## 补充的两篇文献：

Although AT outperformed both RT and PT in terms of fault-detection effectiveness, it requires very long execution time in reality. To address this efficiency problem, on the one hand Lv [1] et al. proposed a hybrid approach that uses AT and random partition testing(RPT) in an alternating manner. One the other hand, Cai et al. proposed DRT, where the profile is dynamically adjusted according to the testing information. DRT enhances RT and PT, what’s more DRT is applied to others fields such as Web services [2]. However, DRT makes use of …

注：(红色部分为补充的两篇文献)

## 参考文献：

[1] Lv, Junpeng, et al. "Adaptive and Random Partition Software Testing." IEEE Transactions on Systems Man & Cybernetics Systems, 44.12(2014), pp. 1649-1664.

[2] Sun, Changai, et al. "Towards Dynamic Random Testing for Web Services." Computer Software and Applications Conference IEEE, 2012, pp. 164-169.