# **FINAL Exam: OOP**

# **WEP 2022**

{3h00}

**JUNE 2022** 

- All documents allowed
- Chatting and talking to other students are forbidden

| TOTAL      | 100    |
|------------|--------|
| EXERCICE 2 | 70     |
| EXERCICE 1 | 30     |
| EXERCICES  | POINTS |

# You need to return on google classroom:

- √ A ZIP file containing all necessary files
- √ The ZIP file should be named:

<YOU FIRST NAME>-<YOU LAST NAME>.ZIP

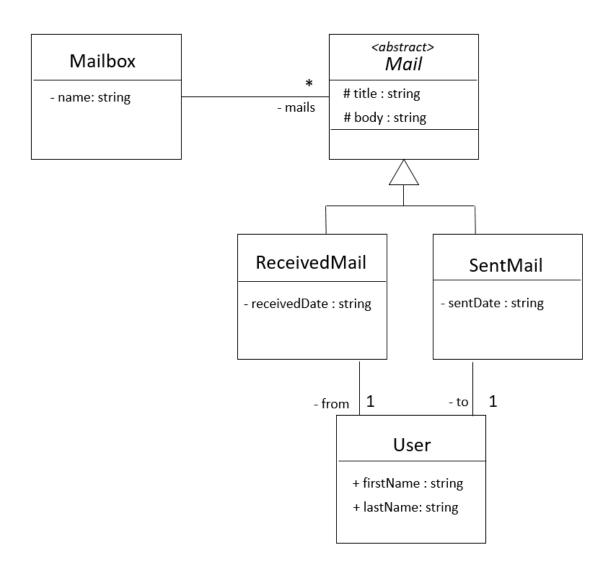
# EXERCICE1 - 30 POINTS

## Open the START CODE / EXERCICE-1

Convert the bellow diagram below to **TypeScript** code, including:

- Attributes (visibility, type)
- Inheritances
- Constructors

This model represents a mailbox, containing sent and received mails.



# **EXERCICE2 - 70 POINTS**



We want to create an application to manage a library (why not!)

A **library** has a name and an address An **address** has a city and street

## Example of library

| name    | PNC Library          |
|---------|----------------------|
| address | St. 371 - PHNOM PENH |

# A **library** manages many books

Each **book** has a tittle, an author, a price and can have many categories:

| title      | Public Private, oh yeah |
|------------|-------------------------|
| author     | Ronan                   |
| price      | 9999                    |
| categories | OOP, SONG, CRAZY        |

| title      | I like the constructor |
|------------|------------------------|
| author     | Him                    |
| price      | 3                      |
| categories | OOP, IT, TYPESCRIPT    |

## The library can welcome customers.

A customer has a first name and a last name

## Examples

| First name | Ronan           |
|------------|-----------------|
| Last name  | The King of OOP |

A customer can withdraw (ステ in Khmer) book.

When a customer withdraw a **book**, we want to know:

- The withdrawn book
- The customer
- The date of the withdraw

## Example of book withdraw:

| Book          | [ Public Private, oh yeah] |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Customer      | Kea                        |
| Date withdraw | JUNE 2022                  |

#### Q1 - 10 POINTS

On paper, write the **UML diagram** corresponding to your solution

## Tips:

- ✓ Your diagram should contain the following classes:
  - Address
  - o Date
  - Library
  - o Book
  - Customer
  - o Withdraw
  - Category
- ✓ Use the correct UML syntax ( visibility, multiplicity ...)

#### Q2 - 05 POINTS

Open the START CODE / EXERCICE-2

✓ Write classes attributes and constructors corresponding to your solution for this problem

#### Q3 - 05 POINTS

#### Write **methods** to:

- ✓ Add a customer to the library
- ✓ Add a category to a book

## Q4 - 10 POINTS

2 books are the same, if they have the same title and same author.

✓ In the class book, define the **isEqual** method

✓ In the library, write a method to add a book to the library (if a same book does not exist already in the library)

#### **Q5** – 10 POINTS

Write a **method** to withdraw a **book** from the library, for given **customer**, at given **date**.

- Create and add a withdraw item to the list of withdraws
- Return true if operation is successful (for now it's always true)

```
withdrawBook(book: Book, customer: Customer, date: Date) : boolean
```

Write a **method** to return a **book** to the library.

- Find the withdraw item related to this book, and remove it from the list.

```
returnBook(book: Book)
```

#### **Q5** – 10 POINTS

Now we can withdraw a book **only if this book is not already withdrawn** by another customer Write a **method** to check if a book is available

```
isAvailable(book: Book): boolean
```

Update the **method** withdraw, to prevent the operation when the book is not available

```
withdraw (book: Book) : boolean
```

## Q6 - 10 POINTS

Write a **method** to get all books available in the library (not withdrawn)

```
getAvailableBooks(): Book[]
```

#### **Q7** – 10 POINTS

Write a **method** to get all books related to a category

```
getBooksFor(categogy: Category): Book[]
```