In [2]: #Load and Build the Dataset

from sklearn.datasets import load_breast_cancer

loaded = load_breast_cancer()

labels = np.reshape(loaded.target, (len(loaded.target),1))

inputs = pd.DataFrame(loaded.data)

names = np.append(loaded.feature_names, 'label')

dataset = pd.DataFrame(np.concatenate([inputs,labels],axis=1))

dataset.columns = names

dataset

Out[2]:

		mean radius	mean texture	mean perimeter	mean area	mean smoothness	mean compactness	mean concavity	mean concave points	mea symmeti
	0	17.99	10.38	122.80	1001.0	0.11840	0.27760	0.30010	0.14710	0.241
	1	20.57	17.77	132.90	1326.0	0.08474	0.07864	0.08690	0.07017	0.181
	2	19.69	21.25	130.00	1203.0	0.10960	0.15990	0.19740	0.12790	0.206
	3	11.42	20.38	77.58	386.1	0.14250	0.28390	0.24140	0.10520	0.259
	4	20.29	14.34	135.10	1297.0	0.10030	0.13280	0.19800	0.10430	0.180
56	64	21.56	22.39	142.00	1479.0	0.11100	0.11590	0.24390	0.13890	0.172
56	65	20.13	28.25	131.20	1261.0	0.09780	0.10340	0.14400	0.09791	0.175
56	66	16.60	28.08	108.30	858.1	0.08455	0.10230	0.09251	0.05302	0.159
56	67	20.60	29.33	140.10	1265.0	0.11780	0.27700	0.35140	0.15200	0.239
56	88	7.76	24.54	47.92	181.0	0.05263	0.04362	0.00000	0.00000	0.158

569 rows × 31 columns

```
In [3]: #Sort Dataset
x = dataset.iloc[:,0:-1].values
y = dataset.iloc[:,-1].values
```

```
In [4]: #Train-Test Split
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    xt, xv, yt, yv = train_test_split(x, y, train_size = 0.8, test_size = 0.2, ran
```

```
In [5]: #Clean the Dataset
      from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, StandardScaler
      scaler = MinMaxScaler()
      xt = scaler.fit_transform(xt)
      xv = scaler.fit_transform(xv)
In [6]: #Perform Gaussian Naive Bayes
      from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
      bayes = GaussianNB()
      bayes.fit(xt,yt);
In [7]: #Test the Model
      from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
      yp = bayes.predict(xv)
      print("Classification Report")
      print("-----")
      print(classification_report(yv,yp))
      Classification Report
       ______
                  precision recall f1-score support
              0.0
                      0.95 0.93 0.94
                                                 41
```

0.96 0.97 0.97

 0.95
 0.95

 0.96
 0.96

0.96

1.0

accuracy

macro avg weighted avg 73

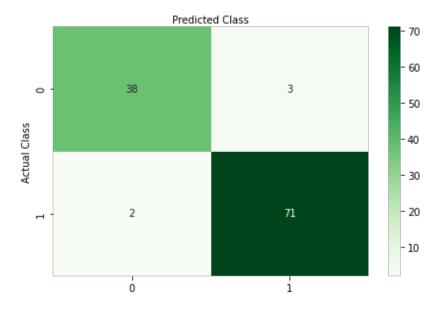
114

114

114

2 of 3 10/20/2022, 8:13 PM

Confusion Matrix



In []:

```
In [1]:
    """
    ECGR 5105 - Intro to Machine Learning
    Homework 3 - Part 2
    Phillip Harmon
    """
    import numpy as np
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import pandas as pd
```

In [2]: #Load and Build the Dataset

from sklearn.datasets import load_breast_cancer

loaded = load_breast_cancer()

labels = np.reshape(loaded.target, (len(loaded.target),1))

inputs = pd.DataFrame(loaded.data)

names = np.append(loaded.feature_names, 'label')

dataset = pd.DataFrame(np.concatenate([inputs,labels],axis=1))

dataset.columns = names

dataset

Out[2]:

		mean radius	mean texture	mean perimeter	mean area	mean smoothness	mean compactness	mean concavity	mean concave points	mea symmeti
	0	17.99	10.38	122.80	1001.0	0.11840	0.27760	0.30010	0.14710	0.241
	1	20.57	17.77	132.90	1326.0	0.08474	0.07864	0.08690	0.07017	0.181
	2	19.69	21.25	130.00	1203.0	0.10960	0.15990	0.19740	0.12790	0.206
	3	11.42	20.38	77.58	386.1	0.14250	0.28390	0.24140	0.10520	0.259
	4	20.29	14.34	135.10	1297.0	0.10030	0.13280	0.19800	0.10430	0.180
56	64	21.56	22.39	142.00	1479.0	0.11100	0.11590	0.24390	0.13890	0.172
56	65	20.13	28.25	131.20	1261.0	0.09780	0.10340	0.14400	0.09791	0.175
56	66	16.60	28.08	108.30	858.1	0.08455	0.10230	0.09251	0.05302	0.159
56	67	20.60	29.33	140.10	1265.0	0.11780	0.27700	0.35140	0.15200	0.239
56	88	7.76	24.54	47.92	181.0	0.05263	0.04362	0.00000	0.00000	0.158

569 rows × 31 columns

In [3]: #Sort Dataset x = dataset.iloc[:,0:-1].values y = dataset.iloc[:,-1].values

In [4]: #Clean the Dataset

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, StandardScaler
scaler = MinMaxScaler()
x = scaler.fit_transform(x)
```

```
In [5]: #Perform PCA Feature Reduction, train-test split, and train the model for a va
       from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
       from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
       from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
       from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score, cla
       frameLog = []
       modelLog = []
       accuracyLog = []
       precisionLog = []
       recallLog = []
       cols = []
       maxPC = len(x[0])+1
       for k in range(1,maxPC):
           pca = PCA(n\_components = k)
           pcs = pca.fit_transform(x)
           cols.append('PC'+str(k))
           pcFrame = pd.DataFrame(data=pcs,columns=cols)
           frameLog.append(pcFrame)
           xt, xv, yt, yv = train_test_split(pcFrame, y,
                                           train_size = 0.8, test_size = 0.2,
                                           random_state=1337)
           model = LogisticRegression(random_state=1337)
           model.fit(xt,yt);
           modelLog.append(model)
           yp = model.predict(xv)
           print("Classification Report for K={}".format(k))
           print("-----")
           print(classification_report(yv,yp))
           print("Confusion Matrix")
           print(confusion_matrix(yv,yp))
           print("-----\n")
           accuracyLog.append(accuracy_score(yv,yp))
           precisionLog.append(precision_score(yv,yp))
           recallLog.append(recall_score(yv,yp))
```

Classification Report for K=1

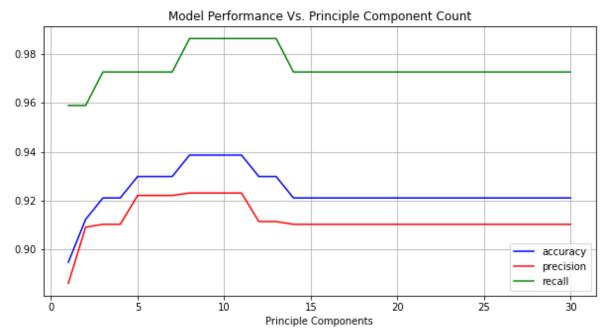
```
precision recall f1-score support
            0.910.780.840.890.960.92
       0.0
                                         41
       1.0
                                        73
                               0.89
                                        114
   accuracy
             0.90 0.87
                              0.88
                                        114
  macro avg
weighted avg
              0.90
                     0.89
                               0.89
                                        114
Confusion Matrix
[[32 9]
[ 3 70]]
```

2 of 5 10/20/2022, 8:25 PM

```
Classification Report for K=2

precision recall f1-score support
```

```
In [6]: #print the training results with a plot
plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"] = (10,5)
plt.grid()
plt.xlabel('Principle Components')
plt.title('Model Performance Vs. Principle Component Count')
plt.plot(range(1,maxPC),accuracyLog,color='blue',label='accuracy')
plt.plot(range(1,maxPC),precisionLog,color='red',label='precision')
plt.plot(range(1,maxPC),recallLog,color='green',label='recall')
plt.legend();
```



3 of 5 10/20/2022, 8:25 PM

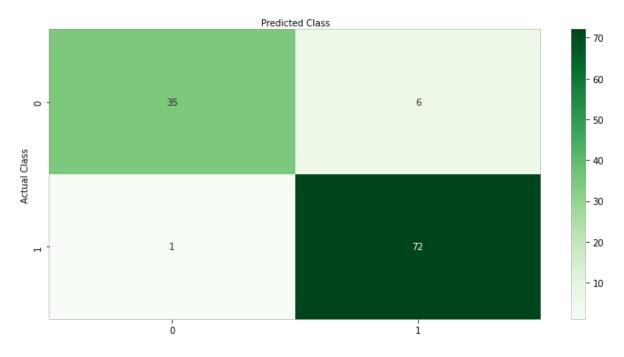
```
In [7]: #Print Best Results
K = accuracyLog.index(max(accuracyLog))
print("According to the plot above, the highest accuracy occurs at a lowest di
xt, xv, yt, yv = train_test_split(frameLog[K], y,train_size = 0.8, test_size =
yp = modelLog[K].predict(xv)
print("Classification Report for K={}".format(K+1))
print("------")
print(classification_report(yv,yp))
```

According to the plot above, the highest accuracy occurs at a lowest dimensionality of K=8

Classification Report for K=8

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0.0	0.97	0.85	0.91	41
1.6	0.92	0.99	0.95	73
accuracy			0.94	114
macro avg	0.95	0.92	0.93	114
weighted avg	0.94	0.94	0.94	114

Confusion Matrix



In []:

5 of 5 10/20/2022, 8:25 PM

In [2]: #Load and Build the Dataset

from sklearn.datasets import load_breast_cancer

loaded = load_breast_cancer()

labels = np.reshape(loaded.target, (len(loaded.target),1))

inputs = pd.DataFrame(loaded.data)

names = np.append(loaded.feature_names, 'label')

dataset = pd.DataFrame(np.concatenate([inputs,labels],axis=1))

dataset.columns = names

dataset

Out[2]:

	mean radius	mean texture	mean perimeter	mean area	mean smoothness	mean compactness	mean concavity	mean concave points	mea symmetr
0	17.99	10.38	122.80	1001.0	0.11840	0.27760	0.30010	0.14710	0.241
1	20.57	17.77	132.90	1326.0	0.08474	0.07864	0.08690	0.07017	0.181
2	19.69	21.25	130.00	1203.0	0.10960	0.15990	0.19740	0.12790	0.206
3	11.42	20.38	77.58	386.1	0.14250	0.28390	0.24140	0.10520	0.259
4	20.29	14.34	135.10	1297.0	0.10030	0.13280	0.19800	0.10430	0.180
564	21.56	22.39	142.00	1479.0	0.11100	0.11590	0.24390	0.13890	0.172
565	20.13	28.25	131.20	1261.0	0.09780	0.10340	0.14400	0.09791	0.175
566	16.60	28.08	108.30	858.1	0.08455	0.10230	0.09251	0.05302	0.159
567	20.60	29.33	140.10	1265.0	0.11780	0.27700	0.35140	0.15200	0.239
568	7.76	24.54	47.92	181.0	0.05263	0.04362	0.00000	0.00000	0.158

569 rows × 31 columns

```
In [3]: #Sort Dataset
x = dataset.iloc[:,0:-1].values
y = dataset.iloc[:,-1].values
```

```
In [4]: #Clean the Dataset
    from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler, StandardScaler
    # scaler = StandardScaler() #MinMaxScaler gave better results.
    scaler = MinMaxScaler()
    x = scaler.fit_transform(x)
```

1 of 5 10/20/2022, 8:26 PM

```
In [5]: #Perform PCA Feature Reduction, train-test split, and train the model for a va
       from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
       from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
       from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
       from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score, cla
       frameLog = []
       modelLog = []
       accuracyLog = []
       precisionLog = []
       recallLog = []
       cols = []
       maxPC = len(x[0])+1
       for k in range(1,maxPC):
           pca = PCA(n\_components = k)
           pcs = pca.fit_transform(x)
           cols.append('PC'+str(k))
           pcFrame = pd.DataFrame(data=pcs,columns=cols)
           frameLog.append(pcFrame)
           xt, xv, yt, yv = train_test_split(pcFrame, y,
                                           train_size = 0.8, test_size = 0.2,
                                           random_state=1337)
           model = GaussianNB()
           model.fit(xt,yt);
           modelLog.append(model)
           yp = model.predict(xv)
           print("Classification Report for K={}".format(k))
           print("-----")
           print(classification_report(yv,yp))
           print("Confusion Matrix")
           print(confusion_matrix(yv,yp))
           print("-----\n")
           accuracyLog.append(accuracy_score(yv,yp))
           precisionLog.append(precision_score(yv,yp))
           recallLog.append(recall_score(yv,yp))
```

Classification Report for K=1

```
precision recall f1-score support
           0.92 0.83 0.87
      0.0
                                     41
      1.0
              0.91
                    0.96
                           0.93
                                    73
                            0.91
                                    114
   accuracy
            0.91 0.89
                           0.90
                                    114
  macro avg
weighted avg
              0.91 0.91
                            0.91
                                     114
Confusion Matrix
[[34 7]
[ 3 70]]
```

2 of 5 10/20/2022, 8:26 PM