

INTRODUCTION TO ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

MID-TERM PRESENTATION

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CONTENT



I. Task 1 - A* with 8-Puzzle

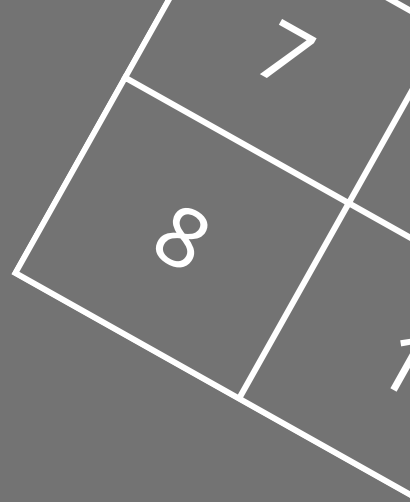
- Formulate problem.
- Describe 2 heuristics.
- Compare performance.

II. A* with Pacman

- Formulate problem.
- Implement GUI.
- Time & Space complexity of algorithm.

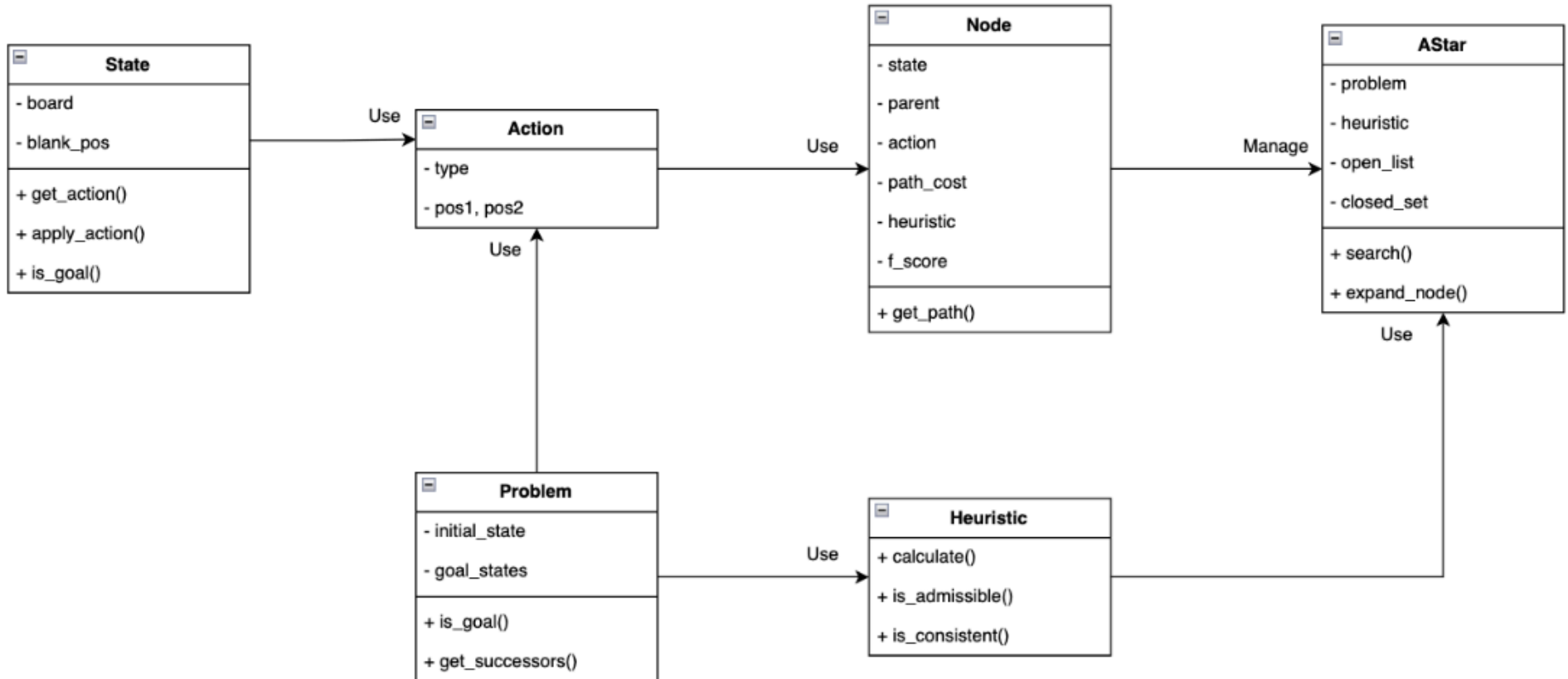
Task 1

A* with 8-Puzzle



A* WITH 8-PUZZLE

1.1 Formulate problem



02 HEURISTICS

Misplaced Tiles Heuristic: function would compare current state with all goals state. With each goal state, **number misplaced is number of wrong positions** from the goal state. Function **return minimum Misplaced value** of these goal states.

1	2	7
4	5	6
3	8	0

$$h(n) = 2$$

ADMISS & CON SIS

$[[1,2,7], [4,5,6], [3,8,0]]$

$$h(n) = 2$$

$$h^*(n) = 1$$

$$h(n) > h^*(n)$$

=> Not Admissibility

$$h(n) \leq c(n, n') + h(n')$$

$$h(n) \leq 1 + h(n')$$

$$|h(n) - h(n')| \leq 1 \quad (1)$$

$$|h(n) - h(n')| = 2 \quad (2)$$

$$(1) > (2)$$

=> Not Consistency

02 HEURISTICS

Break point Heuristic: function would compare current state with all goals state. With each goal state, number position that:

$$|x(n+1) - x(n)| \neq 1$$

Function return minimum value of 4 goal state.



1	3	2
4	5	6
7	8	0

$$h(n) = 3$$

ADMISS & CONSI

[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,0,8]

-> 2 break points

[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,0]

-> 0 break points

$$h(n) = 2 ; h^*(n) = 1$$

$$h(n) > h^*(n)$$

=> **Not Admissibility**

[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,0,8]

-> 2 break points

$$h(n) = 2$$

[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,0]

-> 0 break points

$$h(n') = 0$$

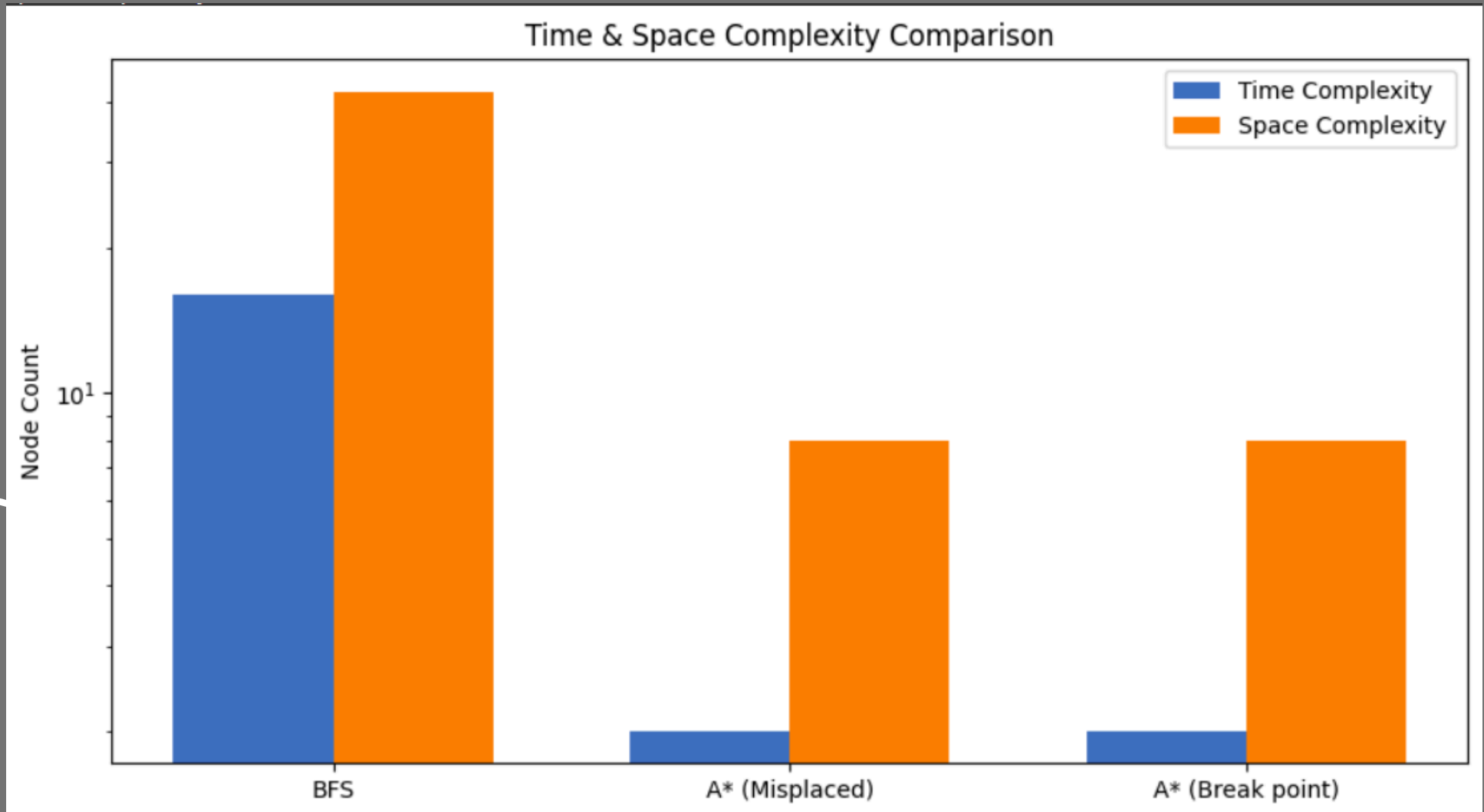
$$h(n) > c(n, n') + h(n')$$

$$\sim 2 > 1 + 0$$

)

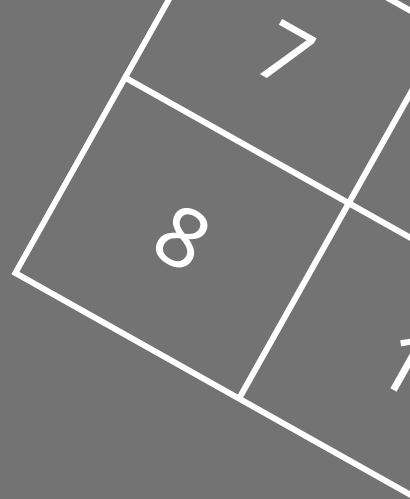
=> **Not Consistency**

TIME & SPACE COMPLEXITY



Task 2

A* with Pacman



A* WITH PACMAN

2.1 Formulate problem

- **Reuse A*** algorithm from Task 1,
- **Change** Problem and relative class.
- Define **new heuristics that more suitable** with Pacman Problem.

A* WITH PACMAN

2.2 Pygame workflow

- **Reuse A*** algorithm from Task 1,
- **Change** Problem and relative class.
- Define **new heuristics that more suitable** with Pacman Problem.

A* WITH PACMAN

2.1 Run_auto_mode

Explain method `--run_auto_mode(layout_lines, heuristic: str = "auto")`-- step by step:

Input:

- initial state in List[str] form: `--layout_lines--`
- name of heuristic (mapping from `--_select_heuristic--`): `--heuristic--`

Process:

- Create `PacmanEnvironment`` from `--layout_lines--`. `PacmanEnvironment`` include `PacmanLayout``
- Create `PacmanProblem`` from `PacmanEnvironment``
- Create a heuristic object by `_select_heuristic``. Specially, `_select_auto`` could select the best heuristic base on complexity of problem.
- Run `AStar(problem, heuristic)`` extend on Task 1, return (path, cost, expanded, frontier_max)`

Output:

- path, cost, expanded, frontier_max

A* WITH PACMAN

Result: compare with UCS

