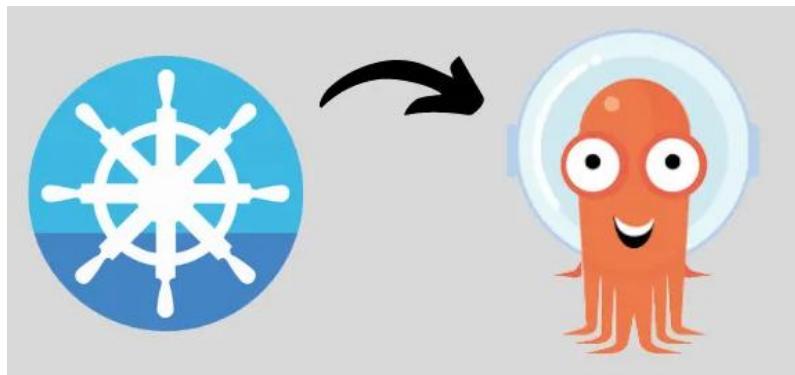


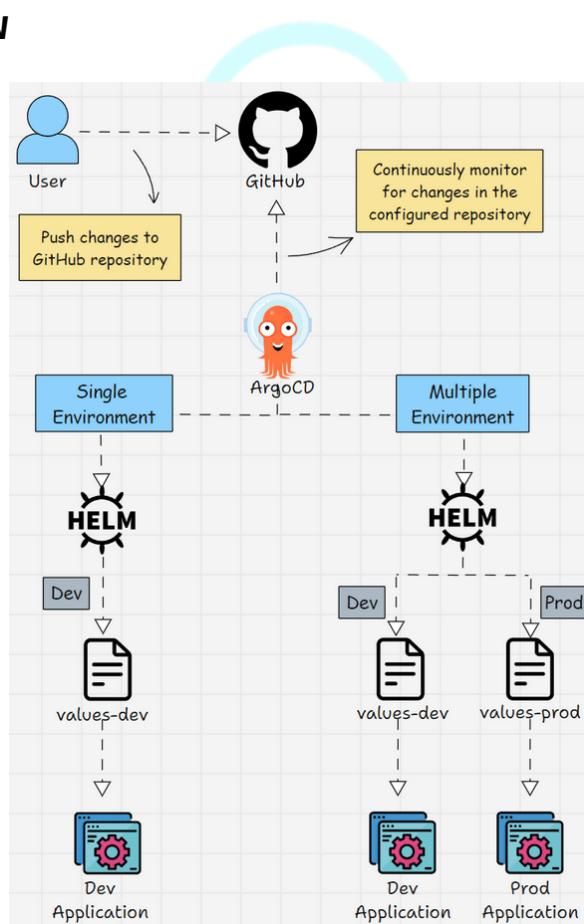
# Deploy Helm Charts Using Argo CD



Helm charts are templates that can be used again and again just by changing the values on the values.yaml file according to your requirements.

In this guide, we will look at how helm charts can be used with ArgoCD to deploy single and multiple environments.

## Setup Workflow



## Setup Prerequisites

The following are the prerequisites for this setup.

1. Kubernetes Cluster
2. Kubectl
3. Argo CD installed in your cluster ([Check the guide in my LinkedIn account](#))
4. Helm installed in your system ([Check the guide in my LinkedIn account](#))

## Helm Chart Repository

Clone the repository to your workstation.

```
https://github.com/kubernetes-learning-projects/helm-chart.git
```

For this demo, we will use the `java-app` helm chart that is part of this repository.

Once the repository is cloned, cd into the `java-app` folder using the following command:

```
cd java-app
```

You can see the following directory structure:

```
.  
├── Chart.yaml  
├── templates  
│   ├── configmap.yaml  
│   ├── deployment.yaml  
│   └── service.yaml  
└── values.yaml
```

- `Chart.yaml` file contains the name, description, type, and version of the helm chart.
- the `templates` folder contains the YAML template of the application which gets values from the `values.yaml` file.
- `values.yaml` file contains values that will be substituted into the YAML templates inside the `templates` folder during deployment.

To get a detailed understanding of Helm Charts, visit the [creating helm chart](#) detailed guide.

## Deploy Helm Charts using Argo CD

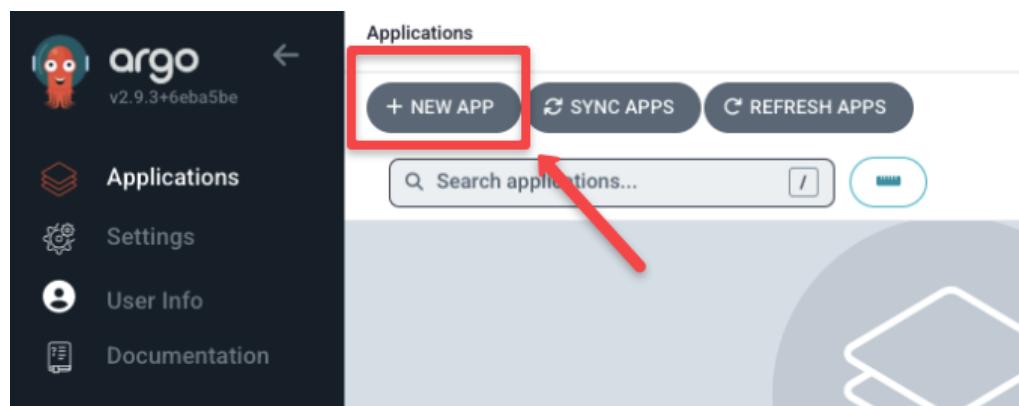
For the purpose of demonstration, we will assume, we have two environments named `dev` and `prod`.

First, we will be deploying the helm chart in a single environment `dev` and then will be deploying the helm chart on two environments `dev` and `prod`. Let's get started with the setup.

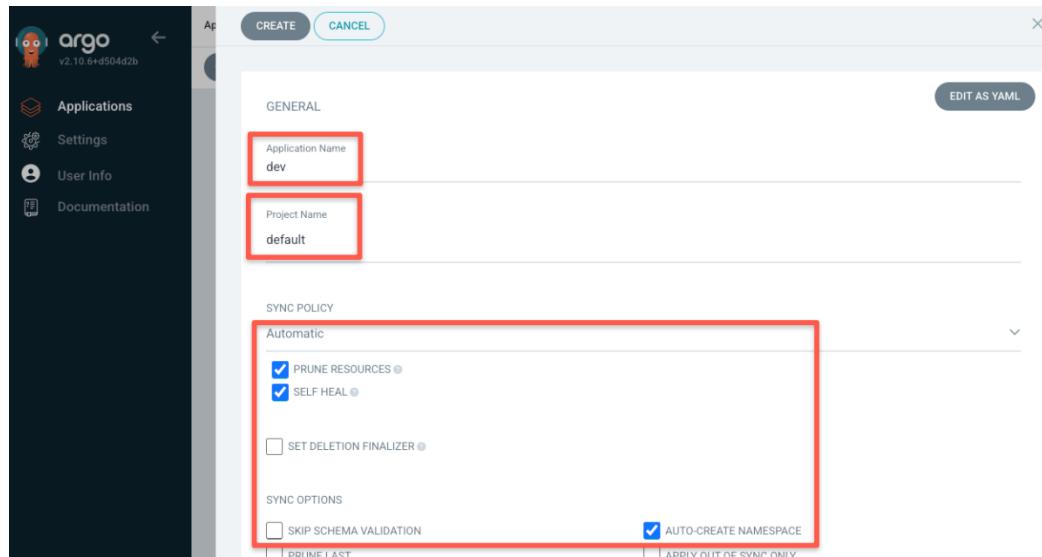
### Deploy Helm Chart in a Single Environment:

First, let's see how to deploy a helm chart in a single environment using Argo CD. This is a basic helm deployment with just a single `values.yaml` file.

Now, login to your Argo CD UI and press the add `NEW APP` button to configure the GitHub repository which has the helm chart.

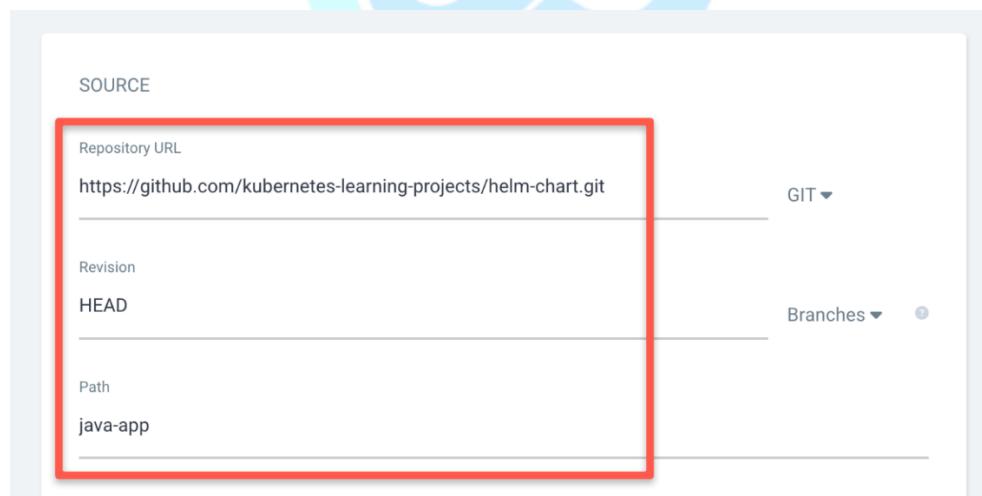


A new page will appear to give the configuration for your application, specify the **Application Name**, give the **Project Name**, and select the **SYNC POLICY** as shown below

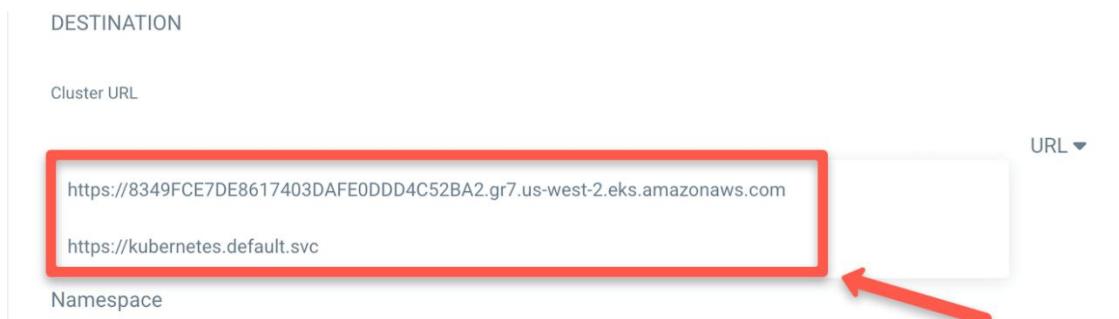


In the above image, you can see the **AUTO-CREATE NAMESPACE** sync option is selected, so you don't have to create a namespace manually Argo CD will create the namespace if not present.

Then, add the URL of your Git repository, and the path of the helm chart. In our case it's **java-app** folder.



Then, select your destination cluster URL and the namespace where you want to deploy the helm chart.

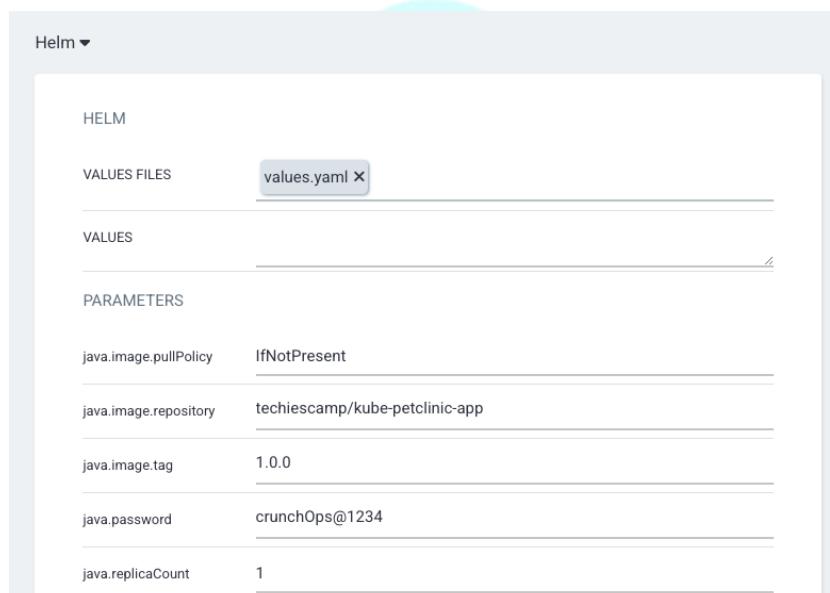


As you can see, I am selecting the default cluster which is the cluster my Argo CD is running on, if you have multiple clusters configured to Argo CD select the cluster URL where you want to deploy.

And we are deploying the application on the **pet-clinic-app** namespace, the namespace you specify will be created by Argo CD is not present because of the **AUTO-CREATE NAMESPACE** sync option selected.

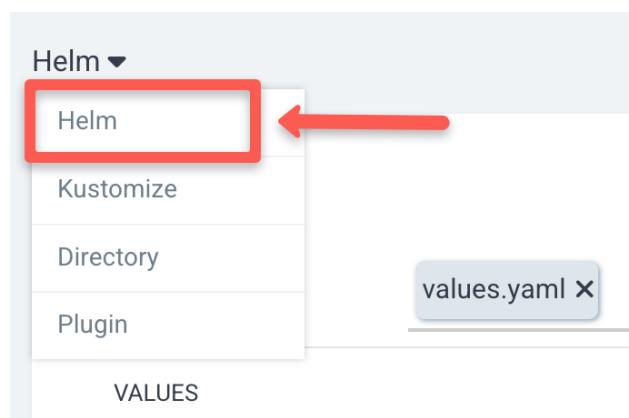


Below that, you can see Argo CD automatically detects the files in the Github repository as helm chart and will show you the values of the **values.yaml** file as shown below



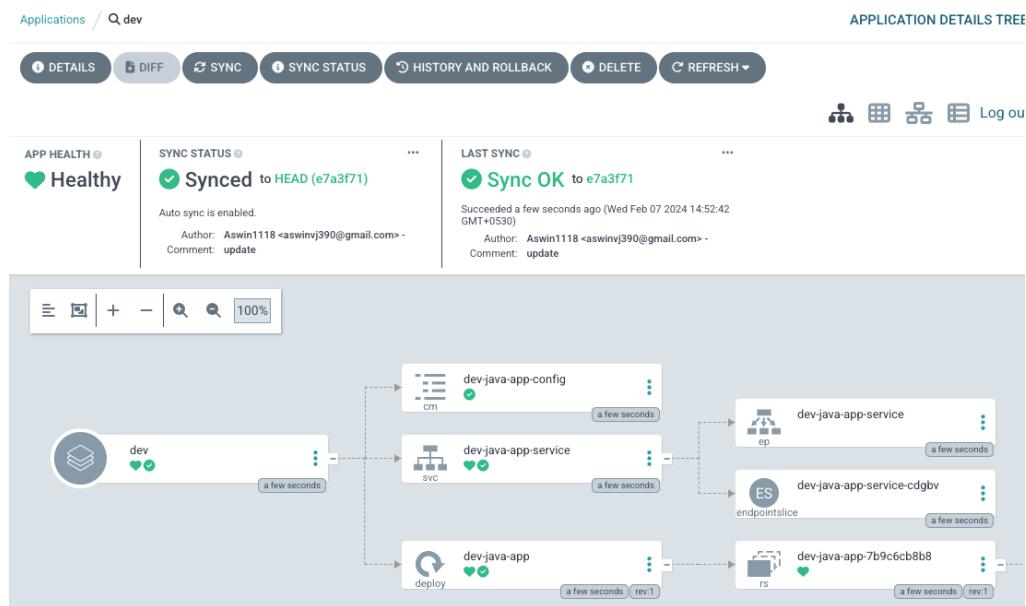
Parameter	Value
java.image.pullPolicy	IfNotPresent
java.image.repository	techiescamp/kube-petclinic-app
java.image.tag	1.0.0
java.password	crunchOps@1234
java.replicaCount	1

You can alter the values as per your requirements, and if the chart type is not detected automatically, you can select the type as shown below



- Helm
- Kustomize
- Directory
- Plugin

Then, press the Create button at the top of the configuration, then it will deploy the YAML file and create a dashboard for it as shown below



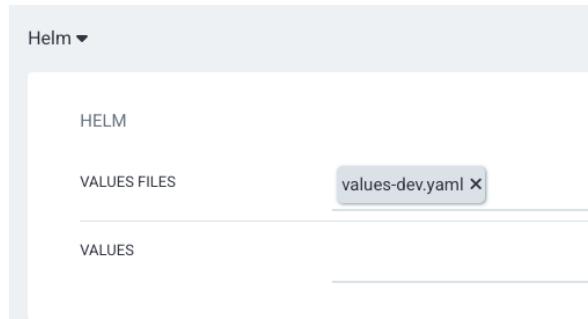
As you can see, ArgoCD gives every information about the deployment on the dashboard.

## Deploy Helm Chart on Multiple Environment

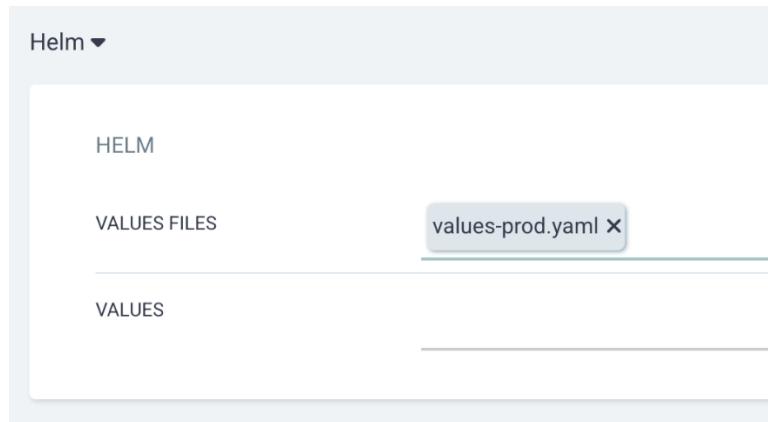
To do this you have to create two value files as shown below

```
.
├── Chart.yaml
├── templates
│   ├── configmap.yaml
│   ├── deployment.yaml
│   └── service.yaml
└── values-dev.yaml
└── values-prod.yaml
```

One of the differences in both methods is that while using a single values file the values will be shown on the UI and you can alter the values from the UI. But with multiple values files, you cannot change the values from the UI, you can only select the values file you want to use as shown below. For this method, you must create NEW APP two times, do the same steps you did in the above single environment method until the helm **values.yaml** file selecting step.



Do the same steps again and select the next values file



If you want to change the values, you must modify the values file from your local workspace and push it to Git.

After deploying the helm chart on two environments you can see your application on the dashboard as shown below.

A screenshot of the Argo CD dashboard under the "Applications" tab. The top navigation bar includes buttons for "+ NEW APP", "SYNC APPS", "REFRESH APPS", a search bar, and a user icon. Below the header, there are two application cards. The left card is for "dev" and the right card is for "prod". Both cards show the following details:

Project:	default
Labels:	
Status:	Healthy Synced
Reposi...	https://github.com/kubernetes-lea...
Target ...	HEAD
Path:	java-app
Destin...	in-cluster
Name...	pet-clinic-app
Create...	02/07/2024 16:42:24 (a few seco...
Last S...	02/07/2024 16:42:25 (a few seco...

Each card has three buttons at the bottom: "SYNC", "C", and "X".

I have deployed both applications on the same cluster, if you want to deploy both applications on different clusters you can change the cluster URL in the destination section.

You may ask, why we must create multiple value files for multiple environments and why can't we use a single value file and change the values while deploying the helm.

We can do that also, but it is only suitable for basic applications with a minimum number of values, it is not possible for large organizations that have an application with different deployment requirements per environment.

They can't change the values every time they deploy, so they keep fixed values for each environment and change the values on each value file if needed.

## Conclusion

In summary, you learn about integrating Helm on Argo CD and also about deploying applications on both single and multiple environments with values files.

I hope you find this blog useful and easy to understand about Argo CD helm integration.

