20215292- PHAM MINH TRƯỜNG BÁO CÁO THỰC HÀNH LAB 1

2.2.1

```
### HelloWorld - Notepad

File Edit Format View Help

public class HelloWorld{

    public static void main(String[] args){

        System.out.println("Hello World!");

}
```

```
C:\Users\Dell\OneDrive - Hanoi University of Science and Technology\Documents\năm 3
kì 1\Java_Project1>javac HelloWorld.java
C:\Users\Dell\OneDrive - Hanoi University of Science and Technology\Documents\năm 3
kì 1\Java_Project1>java HelloWorld
Hello World!
```

2.2.2

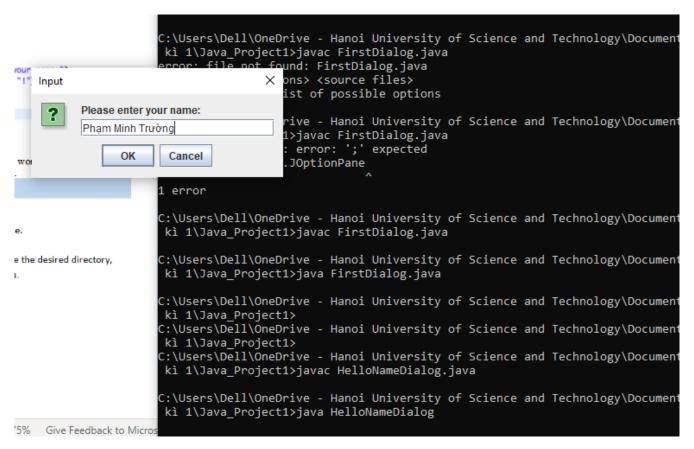
```
C:\Users\Dell\OneDrive - Hanoi University of Science and Technology\Documents\năm kì 1\Java_Project1>javac FirstDialog.java

C:\Users\Dell\OneDrive - Hanoi University of Science and Technology\Documents\năm kì 1\Java_Project1>java FirstDialog.java

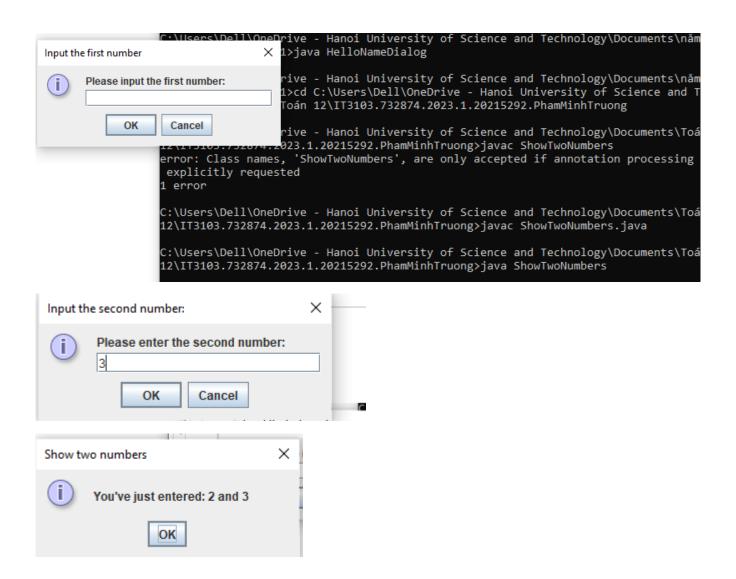
Message

Hello world! How are you?
```

2.2.3







2.2.5

```
Mã nguồn:
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Calculator {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter the first number: ");
        String strNum1 = scanner.nextLine();
        double num1 = Double.parseDouble(strNum1);

        System.out.print("Enter the second number: ");
```

```
String strNum2 = scanner.nextLine();
double num2 = Double.parseDouble(strNum2);
double sum = num1 + num2;
double difference = num1 - num2;
double product = num1 * num2;
double quotient = 0.0;
if (num2 != 0) {
   quotient = num1 / num2;
} else {
   System.out.println("Division by zero is not allowed.");
System.out.println("Sum: " + sum);
System.out.println("Difference: " + difference);
System.out.println("Product: " + product);
if (num2 != 0) {
   System.out.println("Quotient: " + quotient);
scanner.close();
```

Kết quả:

```
C:\Users\Dell\OneDrive - Hanoi University of Science and Technology\Documents\Toán 12\IT3103.732874.2023.1.20215292.Pham
MinhTruong\lab01>java Calculator.java
Enter the first number: 16
Enter the second number: 8
Sum: 24.0
Difference: 8.0
Product: 128.0
Quotient: 2.0
```

2.2.6

Mã nguồn:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class EquationSolve{
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
}
```

```
System.out.println("Equation Solver Menu:");
        System.out.println("1. Solve a first-degree equation (ax + b = 0)");
        System.out.println("2. Solve a system of first-degree equations (ax1 + bx2 = c
and dx1 + ex2 = f)");
        System.out.println("3. Solve a second-degree equation (ax^2 + bx + c = 0)");
        System.out.print("Enter your choice (1/2/3): ");
        int choice = scanner.nextInt();
        switch (choice) {
            case 1:
                solveFirstDegreeEquation();
               break;
            case 2:
                solveSystemOfFirstDegreeEquations();
               break;
            case 3:
                solveSecondDegreeEquation();
               break;
            default:
                System.out.println("Invalid choice. Please select 1, 2, or 3.");
        scanner.close();
   public static void solveFirstDegreeEquation() {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the value of a: ");
        double a = scanner.nextDouble();
        System.out.print("Enter the value of b: ");
        double b = scanner.nextDouble();
        if (a != 0) {
            double x = -b / a;
            System.out.println("The solution is x = " + x);
        } else if (b == 0) {
            System.out.println("The equation has infinitely many solutions.");
        } else {
            System.out.println("The equation has no solution.");
   public static void solveSystemOfFirstDegreeEquations() {
```

```
Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the values of a11, a12, b1, a21, a22, and b2 (space-
separated): ");
        double a11 = scanner.nextDouble();
        double a12 = scanner.nextDouble();
        double b1 = scanner.nextDouble();
        double a21 = scanner.nextDouble();
        double a22 = scanner.nextDouble();
        double b2 = scanner.nextDouble();
        double D = a11 * a22 - a21 * a12;
        double D1 = b1 * a22 - b2 * a12;
        double D2 = a11 * b2 - a21 * b1;
        if (D != 0) {
            double x1 = D1 / D;
            double x2 = D2 / D;
            System.out.println("The solutions are x1 = " + x1 + " and x2 = " + x2);
        } else if (D1 == 0 && D2 == 0) {
            System.out.println("The system has infinitely many solutions.");
        } else {
            System.out.println("The system has no solution.");
    public static void solveSecondDegreeEquation() {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the values of a, b, and c (space-separated): ");
        double a = scanner.nextDouble();
        double b = scanner.nextDouble();
        double c = scanner.nextDouble();
        double discriminant = b * b - 4 * a * c;
        if (a == 0) {
            System.out.println("This is not a second-degree equation.");
        } else if (discriminant > 0) {
            double x1 = (-b + Math.sqrt(discriminant)) / (2 * a);
            double x2 = (-b - Math.sqrt(discriminant)) / (2 * a);
            System.out.println("The solutions are x1 = " + x1 + " and x2 = " + x2);
        } else if (discriminant == 0) {
            double x = -b / (2 * a);
            System.out.println("The double root is x = " + x);
```

```
} else {
          System.out.println("The equation has no real roots.");
    }
}
```

Kết quả:

```
C:\Users\Dell\OneDrive - Hanoi University of Science and Technology\Documents\Toán 12\IT3103.732874.2023.1.20215292.Pha
MinhTruong\lab01>javac EquationSolve.java

C:\Users\Dell\OneDrive - Hanoi University of Science and Technology\Documents\Toán 12\IT3103.732874.2023.1.20215292.Pha
MinhTruong\lab01>java EquationSolve
Equation Solver Menu:

1. Solve a first-degree equation (ax + b = 0)

2. Solve a system of first-degree equations (ax1 + bx2 = c and dx1 + ex2 = f)

3. Solve a second-degree equation (ax^2 + bx + c = 0)
Enter your choice (1/2/3): 1
Enter the value of a: 10 2
Enter the value of b: The solution is x = -0.2
```

6.1

Khi user chọn "cancel" thì sẽ in ra thông báo là bạn đã chọn "No"

Để chỉ có 2 option, ta có thể định nghĩa lại String[] options={"Yes","No"}; hoặc

String[] options={"I do","I don't"};

6.2

```
What's your name?
Pham Minh Truong
How old are you?
20
How tall are you?
170
Kết quả:
Mrs/Ms. Pham Minh Truong, Age: 20 years old. Your height is: 170.0.
```

6.3

Đã tạo Project mới: 6.3.

Kết quả và mã nguồn như ở trong hình

```
Project >

Main.java ×

D. 6.3 C:\Users\Deli\OneDrive - Hanol University of Science and a line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and type 'show whitespaces' A1 ^ line of the search Everywhere dialog and the search Everywhere dia
```

6.4

```
Mã nguồn: import java.util.Scanner;
public class MonthDaysCalculator{
    private static String[] months = {
        "January", "February", "March", "April", "May", "June",
        "July", "August", "September", "October", "November", "December"
    };
    private static String[] monthAbbreviations = {
        "Jan.", "Feb.", "Mar.", "Apr.", "May", "June",
        "July", "Aug.", "Sept.", "Oct.", "Nov.", "Dec."
    };
    private static String[] monthShortNames = {
        "Jan", "Feb", "Mar", "Apr", "May", "Jun",
        "Jul", "Aug", "Sep", "Oct", "Nov", "Dec"
    };
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
System.out.println("Enter the month and year (e.g., January 2023 or Jan
2023):");
        String input = scanner.nextLine().trim();
        int month = -1;
        int year = -1;
        while (true) {
            if (isValidInput(input)) {
                break;
            } else {
                System.out.println("Invalid input. Please enter the month and year
(e.g., January 2023 or Jan 2023):");
                input = scanner.nextLine().trim();
        String[] inputParts = input.split(" ");
        for (int i = 0; i < months.length; i++) {</pre>
            if (inputParts[0].equalsIgnoreCase(months[i]) ||
inputParts[0].equalsIgnoreCase(monthAbbreviations[i]) ||
inputParts[0].equalsIgnoreCase(monthShortNames[i]) ||
inputParts[0].equals(String.valueOf(i + 1))) {
                month = i + 1;
                break;
        year = Integer.parseInt(inputParts[1]);
        int daysInMonth = getDaysInMonth(month, year);
        System.out.println("There are " + daysInMonth + " days in " + months[month -
1] + " " + year + ".");
    public static boolean isValidInput(String input) {
        String[] inputParts = input.split(" ");
        if (inputParts.length != 2) {
            return false;
        for (int i = 0; i < 12; i++) {
```

```
if (inputParts[0].equalsIgnoreCase(months[i]) ||
inputParts[0].equalsIgnoreCase(monthAbbreviations[i]) ||
inputParts[0].equalsIgnoreCase(monthShortNames[i]) ||
inputParts[0].equals(String.valueOf(i + 1))) {
                return true;
            }
        String yearPart = inputParts[1];
        if (yearPart.matches("\\d+") && Integer.parseInt(yearPart) >= 0) {
            return true;
        return false;
    public static int getDaysInMonth(int month, int year) {
        int[] daysInMonthCommonYear = {
            31, 28, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31
        };
        int[] daysInMonthLeapYear = {
            31, 29, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31, 30, 31
        };
        if (isLeapYear(year)) {
            return daysInMonthLeapYear[month - 1];
        } else {
            return daysInMonthCommonYear[month - 1];
    public static boolean isLeapYear(int year) {
        if (year % 4 == 0) {
            if (year % 100 == 0) {
                return year % 400 == 0;
            } else {
                return true;
            }
        return false;
```

```
Enter the month and year (e.g., January 2023 or Jan 2023):
May 2023

Két quả: There are 31 days in May 2023.

Enter the month and year (e.g., January 2023 or Jan 2023):
2 2020

There are 29 days in February 2020.
```

6.5

Mã nguồn:

```
import java.util.Arrays;
public class ArrayCal{
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        double[] numbers = {1234, 1000, 5000, 2000, 10000};

        Arrays.sort(numbers);

        System.out.println("Sorted array: " + Arrays.toString(numbers));

        double sum = 0;
        for (double number : numbers) {
            sum += number;
        }
        System.out.println("Sum of array elements: " + sum);

        double average = sum / numbers.length;
        System.out.println("Average value of array elements: " + average);
    }
}
```

Kết quả:

```
Sorted array: [1000.0, 1234.0, 2000.0, 5000.0, 10000.0]

Sum of array elements: 19234.0

Average value of array elements: 3846.8
```

6.6 Ta tạo Project tên là BaiTap6;

Mã nguồn:

```
6.6
package BaiTap6;
public class MatrixAddition{
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int[][] matrix1 = {
            {1, 2, 3},
            {4, 5, 6},
            \{7, 8, 9\}
        };
        int[][] matrix2 = {
            {9, 8, 7},
            \{6, 5, 4\},\
           \{3, 2, 1\}
        };
        int rows = matrix1.length;
        int cols = matrix1[0].length;
        int[][] resultMatrix = new int[rows][cols];
        for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++) {
                resultMatrix[i][j] = matrix1[i][j] + matrix2[i][j];
        System.out.println("Matrix 1:");
```

```
displayMatrix(matrix1);

    System.out.println("Matrix 2:");
    displayMatrix(matrix2);

    System.out.println("Result Matrix (Matrix 1 + Matrix 2):");
    displayMatrix(resultMatrix);
}

public static void displayMatrix(int[][] matrix) {
    for (int[] row : matrix) {
        for (int element : row) {
            System.out.print(element + " ");
        }
        System.out.println();
    }
}
```

Kết quả:

```
Matrix 1:
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9
Matrix 2:
9 8 7
6 5 4
3 2 1
Result Matrix (Matrix 1 + Matrix 2):
10 10 10
10 10 10
10 10 10
```