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Design Patterns - Builder Pattern


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Builder pattern builds a complex object using simple objects and using a step by step approach. This type of design pattern comes under creational pattern as this pattern provides one of the best ways to create an object.

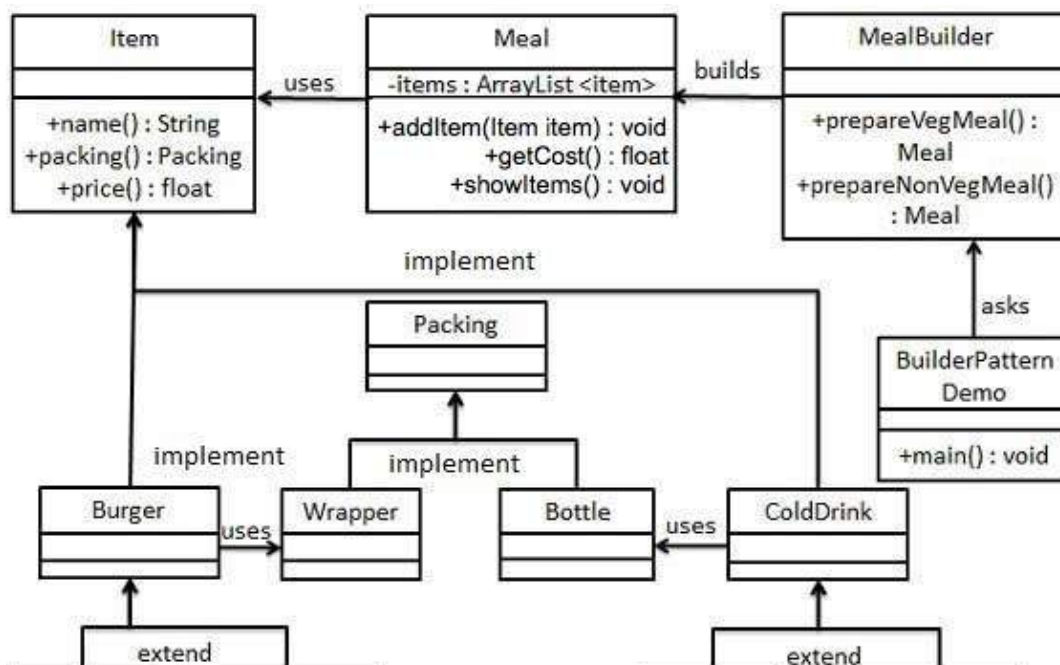
A Builder class builds the final object step by step. This builder is independent of other objects.

Implementation

We have considered a business case of fast-food restaurant where a typical meal could be a burger and a cold drink. Burger could be either a Veg Burger or Chicken Burger and will be packed by a wrapper. Cold drink could be either a coke or pepsi and will be packed in a bottle.

We are going to create an *Item* interface representing food items such as burgers and cold drinks and concrete classes implementing the *Item* interface and a *Packing* interface representing packaging of food items and concrete classes implementing the *Packing* interface as burger would be packed in wrapper and cold drink would be packed as bottle.

We then create a *Meal* class having *ArrayList* of *Item* and a *MealBuilder* to build different types of *Meal* objects by combining *Item*. *BuilderPatternDemo*, our demo class will use *MealBuilder* to build a *Meal*.





Step 1

Create an interface Item representing food item and packing.

Item.java

```
public interface Item {  
    public String name();  
    public Packing packing();  
    public float price();  
}
```

Packing.java

```
public interface Packing {  
    public String pack();  
}
```

Step 2

Create concrete classes implementing the Packing interface.

Wrapper.java

```
public class Wrapper implements Packing {  
  
    @Override  
    public String pack() {  
        return "Wrapper";  
    }  
}
```

Bottle.java

```
public class Bottle implements Packing {  
  
    @Override  
    public String pack() {  
        return "Bottle";  
    }  
}
```

Step 3

Create abstract classes implementing the item interface providing default functionalities.

Burger.java

```
public abstract class Burger implements Item {
```



```
@Override
public abstract float price();
}
```

ColdDrink.java

```
public abstract class ColdDrink implements Item {

    @Override
    public Packing packing() {
        return new Bottle();
    }

    @Override
    public abstract float price();
}
```

Step 4

Create concrete classes extending Burger and ColdDrink classes

VegBurger.java

```
public class VegBurger extends Burger {

    @Override
    public float price() {
        return 25.0f;
    }

    @Override
    public String name() {
        return "Veg Burger";
    }
}
```

ChickenBurger.java

```
public class ChickenBurger extends Burger {

    @Override
    public float price() {
        return 50.5f;
    }

    @Override
    public String name() {
        return "Chicken Burger";
    }
}
```

Coke.java



```
}

@Override
public String name() {
    return "Coke";
}
}
```

Pepsi.java

```
public class Pepsi extends ColdDrink {

    @Override
    public float price() {
        return 35.0f;
    }

    @Override
    public String name() {
        return "Pepsi";
    }
}
```

Step 5

Create a Meal class having Item objects defined above.

Meal.java

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;

public class Meal {
    private List<Item> items = new ArrayList<Item>();

    public void addItem(Item item){
        items.add(item);
    }

    public float getCost(){
        float cost = 0.0f;

        for (Item item : items) {
            cost += item.price();
        }
        return cost;
    }

    public void showItems(){

        for (Item item : items) {
            System.out.print("Item : " + item.name());
            System.out.print(", Packing : " + item.packing().pack());
        }
    }
}
```



Step 6

Create a MealBuilder class, the actual builder class responsible to create Meal objects.

MealBuilder.java

```
public class MealBuilder {  
  
    public Meal prepareVegMeal () {  
        Meal meal = new Meal();  
        meal.addItem(new VegBurger());  
        meal.addItem(new Coke());  
        return meal;  
    }  
  
    public Meal prepareNonVegMeal () {  
        Meal meal = new Meal();  
        meal.addItem(new ChickenBurger());  
        meal.addItem(new Pepsi());  
        return meal;  
    }  
}
```

Step 7

BuilderPatternDemo uses MealBuilder to demonstrate builder pattern.

BuilderPatternDemo.java

```
public class BuilderPatternDemo {  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
  
        MealBuilder mealBuilder = new MealBuilder();  
  
        Meal vegMeal = mealBuilder.prepareVegMeal();  
        System.out.println("Veg Meal");  
        vegMeal.showItems();  
        System.out.println("Total Cost: " + vegMeal.getCost());  
  
        Meal nonVegMeal = mealBuilder.prepareNonVegMeal();  
        System.out.println("\n\nNon-Veg Meal");  
        nonVegMeal.showItems();  
        System.out.println("Total Cost: " + nonVegMeal.getCost());  
    }  
}
```

Step 8

Verify the output.

Veg Meal



Non-Veg Meal

Item : Chicken Burger, Packing : Wrapper, Price : 50.5

Item : Pepsi, Packing : Bottle, Price : 35.0

Total Cost: 85.5

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