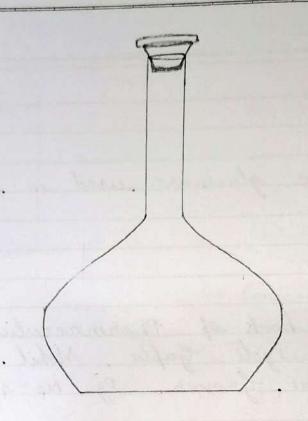
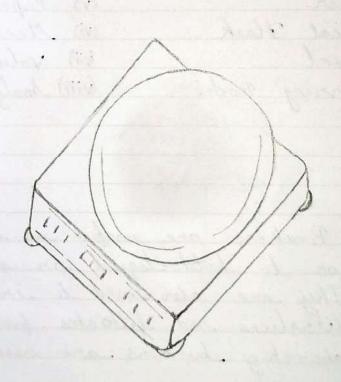


	Date	
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	lim:	
~	<i>L I I I I I I I I I I</i>	
7	chemistry lab.	
	chemistry lab.	
R	eference:	
A	Practical book of Pharmaceutical chemistry, buthor - Dr. Tyoli Gupta, Mohit Sandysa,	
	Author - Dr. Tyoli Gupla Mohit Sandysa,	
	Ms. Madhuri grover, Pg. No-1 to 7.	
1	Requirement:	
	(i) Beaker (v) Pipette	
	(ii) Conical Flask (vi) Measuring Cylinder	
	(iii) Funnel (iii) Volumetric sylinder plank	
	(iii) Funnel (iii) Volumetoic sylinder flask (iv) Starring Rod. (viii) Analytical Wt. machine.	
1	Theory:	
in G	Beaker: > Beakers are useful as a reaction container	
10/ 1	to hold liquid or solid samples.	
	offer and also used to catch liquid from	
	1. P line and bill ates from fullering operations.	
	Laboratory burners are used to heat the beaker.	
	Teacher's Signature	



(vii) Volumetric Flask



(viii) Analytical weight machine.

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(ii)2	Conical blask: - It is use to min and heat the solution for short term period.
	Funnel: A funnel is a tube or pipe that is wide at top and navrow at the bottom, used for guiding liquid or powder into a small opening.
(iv)	Ationing Rod: A glass rod is a fiece of laboratory equipment used to mix chemicals.
	Pipette: It is used for measuring an enact but smaller volume of liquid and placing it with another container.
(vi)	Measuring Cylinder: It is a measuring tool for determining the volume of a liquid. There are several marking up and down. the Length of the container.
(vii)	Volumetric flask: s 9t is used for accurate dilutions and preparations of solutions.
(viii)	Analytical weight machine: 9 It is use to weigh chemical compound
	Result: The given glassware was studied successfully.
	Teacher's Signature