# 4. Association Rule Mining implementation in R and SAS EM

We begin with importing our dataset to both R programming and SAS Enterprise Miner. We will go through both approaches one at a time.

### A. Association Rule Mining with R

Firstly, we take deeper into our data and its type using str function in R Output <sup>1</sup>.

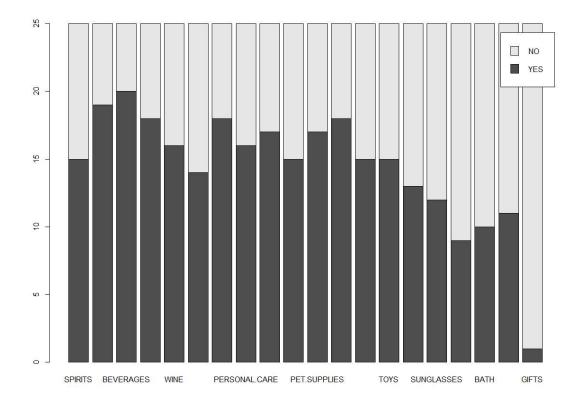
We compute sum of columns with item purchase status of "Yes" or "No" and we create a data frame to calculate the sum and frequency of occurrences of such instances as shown in Output <sup>2</sup>.

```
> #colSums() function computes the sums of columns.
> YES <- colsums(transactions == "YES")</pre>
                                   CANDY
                                                    BEVERAGES
                                                                       HEALTH. AIDS
                                                                                                                      TOBACCO
                                                                               BEER
HOUSEHOLD, CLEANING
                                                  BEAUTY. CARE
                                                                                           PET. SUPPLIES AMERICAN. GREETINGS
                          PERSONAL.CARE
                                      16
 GENERAL. GROCERIES
                                    TOYS
                                                    BABY. CARE
                                                                        SUNGLASSES
                                                                                              BATTERIES
                                                                                                                         BATH
            BEDDING
                                   GIFTS
> NO <-colsums(transactions=="NO")
                        CANDY
            SPIRITS
                                                                                                                      TOBACCO
                                                    BEVERAGES
                                                                       HEALTH. AIDS
                                                                                                    WINE
HOUSEHOLD, CLEANING
                          PERSONAL, CARE
                                                  BEAUTY, CARE
                                                                               BEER
                                                                                           PET. SUPPLIES AMERICAN, GREETINGS
                                                                                 10
 GENERAL. GROCERIES
                                    TOY5
                                                    BABY. CARE
                                                                       SUNGLASSES
                                                                                              BATTERIES
                                   GIFTS
            BEDDING
                                                            Output <sup>2</sup>
```

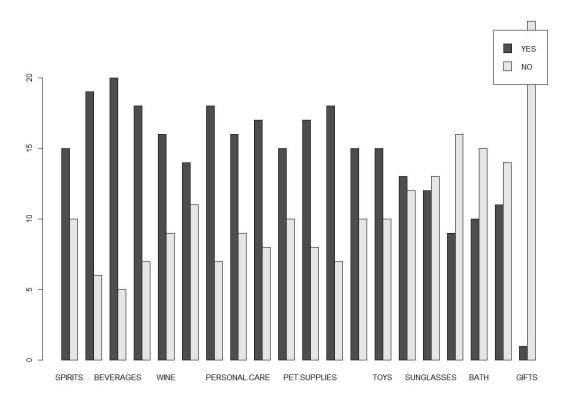
Now we combine both frequency into one data frame and view the data together as in output <sup>3</sup>.

```
> visited <- rbind(YES,NO)
> visited
SPIRITS CANDY BEVERAGES HEALTH.AIDS WINE TOBACCO HOUSEHOLD.CLEANING PERSONAL.CARE BEAUTY.CARE BEER PET.SUPPLIES
YES 15 19 20 18 16 14 18 16 17 15 17
NO 10 6 5 7 9 11 7 9 8 10 8
AMERICAN.GREETINGS GENERAL.GROCERIES TOYS BABY.CARE SUNGLASSES BATTERIES BATH BEDDING GIFTS
YES 18 15 15 13 12 9 10 11 1
NO 7 10 10 12 13 16 15 14 24
Output 3
```

We show our data statistics using bar plot, bar plot <sup>1</sup> shows the frequency of items and bar plot <sup>2</sup> shows the purchase frequency of the items in our data.



bar plot 1



bar plot 2

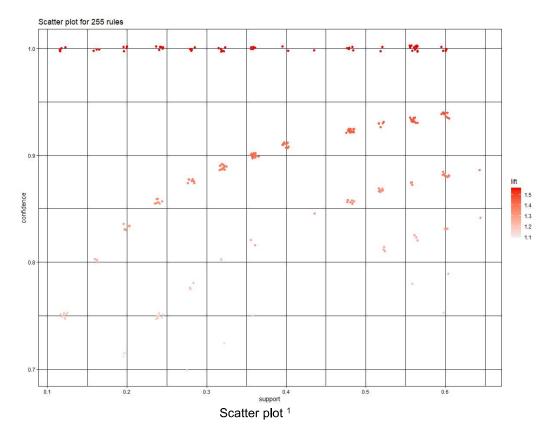
Using arules package and Apriori function call we create an association rule and out from first summary of rules we get 1 rule with 5 item and 226598 rules. Upon further inspection of rules, we get all the associations in our results, in our case we had to set the max limit to minimize overall rules creation.

We use apriori again to create rules with 95% confidence level as show in output <sup>4</sup>.

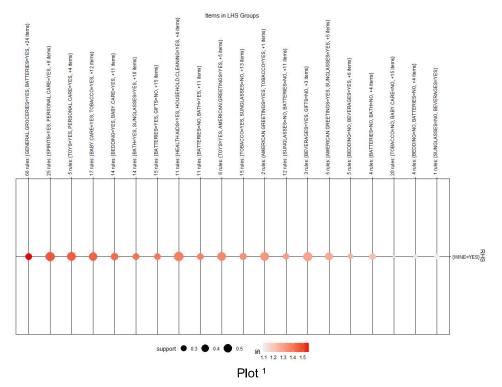
We will inspect the rules created and now we can see the list of items with related item association as in output <sup>5</sup>.

> ins	pect(rules)		~~~		WV V-101			
	1hs		rhs		confidence			count
[1]	{BEVERAGES=NO}		{SPIRITS=NO}	0.20	1	0.20	2.500000	5
[2]	{BEVERAGES=NO}		{BEER=NO}	0.20	1	0.20	2.500000	750
[3]	{BEVERAGES=NO}		{TOBACCO=NO}	0.20	1	0.20	2.272727	5
[4]	{BEVERAGES=NO}		{BABY.CARE=NO}	0.20	1	0.20	2.083333	5
[5]	{BEVERAGES=NO}		{BEDDING=NO}	0.20	1	0.20	1.785714	5
[6]	{BEVERAGES=NO}		{BATTERIES=NO}	0.20	1	0.20	1.562500	
[7]	{BEVERAGES=NO}		{GIFTS=NO}	0.20	1	0.20	1.041667	5
[8]	{CANDY=NO}		{PERSONAL.CARE=NO}	0.24	1	0.24	2.777778	
[9]	{CANDY=NO}		{WINE=NO}	0.24	1	0.24	2.777778	
[10]	{CANDY=NO}		{SPIRITS=NO}	0.24	1	0.24	2.500000	
[11]	{CANDY=NO}	=>	{TOYS=NO}	0.24	1	0.24	2.500000	6
[12]	{CANDY=NO}	=>	{GENERAL.GROCERIES=NO}	0.24	1	0.24	2.500000	6
[13]	{CANDY=NO}		{BEER=NO}	0.24	1	0.24	2.500000	
[14]	{CANDY=NO}	=>	{BABY.CARE=NO}	0.24	1	0.24	2.083333	6
[15]	{CANDY=NO}	=>	{BEDDING=NO}	0.24	1	0.24	1.785714	6
[16]	{CANDY=NO}	=>	{BATH=NO}	0.24	1	0.24	1.666667	6
[17]	{CANDY=NO}	=>	{GIFTS=NO}	0.24	1	0.24	1.041667	6
[18]	{AMERICAN.GREETINGS=NO}	=>	{BATH=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	1.666667	7
[19]	{AMERICAN.GREETINGS=NO}	=>	{BATTERIES=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	1.562500	7
[20]	{AMERICAN.GREETINGS=NO}	=>	{GIFTS=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	1.041667	7
[21]	{HOUSEHOLD.CLEANING=NO}	=>	{HEALTH.AIDS=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	3.571429	7
[22]	{HEALTH.AIDS=NO}	=>	{HOUSEHOLD.CLEANING=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	3.571429	7
[23]	{HOUSEHOLD.CLEANING=NO}	=>	{PET.SUPPLIES=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	3.125000	7
[24]	{HOUSEHOLD.CLEANING=NO}	=>	{BEAUTY.CARE=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	3.125000	7
[25]	{HOUSEHOLD.CLEANING=NO}	=>	{PERSONAL.CARE=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	2.777778	7
[26]	{HOUSEHOLD.CLEANING=NO}	=>	{SPIRITS=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	2.500000	7
[27]	{HOUSEHOLD.CLEANING=NO}	=>	{TOYS=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	2.500000	7
[28]	{HOUSEHOLD.CLEANING=NO}	=>	{BEER=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	2.500000	7
[29]	{HOUSEHOLD.CLEANING=NO}	=>	{TOBACCO=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	2.272727	7
[30]	{HOUSEHOLD, CLEANING=NO}	=>	{BABY.CARE=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	2.083333	7
[31]	{HOUSEHOLD.CLEANING=NO}	=>	{BEDDING=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	1.785714	7
[32]	{HOUSEHOLD.CLEANING=NO}	=>	{BATH=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	1.666667	7
[33]	{HOUSEHOLD, CLEANING=NO}	=>	{BATTERIES=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	1.562500	7
[34]	{HOUSEHOLD.CLEANING=NO}	=>	{GIFTS=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	1.041667	7
[35]			{PET.SUPPLIES=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	3.125000	7
[36]	{HEALTH.AIDS=NO}	=>	{BEAUTY.CARE=NO}	0.28	1	0.28	3.125000	7
			Output <sup>5</sup>					
			Carpar					

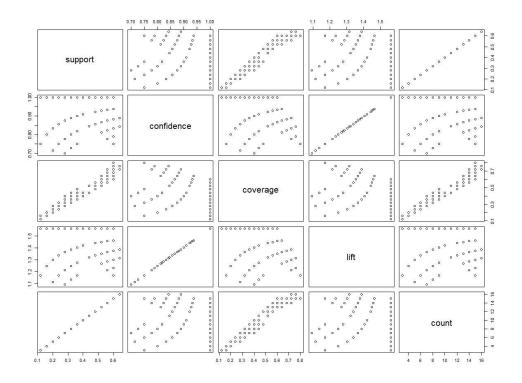
Plotting will enable us in finding custom association relation model of our data as show in scatter plot <sup>1</sup>, here we are trying to find all rules associated to Wine with condition purchased is Yes.

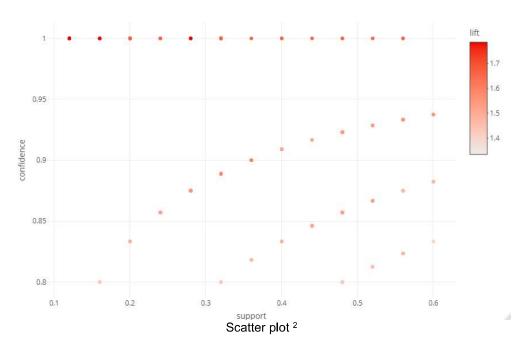


And the RHS and LHS rules quality and support measure are plotted together with lift parameter as show in plot <sup>1</sup>.



Now we test the same by creating 3<sup>rd</sup> rule for tabacco with purchase condition to Yes with apriori and show the results in statistics of confidence, support, coverage, lift and count.





Scatter plot <sup>2</sup> show the confidence, support, and lift intercepts on our rule 3.

We can use shiny dashboard and explore our created rules or default rules association and show the relations of our data as shown in Figure <sup>1</sup>.

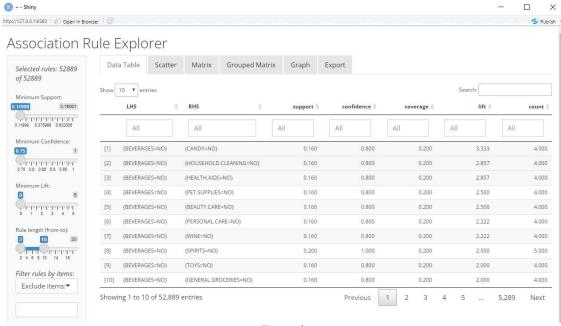


Figure 1

# Appendix for Association Rule Mining in R

```
transactions -read.csv("c:/users/Phani/Documents/Transactions.csv",header=T, colClasses="factor")

setwid("c:/users/Phani/Documents")

a names(transactions)

head(transactions)

fortransactions)

summary(transactions)

dim(transactions)

dim(transactions)

dim(transactions)

dim(transactions)

dim(transactions)

dim(transactions)

dim(transactions)

dim(transactions)

dim(transactions)

dim(transactions="No")

No -colsums(transactions="No")

pargued - rbind(YES,NO)

fortied

barplot(visited, besidee-T,legend-rownames(visited)) #Plot 2

### agrued - rbind(YES,NO)

## agrued - rbind(YES,NO)
```

```
library(plotly)
install.packages("arulesviz")
plot(rules3, engine = "plotly")

#removing jitter
plot(rules3, engine = "plotly", jitter = 0)
plot(rules3, engine = "plotly", jitter = 0)
plot(rules3, measure = c("support", "lift"), shading = "confidence", engine = "plotly")

rules2 <- apriori(transactions, parameter = list(minlen=2, maxlen=5,conf = 0.6),
appearance = list(rhs=c("BABY.CARE=YES"), lhs=c("BATTERIES=YES", "GIFTS=YES", "CANDY=YES", "BEVERAGES=YES"),
inspect(rules2)
rules_ex <--apriori(transactions,
parameter = list(minlen=2, maxlen=4, conf=0.75))
### Explore association rules using interactive manipulations and
ruleExplorer(rules_ex)
```

## B. Association Rule Mining with SAS Enterprise Miner

Before to the initial step of importing data, we transform the data with only transaction and item set list as show below.

4	A	ВС	NI.
	pos_txn	Dept	
2	16120100160021008773	HOSIERY	
3	16120100160021008773	VITAMINS & HLTH AID	S
4	16120100160021008775	SMALL ELECTRICS	
5	16120100160022004679	SPIRITS	
6	16120100160023004356	SPORTS NUTRITION	
7	16120100160023004356	SEASONAL	
8	16120100160023004356	PET SUPPLIES	
9	16120100160023004357	FITNESS/EXERCISE	
10	16120100160023004358	FITNESS/EXERCISE	
11	16120100160023004359	MISC CUSTOM SERVICE	CES
12	16120100160023004359	TOBACCO	
13	16120100160023004360	TOBACCO	
14	16120100160023004361	GIRLS ACCESSORIES	
15	16120100160023004361	TOYS	
40	****************	BEED	

As our initial step we import our dataset to SAS EM library to perform association rule mining technique. Once import is complete, we will have to assigned role our input data to be transaction type as show in Figure <sup>2</sup>.

Property	Value
Notes	
Train	M
Variables	
Import File	C:\Users\Phani\Dow
Maximum Rows to In	np1000000
Maximum Columns to	10000
Delimiter	
Name Row	Yes
Number of Rows to S	ik0
Guessing Rows	500
File Location	Local
File Type	xlsx
Advanced Advisor	No
Rerun	No
Score	Mil I
Role	Transaction
Report	
Summarize	No

Now, set the variable roles of our dataset as shown in figure <sup>3</sup>. Transaction ids to be ID and itemset to be Target variable.

(none)		ot Equal to	~		1220
Columns:	L <u>a</u> bel				Mining
Name	Role	Level	Report	Order	Drop
С	Rejected	Nominal	No		No
Dept	Target	Nominal	No		No
pos_txn	ID	Nominal	No		No

Figure <sup>3</sup>

Our next step would be drag and drop association icon on to diagram platform and run association mining to get our rules formed by association of items in our data as shown in Figure <sup>4</sup>.

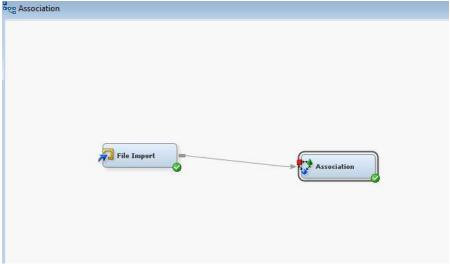
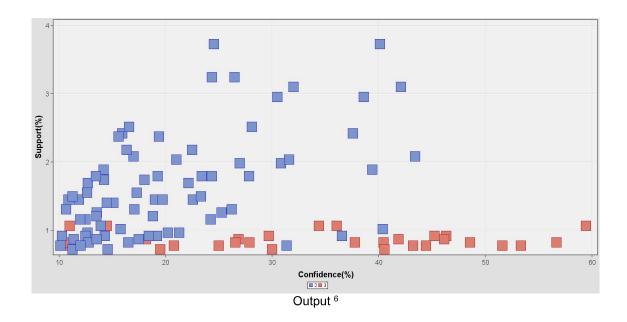
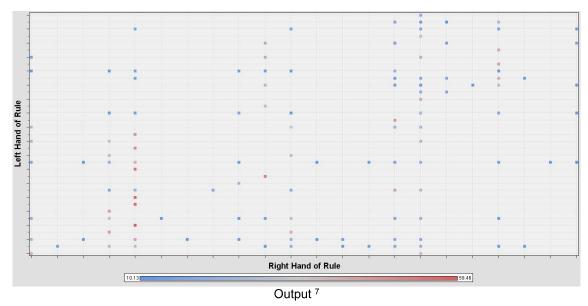


Figure 4

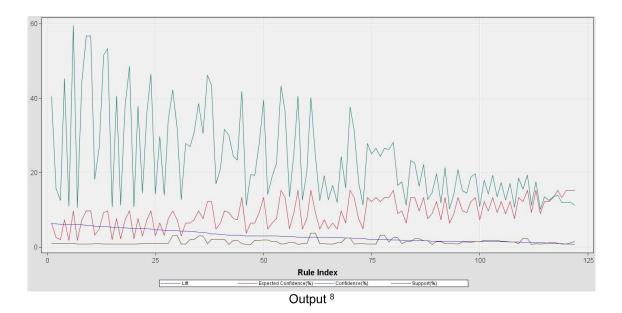
SAS Enterprise Miner now computes and create association rules among our itemset and we get our results as follows.



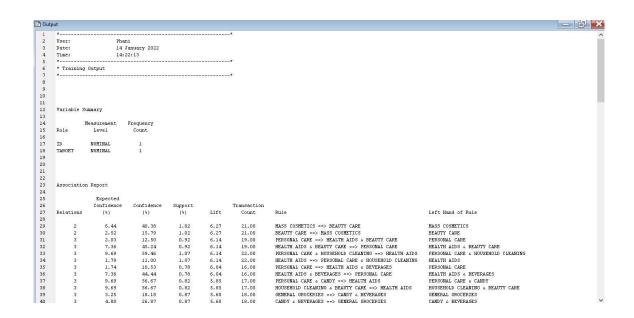
In output  $^6$ , we get the support of confident matrix table of individual rules which are created from our dataset.



Output <sup>7</sup>, gives the RHS AND LHS comparison of individual item set and their confidence level.



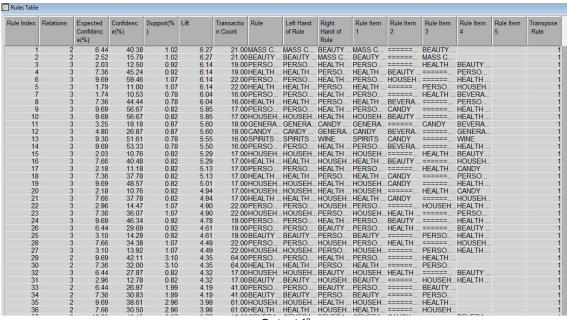
Output <sup>8</sup>, show the line graph of confidence interval, support and lift of rules that got created and their rule index values.



	9.30	51.61	0.78	5.55	16.00		rs & candy ==> wine		SPIRITS		
3	9.69	53.33	0.78	5.50	16.00		IAL CARE & BEVERAGES ==>			L CARE & BEVERAGES	
3	2.03 7.66	10.76 40.48	0.82	5.29	17.00 17.00		HOLD CLEANING ==> HEALTH H AIDS & BEAUTY CARE ==>			LD CLEANING AIDS & BEAUTY CARE	
3	2.18	11.18	0.82	5.13	17.00		I AIDS & BEAUTT CARE ==> NAL CARE ==> HEALTH AIDS		PERSONAL		
3	7.36	37.78	0.82	5.13	17.00		HAL CARE ==> HEALTH AID: H AIDS & CANDY ==> PERSO			AIDS & CANDY	
3	9.69	48.57	0.82	5.13	17.00		OLD CLEANING & CANDY ==>			LD CLEANING & CANDY	
3	2.18	10.76	0.82	4.94	17.00		HOLD CLEANING ==> HEALTH			LD CLEANING & CAMPI	
3	7.66	37.78	0.82	4.94	17.00		H AIDS & CANDY ==> HOUSE			AIDS & CANDY	
3	2.96	14.47	1.07	4.90	22.00		IAL CARE ==> HOUSEHOLD O		PERSONAL		
3	7.36	36.07	1.07	4.90	22.00		HOLD CLEANING & HEALTH A			LD CLEANING & HEALTH AIDS	
3	9.69	46.34	0.92	4.78	19.00	PERSON	IAL CARE & BEAUTY CARE =	=> HEALTH AIDS	PERSONAL	L CARE & BEAUTY CARE	
3	6.44	29.69	0.92	4.61	19.00	PERSON	MAL CARE 6 HEALTH AIDS =	=> BEAUTY CARE	PERSONAL	L CARE & HEALTH AIDS	
									Rule	Rule	
Right Hand o	of Rule		Rule Item 1		Rule Item 2		Rule Item 3	Rule Item 4	Item 5	Index	
			100000 0000_000	38			10070-01100			2	
BEAUTY CARE			MASS COSMETI BEAUTY CARE	OS .			BEAUTY CARE MASS COSMETICS			1 2	
	6 BEAUTY CARE		PERSONAL CAR	,			MASS COSMETICS HEALTH AIDS	BEAUTY CARE		3	
PERSONAL CAR			HEALTH AIDS	•	BEAUTY CARE		HEALIH AIDS	PERSONAL CARE		4	
PERSONAL CAR HEALTH AIDS			PERSONAL CAR	2	HOUSEHOLD CLEA	ANTING	************	HEALTH AIDS		6	
	RE & HOUSEHOLD	CLEANING	HEALTH AIDS	-	HOUSEHOLD CLEA		PERSONAL CARE	HOUSEHOLD CLEANING		5	
	& BEVERAGES		PERSONAL CAR	3			HEALTH AIDS	BEVERAGES		7	
PERSONAL CAR			HEALTH AIDS		BEVERAGES	(0.000000)	*************	PERSONAL CARE		8	
HEALTH AIDS			PERSONAL CAR		CANDY			HEALTH AIDS		9	
HEALTH AIDS			HOUSEHOLD CL	EANING	BEAUTY CARE		>	HEALTH AIDS		10	
CAMDY & BEVE			GENERAL GROC	ERIES		>	CANDY	BEVERAGES		11	
GENERAL GROC	CERIES		CANDY		BEVERAGES			GENERAL GROCERIES		12	
WINE			SPIRITS		CANDY		>	WINE		13	
HEALTH AIDS	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		PERSONAL CAR		BEVERAGES		******	HEALTH AIDS		14	
	& BEAUTY CARE		HOUSEHOLD CL	EANING		>	HEALTH AIDS	BEAUTY CARE		15	
HOUSEHOLD CL			HEALTH AIDS	5	BEAUTY CARE		>	HOUSEHOLD CLEANING		16	
HEALTH AIDS			PERSONAL CAR	\$	CANDY.	>	HEALTH AIDS	CANDY		17	
PERSONAL CAR	KE		HEALTH AIDS	FANTEC	CANDY			PERSONAL CARE		18	
HEALTH AIDS	CAMDY		HOUSEHOLD CL HOUSEHOLD CL		CANDY		HEALTH AIDS	HEALTH AIDS CANDY		20	
HOUSEHOLD CL			HEALTH AIDS	PHILIP	CANDY	/	UEAPIU MINO	HOUSEHOLD CLEANING		21	
	LEANING & HEALT	H AIDS	PERSONAL CAR	ē	CANDI	=====>	HOUSEHOLD CLEANING	HEALTH AIDS		22	
PERSONAL CAR			HOUSEHOLD CL		HEALTH AIDS		>	PERSONAL CARE		23	
HEALTH AIDS			PERSONAL CAR		BEAUTY CARE			HEALTH AIDS		24	
BEAUTY CARE			PERSONAL CAR	9	HEALTH AIDS			BEAUTY CARE		26	
DENOTE CHIC											
DENOTT CHILD											
DLAO!! CAIG											
Rule Statist	tics										
Rule Statist											
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr	rocedure										
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable	rocedure Label		Minimum		Maximum	Mean					
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable	rocedure Label										
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable EXP_CONF	Label Expected Confi		1.7441860	15.	2131783 9	9.1311634					
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable EXP_CONF CONF	Label Expected Confi		1.7441860 10.1265823	15. 59.	2131783 9 4594595 23						
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable	Label Expected Confi		1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442	15. 59. 3.	2131783 9 4594595 23 7306202 1	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable	Label  Expected Confi Confidence(%) Support(%)		1.7441860 10.1265823	15. 59. 3.	2131783 9 4594595 23 7306202 1	9.1311634 3.6447400					
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable	Label  Expected Confi Confidence(%) Support(%)		1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442	15. 59. 3.	2131783 9 4594595 23 7306202 1	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable	Label  Expected Confi Confidence(%) Support(%)		1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442	15. 59. 3.	2131783 9 4594595 23 7306202 1	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable	Label  Expected Confi Confidence(%) Support(%)		1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442	15. 59. 3.	2131783 9 4594595 23 7306202 1	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable	Label  Expected Confi Confidence(%) Support(%) Lift		1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442	15. 59. 3.	2131783 9 4594595 23 7306202 1	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable EXP_CONF CONF SUPPORT LIFT Sequence Rep	Label  Expected Confi Confidence(%) Support(%) Lift		1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442	15. 59. 3.	2131783 9 4594595 23 7306202 1	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable EXP_CONF CONF SUPPORT LIFT	Label  Expected Confi Confidence(%) Support(%) Lift		1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442	15. 59. 3.	2131783 9 4594595 23 7306202 1	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable EXP_CONF CONF SUPPORT LIFT Sequence Rep	Label Expected Confi Confidence(%) Support(%) Lift	dence (*)	1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442	15. 59. 3.	2131783 9 4594595 23 7306202 1	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable EXP_CONF CONF SUPPORT LIFT Sequence Rep	Label Expected Confi Confidence(%) Support(%) Lift		1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442	15. 59. 3.	2131783 9 4594595 23 7306202 1	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable EXP_CONF CONF SUPPORT LIFT Sequence Rep	Label Expected Confi Confidence(%) Support(%) Lift	dence (*)	1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442 0.7409844	15. 59. 3. 6.	2131783 \$ 4594595 21 7306202 1 2672065 2	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable EXP_CONF CONF SUPPORT LIFT Sequence Rep The FREQ Pro	Label  Expected Confi Confidence(%) Support(%) Lift  poort	dence(%)	1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442 0.7409844	15. 59. 3. 6.	2131783 \$ 4594595 22 7306202 J 2672065 2	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable EXP_CONF CONF SUPPORT LIFT Sequence Rep The FREQ Pro	Label  Expected Confi Confidence(%) Support(%) Lift  Deport  Deport	dence (*)	1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442 0.7409844	15. 59. 3. 6.	2131783 \$ 4594595 22 7306202 J 2672065 2	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable EXP_CONF CONF SUPPORT LIFT Sequence Rep The FREQ Fro	Label  Expected Confi Confidence(%) Support(%) Lift  Document Confidence Conf	dence(%)	1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442 0.7409844 Cumulative	15. 59. 3. 6. Cumulati Percen	2131783	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable EXP_CONF CONF SUPPORT LIFT Sequence Rep The FREQ Pro	Label  Expected Confi Confidence(%) Support(%) Lift  poort	Relations	1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442 0.7409844  Cumulative Frequency	15. 59. 3. 6. Cumulati Percen	2131783	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
Rule Statist The NEANS Pr Variable EXP_CONF CONF SUPPORT LIFT  Sequence Rep The FREQ Pro	Label Expected Confi Confidence(%) Support(%) Lift  Docedure  Frequency 83	dence(%)	1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442 0.7409844 Cumulative	15. 59. 3. 6. Cumulati Percen	2131783	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
Rule Statist The NEANS Pr Variable EXP_CONF CONF SUPPORT LIFT  Sequence Rep The FREQ Pro	Label Expected Confi Confidence(%) Support(%) Lift  Docedure  Frequency 83	Relations	1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442 0.7409844  Cumulative Frequency	15. 59. 3. 6. Cumulati Percen	2131783	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable EXP_COMF COMF SUPPORT LIFT  Sequence Rep The FREQ Pro SET_SIZE  2 3	Label Expected Confidence(%) Support(%) Lift  Docedure  Frequency  83 39	Relations Percent 68.03 31.97	1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442 0.7409844 0.7409844  Cumulative Frequency 63 122	15. 59. 3. 6.  Cumulati Percen 68.03	2131783 5 4594595 23 7306202 J 2672065 2	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
Rule Statist The NEANS Pr Variable EXP_CONF CONF SUPPORT LIFT Sequence Rep The FREQ Pro SET_SIZE 2 3 ** ** Score Outp	Label  Expected Confi Expected Confi Support(%) Lift  Lift  Decedure  Frequency  83 39	Relations Percent 68.03 31.97	1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442 0.7409844 Cumulative Frequency 03	15. 59. 3. 6.  Cumulati Percen 68.03	2131783	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
Rule Statist The NEANS Pr Variable EXP_CONF CONF SUPPORT LIFT Sequence Rep The FREQ Pro SET_SIZE 2 3 ** ** Score Outp	Label Expected Confidence(%) Support(%) Lift  Docedure  Frequency  83 39	Relations Percent 68.03 31.97	1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267442 0.7409844 Cumulative Frequency 03	15. 59. 3. 6.  Cumulati Percen 68.03	2131783	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					
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Rule Statist The MEANS Pr Variable EXP_CONF CONF SUPPORT LIFT  The FREQ Pro SET_SIZE  2 3 * * Score Outp	Label  Expected Confi Expected Confi Support(%) Lift  Lift  Decedure  Frequency  83 39	Relations Percent 68.03 31.97	1.7441860 10.1265823 0.7267424 0.7409844 0.7409844 Cumulative Frequency	15. 59. 3. 6.  Cumulati Percen 68.03	2131783 5 4594595 22 7306202 1 2672065 2	9.1311634 3.6447400 1.3685030					

In our final output, (Output <sup>9</sup>) we get variable summary, Association report of all items in dataset, RHS, LHS rule index. Also, some Rule Statistics such as The MEANS Procedure, Frequency Procedure reports are computed.

Upon more inspection we explore rules table we see 122 rules with relations in LHS vs RHS association rule format Output <sup>10</sup>.



Output 10

# 5. Conclusion and Output Comparison of R and SAS EM

From R programming output we have rule explorer which enables us easy approach in finding associated rules between the selected items from our dataset. So, we take association rule SAS Enterprise miner and check the support, confidence, and lift of that rules with R programming computed rule explorer.

From the Rule Table Output <sup>10</sup>, we pick WINE ==> BEER Output <sup>11</sup> as our rule to compare with R programming rule explorer we set WINE in LHS and BEER in RHS we get out initial support lift and confidence values. We are had change rule length to 2 since are testing only two items from our data set Output <sup>12</sup>.



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Comparing the default values of both R results and SAS Enterprise Miner results, we get differences in count, support, lift and confidence as well, if we could tune minimum support and minimum lift in rule explorer, we can achieve same results as of from SAS Miner. By this, we came to conclusion that R programming and SAS EM although may have difference in execution, but we may achieve similar statistical values.

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