# ­­­­­­­­ Winter 2017.

# **Point Of Sale Application**

Final Project   
Milestone 5   
(V1.2) changed ms5 due date from 7th to 9th(V1.3) added submission, change due date to 11th

Your job for this project is to prepare an application that manages the list of items stocked in a store for sale. Your application keeps track of the quantity of items in the store, saved in a file and updates t­­heir quantity as they are sold.

The types of items kept in store are Perishable or Non-perishable.

* Perishables: Items that are mostly food and vegetable and have expiration date.
* Non-perishables: Items that are for household use and don’t have expiry date.

To prepare the application you need to create several classes that encapsulate the different tasks at hand.

**Classes to be developed**

The classes required by your application are:

**Date** A class that manages date and time.

**Error** A class that keeps track of the errors occurring during data entry and user interaction.

**PosIO** An abstract class that enforces iostream read and write functionality for the derived classes. An instance of any class derived from “PosIO” can read from or write to the console, or be saved to or retrieved from a text file.

Using this class the list of items can be saved to a file and retrieved later, and individual item specifications can be displayed on screen (in detail or as a bill item) or read from keyboard.

**Item** A class derived from PosIO, containing general information about an item in the store, like the name, Stock Keeping Unit (SKU) number, price, etc.

**NonPerishable** A class derived from the “Item” class that implements the requirements of the “PosIO” class. (i.e. implements the pure virtual methods of the PosIO class).

**Perishable** A class holding information for a Perishable item derived from the “NonPerishable” class that re-implements the requirements of the “PosIO”

**PosApp** The class that manages Perishable and Non-Perishable items in a file. This class manages the listing, adding and updating the data file as the items are bought or sold in the store.



**Project Development Process**

Your development work on this project has 5 milestones and therefore is divided into 5 deliverables. Shortly before the due date of each deliverable a tester program and a script will be provided to you. Use this tester program to test your solution and use the “submit” command for each of the deliverables as you do for your workshop.   
Since the design of this project is an ongoing process, you may have to make minor changes to the previous milestones if there is a bug or incorrect design specs, when a new milestone is published.   
The approximate schedule for deliverables is as follows

* Date and Error class 8 days Due: Mar 15th
* PosIO class 1 day Due: Mar 16th
* Item class 6 days Due: Mar 22nd
* Perishable and NonPerishable classes 7 days Due: Mar 29th
* PosApp class. 9 days Due: Apr 11th

**File Structure For the project**

Each class will have its own header (.h) file and implementation (.cpp) file. The names of these files should be the class name.

In addition to the header files for each class, create a header file called “POS.h” that defines general values for the project, such as:

TAX (0.13) The tax rate for the goods

MAX\_SKU\_LEN (7) The maximum size of an SKU code

MIN\_YEAR (2000) The min year used to validate year input

MAX\_YEAR (2030) The max year used to validate year input

MAX\_NO\_ITEMS (2000) The maximum number of records in the data file.

Include this header file wherever you use these values.

Enclose all the code developed for this application within the **ict** namespace.

Make sure all your header files guard against multiple inclusions by adding the following commands at the very beginning of each header file:  
#ifndef ICT\_HeaderFileName\_H\_

#define ICT\_HeaderFileName\_H\_

and adding the following command to the very end of each header files:

#endif

The “HeaderFileName” in the first two commands is replaced with the name of your header file; for example, if your header file name is PosApp.h then the commands will be:

#ifndef ICT\_POSAPP\_H\_\_

#define ICT\_POSAPP\_H\_\_

**Milestone 1:**

# **Preliminary task**

To kick-start the first milestone download the Visual Studio project, or individual files for milestone 1 from [https://github.com/Seneca-244200/BTP-Milestone1](https://github.com/Seneca-244200/OOP-Milestone1)

**the Date class**

The Date class encapsulates a single date and time value in the form of five integers: year, month, day, hour and minute. The date value is readable by an istream and printable by an ostream using the following format: **YYYY/MM/DD, hh:mm** or **YYYY/MM/DD** if the class is to hold only the date without the time. (i.e. if m\_dateOnly is true; see “bool m\_dateOnly;”)

Complete the implementation of the Date class under the following specifications:

## **Member Data (attributes):**

int m\_year;

Year; a four digit integer between MIN\_YEAR and MAX\_YEAR, as defined in “POS.h”

int m\_mon;

Month of the year, between 1 to 12

int m\_day;

Day of the month, note that in a leap year February has 29 days, (see mday() member function)

int m\_hour;

A two digit integer between 0 and 23 for the hour of a day.

int m\_min;

A two digit integer between 0 and 59 for the minutes passed the hour

int m\_readErrorCode;

Error code which identifies the validity of the date and, if erroneous, the part that is erroneous.

Define the possible error values in the Date header-file as follows:

NO\_ERROR 0 -- No error - the date is valid

CIN\_FAILED 1 -- istream failed on accepting information using **cin**

YEAR\_ERROR 2 -- Year value is invalid

MON\_ERROR 3 -- Month value is invalid

DAY\_ERROR 4 -- Day value is invalid  
HOUR\_ERROR 5 -- Hour value is invalid  
MIN\_ERROR 6 -- Minute value is invalid

## bool m\_dateOnly;

## A flag that is true if the object is to only hold the date and not the time. In this case the values for hour and minute are zero.

## **Private Member functions (private methods):**

int value()const; (this function is already implemented and provided)

This function returns a unique integer number based on the date-time. You can use this value to compare two dates. If the value() of one date-time is larger than the value of another date-time, then the former date-time (the first one) follows the second.

void errCode(int errorCode);

Sets the m\_readErrorCode member variable to one of the possible values listed above.

int mdays()const; (this function is already implemented and provided)

This function returns the number of days in the month based on m\_year and m\_mon values.

void set(); (this function is already implemented and provided)

This function sets the date and time to the current date and time of the system.

void set(int year, int mon, int day, int hour, int min);

Sets the member variables to the corresponding arguments and then sets the m\_readErrorCode to NO\_ERROR.

## **Constructors:**

No argument constructor: Sets the m\_dateOnly attribute to false and then sets the date and time to the current system’s date and time using the set() function.   
Three argument constructor: This constructor sets the m\_dateOnly attribute to true and then accepts three integer arguments to set the values of m\_year, m\_mon and m\_day and sets m\_hour and m\_min to zero. It also sets the m\_readErrorCode to NO\_ERROR.

Five argument constructor: This constructor sets the m\_dateOnly attribute to false and then accepts five integer arguments to set the values of m\_year, m\_mon, m\_day, m\_hour and m\_min. It also sets the m\_readErrorCode to NO\_ERROR. The last argument of this constructor (int min) should have a default value of “0” so the constructor can be called with four arguments too.

## **Public member-functions (methods) and operators:**

Relational operator overloads:

bool operator==(const Date& D)const;

bool operator!=(const Date& D)const;

bool operator<(const Date& D)const;

bool operator>(const Date& D)const;

bool operator<=(const Date& D)const;

bool operator>=(const Date& D)const;

These operators return the result of comparing the left operand to the right operand. These operators use the value() member function in their comparison. For example, operator< returns true, if this->value() is less than D.value(); otherwise returns false.

**Accessor or getter member functions (methods):**int errCode()const;

Returns the m\_readErrorCode value.

bool bad()const;

Returns true if m\_readErrorCode is not equal to zero.   
bool dateOnly()const;

Returns the m\_dateOnly attribute.  
void dateOnly(bool value);

Sets the m\_dateOnly attribute to the “value” argument. Also if the “value” is true, then it will set m\_hour and m\_min to zero.

**IO member-funtions (methods):**

std::istream& read(std::istream& is = std::cin);

Reads the date in the following format: YYYY/MM/DD (e.g. 2015/03/24) from the console if \_date only is true or in the following format: YYYY/MM/DD, hh:mm (e.g. 2015/03/24, 22:15) if \_dateonly is false. This function does not prompt the user. If the istream(istr) object fails at any point, this function sets m\_readErrorCode to CIN\_FAILED and does NOT clear the istream object. If the istream(istr) object reads the numbers successfully, this function validates them. It checks that they are in range, in the order of year, month and day (see the general header-file and the mday() function for acceptable ranges for years and days respectively). If any number is not within range, this function sets m\_readErrorCode to the appropriate error code and omits any further validation. Irrespective of the result of the process, this function returns a reference to the istream(istr) object.

std::ostream& write(std::ostream& ostr = std::cout)const;

This function writes the date to the ostream(ostr) object in the following format: YYYY/MM/DD, if m\_dateOnly is true or YYYY/MM/DD, hh:mm if m\_dateOnly is false. Then it returns a reference to the ostream(istr) object.

**Non-member IO operator overloads: (Helpers)**

After implementing the Date class, overload the operator<< and operator>> to work with cout to print a Date, and cin to read a Date, respectively, from the console.

Use the read and write member functions. DO NOT use friends for these operator overloads.

Include the prototypes for these helper functions in the date header file.

**Tester programs:**

There are 6 tester programs to test your implementation of the Date and the Error class:

**01-DefValTester.cpp**  Tests defined values  
**02-ConstructorTester.cpp** Tests Date constructors and relative operations  
**03-LogicalOperator.cpp** Tests the logical operator overloads  
**04-DateErrorHandling.cpp** Tests the error handling in Date  
**05-ErrorTester.cpp** Tests the Error class  
  
**200\_ms1\_tester.cpp** Tests all the above.

The last program does all the tests, but for your convenience the full test is broken down into 5 five separate files (the first five) to help you test your code in small steps earlier throughout development.

**the ERROR CLASS**

The Error class encapsulates error processing using a dynamic C-style string and a flag for the error state of other classes.

Later in the project, if needed in a class, an Error object is created and if an error occurs, the object is set to a proper error message.   
Then, calling the **isClear()** method can determine if an error has occurred or not and printing the object to **cout** shows the error message to the user.

# **Private member variable (attribute):**

Error has only one private data member (attribute):

**char\* m\_message;**

# **Constructors:**

No Argument Constructor, (default constructor):

**Error();**

Sets the **m\_message** member variable to **nullptr.**

Constructors:

**Error(const char\* errorMessage);**

Sets the **m\_message** member variable to **nullptr** and then uses the **message()** setter member function to set the error message to the **errorMessage** argument.

**Error(const Error& em) = delete;**

A deleted copy constructor to prevent copying of an Error object.

# **Public member functions and operator overloads (methods):**

**Error& operator=(const Error& em) = delete;**

A deleted assignment operator overload to prevent assignment of an Error object to another.

**void operator=(const char\* errorMessage);**

Copies the string pointed to by **errorMessage** into **m\_message** and returns nothing by:

* De-allocating the memory pointed by **m\_message**
* Allocating memory of the length of **errorMessage + 1** and storing its address in the **m\_message** data member.
* Copying the C-string pointed to by **errorMessage**  into \***m\_message.**

You can accomplish this by reusing your code and calling the following member functions:  
Call **clear()** and then call the setter **message()** function.

**virtual ~Error();**

de-allocates the memory pointed by **m\_message.**

**void clear();**

de-allocates the memory pointed by **m\_message** and then sets **m\_message** to **nullptr.**

**bool isClear()const;**

returns true if **m\_message**  is **nullptr.**

**void message(const char\* value);**

Sets the **m\_message** of the Error object to a new value by:

* de-allocating the memory pointed by **m\_message.**
* allocating memory of the length of **value + 1** and storing the address in the **m\_message** data member.
* copying the C-string pointed to by **value** into \***m\_message.**

**operator const char\*() const;** returns the address stored in **m\_message**.

**operator bool()const;**

Exactly like **isClear()**;returns true if **m\_message**  is **nullptr**

# **Helper operator overload:**

Overload **operator<<** so the Error can be printed to an **ostream** object.  
 If Error **isClear,** nothing is printed, otherwise the C-string pointed to by **m\_message** is printed.

**Milestone 1 SUBMISSION**

If not on matrix already, upload **Error.h, Error.cpp**, **Date.h, Date.cpp** and **200\_ms1\_tester.cpp** to your matrix account. Compile and run your code and make sure that everything works properly.

Then run the following script from your account: (replace profname.proflastname with your professor’s Seneca userid)

**~profname.proflastname/submit 200\_ms1 <ENTER>**

and follow the instructions.

Please note that a successful submission does not guarantee full credit for this workshop.

If the professor is not satisfied with your implementation, your professor may ask you to resubmit. Resubmissions will attract a penalty.

**Milestone 2: the POSIO Interface**

The **PosIO** class enforces inherited classes to implement functions that work with **fstream** and **iostream** objects.

Code the **PosIO** class in the **PosIO.h** file provided in milestone2 repository (No CPP file) on github: [https://github.com/Seneca-244200/BTP-Milestone2](https://github.com/Seneca-244200/OOP-Milestone2)

You do not need the Date or Error class for this milestone.

# **Pure virtual member functions (methods):**

The **PosIO** class, being an interface, has only pure virtual member functions (methods). These functions have the following names:

1. **std::fstream& save(std::fstream& file)const**

Is a query (does not modify the owner) and receives and returns references of **std::fstream**.

*In future milestones children of* ***PosIO*** *will implement this method, when they are to be saved in a file.*

1. **std::fstream& load(std::fstream& file)**

Is a modifier that receives and returns references to an **std::fstream** object.

*In future milestones children of* ***PosIO*** *will implement this method, when they are to be read from a file.*

1. **std::ostream& write(std::ostream& os, bool linear)const**

Is a query and returns a reference to a **std::ostream** object. This function receives two arguments: the first is a reference to an **std::ostream** object and the second is a **bool**.

*In future milestones children of* ***PosIO*** *will implement this method when they are to be printed on the screen in two different formats:****linear****: the class information is to be printed in one line*

1. **std::istream& read(std::istream& is)**

Returns and receives references to an **std::istream** object.

*In future milestones children of* ***PosIO*** *will implement this method when their information is to be received from console.*

As you already know, these functions only exist as prototypes in the class declaration in the header file. Read this: <https://scs.senecac.on.ca/~oop244/pages/content/abstr.html#pur>

After implementing this class, compile it with **Myfile.cpp**, **MyFile.h** and **200\_ms2\_tester.cpp**. The program should compile with no error and using the tester program you will be able to read and append text to the **PosIO.txt** file.

**Milestone 2 SUBMISSION**

If not on matrix already, upload **PosIO.h, MyFile.h, MyFile.cpp** and the tester to your matrix account. Compile and run your code and make sure everything works properly.

Then run the following script from your account: (replace profname.proflastname with your professors Seneca userid)

**~profname.proflastname/submit 200\_ms2 <ENTER>**

and follow the instructions.

Please note that a successful submission does not guarantee full credit for this workshop.

If the professor is not satisfied with your implementation, your professor may ask you to resubmit. Resubmissions will attract a penalty.

**Milestone 3: the Item class**

Create a class called Item. The class Item is responsible for encapsulating a general **PosIO** item.

Although the class Item is a **PosIO** (inherited from **PosIO**) it will not implement any of the pure virtual member functions, therefore it remains abstract.

The class Item is implemented under the **ict** namespace. Code the **Item** class in the **Item.cpp** and **Item.h** files provided in BTP-Milestone3 repository on github:

[https://github.com/Seneca-244200/BTP-Milestone3](https://github.com/Seneca-244200/OOP-Milestone3)

You do not need the Date class for this milestone.

Item Class specs:

Private Member variables:

**m\_sku:** C-style null-terminated character array, MAX\_SKU\_LEN + 1 characters long

This character array holds the SKU (barcode) of the items as a string.

**m\_name:** Character pointer  
 This character pointer points to a dynamically allocated string that holds the Item’s name

**m\_price**: Double  
 This variable holds the Item’s Price

**m\_taxed:** Boolean  
 This variable is true if this item is taxed, false otherwise

**m\_quantity:** Integer

This variable holds the Item’s on-hand (current) quantity.

# **Public member functions and constructors**

No argument Constructor;

This constructor sets the item to a safe recognizable empty state. All numeric values are set to zero in this state.  
Four argument Constructor;

This constructor receives 4 values: the SKU, the Name, the price and the tax status.   
The constructor:

* Copies the SKU into the corresponding member variable up to MAX\_SKU\_LEN characters.
* Allocates enough memory to hold the name in the **m\_name** pointer and then copies the name stored at the received address into the allocated memory at **m\_name**.
* Sets the quantity on hand to zero.
* Sets the remaining member variables to the received parameter values.
* If the tax-status value is not provided, set the **m\_taxed** flag to the default value “**true**”

Copy Constructor;  
See below:

## **Dynamic memory allocation necessities**

Implement the copy constructor and the **operator=** so that the **Item** referenced in the parameter is copied from and assigned to another **Item** safely and without any memory leak. Also, implement a virtual destructor to ensure that any memory allocated for **m\_name** is freed when the **Item** is destroyed.   
In **operator=**, if the current object is being set to another **Item** that is in a safe empty state, the copy assignment operation is to be ignored.

**Accessors**

**Modifiers (Setters):**Create the following modifiers (setter functions) to set the corresponding member variables:  
- **sku**

- **price**

- **name**

- **taxed**

- **quantity**

All the above modifiers return **void**.

**Queries (Getters):**

Create the following queries to return the values or unmodifiable addresses of the member variables: (these getter methods do not receive any arguments and they are not to change the owner)

- **sku**, returns the address of an unmodifiable character string

- **price**, returns a double

- **name**, returns the address of an unmodifiable character string

- **taxed**, returns a bool

- **quantity**, returns an integer

Also:

- **cost**, returns double

Cost returns the after-tax cost of the item. If the Item is not taxed, the return value is the price.

- **isEmpty,** returns bool  
 isEmpty return true if the Item is in a safe empty state.

Note: All the above queries are constant methods, which means they CANNOT modify the owner.

## **Member Operator overloads:**

**operator==** : receives the address of an unmodifiable character string and returns a bool.

This operator compares the character string at the received address to the Item’s SKU, if they are the same, it will return **true**; otherwise **false**. Note that this operator cannot modify the owner.

**operator+=** : receives an integer and returns an integer.

This operator adds the received value to the Item’s quantity on hand and returns the sum.

**operator-=** : receives an integer and returns an integer.

This operator reduces the Item’s quantity on hand by the received value and returns the quantity on hand after reduction.

## **Non-Member operator overload:**

**operator+=** : receives a modifiable reference to a **double** as the left operand and an unmodifiable reference to an Item as the right operand and returns a double value.

This operator multiplies the cost of the Item by the quantity of the Item and then adds that value to the left operand and returns the result.

Essentially, this operator adds the total cost of the referenced **Item** to the left operand and then returns it.

# **Non-member IO operator overloads:**

After implementing the **Item** class, overload the **operator<<** and **operator>>** to print **Item** objects to **ostream** console objects (cout), and to read **Item** objects from **istream** console objects (cin). Use the **write()** and **read()** methods of the **PosIO** class to implement these operator overloads.

Make sure that the prototypes of the functions are in **Item.h**.

If not on matrix already, upload **POS.h, PosIO.h, Item.h, Item.cpp** and the tester to your matrix account. Compile and run your code and make sure everything works properly.

Then run the following script from your account: (replace profname.proflastname with your professors Seneca userid)

**~profname.proflastname/submit 200\_ms3 <ENTER>**

and follow the instructions.

Please note that a successful submission does not guarantee full credit for this workshop.

If the professor is not satisfied with your implementation, your professor may ask you to resubmit. Resubmissions will attract a penalty.

**Milestone 4: the NonPerishable and Perishable classes**

**Part one: NonPerishable**

Before starting this, please download/clone the files provided from [https://github.com/Seneca-244200/BTP-Milestone4](https://github.com/Seneca-244200/OOP-Milestone4) then add all the classes you implemented in previous milestones.

**NonPerishable Class**

Implement the NonPerishable class as a class derived from an Item class.  
Essentially, NonPerishable is an Item class that is not abstract.

Private member variables

NonPerishable class adds only one private member variable of type Error, called **m\_err**.

### Constructor:

##### No constructors are crated for this class

### Protected member functions

bool ok() const;

##### **ok** returns true if m**\_err** is clear and has no error message.

##### void error(const char\* message); **error** sets the error message of **m\_err** to the incoming argument “**message**”.

virtual char signature()const;

Returns the record tag of the NonPershable class to be written in a file, that is **‘N’**;   
(it returns ‘N’)

### Public member functions

##### NonPerishable implements all four pure virtual methods of the class PosIO (the signatures of the functions are identical to those of PosIO).

std::fstream& save(std::fstream& file)const

Using the operator<< of ostream first writes the **signature()** and a comma into the **file** argument, then without any formatting or spaces writes all the member variables of Item, comma separated, in following order:

**sku, name, price, taxed, quantity**

and ends them with a new line. Then it will return the file argument out.

Example:

**N,1234,Candle,1.23,1,38**

std::fstream& load(std::fstream& file)

Using operator>>, ignore and getline methods of istream, NonPerishable reads all the fields form the file and sets the member variables using the setter methods. When reading the fields, load assumes that the record does not have the “**N,”** at the beginning, so it starts the reading from the sku.

No error detection is done.   
At the end the file argument is returned.

Hint: create temporary variables of type double, int and string and read the fields one by one, skipping the commas. After each read, set the member variables using setter methods.

ostream& write(ostream& ostr, bool linear)const (V1.1) correction

If the object is not **ok(),** it simply prints the m\_err using ostr and returns ostr. If the object is **ok()**  (No Error) then depending on the value of linear, write(), prints the Item in different formats:

### If Linear is true:

Prints the Item values separated by Bar “|” character in following format:

1234 |Candle | 1.23| TN| 38| 52.82|

**SKU:**  left justified in MAX\_SKU\_LEN characters  
**Name:**  left justified 20 characters wide, trimmed to 20 if longer than 20 characters.  
**Price:**  right justified, 2 digits after decimal point 7 chars wide  
**Taxed:** space, “T” if it is taxed, space if it is not taxed and then the **signature() character  
Quantity:**  right justified 4 characters wide  
**Cost:**  total cost, considering quantity and tax; same format as price, 9 chars wide  
**One Bar** and **NO NEW LINE**

### If Linear is false:

Prints one member variable per line in following layout.   
All formats are like linear layout, with no width restriction, except Name, which occupies one line; 80 chars.

Name:  
Candle  
Sku: 1234  
Price: 1.23  
Price after tax: 1.39   
Quantity: 38  
Total Cost: 52.82 <Newline>

OR if not taxed

Sku: 1234  
Name: Candle  
Price: 1.23  
Price after tax: N/A   
Quantity: 38  
Total Cost: 46.74 <Newline>

Afterwards, write returns the ostr argument.

std::istream& read(std::istream& is)

Receives the values using istream (the istr argument) exactly as the following:

Non-Perishable Item Entry:  
Sku: 1234<ENTER>  
Name:  
Candle<ENTER>  
Price: 1.23<ENTER>  
Taxed: y<Enter>  
Quantity: 38<ENTER>

if **istr** is in a **fail** state, then the function exits doing nothing other than returning istr. If at any stage istr fails (cannot read), the error message will be set to the proper error message and the rest of the entry is skipped and nothing is set in the Item (also no error message is displayed).  
Here are the possible error messages:

fail at Price Entry: **Invalid Price Entry**fail at Taxed Entry: **Invalid Taxed Entry, (y)es or (n)o**  
fail at Quantity Entry: **Invalid Quantity Entry**

When validating Taxed Entry, if the character entered is not a valid response to be consistent with an istream failure, manually set the istr to failure mode by calling this function:

**istr**.setstate(ios::failbit);

Since the rest of the member variables are text, istr cannot fail on them, therefore there are no error messages designated for them. Make sure at the end of the Entry you do not read the last new line or flush the keyboard.

At end, read will return the istr argument.

**Part Two: Perishable Class**

# Perishable Class

Implement the **Perishable** class to be derived out of a **NonPerishable** class. Essentially, **Perishable** is a **NonPerishable** class with an expiry date.

### Private member variables

**Perishable** class has one private member variables:

* A Date, called m\_expiry (date only mode)

### Protected member function

**Perishable** class has one protected member function that overrides the signature() method of **NonPerishable** class;

char signature()const;

Returns the record tag of the Pershable class to be written in a file, that is **‘P’**;   
(it returns ‘P’)

### Constructor:

Create a no-argument default constructor and set the m\_expiry attribute to date only mode.

## Public member functions:

### Pure virtual method implementations

Perishable implements all four pure virtual methods of the class PosIO. (the signatures of the functions are identical to those of PosIO).

fstream& Perishable::save(fstream& file)constCalls the **NonPerishable** class’s **save()** method, and then using operator<< writes a comma and the expiry date into the **file** argument. As a result the following will be written in the **file**:

sku, name, price, taxed, quantity, expiry date

Then it will return the **file** argument.   
Example:

P,1234,4L Milk,3.99,0,2,2015/12/10

fstream& Perishable::load(fstream& file)Calls the **NonPerishable** class’s **load()** method by passing the **file** argument to it. Then ignores one character from the **file** and using operator>> reads the date from the **file** into the **m\_expiry** attribute.

No error detection is done.   
At the end the **file** argument is returned.

### ostream& Perishable::write(ostream& os, bool linear)const

Calls **NonPerishable** class’s **write**() passing **os** argument to it.

The if the class is **ok()** and **linear** argument is false, using **os** it will print:  
**>**Expiry date: **<**and **m\_expiry** attribute and then goes to new line.

Afterwards, write returns the **ostr** argument.

### istream& Perishable::read(istream& istr) fardad was here

First this function will add “Perishable “ to the prompt of **NonPerishable::read()** function by printing:

**>**Perishable **<**

Next it will call **NonPerishable** class’s **read**() by passing the **istr** to it.

Finally to get the expiry date it will prompt:  
  
**>**Expiry date (YYYY/MM/DD): **<**

And using **istr** it will get the expiry date from user into **m\_expiry** attribute.

If expiry entry fails then, depending of the error code stored in the Date class (**m\_expriy**) , it will set the error by calling the **error()** function to one of the following:  
CIN\_FAILED: **Invalid Date Entry**

YEAR\_ERROR: **Invalid Year in Date Entry**

MON\_ERROR: **Invalid Month in Date Entry**

DAY\_ERROR: **Invalid Day in Date Entry**

After setting the error message to be consistent with an **istream** failure, manually set the **istr** to failure mode by calling this function:

**istr**.setstate(ios::failbit);

Make sure at the end of the Entry you do not read the last new line or flush the keyboard.

At end, **read** will return the **istr** argument.

**Milestone 4 submission**

After Compiling and testing your **Date.cpp**, **Date.h**, **PosIO.h**, **POS.h**, **Item.cpp**, **Item.h**, **Perishable.cpp**, **Pershable.h**, **NonPerishable.cpp** and **NonPerishable.h** with the provided tester programs:  
01-NPErrHandling.cpp  
02-NPDisplayTest.cpp  
03-NPSaveLoad.cpp  
04-PerErrHandling.cpp  
05-PerDateErrHandling.cpp  
06-PerDisplayTest.cpp  
07-PerSaveLoad.cpp

And making sure that they all work properly, upload Date.cpp, Date.h, PosIO.h, POS.h, Item.cpp, Item.h, Perishable.cpp, Pershable.h, NonPerishable.cpp and NonPerishable.h and ms4tester.cpp to your matrix account. ms4tester.cpp does all the 7 tests in one file. Compile and run your code and make sure everything works properly.

Then run the following script from your account: (replace profname.proflastname with your professors Seneca userid)

**~profname.proflastname/submit 200\_ms4 <ENTER>**

and follow the instructions.

Please note that a successful submission does not guarantee full credit for this workshop.

If the professor is not satisfied with your implementation, your professor may ask you to resubmit. Resubmissions will attract a penalty.

**Milestone 5: The POSAPP class**

**PosApp Class**

**PosApp** uses the classes created in milestones 1 to 4 to manage the items in a store and also works as a Point Of Sale system to sell the items to customers.

**Constructor**

**PosApp(const char\* filename, const char\* billfname);**

**PosApp** is instantiated using a file name and a bill file name (**billfname**). These two values are copied into their corresponding member variables up to 128 characters.

**Copying and assignment**  
**PosApp** cannot be copied or assigned to another instance of **PosApp**.

**Private member variables (attributes)**

**char m\_filename[128];**

A C style string to hold the name of the data file where the items are stored.

**char m\_billfname[128];**

A C style string to hold the name of a temporary file to hold the items the customer buys. This file is created every time a customer is at the cash register and will hold all the items the customer is checking out. When the sale is final, the content of the file is printed as a “bill” for the customer and then it is truncated (emptied) for the next sale.

**Item\* m\_items[MAX\_NO\_ITEMS];**

An array of Item pointers that is to hold all the records of the datafile in memory.

**int m\_noOfItems;**

This integer will hold the number of Items read from the data file that is essentially the number m\_items elements pointing to dynamically allocated Items (see **loadRecs** function).

**Private member functions (methods)**

*For some of the functions below, after the function description there will be a pseudo code to help you with the logic of the function. You are free to either use your own logic or follow the pseudo code’s logic,*

*OR*

*Follow the pseudo code and then modify it to a better the logic.*

**int menu();**

Menu prints the following menu and then asks the user to select one of the options of the menu. User can enter an integer between 1 and 6 to make the selection, if the value is not readable or is outside of this range the selection will be set to -1.   
Before the user’s selection is returned, this function goes to new line.  
Note that this function does not print any error message.  
The keyboard is flushed and emptied after the entry.

**The Sene-Store  
1- List items  
2- Add Perishable item  
3- Add Non-Perishable item  
4- Update item quantity  
5- Show Item  
6- POS  
0- exit program  
> \_**

This function is the main user interface of the **PosApp** and is displayed every time a choice is to be made.

**Data management member functions (methods)**

**void deallocateItems();**

Deletes all the dynamically allocated Items pointed by the **m\_items** array.  
*Deletes the individual elements of* ***m\_items*** *from zero up to* ***m\_noOfItems*** *and then sets* ***m\_noOfItems*** *to zero.*

***void* loadRecs();**

Loads all the **Item** records saved in the data file (under the name **m\_filename**) into **m\_items** array.

**loadRecs** will first **deallocateItems**() to make sure all previously loaded **items** are removed from memory.   
Then **LoadRecs** Opens the data file for read using an instance of fstream with the filename kept in “**m\_filename**” and the **ios::in** flag. If the opening fails (i.e. the file does not exist) it will **clear** and **close** the fstream and then reopens it in write mode to create an empty file (**ios::out**) and exits the function.

Otherwise if the file opening for reading does not fail, **LoadRecs** reads all the items kept in the file into the **m\_items** pointer array and increases **m\_noOfItems** from zero after each read.

Each record is read in two steps; first a single character is read to identify the type of the upcoming item (that will be either **‘P’** or **‘N’**) and the next character (‘,’) is ignored. Depending on the first character being **‘P’** or **‘N’** a **Perishable** or **NonPershiable** object is created dynamically and the address is held in the **m\_items** pointer array. Then using the “load” method of the item created, the rest of the information is loaded into the object.   
Step “2” is repeated until end of file is reached.   
See the pseudo code for more detail:

Deallocate all the items pointed by m\_items array.

open the file for reading (use ios::in)

if the file is in fail state, it means there is no file on the disk, then

clear the failure

close the file

open the file for writing (ios::out) to create the file

close thefile

otherwise (if the file is not in fail state)

until reading fails loop:

read one character into the Id character

if Id character is P

Dynamically create a Perishable item and hold it in item pointer at m\_noOfItems

if Id character is N

Dynamically create a NonPerishable item and hold it in item pointer at m\_noOfItems

if either P or N is read

skip the comma in the file

load the data into the newly created item from the file

(using its load method)

add one to m\_noOfItems

continue the loop

close the datafile

**void saveRecs();**

Overwrites the data in the data file with the items pointed by the **m\_items** array elements.

Opens the data file for overwriting using an instance of fstream with the filename kept in “**m\_filename**” and the **ios::out** flag. Loops thought the “**m\_items**” array “**m\_noOfItems**” times and writes them into the file using their “**save**” method, only if their quantity is more than zero. Then it will close the data file and calls **loadRecs**() to have the recent update of Items in the **PosApp**.

**int searchItems(const char\* sku)const;**

Loops through the **m\_items** array and compares them with the “**sku**” using the overloaded “**operator==**”. If there is a match, it will return the **index** of the found item, or **“-1”** if nothing is found.

**void updateQty();**

This function will first prompt the user for an **sku**. Then it will call **searchItem** to find the **item**. If the **item** is not found, it will print **“Not found!”**, goes to new line and then exit the function. If the **item** is found it will first display the item in **non-linear** format and then prompts the user for the number of **items** purchased. Then received number is added it to the **quantity** of the item using the overloaded **“operator +=”**. Then it will save the records (**saveRecs()**) and print the message **“Updated!”.**   
Function should work exactly as follows:  
  
**>Start**Please enter the SKU: 3434

Not found!

**>END**

**>Start**Please enter the SKU: 1313

Name:

Paper Tissue

Sku: 1313

Price: 1.22

Price after tax: 1.38

Quantity: 194

Total Cost: 267.45

Please enter the number of purchased items: 12

Updated!

**>END**

**void addItem(bool isPerishable);**

Adds an **Item** to the **m\_items** array and saves the array in the data file.

Depending on the value of the “**isPerishable**” argument, it will dynamically create a **Perishable** or **NonPerishable** **Item**. Then it will receive the item information from the user using **cin**. If anything goes wrong, (**cin** fails) it will clear **cin** and flush the keyboard, and then display the item using **cout** to show the error. If the Item is received successfully from the user, it will add its address to the “**m\_items**” pointer array and add one to “**m\_noOfItems**”. Then it will **save the records** into the file and print “**Item Added**.”.

**>Start**Perishable Item Entry:

Sku: 5656

Name:

Honey

Price: 12.99

Taxed: y

Quantity: 12

Expiry date (YYYY/MM/DD): 1200/10/12

Invalid Year in Date Entry

**>END**

**>Start**Perishable Item Entry:

Sku: 5656

Name:

Honey

Price: 12.99

Taxed: y

Quantity: 12

Expiry date (YYYY/MM/DD): 2017/5/15

Item added.

**>END**

**void listItems()const;**

Prints the inventory of the **Items** and calculates and prints the total asset value.  
  
Loops through the **m\_items** pointer array up to “**m\_noOfItems**” and prints them in **linear** format as follows:

**>Start** Row | SKU | Item Name | Price |TX |Qty | Total |

-----|--------|--------------------|-------|---|----|---------|

1 | 1234 |Milk | 3.99| P| 2| 7.98|

2 | 3456 |Paper Cups | 5.99| TN| 38| 257.21|

3 | 4567 |Butter | 4.56| TP| 9| 46.38|

4 | 1212 |Salted Butter | 5.99| P| 111| 664.89|

5 | 1313 |Paper Tissue | 1.22| TN| 206| 283.99|

6 | 5656 |Honey | 12.99| TP| 12| 176.14|

-----^--------^--------------------^-------^---^----^---------^

Total Asset: $ | 1436.59|

-----------------------------------------------^--------------^

**>END**

As you can see, while looping through and printing the **items** it will collect the sum of “**cost**” of all the Items and displays it at the end as the Total Asset value.

**Point Of Sale member functions (methods)**

**void truncateBillFile();**

Removes all the data from the **m\_billfname** file.

*Opens the bill file using ios::out and ios::trunc and then closes the* *file.*

**void showBill();**

Shows the bill of Point of Sale by displaying the contents of the bill file and then truncates the file.  
  
Opens the bill file for reading using an instance of **fstream** and the filename kept in “**m\_billfname**” and the **ios::in** flag. This file has the same format of the data file. Read the items one by one, the same way you did in **loadRecs** method. But instead of adding the items to the **m\_items** array, print them in **linear** format and immediately delete the item you printed. Continue until you hit the end of file.   
When done, close the file, and then **truncate it**. Like this, any bill that is printed will be removed from the system. (You cannot print a bill twice)

The printout must be exactly in following format:  
 **>Start**v--------------------------------------------------------v

| 2017/04/02, 12:42 |

| SKU | Item Name | Price |TX |Qty | Total |

|--------|--------------------|-------|---|----|---------|

| 1212 |Salted Butter | 5.99| P| 1| 5.99|

| 1313 |Paper Tissue | 1.22| TN| 1| 1.38|

| 5656 |Honey | 12.99| TP| 1| 14.68|

^--------^--------------------^-------^---^----^---------^

| Total: $ | 22.05|

^-----------------------------------------^--------------^

**>END**  
  
Please note that the current time of the system is displayed at the top of the bill and total cost of the bill is printed at the bottom.

**void addToBill(Item& I);**

Adds an item to the bill file, (name kept in “**m\_billfname**”) with quantity of 1 and then reduces the number of the item in the inventory by one.

Open the bill file for appending (use ios::out and ios::app to make sure the file is created if it does not exist)  
Save the current **quantity** of the **Item** referred to by the argument **I**, into a local variable for later quantity adjustment. Then set the quantity of **I** to 1 and save it in the bill file (using save method).

Now set the quantity of the item (**I**) back to the saved local value, minus one (to reduce the quantity by one).  
Finally save all the records (**saveRecs**) to update the inventory.

**void POS();**

Continuously ask for an **sku** and if the **sku** exists in the data file, add it to the bill file (using the save method) otherwise print **“Not found!”.**

The function will stop and print the bill if and empty **sku** is entered (when <ENTER> is hit when asking for **sku** without entering any data).

Pseudo:  
while not done  
 Ask for sku  
 If sku is an empty string  
 show bill and the function is done  
 Search for sku in the items  
 if found   
 print the name only  
 add it to the bill  
 if not found  
 print “Not found!”  
End while

Your function should run as follows:

>START  
Sku: 1212

v------------------->

| Salted Butter

^------------------->

Sku: 1212

v------------------->

| Salted Butter

^------------------->

Sku: 1313

v------------------->

| Paper Tissue

^------------------->

Sku: 1234

v------------------->

| Milk

^------------------->

Sku: 7654

Not found!

Sku: 5656

v------------------->

| Honey

^------------------->

Sku:

v--------------------------------------------------------v

| 2017/04/02, 12:58 |

| SKU | Item Name | Price |TX |Qty | Total |

|--------|--------------------|-------|---|----|---------|

| 1212 |Salted Butter | 5.99| P| 1| 5.99|

| 1212 |Salted Butter | 5.99| P| 1| 5.99|

| 1313 |Paper Tissue | 1.22| TN| 1| 1.38|

| 1234 |Milk | 3.99| P| 1| 3.99|

| 5656 |Honey | 12.99| TP| 1| 14.68|

^--------^--------------------^-------^---^----^---------^

| Total: $ | 32.03|

^-----------------------------------------^--------------^

>END

**Public member function (method)**

PosApp has only one public member function:

void run();

In a continuous loop run will display the **menu** and wait for user’s selection.

The following will happen upon user’s selection:  
User selects 1:  
Call listItems.

User selects 2:  
Call addItem.

User selects 3:  
Call addItem.

User selects 4:  
Call updateQty.

User selects 5:  
Prompt the user and receive an **sku**.  
get the **sku** and **searchItems**() for it.  
if found display it in non-linear format  
if not found display **“Not found!”.**

User selects 6:  
Call **POS**.

User selects 0:  
Exit program printing **“Goodbye!”.**

Any other value  
print: **“===Invalid Selection, try again===”**

Your function must run as follows; note that only options 5 and 0 are demonstrated, since the rest are already demonstrated in other methods.

**>START**The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> 5

Please enter the SKU: 5656

v-----------------------------------v

Name:

Honey

Sku: 5656

Price: 12.99

Price after tax: 14.68

Quantity: 10

Total Cost: 146.79

Expiry date: 2017/05/15

^-----------------------------------^

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> 5

Please enter the SKU: 12345

Not found!

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> five

===Invalid Selection, try again===

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> 0

Goodbye!

**>END**

You can try the execution of the Final project by issuing the following command on matrix:

**~fardad.soleimanloo/demo/fp <ENTER>**

**Project SUBMISSION**

*A problem in the submitter program delayed the submission process and because of this the due date is extended to the 11th.*

**comments.txt:**

Create a file called comments.txt to be submitted along with your project.   
Add the following information to comments.txt:

Citation:

If you have used any code or logic developed by others in your solution, you must identify the source of that code or logic in comments in your source code.

You must insert these comments at the place in your source code where the code/logic is being used.

You must also copy and list this information in comments.txt.

*Failure to identify any code or logic developed by others and included in your solution will result in an assessment of plagiarism by your professor.*

Enhancements:

If you have enhanced your solution with any features not in the specifications, you should identify them clearly through comments in your source code.

You should also copy and list this information in comnments.txt.

**SUBMISSION methods**

You have 3 choices for submitting your project:

1. Short  
   You can select this one if you already successfully submitted milestones 1 to 4
2. Long

You can select this one if you have not submitted the past 4 milestones and want to only submit Final Assembly. Your program must work exactly as described in past 4 milestones.

1. Open  
   This submission does not test the output of your application but captures and submits it to your professor.

You can select this one if you believe your project works properly but you could not match the exact output requested in either Short or Long submissions.

YOU are responsible to do all the tests asked in either Short or Long submission. If you miss any steps of those tests your submission may be rejected and you have to re-submit your application and you will lose mark for resubmission and not being on time.

Also you must add a note in comments.txt file with explanation on why you have chosen the open submission rather than one of the other two.

**SHort sUBMISSION:**

If not on matrix already, upload your project files and **comments.txt** to your matrix account. Compile your code as follows:  
**> g++ -Wall -std=c++0x -o fp Date.cpp Error.cpp Item.cpp  
 NonPerishable.cpp Perishable.cpp PosApp.cpp PosAppMain.cpp<ENTER>**

This command will compile your code and name your executable “**fp**”

Execute fp and make sure everything works properly.

Finally run the following script from your account: (replace profname.proflastname with your professors Seneca userid)

**~profname.proflastname/submit 200\_fp\_short <ENTER>**

and run your application using the RED underlined **bold** *italic* values in the short output section below.

Please note that a successful submission does not guarantee full credit for this workshop.

If the professor is not satisfied with your implementation, your professor may ask you to resubmit. Resubmissions will attract a penalty.

**Output (short submission)**

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***1***

Row | SKU | Item Name | Price |TX |Qty | Total |

-----|--------|--------------------|-------|---|----|---------|

1 | 1234 |Milk | 3.99| P| 1| 3.99|

2 | 3456 |Paper Cups | 5.99| TN| 38| 257.21|

3 | 4567 |Butter | 4.56| TP| 9| 46.38|

4 | 1212 |Salted Butter | 5.99| P| 108| 646.92|

5 | 1313 |Paper Tissue | 1.22| TN| 204| 281.23|

6 | 5656 |Honey | 12.99| TP| 10| 146.79|

7 | 1596 |Royal Gala Apples | 4.42| P| 10| 44.20|

8 | 3695 |Honeydew Melon | 5.99| P| 20| 119.80|

9 | 6458 |Blueberries | 3.99| P| 30| 119.70|

10 | 9852 |Seedless Grapes | 10.56| P| 20| 211.20|

11 | 3214 |Pomegranate | 2.50| P| 5| 12.50|

12 | 7913 |Banana | 0.44| P| 100| 44.00|

13 | 9462 |Kiwifruit | 0.50| P| 123| 61.50|

14 | 3815 |Chicken Alfredo | 4.49| TP| 20| 101.47|

15 | 5496 |Veal Parmigiana | 5.49| TP| 3| 18.61|

16 | 3854 |Beffsteak Pie | 5.29| TP| 40| 239.11|

17 | 2564 |Curry Checken | 4.79| TP| 30| 162.38|

18 | 9318 |Tide Detergent | 16.99| TN| 10| 191.99|

19 | 4297 |Lays Chips S&V | 3.69| TP| 1| 4.17|

20 | 6539 |Joe Org Chips | 3.29| TP| 15| 55.77|

21 | 1679 |Jack's Apple Juice | 1.50| P| 80| 120.00|

22 | 3512 |Coke 12 Pack | 6.69| TP| 30| 226.79|

23 | 3461 |Nestea 12 Pack | 7.29| TP| 50| 411.88|

24 | 5228 |7up 12 pack | 6.49| TP| 20| 146.67|

25 | 1627 |Peaches | 1.44| P| 14| 20.16|

-----^--------^--------------------^-------^---^----^---------^

Total Asset: $ | 3694.42|

-----------------------------------------------^--------------^

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***2***

Perishable Item Entry:

Sku: ***2222***

Name:

***a***

Price: ***1***

Taxed: ***y***

Quantity: ***1***

Expiry date (YYYY/MM/DD): ***2017/04/09***

Item added.

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***3***

Item Entry:

Sku: ***3333***

Name:

***b***

Price: ***1***

Taxed: ***n***

Quantity: ***1***

Item added.

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***4***

Please enter the SKU: ***2222***

Name:

a

Sku: 2222

Price: 1.00

Price after tax: 1.13

Quantity: 1

Total Cost: 1.13

Expiry date: 2017/04/09

Please enter the number of purchased items: ***10***

Updated!

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***5***

Please enter the SKU: ***2222***

v-----------------------------------v

Name:

a

Sku: 2222

Price: 1.00

Price after tax: 1.13

Quantity: 11

Total Cost: 12.43

Expiry date: 2017/04/09

^-----------------------------------^

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***6***

Sku: ***2222***

v------------------->

| a

^------------------->

Sku: ***9999***

Not found!

Sku: ***3333***

v------------------->

| b

^------------------->

Sku: ***1234***

v------------------->

| Milk

^------------------->

Sku: ***<ENTER>***

v--------------------------------------------------------v

| 2017/04/09, 01:56 |

| SKU | Item Name | Price |TX |Qty | Total |

|--------|--------------------|-------|---|----|---------|

| 2222 |a | 1.00| TP| 1| 1.13|

| 3333 |b | 1.00| N| 1| 1.00|

| 1234 |Milk | 3.99| P| 1| 3.99|

^--------^--------------------^-------^---^----^---------^

| Total: $ | 6.12|

^-----------------------------------------^--------------^

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***1***

Row | SKU | Item Name | Price |TX |Qty | Total |

-----|--------|--------------------|-------|---|----|---------|

1 | 3456 |Paper Cups | 5.99| TN| 38| 257.21|

2 | 4567 |Butter | 4.56| TP| 9| 46.38|

3 | 1212 |Salted Butter | 5.99| P| 108| 646.92|

4 | 1313 |Paper Tissue | 1.22| TN| 204| 281.23|

5 | 5656 |Honey | 12.99| TP| 10| 146.79|

6 | 1596 |Royal Gala Apples | 4.42| P| 10| 44.20|

7 | 3695 |Honeydew Melon | 5.99| P| 20| 119.80|

8 | 6458 |Blueberries | 3.99| P| 30| 119.70|

9 | 9852 |Seedless Grapes | 10.56| P| 20| 211.20|

10 | 3214 |Pomegranate | 2.50| P| 5| 12.50|

11 | 7913 |Banana | 0.44| P| 100| 44.00|

12 | 9462 |Kiwifruit | 0.50| P| 123| 61.50|

13 | 3815 |Chicken Alfredo | 4.49| TP| 20| 101.47|

14 | 5496 |Veal Parmigiana | 5.49| TP| 3| 18.61|

15 | 3854 |Beffsteak Pie | 5.29| TP| 40| 239.11|

16 | 2564 |Curry Checken | 4.79| TP| 30| 162.38|

17 | 9318 |Tide Detergent | 16.99| TN| 10| 191.99|

18 | 4297 |Lays Chips S&V | 3.69| TP| 1| 4.17|

19 | 6539 |Joe Org Chips | 3.29| TP| 15| 55.77|

20 | 1679 |Jack's Apple Juice | 1.50| P| 80| 120.00|

21 | 3512 |Coke 12 Pack | 6.69| TP| 30| 226.79|

22 | 3461 |Nestea 12 Pack | 7.29| TP| 50| 411.88|

23 | 5228 |7up 12 pack | 6.49| TP| 20| 146.67|

24 | 1627 |Peaches | 1.44| P| 14| 20.16|

25 | 2222 |a | 1.00| TP| 10| 11.30|

-----^--------^--------------------^-------^---^----^---------^

Total Asset: $ | 3701.73|

-----------------------------------------------^--------------^

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***0***

Goodbye!

**LOng sUBMISSION:**

If not on matrix already, upload your project files and **comments.txt** to your matrix account. Compile your code as follows:  
**> g++ -Wall -std=c++0x -o fp Date.cpp Error.cpp Item.cpp  
 NonPerishable.cpp Perishable.cpp PosApp.cpp PosAppMain.cpp<ENTER>**

This command will compile your code and name your executable “**fp**”

Execute fp and make sure everything works properly.

Finally run the following script from your account: (replace profname.proflastname with your professors Seneca userid)

**~profname.proflastname/submit 200\_fp\_long <ENTER>**

and run your application using the RED underlined **bold** *italic* values in the short output section below.

Please note that a successful submission does not guarantee full credit for this workshop.

If the professor is not satisfied with your implementation, your professor may ask you to resubmit. Resubmissions will attract a penalty.

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***1***

Row | SKU | Item Name | Price |TX |Qty | Total |

-----|--------|--------------------|-------|---|----|---------|

1 | 1234 |Milk | 3.99| P| 1| 3.99|

2 | 3456 |Paper Cups | 5.99| TN| 38| 257.21|

3 | 4567 |Butter | 4.56| TP| 9| 46.38|

4 | 1212 |Salted Butter | 5.99| P| 108| 646.92|

5 | 1313 |Paper Tissue | 1.22| TN| 204| 281.23|

6 | 5656 |Honey | 12.99| TP| 10| 146.79|

7 | 1596 |Royal Gala Apples | 4.42| P| 10| 44.20|

8 | 3695 |Honeydew Melon | 5.99| P| 20| 119.80|

9 | 6458 |Blueberries | 3.99| P| 30| 119.70|

10 | 9852 |Seedless Grapes | 10.56| P| 20| 211.20|

11 | 3214 |Pomegranate | 2.50| P| 5| 12.50|

12 | 7913 |Banana | 0.44| P| 100| 44.00|

13 | 9462 |Kiwifruit | 0.50| P| 123| 61.50|

14 | 3815 |Chicken Alfredo | 4.49| TP| 20| 101.47|

15 | 5496 |Veal Parmigiana | 5.49| TP| 3| 18.61|

16 | 3854 |Beffsteak Pie | 5.29| TP| 40| 239.11|

17 | 2564 |Curry Checken | 4.79| TP| 30| 162.38|

18 | 9318 |Tide Detergent | 16.99| TN| 10| 191.99|

19 | 4297 |Lays Chips S&V | 3.69| TP| 1| 4.17|

20 | 6539 |Joe Org Chips | 3.29| TP| 15| 55.77|

21 | 1679 |Jack's Apple Juice | 1.50| P| 80| 120.00|

22 | 3512 |Coke 12 Pack | 6.69| TP| 30| 226.79|

23 | 3461 |Nestea 12 Pack | 7.29| TP| 50| 411.88|

24 | 5228 |7up 12 pack | 6.49| TP| 20| 146.67|

25 | 1627 |Peaches | 1.44| P| 14| 20.16|

-----^--------^--------------------^-------^---^----^---------^

Total Asset: $ | 3694.42|

-----------------------------------------------^--------------^

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***-1***

===Invalid Selection, try again===

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***7***

===Invalid Selection, try again===

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***2***

Perishable Item Entry:

Sku: ***a***

Name:

***a***

Price: ***a***

Invalid Price Entry

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***2***

Perishable Item Entry:

Sku: ***a***

Name:

***a***

Price: ***1***

Taxed: ***a***

Invalid Taxed Entry, (y)es or (n)o

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***2***

Perishable Item Entry:

Sku: ***a***

Name:

***a***

Price: ***1***

Taxed: ***y***

Quantity: ***a***

Invalid Quantity Entry

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***2***

Perishable Item Entry:

Sku: ***a***

Name:

***a***

Price: ***1***

Taxed: ***y***

Quantity: ***1***

Expiry date (YYYY/MM/DD): ***12/12/12***

Invalid Year in Date Entry

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***2***

Perishable Item Entry:

Sku: ***a***

Name:

***a***

Price: ***1***

Taxed: ***n***

Quantity: ***1***

Expiry date (YYYY/MM/DD): ***2010/13/10***

Invalid Month in Date Entry

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***2***

Perishable Item Entry:

Sku: ***a***

Name:

***a***

Price: ***1***

Taxed: ***n***

Quantity: ***1***

Expiry date (YYYY/MM/DD): ***2010/10/100***

Invalid Day in Date Entry

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***2***

Perishable Item Entry:

Sku: ***2222***

Name:

***Nestea 12 Pack Diet***

Price: ***12***

Taxed: ***y***

Quantity: ***300***

Expiry date (YYYY/MM/DD): ***2010/10/10***

Item added.

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***3***

Item Entry:

Sku: ***3333***

Name:

***Tape***

Price: ***1.99***

Taxed: ***y***

Quantity: ***100***

Item added.

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***4***

Please enter the SKU: ***9999***

Not found!

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***4***

Please enter the SKU: ***3333***

Name:

Tape

Sku: 3333

Price: 1.99

Price after tax: 2.25

Quantity: 100

Total Cost: 224.87

Please enter the number of purchased items: ***ten***

Invalid Quantity value!

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***4***

Please enter the SKU: ***3333***

Name:

Tape

Sku: 3333

Price: 1.99

Price after tax: 2.25

Quantity: 100

Total Cost: 224.87

Please enter the number of purchased items: ***3***

Updated!

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***5***

Please enter the SKU: ***3333***

v-----------------------------------v

Name:

Tape

Sku: 3333

Price: 1.99

Price after tax: 2.25

Quantity: 103

Total Cost: 231.62

^-----------------------------------^

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***5***

Please enter the SKU: ***9999***

Not found!

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***6***

Sku: ***1234***

v------------------->

| Milk

^------------------->

Sku: ***2222***

v------------------->

| Nestea 12 Pack Diet

^------------------->

Sku: ***3333***

v------------------->

| Tape

^------------------->

Sku: ***9999***

Not found!

Sku: ***<ENTER>***

v--------------------------------------------------------v

| 2017/04/09, 12:25 |

| SKU | Item Name | Price |TX |Qty | Total |

|--------|--------------------|-------|---|----|---------|

| 1234 |Milk | 3.99| P| 1| 3.99|

| 2222 |Nestea 12 Pack Diet | 12.00| TP| 1| 13.56|

| 3333 |Tape | 1.99| TN| 1| 2.25|

^--------^--------------------^-------^---^----^---------^

| Total: $ | 19.80|

^-----------------------------------------^--------------^

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***1***

Row | SKU | Item Name | Price |TX |Qty | Total |

-----|--------|--------------------|-------|---|----|---------|

1 | 3456 |Paper Cups | 5.99| TN| 38| 257.21|

2 | 4567 |Butter | 4.56| TP| 9| 46.38|

3 | 1212 |Salted Butter | 5.99| P| 108| 646.92|

4 | 1313 |Paper Tissue | 1.22| TN| 204| 281.23|

5 | 5656 |Honey | 12.99| TP| 10| 146.79|

6 | 1596 |Royal Gala Apples | 4.42| P| 10| 44.20|

7 | 3695 |Honeydew Melon | 5.99| P| 20| 119.80|

8 | 6458 |Blueberries | 3.99| P| 30| 119.70|

9 | 9852 |Seedless Grapes | 10.56| P| 20| 211.20|

10 | 3214 |Pomegranate | 2.50| P| 5| 12.50|

11 | 7913 |Banana | 0.44| P| 100| 44.00|

12 | 9462 |Kiwifruit | 0.50| P| 123| 61.50|

13 | 3815 |Chicken Alfredo | 4.49| TP| 20| 101.47|

14 | 5496 |Veal Parmigiana | 5.49| TP| 3| 18.61|

15 | 3854 |Beffsteak Pie | 5.29| TP| 40| 239.11|

16 | 2564 |Curry Checken | 4.79| TP| 30| 162.38|

17 | 9318 |Tide Detergent | 16.99| TN| 10| 191.99|

18 | 4297 |Lays Chips S&V | 3.69| TP| 1| 4.17|

19 | 6539 |Joe Org Chips | 3.29| TP| 15| 55.77|

20 | 1679 |Jack's Apple Juice | 1.50| P| 80| 120.00|

21 | 3512 |Coke 12 Pack | 6.69| TP| 30| 226.79|

22 | 3461 |Nestea 12 Pack | 7.29| TP| 50| 411.88|

23 | 5228 |7up 12 pack | 6.49| TP| 20| 146.67|

24 | 1627 |Peaches | 1.44| P| 14| 20.16|

25 | 2222 |Nestea 12 Pack Diet | 12.00| TP| 299| 4054.44|

26 | 3333 |Tape | 1.99| TN| 102| 229.37|

-----^--------^--------------------^-------^---^----^---------^

Total Asset: $ | 7974.24|

-----------------------------------------------^--------------^

The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

0- exit program

> ***0***

Goodbye!

**Open sUBMISSION:**

In “**comments.txt**”, explain why you have chosen the open submission rather than one of the other two.

If not on matrix already, upload your project files and **comments.txt** to your matrix account. Compile your code as follows:  
**> g++ -Wall -std=c++0x -o fp Date.cpp Error.cpp Item.cpp  
 NonPerishable.cpp Perishable.cpp PosApp.cpp PosAppMain.cpp<ENTER>**

This command will compile your code and name your executable “**fp**”

Execute fp and make sure everything works properly.

Finaly run the following script from your account: (replace profname.proflastname with your professors Seneca userid)

**~profname.proflastname/submit 200\_fp\_open <ENTER>**

and run your application using the RED underlined **bold** *italic* values in the long output section above.

Please note that a successful submission does not guarantee full credit for this workshop.

If the professor is not satisfied with your implementation, your professor may ask you to resubmit. Resubmissions will attract a penalty.

**Milestone 6: Sort**

Add an additional option to the menu called sort:   
  
The Sene-Store

1- List items

2- Add Perishable item

3- Add Non-Perishable item

4- Update item quantity

5- Show Item

6- POS

7- Sort

0- exit program

>

The Sort option should give the user the choice of sorting the items based on SKU, name, price or quantity in ascending or descending order.   
You are free to implement this any way you like, therefore the following description is only a suggestion an you can chose to use it, or do it in your own way.

When Sort is selected, display a submenu asking for the column of the items table to sort the data on:  
Sort on:

1- Sku

2- Item Name

3- Price

4- Quantity

0- exit Sort

>

If zero is selected go back to main menu after printing the following:  
Aborted! <NEWLINE> <NEWLINE>

If 1, 2 , 3 or 4 is selected, first ask the user if the sort is ascending, and then sort the **m\_items** array based on the selected column in ascending or descending order and then using **listItems()** function display them:  
  
Sort on:

1- Sku

2- Item Name

3- Price

4- Quantity

0- exit Sort

> ***2***

Ascending? (y/n) ***y***

Row | SKU | Item Name | Price |TX |Qty | Total |

-----|--------|--------------------|-------|---|----|---------|

1 | 5228 |7up 12 pack | 6.49| TP| 20| 146.67|

2 | 7913 |Banana | 0.44| P| 100| 44.00|

3 | 3854 |Beffsteak Pie | 5.29| TP| 40| 239.11|

4 | 6458 |Blueberries | 3.99| P| 30| 119.70|

5 | 4567 |Butter | 4.56| TP| 9| 46.38|

6 | 3815 |Chicken Alfredo | 4.49| TP| 20| 101.47|

7 | 3512 |Coke 12 Pack | 6.69| TP| 30| 226.79|

8 | 2564 |Curry Checken | 4.79| TP| 30| 162.38|

9 | 5656 |Honey | 12.99| TP| 10| 146.79|

10 | 3695 |Honeydew Melon | 5.99| P| 20| 119.80|

11 | 1679 |Jack's Apple Juice | 1.50| P| 80| 120.00|

12 | 6539 |Joe Org Chips | 3.29| TP| 15| 55.77|

13 | 9462 |Kiwifruit | 0.50| P| 123| 61.50|

14 | 4297 |Lays Chips S&V | 3.69| TP| 1| 4.17|

15 | 1234 |Milk | 3.99| P| 1| 3.99|

16 | 3461 |Nestea 12 Pack | 7.29| TP| 50| 411.88|

17 | 3456 |Paper Cups | 5.99| TN| 38| 257.21|

18 | 1313 |Paper Tissue | 1.22| TN| 204| 281.23|

19 | 1627 |Peaches | 1.44| P| 14| 20.16|

20 | 3214 |Pomegranate | 2.50| P| 5| 12.50|

21 | 1596 |Royal Gala Apples | 4.42| P| 10| 44.20|

22 | 1212 |Salted Butter | 5.99| P| 108| 646.92|

23 | 9852 |Seedless Grapes | 10.56| P| 20| 211.20|

24 | 9318 |Tide Detergent | 16.99| TN| 10| 191.99|

25 | 5496 |Veal Parmigiana | 5.49| TP| 3| 18.61|

-----^--------^--------------------^-------^---^----^---------^

Total Asset: $ | 3694.42|

-----------------------------------------------^--------------^

**Milestone 6, Sort sUBMISSION:**

If not on matrix already, upload your project files to your matrix account. Compile your code as follows:  
**> g++ -Wall -std=c++0x -o sortedfp Date.cpp Error.cpp Item.cpp  
 NonPerishable.cpp Perishable.cpp PosApp.cpp PosAppMain.cpp<ENTER>**

This command will compile your code and name your executable “**sortedfp**”

Execute sortedfp and make sure everything works properly.

Finally run the following script from your account: (replace profname.proflastname with your professors Seneca userid)

**~profname.proflastname/submit 200\_fp\_sort <ENTER>**

and run your application demonstrating all the possible sorts.   
Note that this is an open submission and if the output does not demonstrate all the sorts, your milestone 6 will be rejected and you will lose its mark.

If the professor is not satisfied with your implementation, your professor may ask you to resubmit. Resubmissions will attract a penalty.