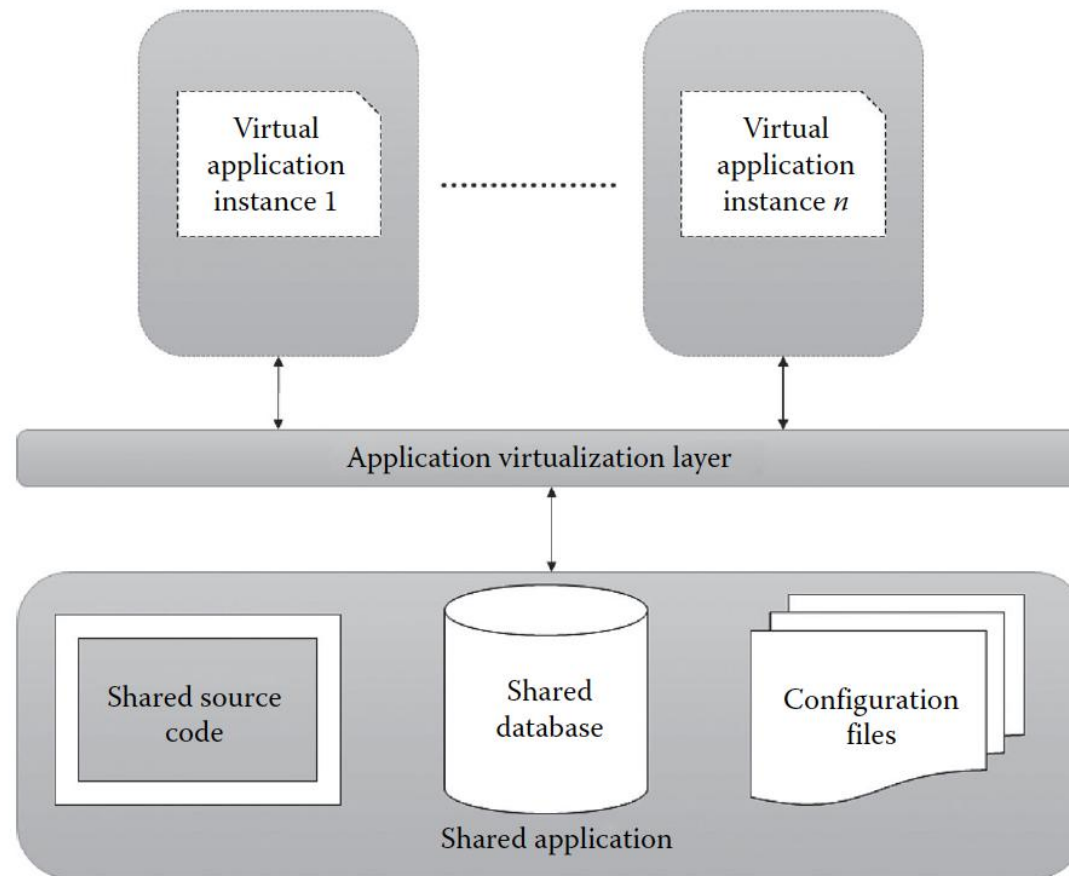
Network virtualization



Data virtualization



Application virtualization



Multicore Technology

- In multicore technology, two or more CPUs are working together on the same chip.
- These processors are packaged into a single integrated circuit (IC). These single ICs are called a die
- Multicore technology can also refer to multiple dies packaged together
- It also helps in reducing the power consumption and achieving more efficient, simultaneous processing of multiple tasks.
- Multicore architecture has become the recent trend of high-performance processors

Memory and Storage Technologies

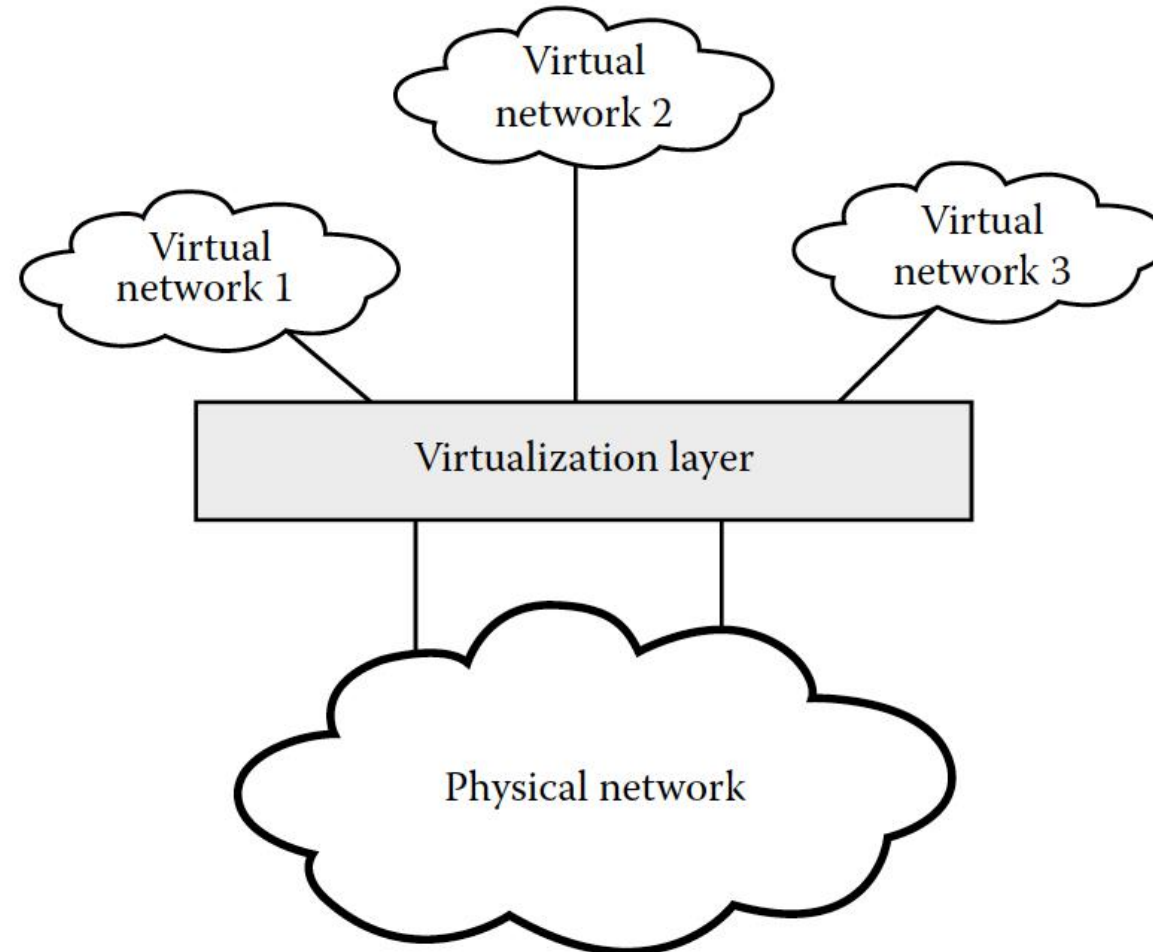
- The cloud storage has to deal with various kinds of data such as medical images, MP3, photos, 3D high-definition imaging, video streaming, surveillance camera captures, and film animations

Cloud Storage Requirements

- Scalability
- High availability
- High bandwidth
- Constant performance
- Load balancing

Network Requirements for Cloud

- Consolidate network services (Infrastructure as a Service)
- Provide Virtual networks
- Ensure compatibility
- Speed application



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networks
width

- Is the popular term given to the advanced Internet technology and applications that include blogs, wikis, really simple syndication (RSS), and social bookmarking
- Web 2.0 facilitates greater collaboration and information sharing among Internet users, content providers, and enterprises. Hence, in that sense, this can be considered as a migration from the *read-only web* to a *read/write web*

Web 2.0 examples

- BookFinder4U allow the users to upload book reviews to the site and also help the users find rare and out-of-print books at a reasonable price
- Wikipedia permit users not only to read the stored information but also to create and edit the contents of the information database in multiple languages

- It refers to the third generation of Internet-based services that is collectively called *the intelligent web*
- Includes services on the Internet that use technologies such as semantic web, natural language search, machine learning, recommendation agents, and artificial intelligence to achieve machine-facilitated understanding of information in order to provide a more productive and intuitive experience to the web users

Web 3.0 examples

- The Facebook Open Graph is a great example for the scalability feature offered by Web 3.0
- The *Like* button provided by Facebook could be considered as a simple manifestation of all these because a single click can offer the analysts an invaluable amount of information that could later be used for further communication with friends and also to make recommendations and discoveries.
- Search Optimization and Web Commerce: Best Buy

Programming Models in Cloud

- There are different programming models that are used for solving various compute- or data-intensive problems in cloud
- The model to be selected depends on the nature of the problem and also on the QoS expected from the cloud environment

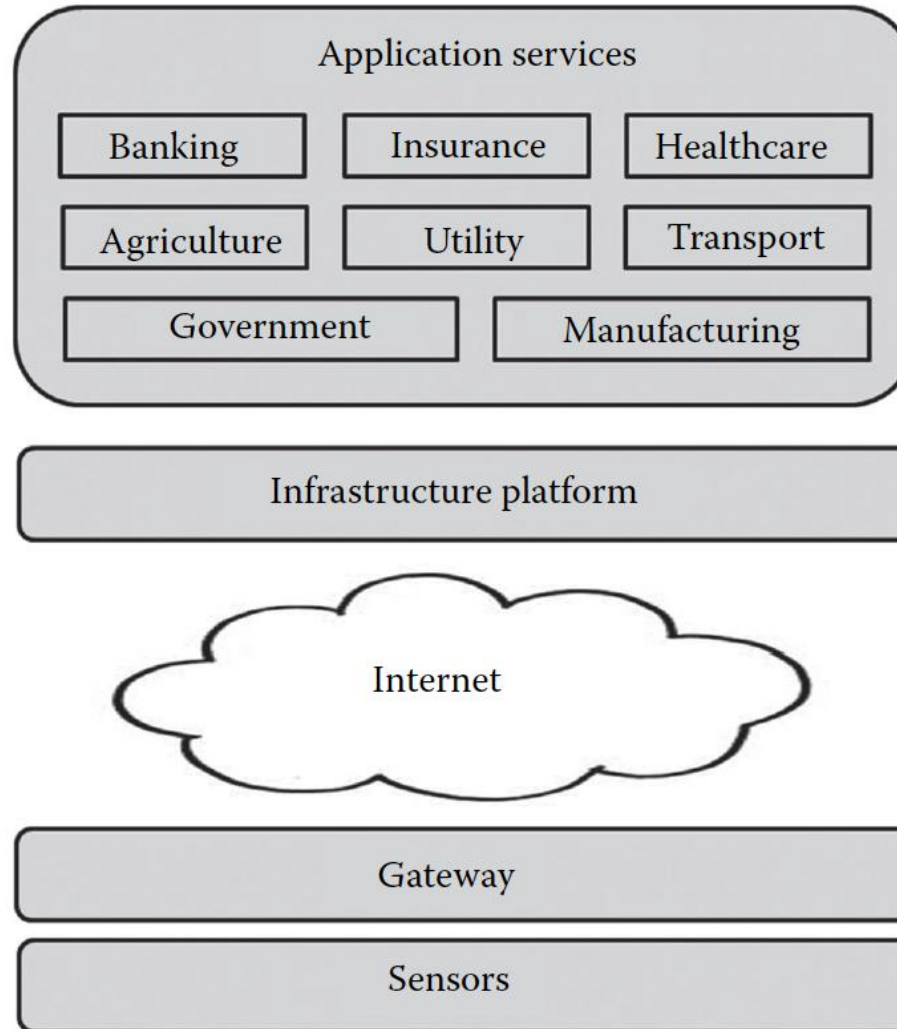
Programming models example

- Bulk synchronous parallel (BSP) model has been widely applied in parallel databases, search engines, and scientific computing
- MapReduce Model is able to support convenient access to the large-scale data for performing computations while hiding all low-level details of physical environments
- SAGA is a high-level programming interface that provides the ability to create distributed applications in an infrastructure-independent way
- Transformer: various models such as MapReduce , Dryad, and All-Pairs can be built
- Grid Batch Framework: an alternative to parallel computational models

Pervasive Computing

- Is a combination of technologies, such as Internet capabilities, voice recognition, networking, artificial intelligence, and wireless computing, used to make computing anywhere possible
- Pervasive computing is also called ubiquitous computing
- The words pervasive and ubiquitous mean *existing everywhere*

Pervasive computing stack



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