

A thick blue vertical bar runs down the left side of the page. A blue arrow points to the right, overlapping the bar, with the text 'Chapter 1' inside it.

## Chapter 1

# Introduction to Ethical Hacking

Lab Manual

Several thin, curved lines in blue and grey originate from the bottom left and sweep upwards and to the right.

**THIS DOCUMENT INCLUDES ADDITIONAL PRACTICALS WHICH  
MAY OR MAY NOT BE COVERED DURING CLASSROOM TRAINING.  
FOR MORE DETAILS APPROACH LAB COORDINATORS**

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# Practical 1: Steps to install VirtualBox on Windows Operating System

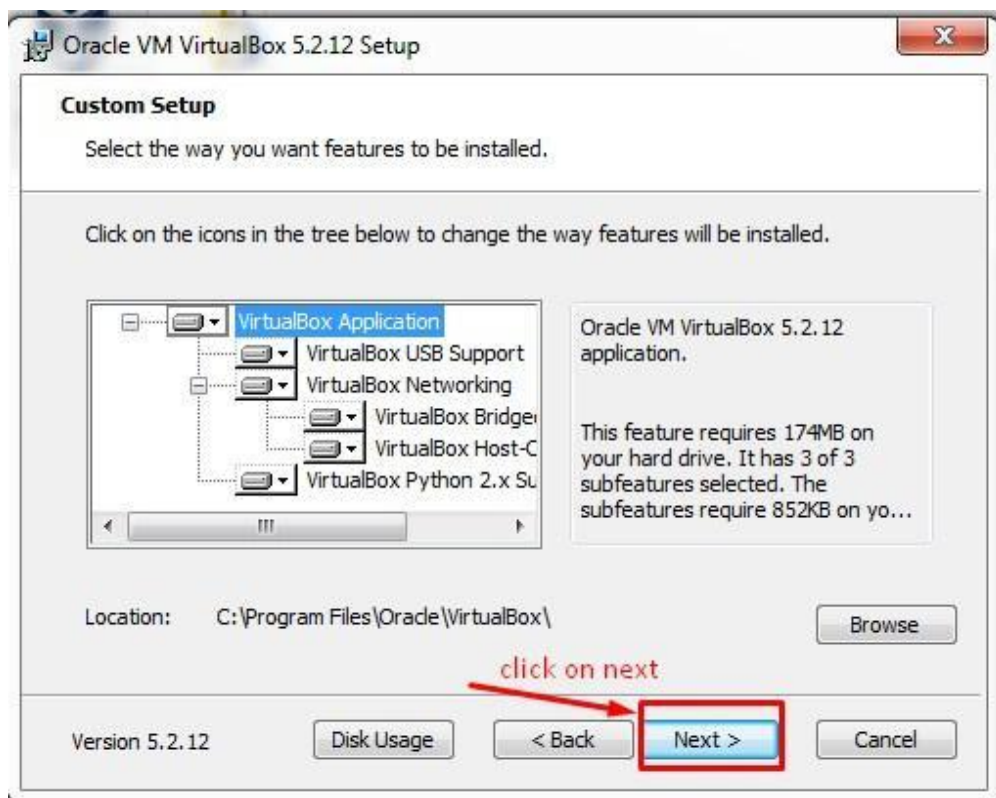
## Step 1: Download and Install VirtualBox

visit [www.virtualbox.org/wiki/downloads](http://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/downloads)

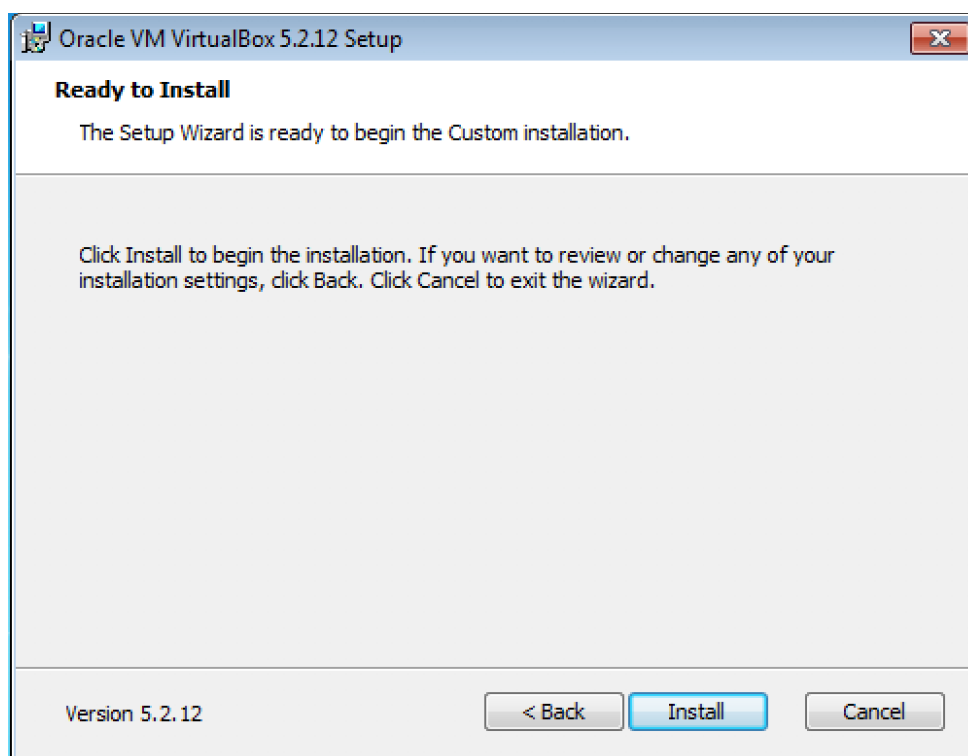
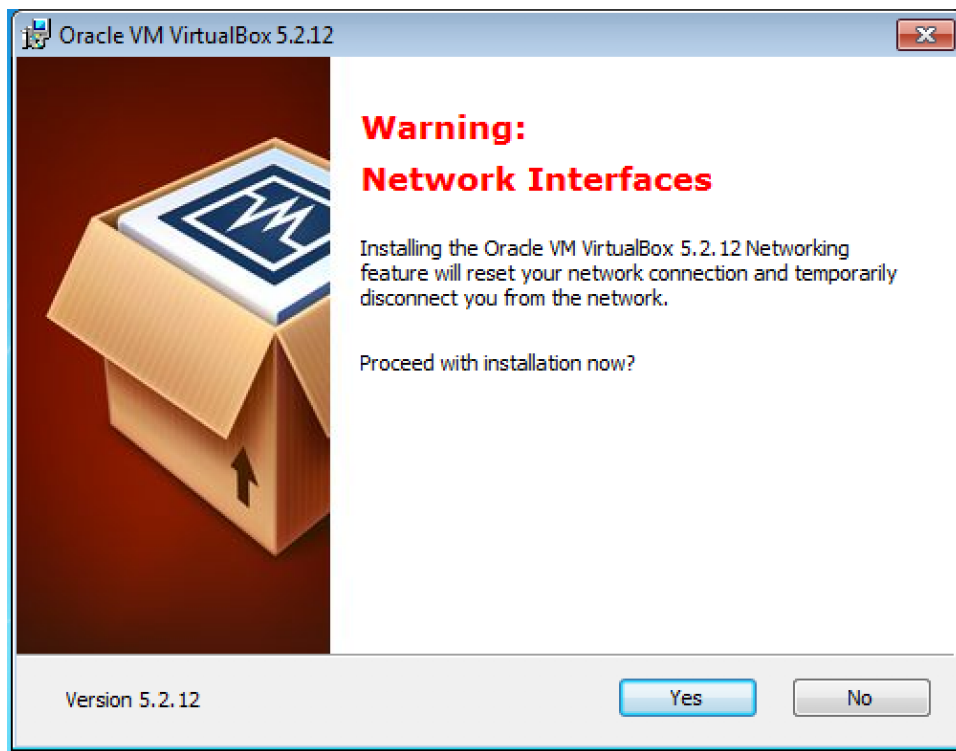
under downloads, download VirtualBox setup file for windows hosts



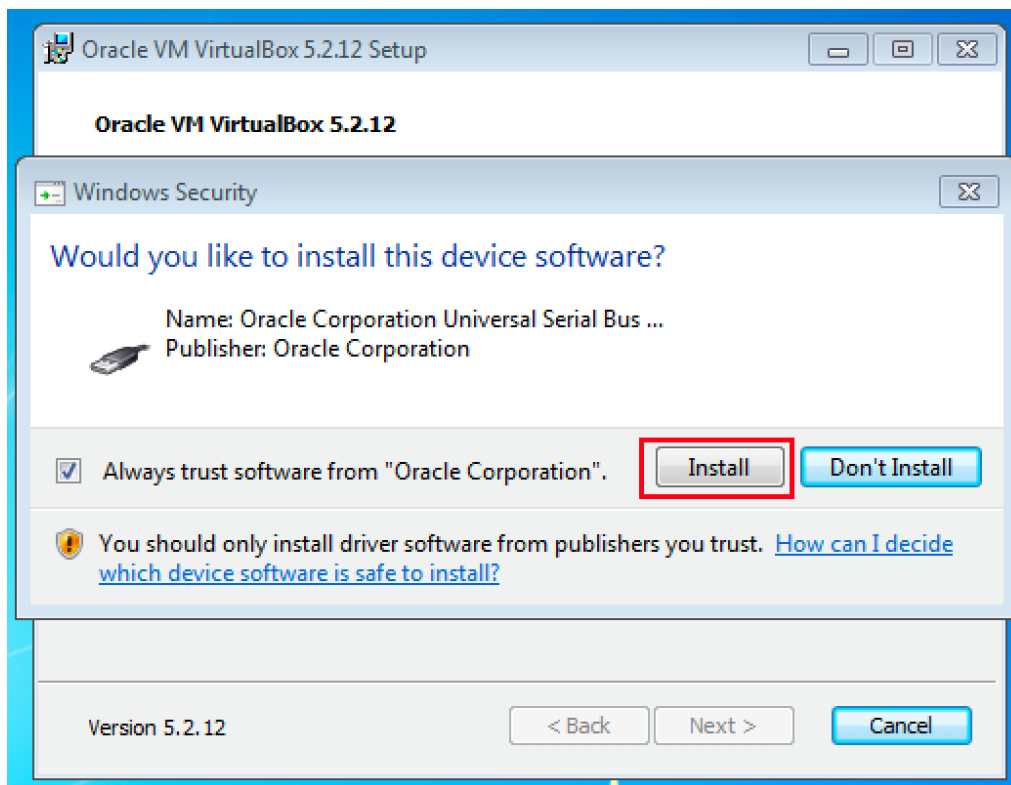
After download, execute setup file to begin VirtualBox installation.



During installation, you will get a network interface warning, Click **Yes** to continue (this may interrupt your network connectivity, make sure that you are not downloading any application during the installation process).



During installation, it will prompt to install oracle universal serial bus, make sure to check ***Always trust*** and click ***Install*** to complete VirtualBox installation.

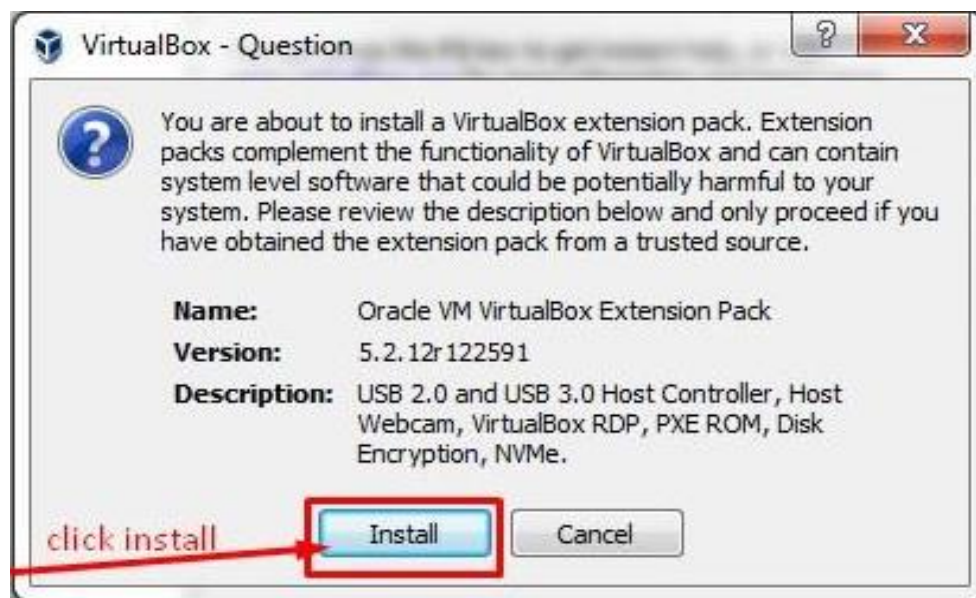


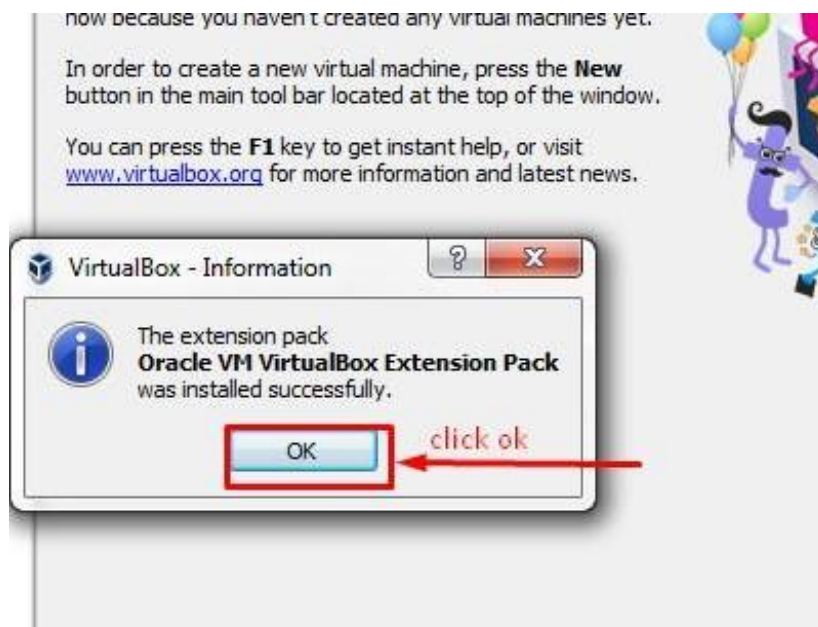
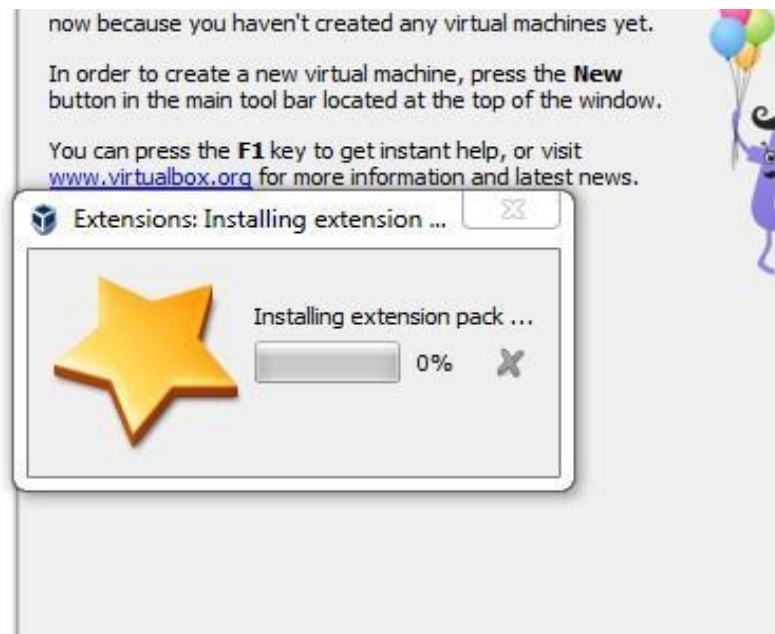
## Step 2: Installing Oracle VirtualBox Extension Pack

Extension pack extends the functionality of VirtualBox base packages. It allows usage of VRDP (VirtualBox Remote Desktop Protocol), host machine web camera, Virtual USB 2.0/3.0, etc.

Download VirtualBox extension pack for ***All supported platforms*** from following link <http://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/downloads> (under Oracle VM VirtualBox extension pack).

After download, run extension pack setup file.





Now, we are ready to install Kali Linux virtual machine.

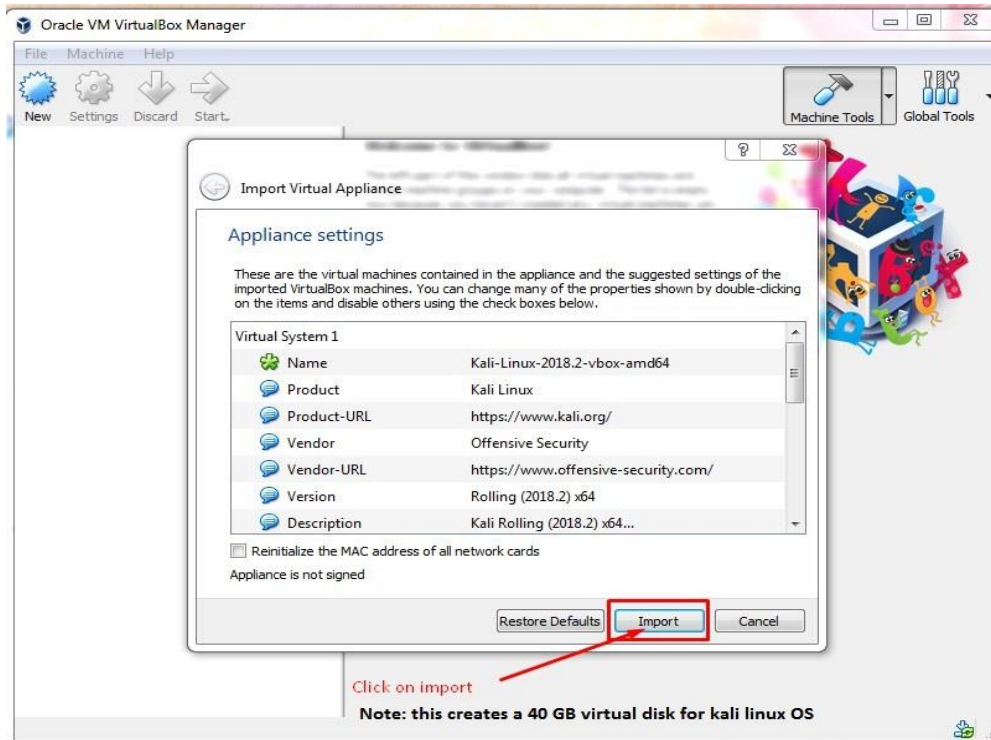
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## Practical 2: Installing Kali Linux in VirtualBox

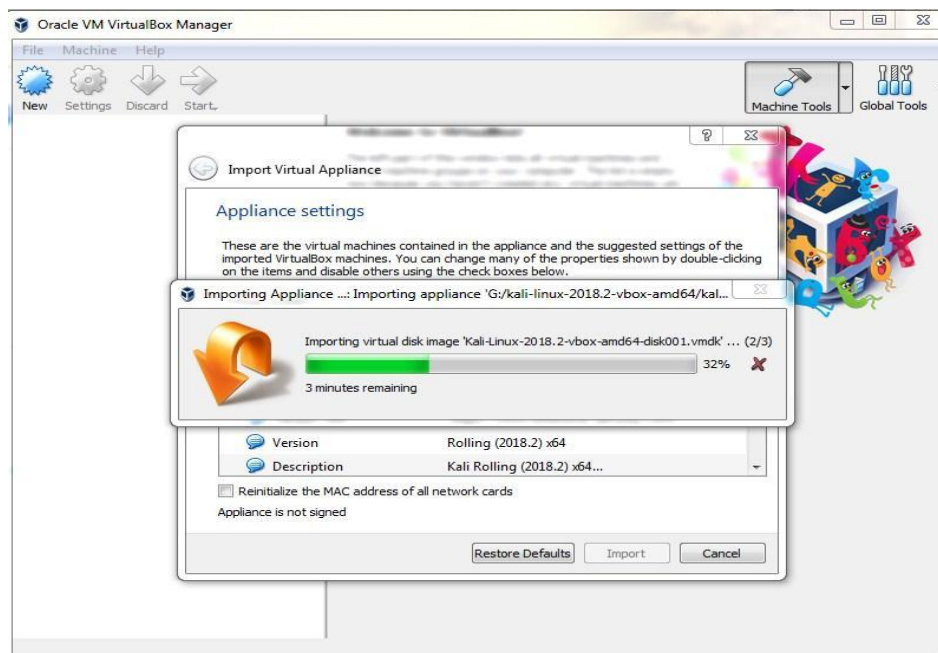
Download Kali Linux VirtualBox image file from following the link (OVA file) <https://www.offensive-security.com/kali-linux-vm-vmware-virtualbox-hyperv-image-download/>

Make sure to verify your system architecture 64-bit/32-bit before you download the virtual image file for VirtualBox. As we have installed Oracle VirtualBox software, we must download VirtualBox image file.

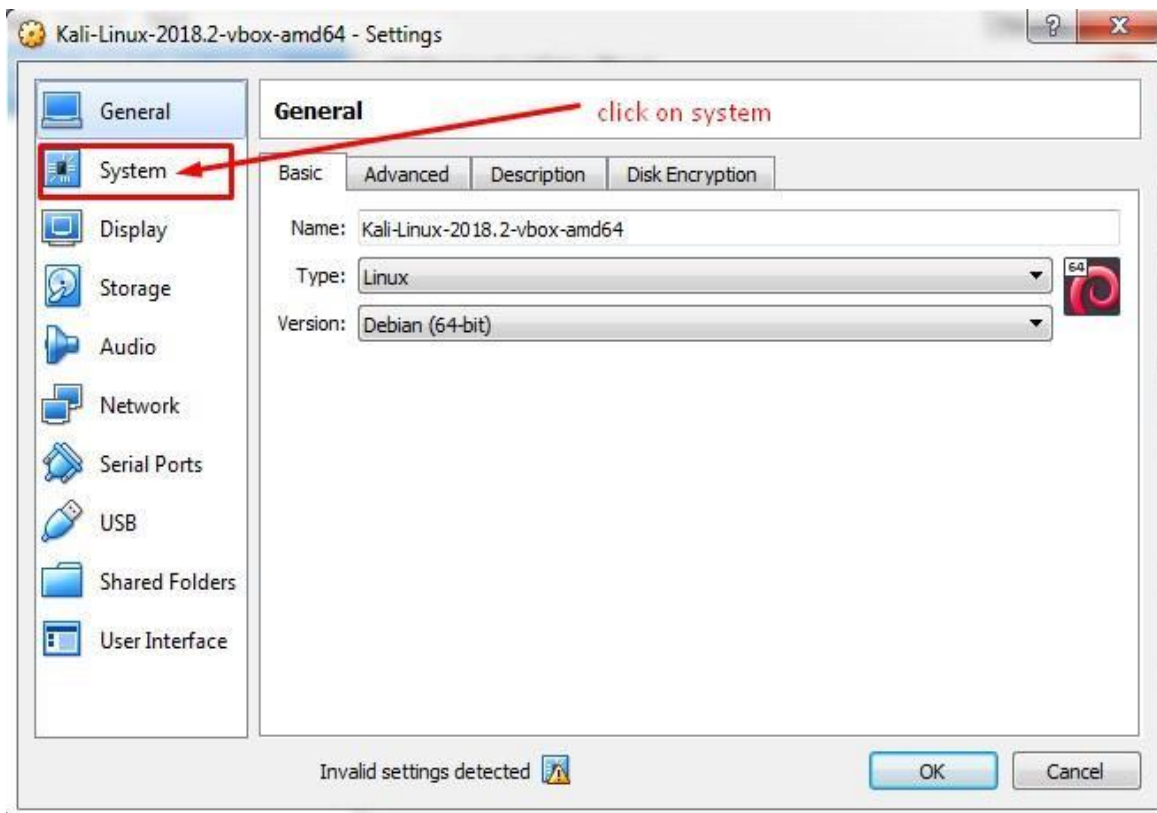
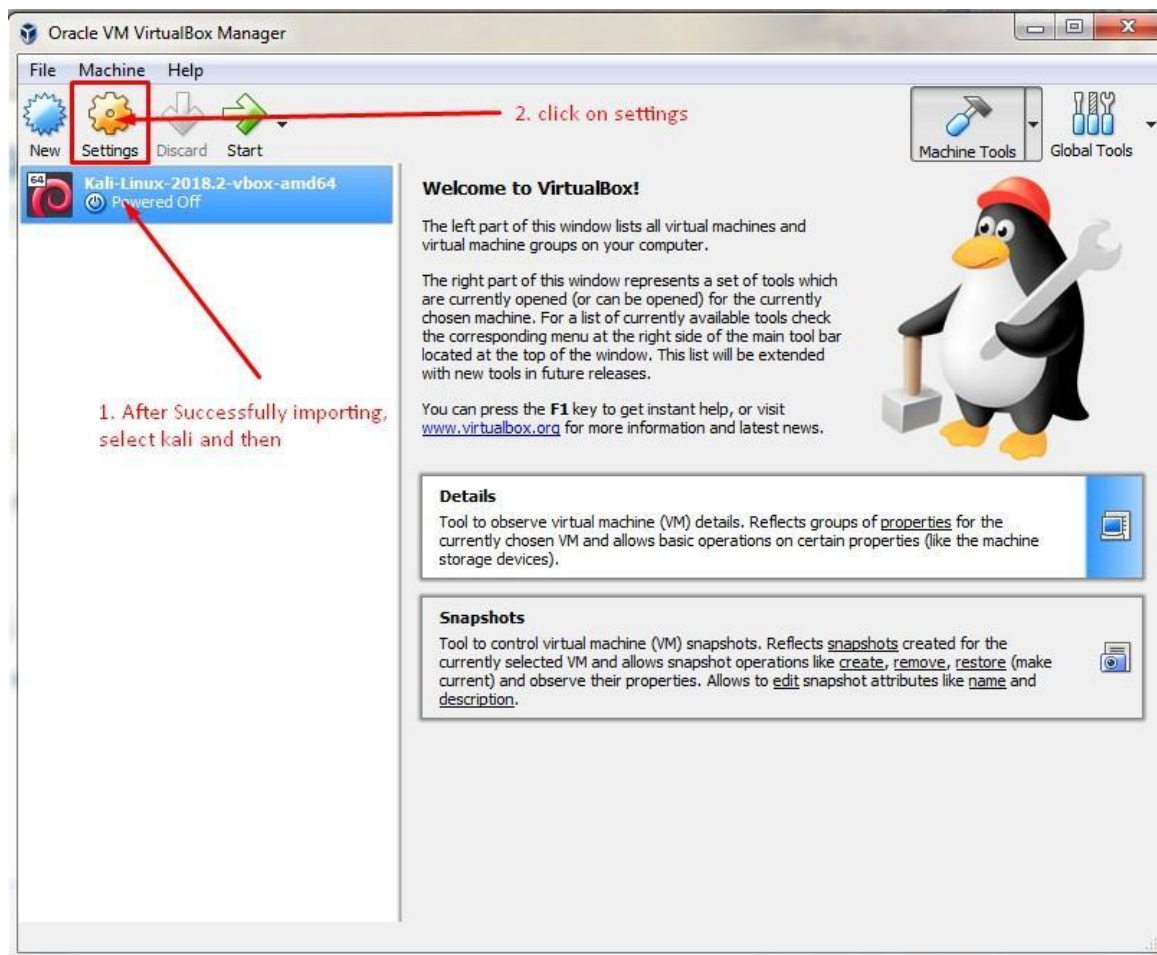
After download, execute .ova file (double-click on file). it starts importing kali Linux into VirtualBox.



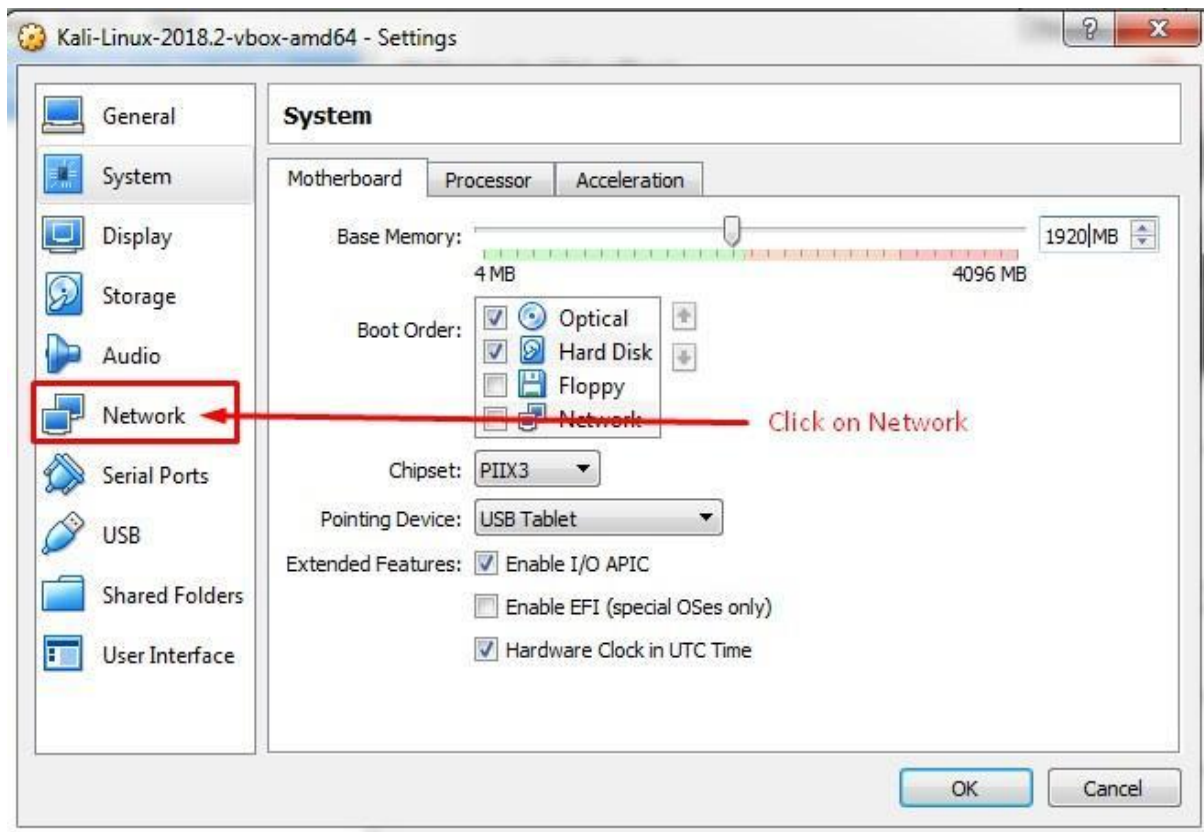
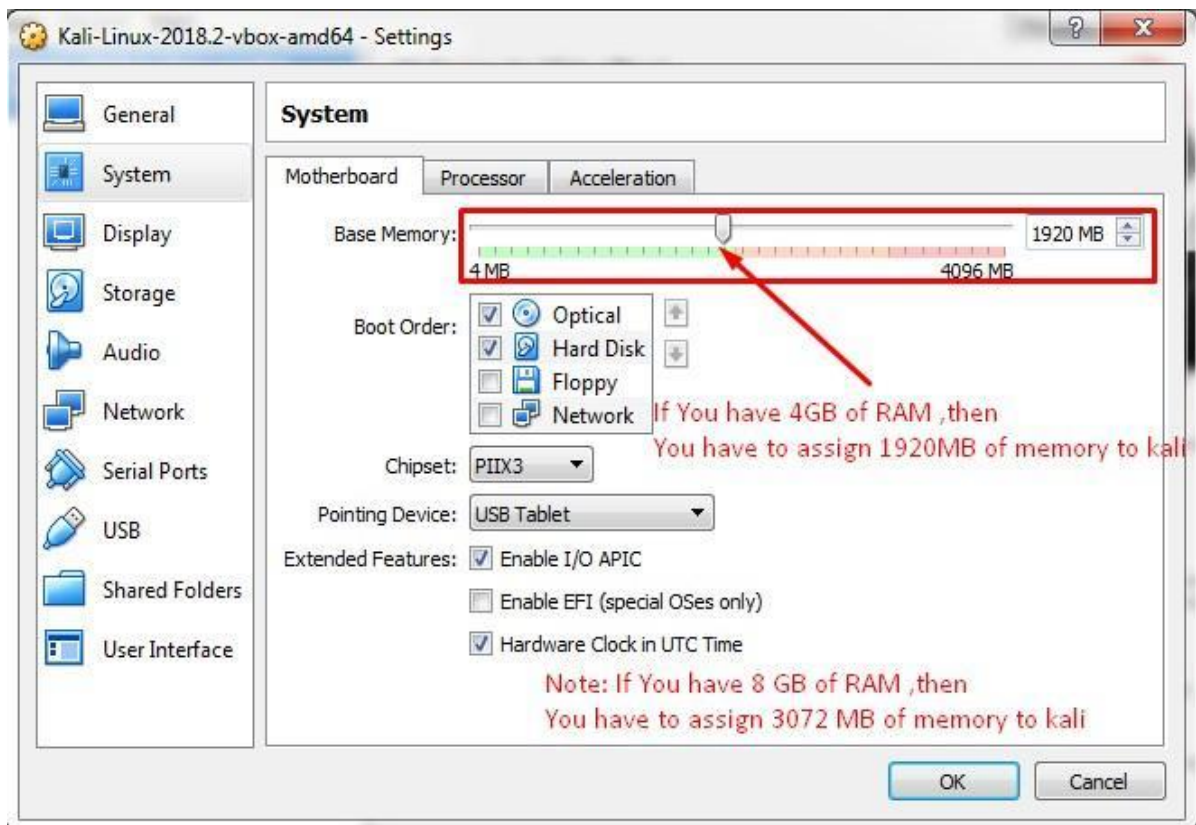
**Note: This creates a 40 GB virtual disk for Kali Linux OS**

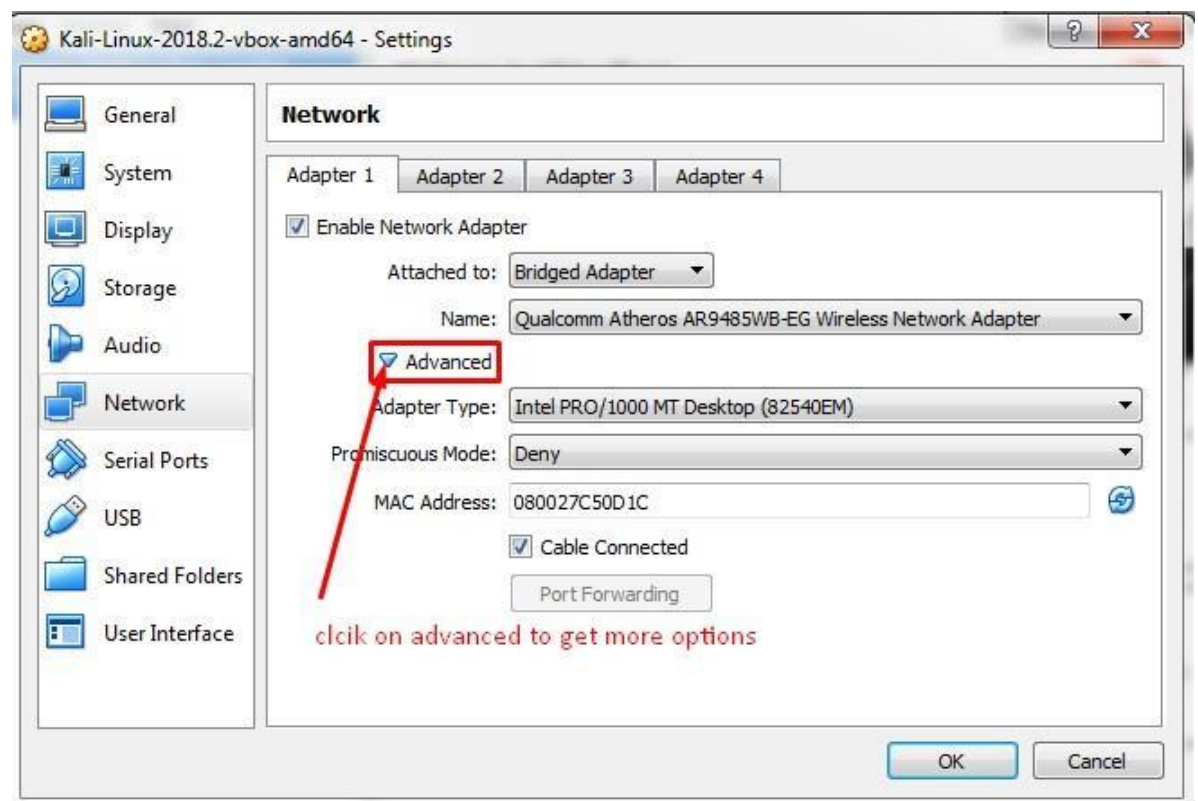
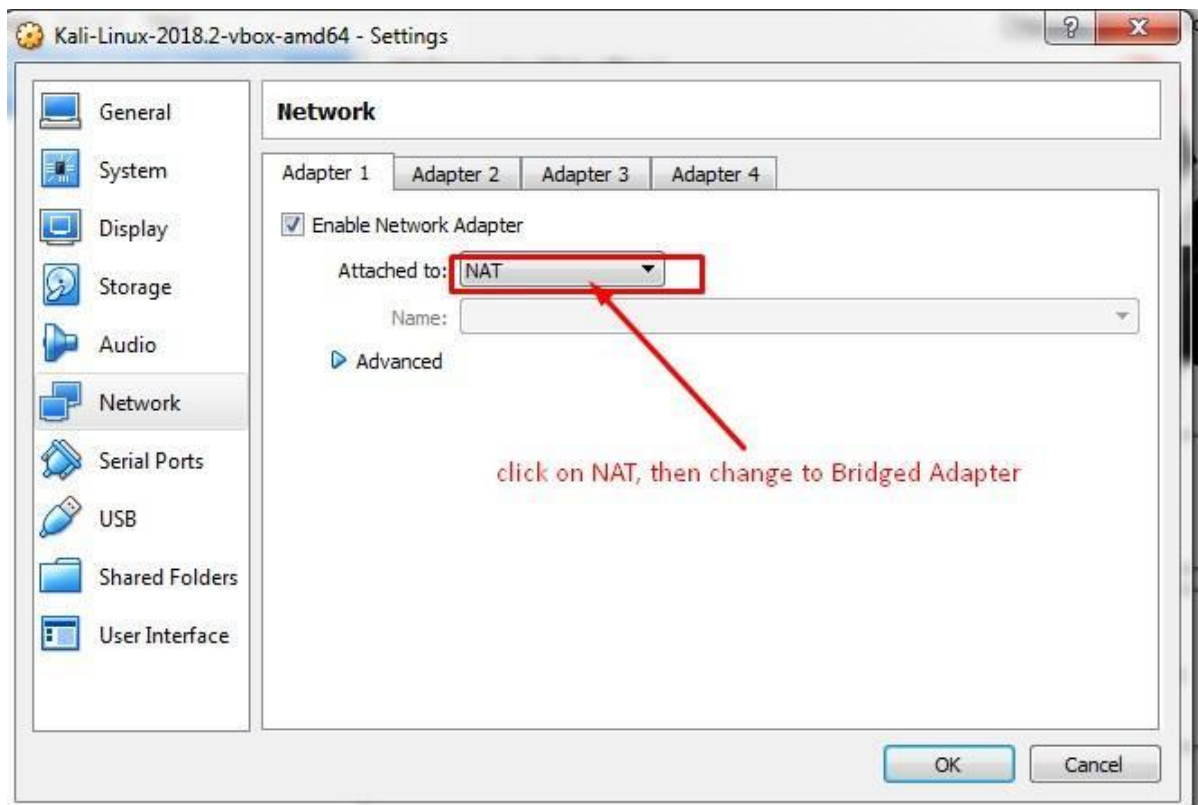


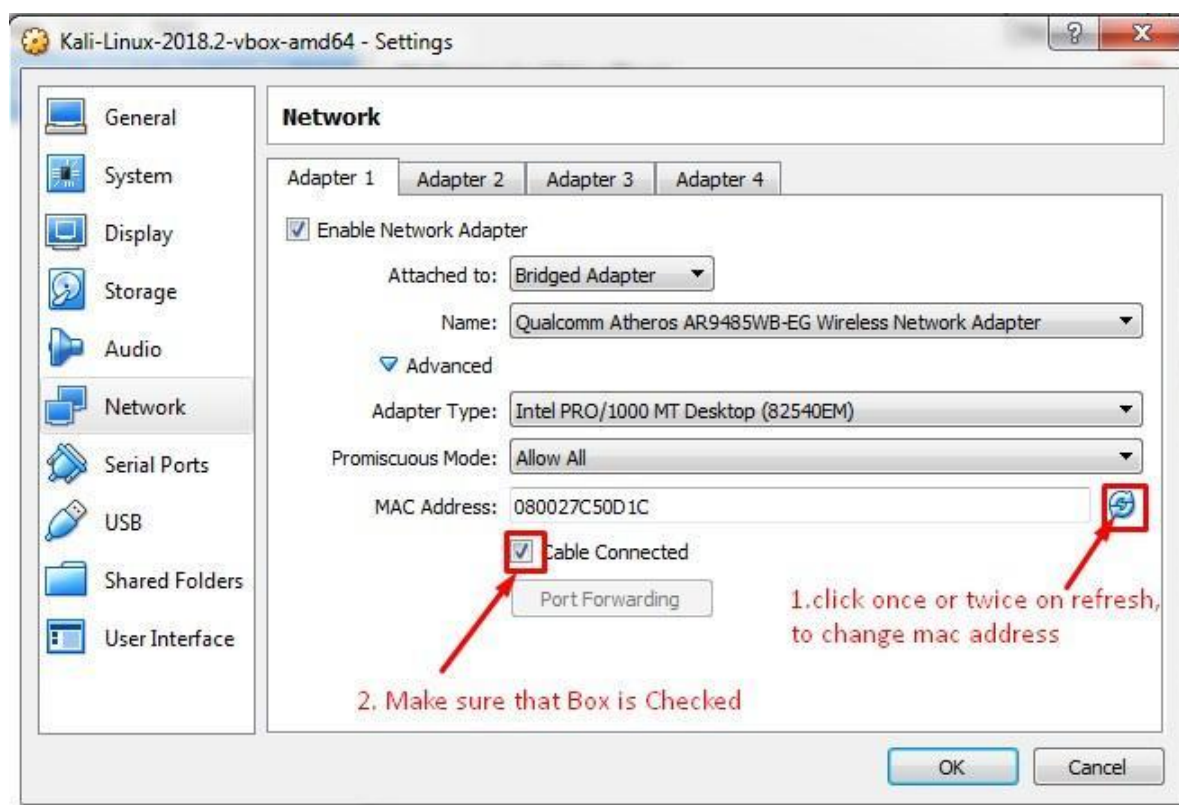
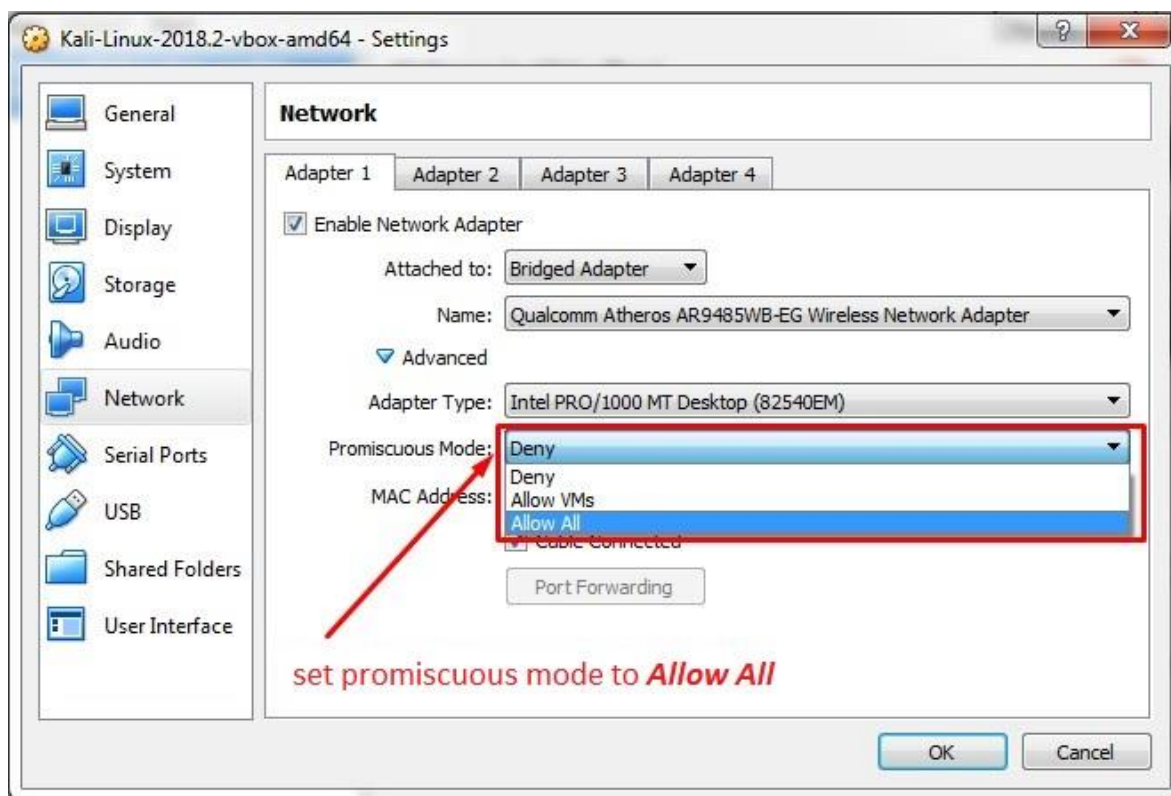


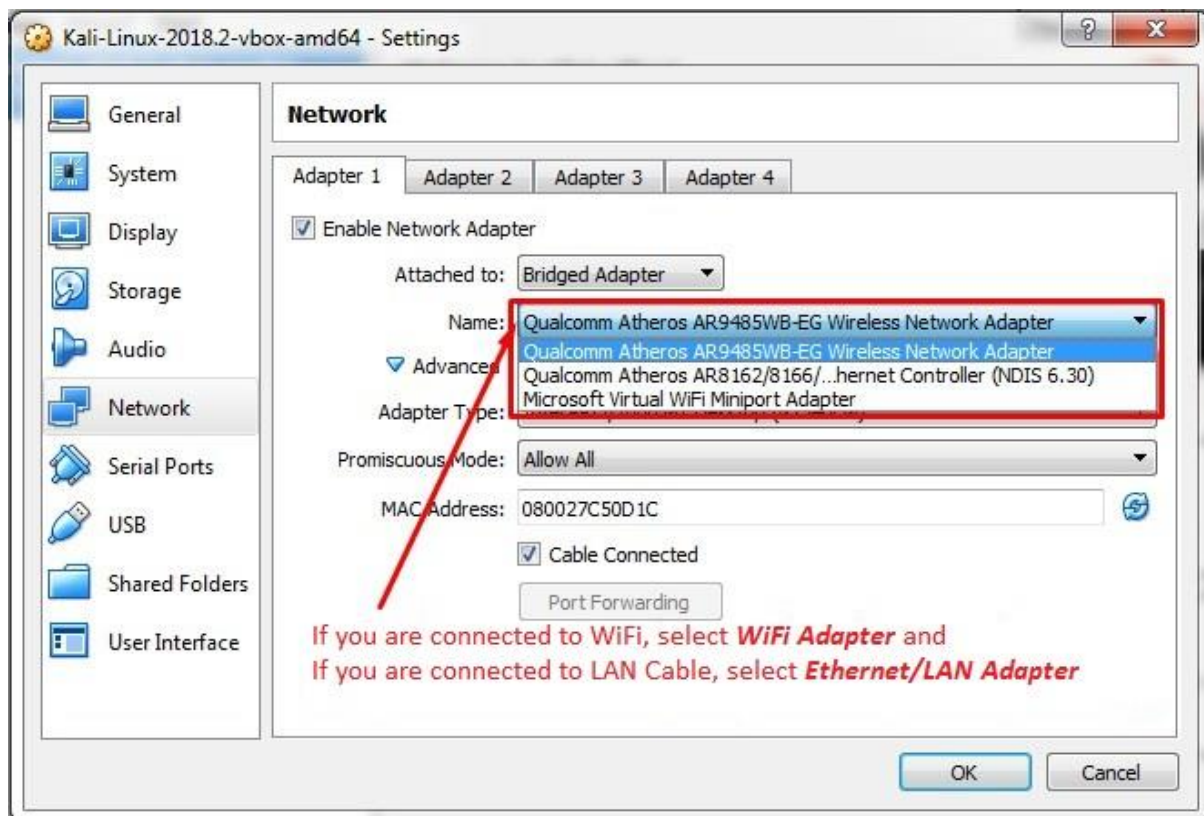




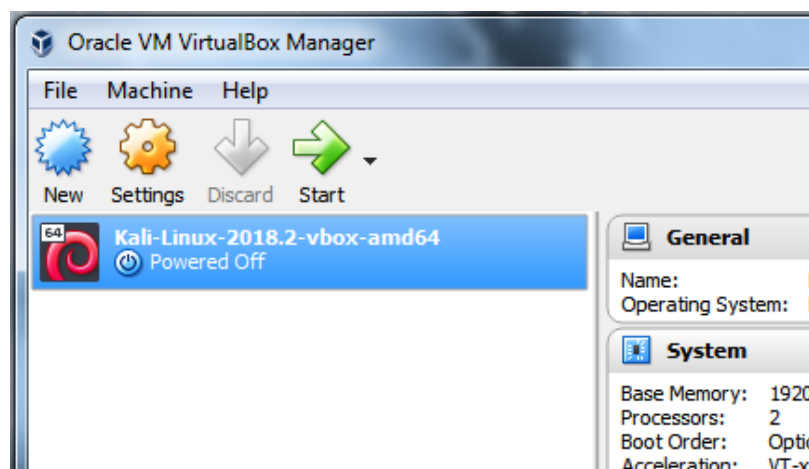








Click **ok** to complete basic configuration. From VirtualBox main menu, select Kali Linux and click on start to load kali Linux operating system as shown below.



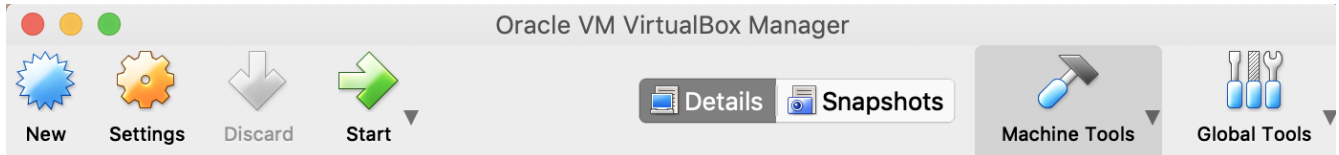
## Practical 3: Installing Metasploitable2 in VirtualBox

Metasploitable 2 is a vulnerable machine designed for testing and practice. Metasploitable2 focuses on vulnerabilities at the system level which can be exploited with the help of the Metasploit framework (to be covered in Chapter 6).

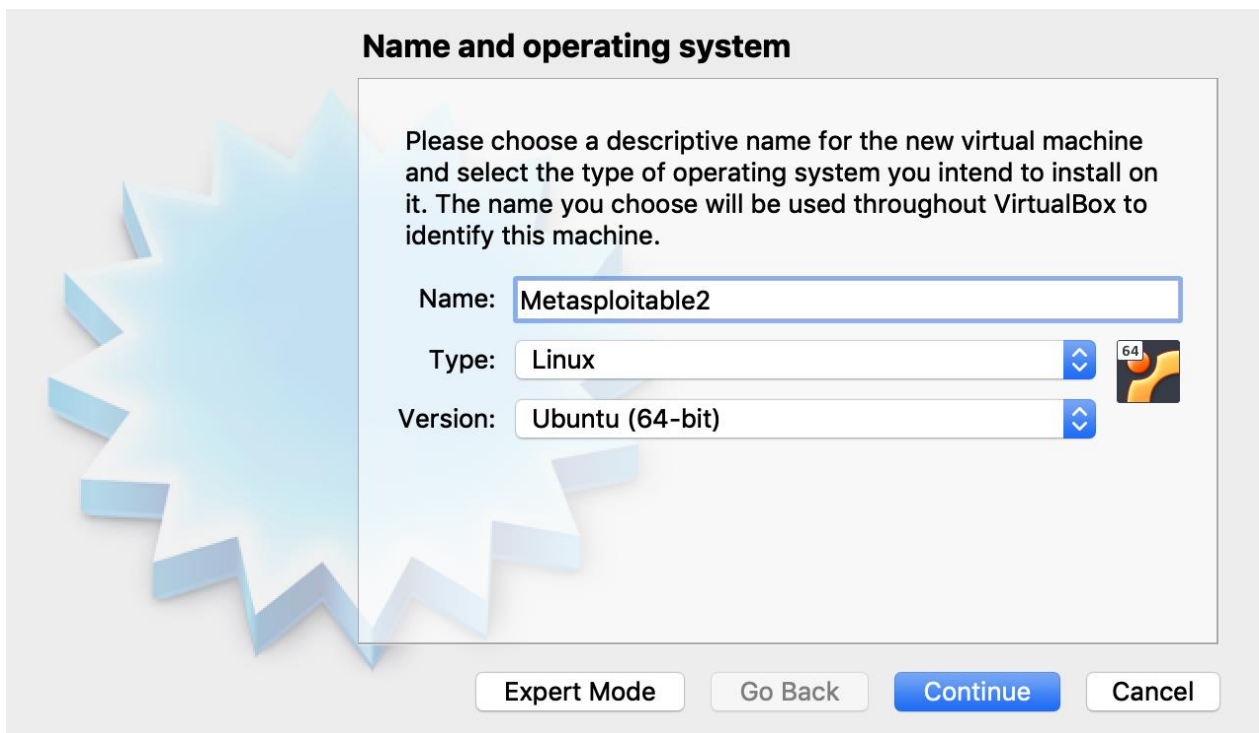
Download Metasploitable2 (Linux) from the following link and extract the .zip file.

[“https://sourceforge.net/projects/metasploitable/files/Metasploitable2/”](https://sourceforge.net/projects/metasploitable/files/Metasploitable2/)

Open VirtualBox and click on New button on the top left corner.

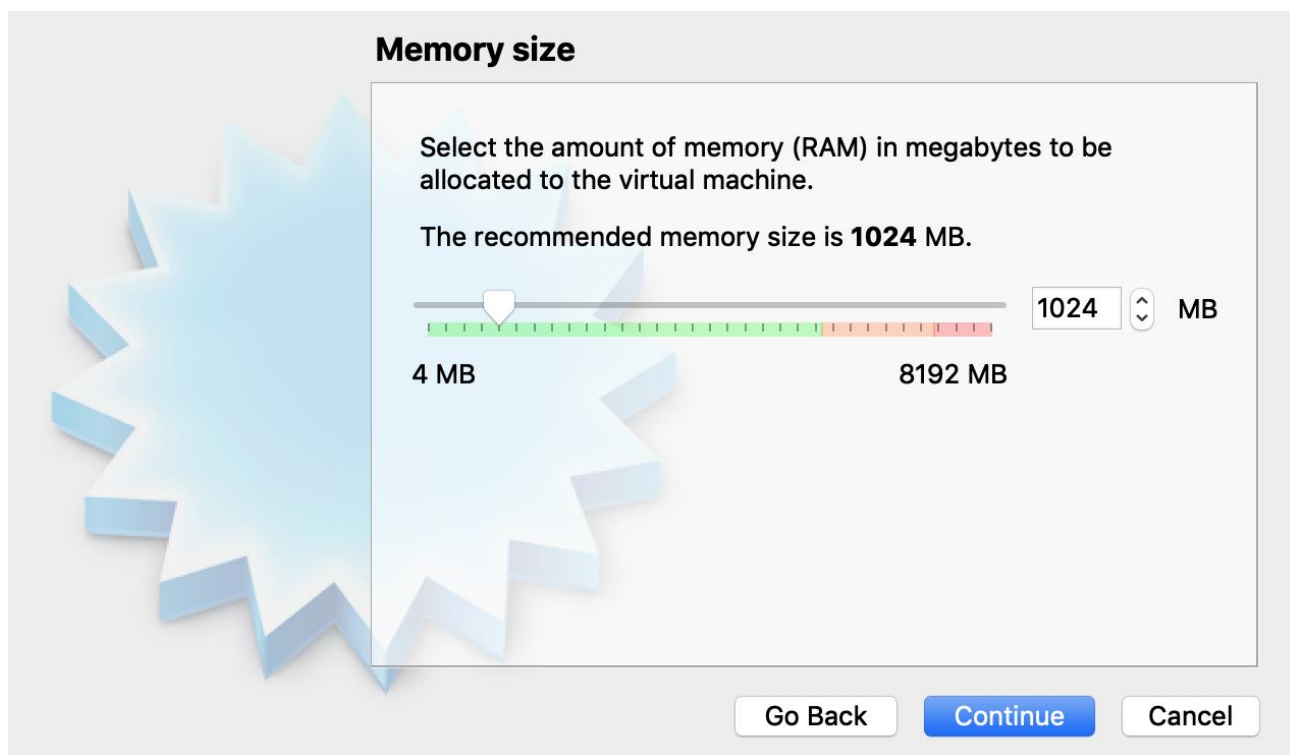


Add **Name**, and select the **Type**, and **Version** as shown in the below image and click on continue





Set Memory size to 1024MB as shown in below screenshot and click on **continue**



**Memory size**

Select the amount of memory (RAM) in megabytes to be allocated to the virtual machine.

The recommended memory size is **1024 MB**.

4 MB 8192 MB

1024 MB

Go Back Continue Cancel

On this menu, choose, **Use an existing Virtual hard disk file** and load the **.vmdk** from the extracted directory (Metasploitable2). Click on **Create** to complete the process.



**Hard disk**

If you wish you can add a virtual hard disk to the new machine. You can either create a new hard disk file or select one from the list or from another location using the folder icon.

If you need a more complex storage set-up you can skip this step and make the changes to the machine settings once the machine is created.

The recommended size of the hard disk is **10.00 GB**.

☐ Do not add a virtual hard disk

☐ Create a virtual hard disk now

☒ Use an existing virtual hard disk file

Metasploitable.vmdk (Normal, 8.00 GB)

Go Back Create Cancel

Configure network settings for this virtual machine (as shown in practical 2). Set the network adapter mode to **Bridged** and Promiscuous made to **Allow all**. These settings allow other machines on the network to access this vulnerable virtual machine (Metasploitable 2).



Select Metasploitable2 from VirtualBox menu and click on **Start** to start Metasploitable2 virtual machine. The default login credentials are **login: msfadmin** and **password: msfadmin**

[illegible]

## Practical 4: Install Tor Browser in Kali Linux

### Step 1: Download Tor Browser

Tor helps in browsing the internet anonymously by hiding Our IP Address. Tor can also be used to access blocked websites. Black-hat Hackers use tor to access the dark web to perform illegal activities by protecting their identity.

Download tor browser from the following link:

<https://www.torproject.org/download/download-easy.html.en>

### Step 2: Tor Browser Installation

Open terminal in Kali Linux, change current location to point the directory that holds previously downloaded file (by default, downloaded files will be saved in **Downloads** directory).

```
root@kali:~# cd Downloads
root@kali:~/Downloads# ls
tor-browser-linux64-7.5.6_en-US.tar.xz
root@kali:~/Downloads# tar xvf tor-browser-linux64-7.5.6_en-US.tar.xz
```

execute above commands to extract the downloaded **tar.xz** file

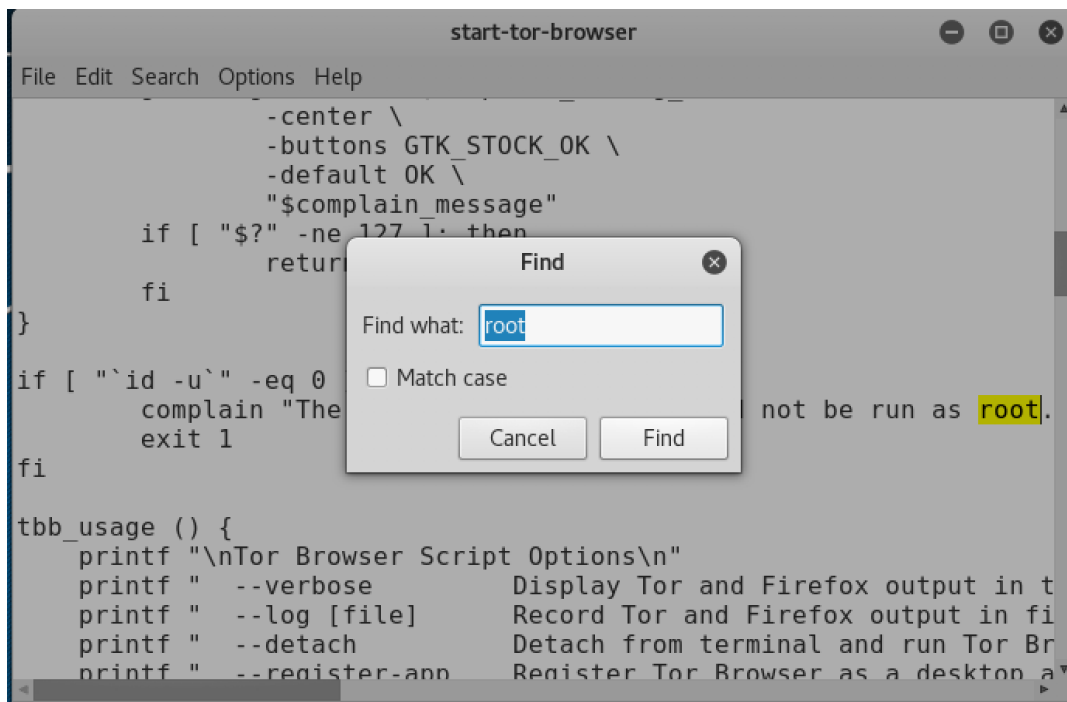
```
root@kali:~/Downloads# ls
tor-browser_en-US  tor-browser-linux64-7.5.6_en-US.tar.xz
root@kali:~/Downloads# cd tor-browser_en-US/
root@kali:~/Downloads/tor-browser_en-US# ls
Browser  start-tor-browser.desktop
root@kali:~/Downloads/tor-browser_en-US# cd Browser/
root@kali:~/Downloads/tor-browser_en-US/Browser# ls
application.ini  libfreeblpriv3.so  libplc4.so  run-mozilla.sh
browser          liblgpllibs.so    libplds4.so  start-tor-browser
chrome.manifest  libmozavcodec.so  libsmime3.so  start-tor-browser.desktop
defaults         libmozavutil.so   libsoftokn3.so  tbb_version.json
dependentlibs.list  libmozsandbox.so  libssl3.so    TorBrowser
dictionaries      libmozsqlite3.so  libxul.so     updater
execdesktop       libnspr4.so       omni.ja       updater.ini
firefox           libnss3.so        platform.ini  update-settings.ini
fonts             libnssckbi.so     plugin-container
icons             libnssdbm3.so     precomplete
icudt58l.dat      libnssutil3.so    removed-files
```

### Configuring Tor Browser to run as root:

To run tor browser as the root user, we need to make changes in the **start-tor-browser** file. Execute the following command to open and edit the **start-tor-browser** file.

```
root@kali:~/Downloads/tor-browser_en-US/Browser# leafpad start-tor-browser
```

After opening the file, search (Ctrl + F) for keyword '**root**'

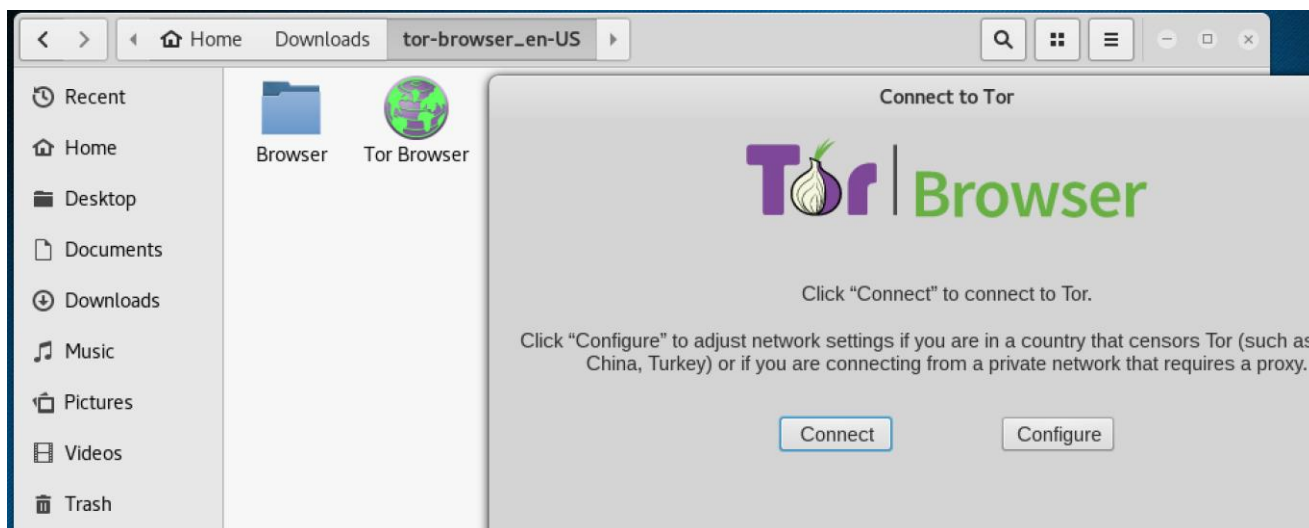


Modify four lines of code in the file as shown below (add # at the starting point of each line)

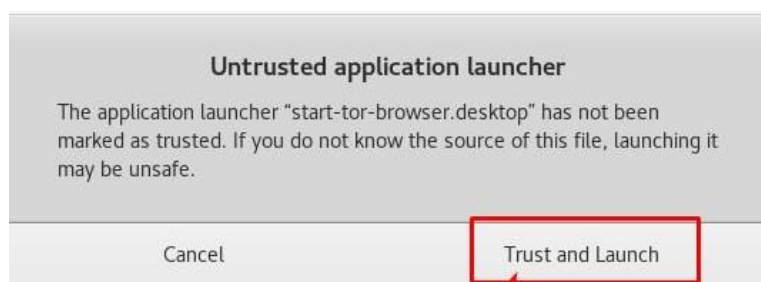
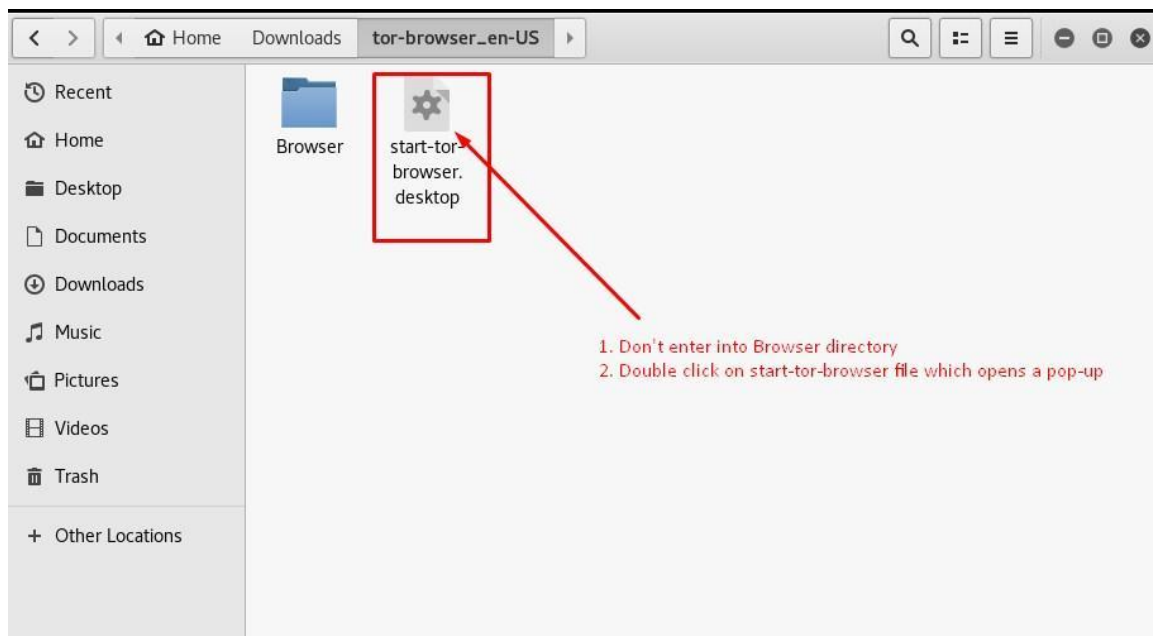
```
#if [ "`id -u`" -eq 0 ]; then
#     complain "The Tor Browser Bundle should not be run as root. Exiting."
#     exit 1
#fi
```

after making the above-said modifications save and close the file.

To start the browser, execute **Tor Browser** located in the **Downloads** directory



In few cases, we may see the file named as **start-tor-browser. Desktop**, double-click on that file if prompted click on **Trust and Launch** which opens tor browser.



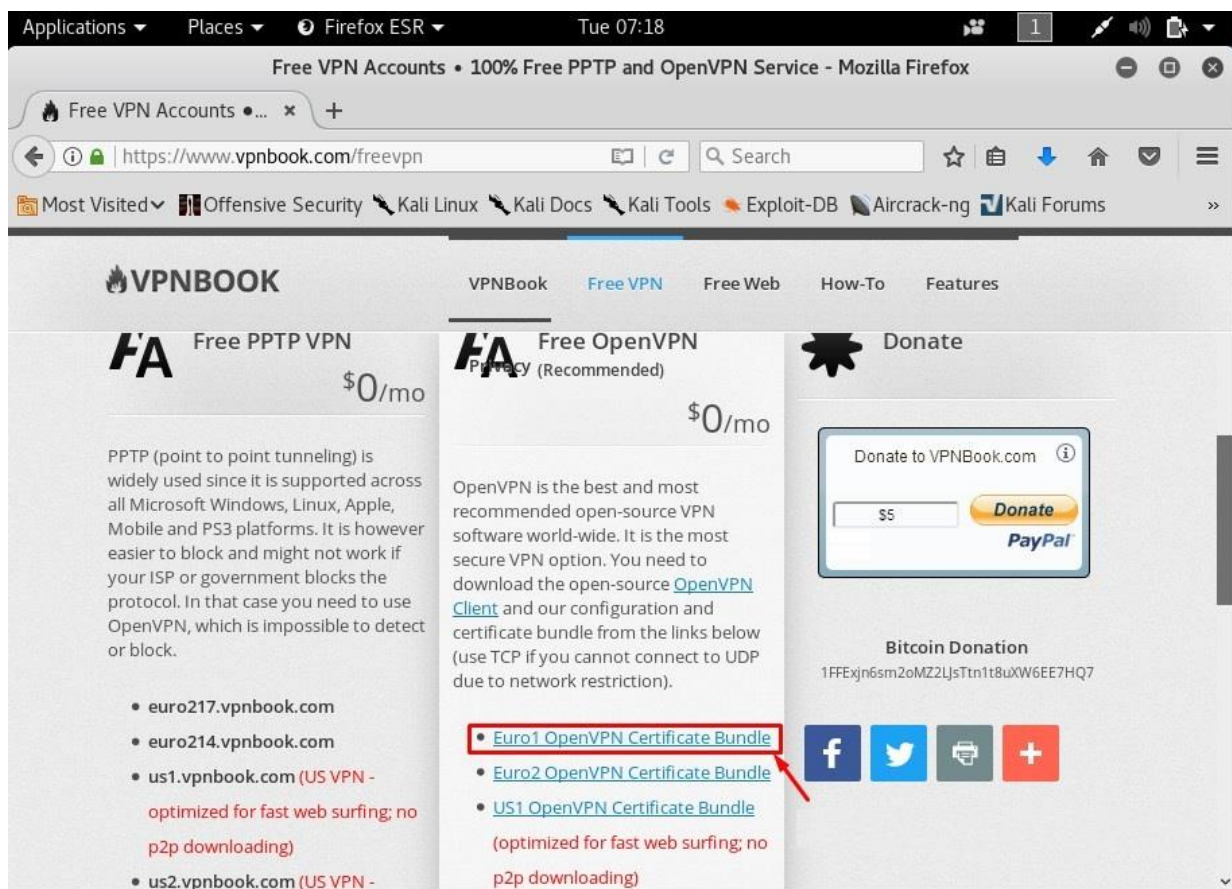
## Practical 5: Installing VPNBook in Kali Linux

Virtual Private Network (VPN) is most often used by IT companies to protect sensitive data shared on the network. VPN establishes a virtual point-to-point connection which allows employees in the organization to send or receive data across public networks as if the devices are connected to the organization private network. VPNBook is one such software that enables individuals to run VPN on their personal computer. We can use VPNBook to hide our identity (IP address). VPNBook is a free open-source VPN software.

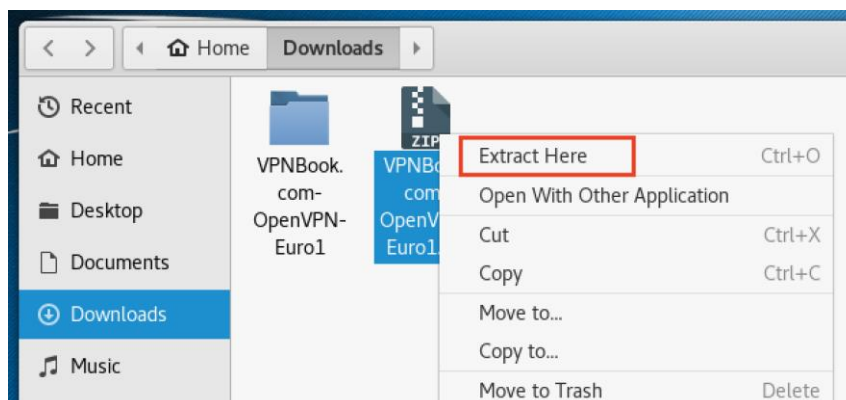
To download VPNBook, visit following website

<https://www.vpnbook.com/freevpn>

under **Free OpenVPN** Option, select any of the bundles to download (**Euro 1 OpenVPN Certificate Bundle** or **Euro 2 OpenVPN Certificate Bundle** is recommended)



Open Download directory and extract **VPNBook.com-OpenVPN-Euro1.zip**





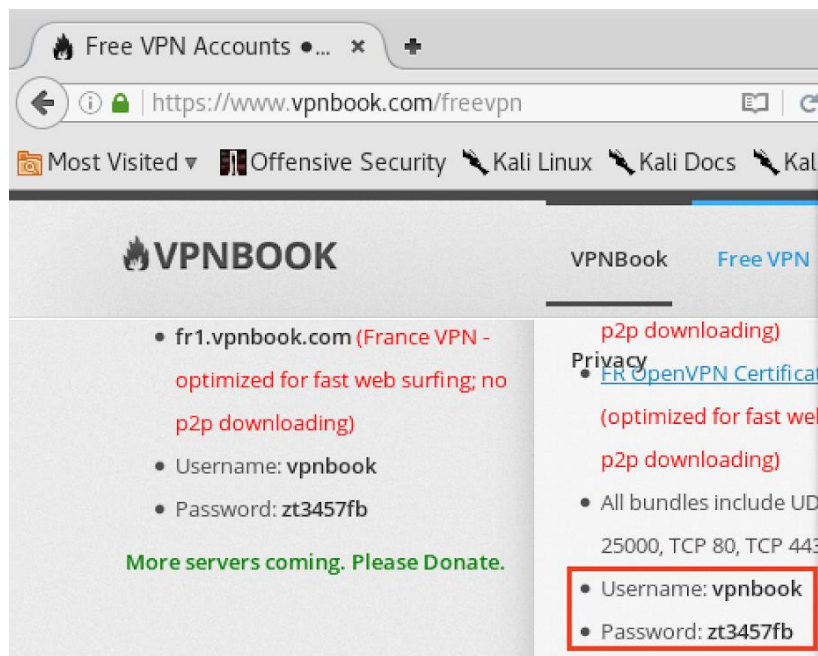
Open terminal in Kali Linux, change current location to point **Downloads** directory that holds VPNBook bundle.

```
root@kali:~# cd Downloads
root@kali:~/Downloads# ls
VPNBook.com-OpenVPN-Euro1  VPNBook.com-OpenVPN-Euro1.zip
root@kali:~/Downloads# cd VPNBook.com-OpenVPN-Euro1/
root@kali:~/Downloads/VPNBook.com-OpenVPN-Euro1# ls
vpnbook-euro1-tcp443.ovpn  vpnbook-euro1-udp25000.ovpn
vpnbook-euro1-tcp80.ovpn  vpnbook-euro1-udp53.ovpn
```

Select **vpnbook-euro1-tcp443.ovpn** file and execute the following command.

```
root@kali:~/Downloads/VPNBook.com-OpenVPN-Euro1# openvpn vpnbook-euro1-tcp443.ovpn
Wed Jul 11 19:03:42 2018 OpenVPN 2.3.11 x86_64-pc-linux-gnu [SSL (OpenSSL)] [LZO] [EPOL
[PKCS11] [MH] [IPv6] built on May 23 2016
Wed Jul 11 19:03:42 2018 library versions: OpenSSL 1.0.2h  3 May 2016, LZO 2.08
Enter Auth Username: *****
Enter Auth Password: *****
```

We can get username and password from VPNBook website



After executing the above command, wait until it displays **Initialization Sequence Completed** message.

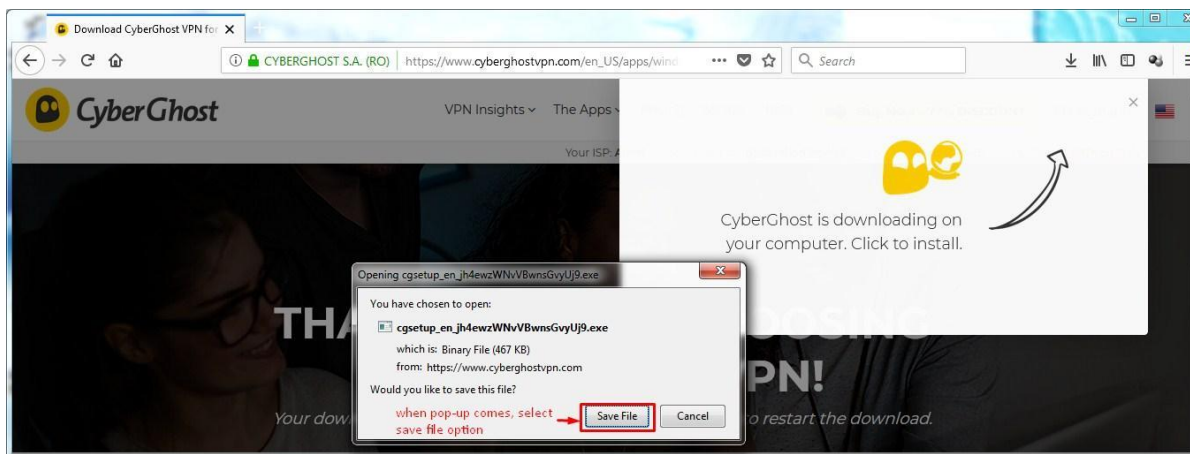
```
Wed Jul 11 19:16:49 2018 TUN/TAP device tun1 opened
Wed Jul 11 19:16:49 2018 TUN/TAP TX queue length set to 100
Wed Jul 11 19:16:49 2018 do_ifconfig, tt->ipv6=0, tt->did_ifconfig_ipv6_setup=0
Wed Jul 11 19:16:49 2018 /sbin/ip link set dev tun1 up mtu 1500
Wed Jul 11 19:16:49 2018 /sbin/ip addr add dev tun1 local 10.9.0.22 peer 10.9.0.21
Wed Jul 11 19:16:51 2018 /sbin/ip route add 176.126.237.217/32 via 192.168.0.1
Wed Jul 11 19:16:51 2018 /sbin/ip route add 0.0.0.0/1 via 10.9.0.21
Wed Jul 11 19:16:51 2018 /sbin/ip route add 128.0.0.0/1 via 10.9.0.21
Wed Jul 11 19:16:51 2018 /sbin/ip route add 10.9.0.1/32 via 10.9.0.21
Wed Jul 11 19:16:51 2018 Initialization Sequence Completed
```

Now we can use any browser to surf the internet anonymously (to confirm, you can visit [www.whatismyipaddress.com](http://www.whatismyipaddress.com)).

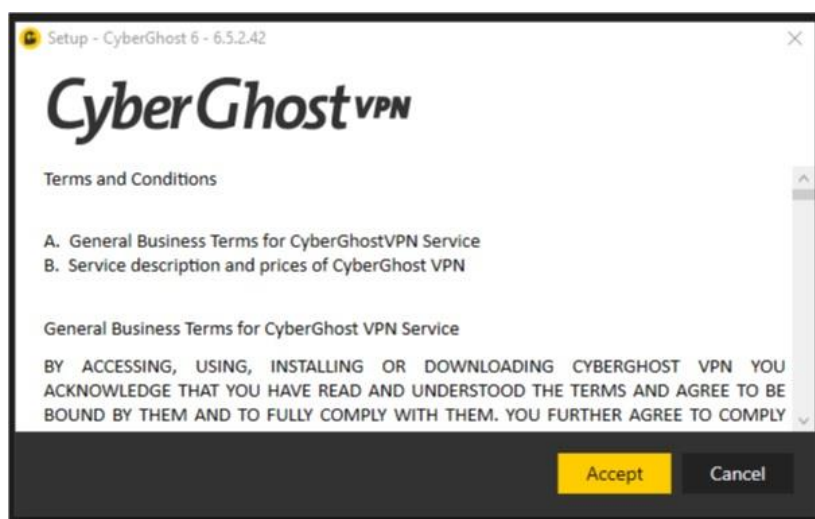


## Practical 6: Installing CyberGhost VPN on Windows Platform

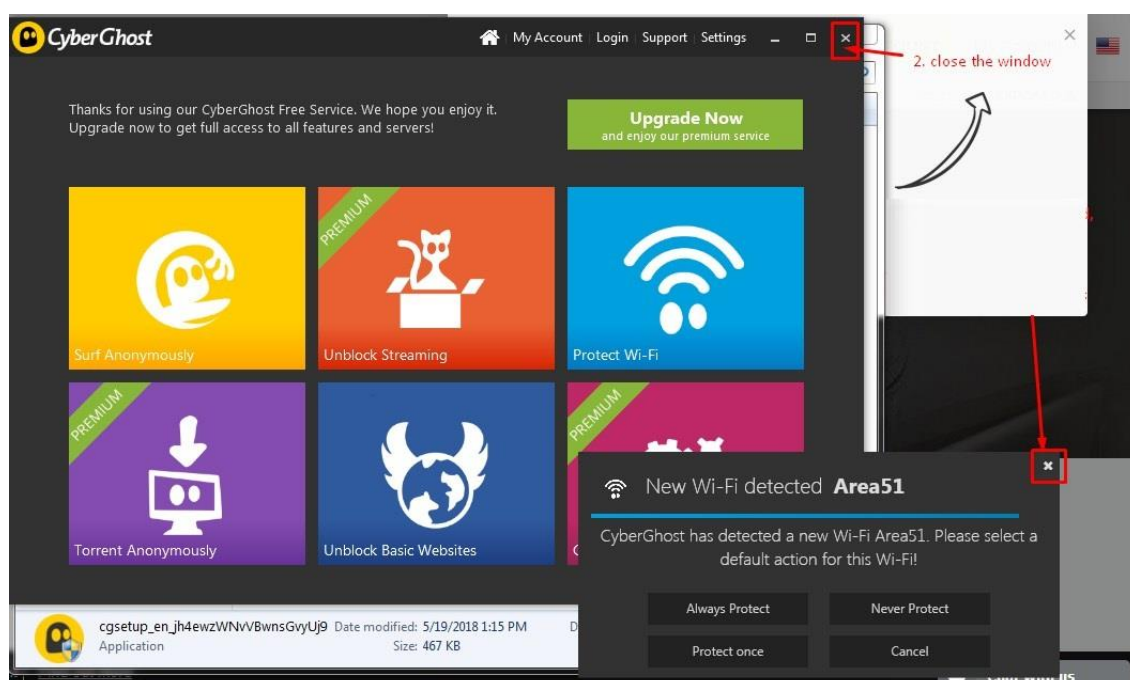
Visit [https://www.cyberghostvpn.com/en\\_US/](https://www.cyberghostvpn.com/en_US/) to download **a free version** of CyberGhost VPN.



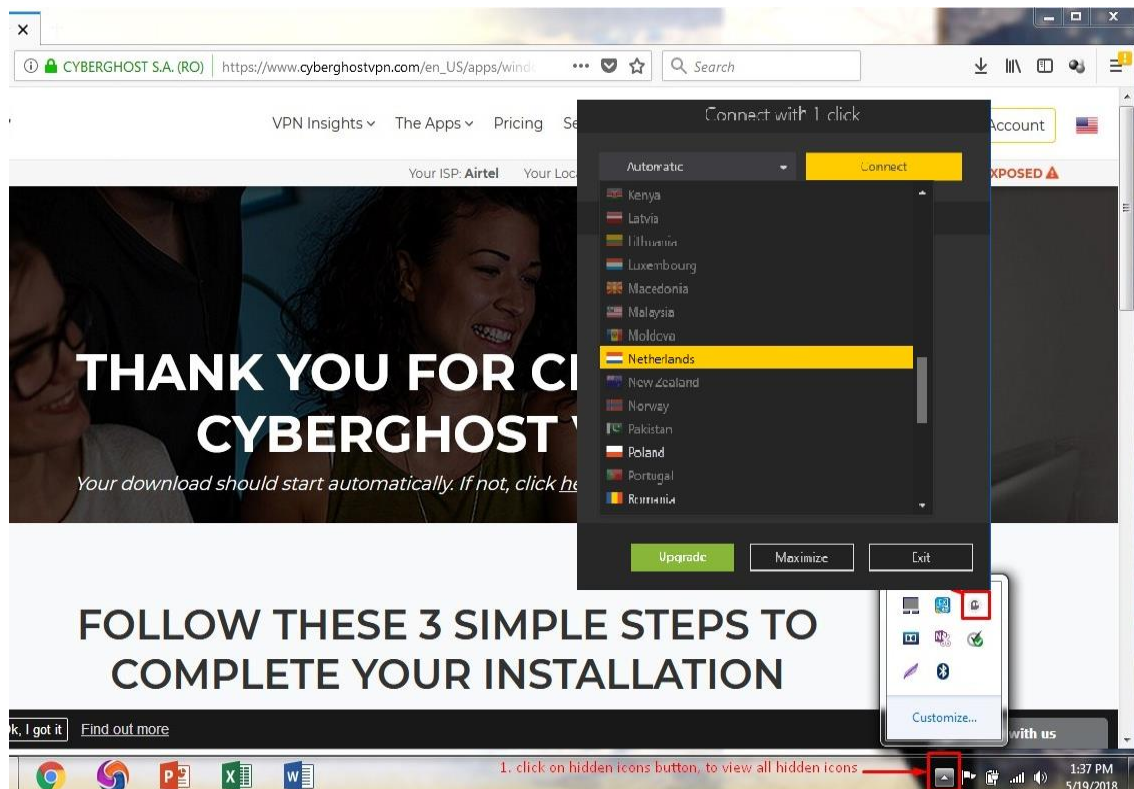
After download, execute setup file to install CyberGhost VPN.



After installation, follow the steps explained in following images to run CyberGhost VPN



To spoof the IP address, right-click on CyberGhost icon and select one of the country as shown below and click on connect.



As we are running the free version of CyberGhost software, we need to wait for a specific time (as shown in below image) to get our IP spoofed.



When we get our turn, CyberGhost VPN software will assign an IP address from the selected country. Now we can use any browser to surf the internet anonymously (to confirm, visit [www.ipaddress.com](https://www.ipaddress.com)).

