INTRODUCTION

This project contains some backgrounds which are not part of computer science. Here introduces adequate information in order to help getting start.

1.1 MOTIVATION

In the 19th century, in Ireland, there was no standard of the spelling of names, handwriting could be difficult to read, contractions or abbreviations were used. Many people was not lliterate, so they asked or dictated literate people to write their names. This way even names with the same pronounciation could be written in many different ways, depending on who wrote them.

Apart from various ways of spelling one's name, people from the time use Irish names which equivalent to modern names, for example, Irish version of *Smith* could be *Gowan*. There are also some Irish prefixes like *O'*, *M'*, *Mac*, etc. When combined together this would result in *O'Gowan* or *M'Gowen*, and so on.

An example list of possible equivalent Irish names of *Smith* could be as follow.

Smith, Smyth, Smythe, Smeeth, Going, Gowing, Maizurn, McGhoon, MaGough, M'Ghoon, MacGivney, MacGivena, M'Givena, MacGhoon, M'Evinie, McGivney, MacEvinie, McGivena, M'Givney, McEvinie, MacAvinue, M'Avinue, McAvinue, McCona, MaGowen, MaGowan, MaGovern, MaGeown, McGowan, McGoween, McGown, M'Cona, MeCowan, MeGowan, MacGowen, MacGowen, MacGowan, MacGowan, M'Gowan, M'Gowen, M'Gown, Ogowan, O'Gowan, Gowen, Gowan, Gow, Goan.

At present time, when historical researchers try to trace people back using historical records, they would encounter this problem of name variations.

Various solutions have been created to find matching different names that refer to the same person. However, for our extent knowledge, there is yet no public system which encodes those solutions together and provides service of name matching. We then decided to create one system to archieve this.

1.2 RESEARCH QUESTIONS

From the motivation, we address our research questions as follow.

- 1. Can we provide a web service to match names, where matching can be a complicated process because of the way people record their names.
- 2. Can the web service act as a platform system for general names or words matching system so that it can be extended to other languages as well.

The first question derives directly from the motivation. The second question is an enhancement for the system. It can be designed as a more general purpose matching system rather than just specified only for Irish names. Therefore it should be extensible for any further matching methods to be developed in the future.

1.3 OBJECTIVE AND AIMS

The objective of this project is to provide a web service that encodes several of matching methods and produces matching results between two list of names.

The project aims to be a part of a bigger system, such as genealogy research. These client systems, at some point, they might need a service of a name matching on demand, so then they can use this web service, providing their lists of name, methods be be used, and threshold as inputs, and get matching results for their further usage.

We would start by focusing on Irish *surname* first. For any further kind of names we would leave it for future works.

1.4 REPORT STRUCTURE

This report is separated into three parts, The Background, The Solution, and Appendix.

- THE BACKGROUND: Current part, states about background of this project. Introduces the initial problem, also some historical situations and terms which are not resident to computer science.
- THE SOLUTION: The implementation to solve the problem. Details about algorithm, tools, language, frameworks, etc. which being used in the project.
- APPENDIX: The 'user manual' of the project. Presents technical aspects, for example, how to use the web service, or how to create an environment to host this project.

Matching methods implemented at the initial state of this project are Levenshtein Distance, Soundex, Irish Soundex, and Lookup Table. From research questions on section 1.2, there are three aforementioned terms that will be core research fields of this project. These fields are *name matching*, *web service*, and *extensible platform*.

2.1 NAME MATCHING

There are many methods for matching names. This project encodes various of them at the starting state.

2.1.1 Edit distance

Edit distance is a way of quantifying how dissimilar two strings (e.g., words) are to one another by counting the minimum number of operations required to transform one string into the other. – Edit distance, Wikipedia [16]

An direct string operation way of comparing two string could work with name matching too. Levenshtein distance [17] is chosen to be implemented in this project.

2.1.2 Soundex

Soundex [1] encodes a name (or any string) into a 4 character code which represents an essence of its sound as pronounced in English. The idea is to encode letters with similar sound into the same group, and ignore vowels (unless it is the first letter). For example, *Smith* is translated to \$530, and *Simon* is translated to \$550.

Irish Soundex¹ is a modified version of Soundex, aims to improve capability of a traditional one upon Irish surnames. By applying rules accroding to the language characteristics and make some adjustment to distinguish names properly.

Both Soundex variants are also implemented in the project.

2.1.3 Lookup Table

In 1901, Robert Edwin Matheson, the assistant registrar-general in Dublin, developed a name classification system [7] for an aid of regis-

^{1 [18]} Appendix 3.

ter indexing and searching. He used a report on surnames in Ireland extracted from civil registers [6] in 1894 as a base of his system ².

He gathered information from registry offices, focusing on people or members of close families. When these people made official register records with the office, they might use different variant of their surnames. For example, Mr. Green can be registered as dead by his son using the name Huneen.

With these information, Matheson classified the surnames in Ireland into 2091 groups. For example, group 753 consists of these names.

Green, Greenan, greenaway, greene, grene, Guerin, Houneen, Huneen, MacAlasher, MacAlesher, MacGlashan, MacGlashin, MacIllesher, M'Alasher, McAlasher, McAlasher, McGlashan, McGlashin, McIllesher, M'Glashan, M'Glashin, M'Illesher, Oonin.

This classification also includes multiple mapping between names. One name can belong to one or more group. For example, *Green* belongs to groups 753, 754, 768, and 1350.

By using this classification information, we can construct a lookup table for Irish names by having names in the same group hold the same reference number.

2.2 WEB SERVICE

One convenient way to bring this service to public is to create a *web service*. A web service is a tool or function that can be accessed by other programs over the web (via http) [9]. A result from web service is designed to be used by computer programs rather than humans.

There are many ways to implement web services. Two famous ones are *Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP)* and *Representational State Transfer (REST)*. Both has their own advantages [13]. We decided to implement our service using REST due to its simplicity and scalability [8][4].

At this initial state, data resulting from our web service is in JSON [5] format. Since it is widely used in web development and becoming more and more popular [3]. However, our service can be extended into any other format easily as well, such as traditional XML.

2.3 EXTENSIBLE FRAMEWORK

"Ruby is designed to make programmers happy." [15]

Our system is implemented in *Ruby* [10] programming language. Ruby is a well-balanced language, it can be used as an traditional object-oriented language [14] and also capable of performing functional programming [11], thus making it very flexible and versatile.

^{2 [18]} section 2.3.

The system sits on top of *Ruby on Rails* (or *Rails*, in short) [12] framework. Rails is a mature and stable framework that has been in web development for decades [2]. So it has a great support and a large community bebind. A great choice for building a sustainable system.

Part I THE SOLUTION

Part II

THE SHOWCASE

You can put some informational part preamble text here. Illo principalmente su nos. Non message *occidental* angloromanic da. Debitas effortio simplificate sia se, auxiliar summarios da que, se avantiate publicationes via. Pan in terra summarios, capital interlingua se que. Al via multo esser specimen, campo responder que da. Le usate medical addresses pro, europa origine sanctificate nos se.

INTRODUCTION

This template for LATEX has two goals:

- 1. Provide students with an easy-to-use template for their Master's or PhD thesis (though it might also be used by other types of authors for reports, books, etc.).
- 2. Provide a classic, high-quality typographic style that is inspired by "The Elements of Typographic Style".

The bundle is configured to run with a *full* MiKT_EX or T_EXLive installation right away and, therefore, it uses only freely available fonts.

People interested only in the nice style and not the whole bundle can now use the style stand-alone via the file classicthesis.sty. This works now also with "plain" LATEX.

As of version 3.0, classicthesis can also be easily used with L_YX^1 thanks to Nicholas Mariette and Ivo Pletikosić. The L_YX version of this manual will contain more information on the details.

This should enable anyone with a basic knowledge of \LaTeX 2 $_{\epsilon}$ or \LaTeX to produce beautiful documents without too much effort. In the end, this is my overall goal: more beautiful documents, especially theses, as I am tired of seeing so many ugly ones.

The whole template and the used style is released under the GNU General Public License.

If you like the style then I would appreciate a postcard:

Andre Miede Detmolder Strasse 32 31737 Rinteln Germany

The postcards I received so far are available at:

http://postcards.miede.de

So far, many theses, some books, and several other publications have been typeset successfully with it. If you are interested in some typographic details behind it, enjoy Robert Bringhurst's wonderful book.

IMPORTANT NOTE: Some things of this style might look unusual at first glance, many people feel so in the beginning. However, all things are intentionally designed to be as they are, especially these:

Web service for 19th century Irish personal name matchingversion 0.1

A well-balanced line width improves the legibility of the text. That's what typography is all about, right?

¹ http://www.lyx.org

- No bold fonts are used. Italics or spaced small caps do the job quite well.
- The size of the text body is intentionally shaped like it is. It supports both legibility and allows a reasonable amount of information to be on a page. And, no: the lines are not too short.
- The tables intentionally do not use vertical or double rules. See
 the documentation for the booktabs package for a nice discussion of this topic.²
- And last but not least, to provide the reader with a way easier access to page numbers in the table of contents, the page numbers are right behind the titles. Yes, they are not neatly aligned at the right side and they are not connected with dots that help the eye to bridge a distance that is not necessary. If you are still not convinced: is your reader interested in the page number or does she want to sum the numbers up?

Therefore, please do not break the beauty of the style by changing these things unless you really know what you are doing! Please.

3.1 ORGANIZATION

A very important factor for successful thesis writing is the organization of the material. This template suggests a structure as the following:

- Chapters/ is where all the "real" content goes in separate files such as Chapter01.tex etc.
- FrontBackMatter/ is where all the stuff goes that surrounds the "real" content, such as the acknowledgments, dedication, etc.
- gfx/ is where you put all the graphics you use in the thesis. Maybe they should be organized into subfolders depending on the chapter they are used in, if you have a lot of graphics.
- Bibliography.bib: the BibTEX database to organize all the references you might want to cite.
- classicthesis.sty: the style definition to get this awesome look and feel. Bonus: works with both LATEX and PDFLATEX...and LyX.
- ClassicThesis.tcp a TeXnicCenter project file. Great tool and it's free!

http://www.ctan.org/tex-archive/macros/latex/contrib/booktabs/.

You can use these margins for summaries of the text body...

² To be found online at

- ClassicThesis.tex: the main file of your thesis where all the content gets bundled together.
- classicthesis-config.tex: a central place to load all nifty packages that are used. In there, you can also activate backrefs in order to have information in the bibliography about where a source was cited in the text (i. e., the page number).

Make your changes and adjustments here. This means that you specify here the options you want to load classicthesis.sty with. You also adjust the title of your thesis, your name, and all similar information here. Refer to Section 3.3 for more information.

This had to change as of version 3.0 in order to enable an easy transition from the "basic" style to LyX.

In total, this should get you started in no time.

3.2 STYLE OPTIONS

There are a couple of options for classicthesis.sty that allow for a bit of freedom concerning the layout:

- General:
 - drafting: prints the date and time at the bottom of each page, so you always know which version you are dealing with. Might come in handy not to give your Prof. that old draft.
- Parts and Chapters:
 - parts: if you use Part divisions for your document, you should choose this option. (Cannot be used together with nochapters.)
 - nochapters: allows to use the look-and-feel with classes that do not use chapters, e.g., for articles. Automatically turns off a couple of other options: eulerchapternumbers, linedheaders, listsseparated, and parts.
 - Linedheaders: changes the look of the chapter headings a bit by adding a horizontal line above the chapter title. The chapter number will also be moved to the top of the page, above the chapter title.
- Typography:
 - eulerchapternumbers: use figures from Hermann Zapf's Euler math font for the chapter numbers. By default, old style figures from the Palatino font are used.
 - beramono: loads Bera Mono as typewriter font. (Default setting is using the standard CM typewriter font.)

...or your supervisor might use the margins for some comments of her own while reading.

- eulermath: loads the awesome Euler fonts for math. (Palatino is used as default font.)
- pdfspacing: makes use of pdftex' letter spacing capabilities via the microtype package.³ This fixes some serious issues regarding math formulæ etc. (e. g., "β") in headers.
- minionprospacing: uses the internal textssc command of the MinionPro package for letter spacing. This automatically enables the minionpro option and overrides the pdfspacing option.

Table of Contents:

- tocaligned: aligns the whole table of contents on the left side. Some people like that, some don't.
- dottedtoc: sets pagenumbers flushed right in the table of contents.
- manychapters: if you need more than nine chapters for your document, you might not be happy with the spacing between the chapter number and the chapter title in the Table of Contents. This option allows for additional space in this context. However, it does not look as "perfect" if you use \parts for structuring your document.

• Floats:

- listings: loads the listings package (if not already done) and configures the List of Listings accordingly.
- floatperchapter: activates numbering per chapter for all floats such as figures, tables, and listings (if used).
- subfig(ure): is passed to the tocloft package to enable compatibility with the subfig(ure) package. Use this option if you want use classicthesis with the subfig package.

The best way to figure these options out is to try the different possibilities and see, what you and your supervisor like best.

In order to make things easier in general, classicthesis-config.tex contains some useful commands that might help you.

3.3 CUSTOMIZATION

This section will give you some hints about how to adapt classicthesis to your needs.

The file classicthesis.sty contains the core functionality of the style and in most cases will be left intact, whereas the file classicthesis-config.tex is used for some common user customizations.

 $^{\,3\,}$ Use microtype's DVI output option to generate DVI with pdftex.

The first customization you are about to make is to alter the document title, author name, and other thesis details. In order to do this, replace the data in the following lines of classicthesis-config.tex:

\newcommand{\myTitle}{A Classic Thesis Style\xspace}
\newcommand{\mySubtitle}{An Homage to ...\xspace}
\newcommand{\myDegree}{Doktor-Ingenieur (Dr.-Ing.)\xspace}

Modifications in classic-thesis-config.tex

Further customization can be made in classicthesis-config.tex by choosing the options to classicthesis.sty (see Section 3.2) in a line that looks like this:

\PassOptionsToPackage{eulerchapternumbers, listings, drafting,
 pdfspacing, subfig, beramono, eulermath, parts}{classicthesis}

If you want to use backreferences from your citations to the pages they were cited on, change the following line from:

\setboolean{enable-backrefs}{false}

to

\setboolean{enable-backrefs}{true}

Many other customizations in classicthesis-config.tex are possible, but you should be careful making changes there, since some changes could cause errors.

Finally, changes can be made in the file classicthesis.sty, although this is mostly not designed for user customization. The main change that might be made here is the text-block size, for example, to get longer lines of text.

Modifications in classicthesis.sty

3.4 ISSUES

This section will list some information about problems using classicthesis in general or using it with other packages.

Beta versions of classicthesis can be found at the following Google code repository:

http://code.google.com/p/classicthesis/

There, you can also post serious bugs and problems you encounter.

Compatibility with the glossaries Package

If you want to use the glossaries package, take care of loading it with the following options:

\usepackage[style=long,nolist]{glossaries}

Thanks to Sven Staehs for this information.

Compatibility with the (Spanish) babel Package

Spanish languages need an extra option in order to work with this template:

\usepackage[spanish,es-lcroman]{babel}

Thanks to an unknown person for this information (via Google Code issue reporting).

Compatibility with the pdfsync Package

Using the pdfsync package leads to linebreaking problems with the graffito command. Thanks to Henrik Schumacher for this information.

3.5 FUTURE WORK

So far, this is a quite stable version that served a couple of people well during their thesis time. However, some things are still not as they should be. Proper documentation in the standard format is still missing. In the long run, the style should probably be published separately, with the template bundle being only an application of the style. Alas, there is no time for that at the moment...it could be a nice task for a small group of LATEXnicians.

Please do not send me email with questions concerning LATEX or the template, as I do not have time for an answer. But if you have comments, suggestions, or improvements for the style or the template in general, do not hesitate to write them on that postcard of yours.

3.6 LICENSE

GNU GENERAL PUBLIC LICENSE: This program is free software; you can redistribute it and/or modify it under the terms of the GNU General Public License as published by the Free Software Foundation; either version 2 of the License, or (at your option) any later version.

This program is distributed in the hope that it will be useful, but without any warranty; without even the implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. See the GNU General Public License for more details.

EXAMPLES

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

4.1 A NEW SECTION

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Examples: Italics, ALL CAPS, SMALL CAPS, LOW SMALL CAPS¹.

4.1.1 Test for a Subsection

Nulla malesuada porttitor diam. Donec felis erat, congue non, volutpat at, tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivamus viverra fermentum felis. Donec nonummy pellentesque ante. Phasellus adipiscing semper elit. Proin fermentum massa ac quam. Sed diam turpis, molestie vitae, placerat a, molestie nec, leo. Maecenas lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, eleifend at, accumsan nec, suscipit a, ipsum. Morbi blandit ligula feugiat magna. Nunc eleifend consequat lorem. Sed lacinia nulla vitae enim. Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non enim. Praesent euismod nunc eu purus. Donec bibendum quam in tellus. Note: The content of this chapter is just some dummy text.

¹ Footnote example.

Nullam cursus pulvinar lectus. Donec et mi. Nam vulputate metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis eu massa.

Quisque ullamcorper placerat ipsum. Cras nibh. Morbi vel justo vitae lacus tincidunt ultrices. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Integer tempus convallis augue. Etiam facilisis. Nunc elementum fermentum wisi. Aenean placerat. Ut imperdiet, enim sed gravida sollicitudin, felis odio placerat quam, ac pulvinar elit purus eget enim. Nunc vitae tortor. Proin tempus nibh sit amet nisl. Vivamus quis tortor vitae risus porta vehicula.

Fusce mauris. Vestibulum luctus nibh at lectus. Sed bibendum, nulla a faucibus semper, leo velit ultricies tellus, ac venenatis arcu wisi vel nisl. Vestibulum diam. Aliquam pellentesque, augue quis sagittis posuere, turpis lacus congue quam, in hendrerit risus eros eget felis. Maecenas eget erat in sapien mattis porttitor. Vestibulum porttitor. Nulla facilisi. Sed a turpis eu lacus commodo facilisis. Morbi fringilla, wisi in dignissim interdum, justo lectus sagittis dui, et vehicula libero dui cursus dui. Mauris tempor ligula sed lacus. Duis cursus enim ut augue. Cras ac magna. Cras nulla. Nulla egestas. Curabitur a leo. Quisque egestas wisi eget nunc. Nam feugiat lacus vel est. Curabitur consectetuer.

4.1.2 Autem Timeam

Suspendisse vel felis. Ut lorem lorem, interdum eu, tincidunt sit amet, laoreet vitae, arcu. Aenean faucibus pede eu ante. Praesent enim elit, rutrum at, molestie non, nonummy vel, nisl. Ut lectus eros, malesuada sit amet, fermentum eu, sodales cursus, magna. Donec eu purus. Quisque vehicula, urna sed ultricies auctor, pede lorem egestas dui, et convallis elit erat sed nulla. Donec luctus. Curabitur et nunc. Aliquam dolor odio, commodo pretium, ultricies non, pharetra in, velit. Integer arcu est, nonummy in, fermentum faucibus, egestas vel, odio.

4.2 ANOTHER SECTION IN THIS CHAPTER

Sed commodo posuere pede. Mauris ut est. Ut quis purus. Sed ac odio. Sed vehicula hendrerit sem. Duis non odio. Morbi ut dui. Sed accumsan risus eget odio. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Pellentesque non elit. Fusce sed justo eu urna porta tincidunt. Mauris felis odio, sollicitudin sed, volutpat a, ornare ac, erat. Morbi quis dolor. Donec pellentesque, erat ac sagittis semper, nunc dui lobortis purus, quis congue purus metus ultricies tellus. Proin et quam. Class aptent taciti sociosqu ad litora torquent per conubia nostra, per inceptos hymenaeos. Praesent sapien turpis, fermentum vel, eleifend faucibus, vehicula eu, lacus.

Sia ma sine svedese americas. Asia representantes un nos, un altere membros qui.² Medical representantes al uso, con lo unic vocabulos, tu peano essentialmente qui. Lo malo laborava anteriormente uso.

DESCRIPTION-LABEL TEST: Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Donec odio elit, dictum in, hendrerit sit amet, egestas sed, leo. Praesent feugiat sapien aliquet odio. Integer vitae justo. Aliquam vestibulum fringilla lorem. Sed neque lectus, consectetuer at, consectetuer sed, eleifend ac, lectus. Nulla facilisi. Pellentesque eget lectus. Proin eu metus. Sed porttitor. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Suspendisse eu lectus. Ut mi mi, lacinia sit amet, placerat et, mollis vitae, dui. Sed ante tellus, tristique ut, iaculis eu, malesuada ac, dui. Mauris nibh leo, facilisis non, adipiscing quis, ultrices a, dui.

LABEL TEST 2: Morbi luctus, wisi viverra faucibus pretium, nibh est placerat odio, nec commodo wisi enim eget quam. Quisque libero justo, consectetuer a, feugiat vitae, porttitor eu, libero. Suspendisse sed mauris vitae elit sollicitudin malesuada. Maecenas ultricies eros sit amet ante. Ut venenatis velit. Maecenas sed mi eget dui varius euismod. Phasellus aliquet volutpat odio. Vestibulum ante ipsum primis in faucibus orci luctus et ultrices posuere cubilia Curae; Pellentesque sit amet pede ac sem eleifend consectetuer. Nullam elementum, urna vel imperdiet sodales, elit ipsum pharetra ligula, ac pretium ante justo a nulla. Curabitur tristique arcu eu metus. Vestibulum lectus. Proin mauris. Proin eu nunc eu urna hendrerit faucibus. Aliquam auctor, pede consequat laoreet varius, eros tellus scelerisque quam, pellentesque hendrerit ipsum dolor sed augue. Nulla nec lacus.

This statement requires citation.

4.2.1 Personas Initialmente

Suspendisse vitae elit. Aliquam arcu neque, ornare in, ullamcorper quis, commodo eu, libero. Fusce sagittis erat at erat tristique mollis. Maecenas sapien libero, molestie et, lobortis in, sodales eget, dui. Morbi ultrices rutrum lorem. Nam elementum ullamcorper leo. Morbi dui. Aliquam sagittis. Nunc placerat. Pellentesque tristique sodales est. Maecenas imperdiet lacinia velit. Cras non urna. Morbi eros pede, suscipit ac, varius vel, egestas non, eros. Praesent malesuada, diam id pretium elementum, eros sem dictum tortor, vel consectetuer odio sem sed wisi.

² De web nostre historia angloromanic.

LABITUR BONORUM PRI NO	QUE VISTA	HUMAN
fastidii ea ius	germano	demonstratea
suscipit instructior	titulo	personas
quaestio philosophia	facto	demonstrated

Table 1: Autem timeam deleniti usu id.

A Subsubsection

Sed feugiat. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Ut pellentesque augue sed urna. Vestibulum diam eros, fringilla et, consectetuer eu, nonummy id, sapien. Nullam at lectus. In sagittis ultrices mauris. Curabitur malesuada erat sit amet massa. Fusce blandit. Aliquam erat volutpat. Aliquam euismod. Aenean vel lectus. Nunc imperdiet justo nec dolor.

A PARAGRAPH EXAMPLE Etiam euismod. Fusce facilisis lacinia dui. Suspendisse potenti. In mi erat, cursus id, nonummy sed, ullamcorper eget, sapien. Praesent pretium, magna in eleifend egestas, pede pede pretium lorem, quis consectetuer tortor sapien facilisis magna. Mauris quis magna varius nulla scelerisque imperdiet. Aliquam non quam. Aliquam porttitor quam a lacus. Praesent vel arcu ut tortor cursus volutpat. In vitae pede quis diam bibendum placerat. Fusce elementum convallis neque. Sed dolor orci, scelerisque ac, dapibus nec, ultricies ut, mi. Duis nec dui quis leo sagittis commodo.

- A. Enumeration with small caps
- в. Second item

Another statement requiring citation but this time with text after the citation.

4.2.2 *Figure Citations*

Veni introduction es pro, qui finalmente demonstrate il. E tamben anglese programma uno. Sed le debitas demonstrate. Non russo existe o, facite linguistic registrate se nos. Gymnasios, e.g., sanctificate sia le, publicate Figure 1 methodicamente e qui.

Lo sed apprende instruite. Que altere responder su, pan ma, i.e., signo studio. Figure 1b Instruite preparation le duo, asia altere tentation web su. Via unic facto rapide de, iste questiones methodicamente o uno, nos al.

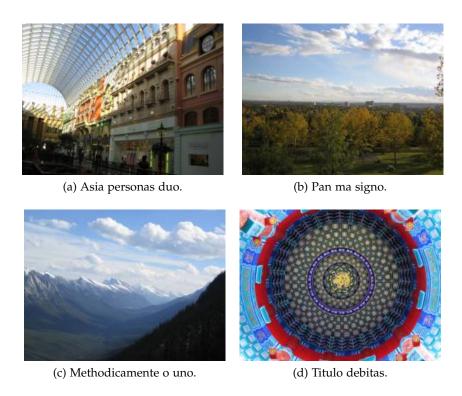


Figure 1: Tu duo titulo debitas latente.

Aliquam lectus. Vivamus leo. Quisque ornare tellus ullamcorper nulla. Mauris porttitor pharetra tortor. Sed fringilla justo sed mauris. Mauris tellus. Sed non leo. Nullam elementum, magna in cursus sodales, augue est scelerisque sapien, venenatis congue nulla arcu et pede. Ut suscipit enim vel sapien. Donec congue. Maecenas urna mi, suscipit in, placerat ut, vestibulum ut, massa. Fusce ultrices nulla et nisl.

5.1 SOME FORMULAS

Due to the statistical nature of ionisation energy loss, large fluctuations can occur in the amount of energy deposited by a particle traversing an absorber element¹. Continuous processes such as multiple scattering and energy loss play a relevant role in the longitudinal and lateral development of electromagnetic and hadronic showers, and in the case of sampling calorimeters the measured resolution can be significantly affected by such fluctuations in their active layers. The description of ionisation fluctuations is characterised by the significance parameter κ , which is proportional to the ratio of mean energy loss to the maximum allowed energy transfer in a single collision with an atomic electron:

$$\kappa = \frac{\xi}{E_{max}} \tag{1}$$

 E_{max} is the maximum transferable energy in a single collision with an atomic electron.

$$E_{max} = \frac{2m_e\beta^2\gamma^2}{1+2\gamma m_e/m_x + \left(m_e/m_x\right)^2} \; , \label{eq:emax}$$

where $\gamma=E/m_x$, E is energy and m_x the mass of the incident particle, $\beta^2=1-1/\gamma^2$ and m_e is the electron mass. ξ comes from the Rutherford scattering cross section and is defined as:

$$\xi = \frac{2\pi z^2 e^4 N_{AV} Z \rho \delta x}{m_o \beta^2 c^2 A} = 153.4 \frac{z^2}{\beta^2} \frac{Z}{A} \rho \delta x \quad \text{keV},$$

where

You might get

unexpected results
using math in chapter
or section heads.
Consider the
pdfspacing option.

¹ Examples taken from Walter Schmidt's great gallery: http://home.vrweb.de/~was/mathfonts.html

z charge of the incident particle

N_{Av} Avogadro's number

Z atomic number of the material

A atomic weight of the material

ρ density

 δx thickness of the material

 κ measures the contribution of the collisions with energy transfer close to E_{max} . For a given absorber, κ tends towards large values if δx is large and/or if β is small. Likewise, κ tends towards zero if δx is small and/or if β approaches 1.

The value of κ distinguishes two regimes which occur in the description of ionisation fluctuations:

- 1. A large number of collisions involving the loss of all or most of the incident particle energy during the traversal of an absorber.
 - As the total energy transfer is composed of a multitude of small energy losses, we can apply the central limit theorem and describe the fluctuations by a Gaussian distribution. This case is applicable to non-relativistic particles and is described by the inequality $\kappa > 10$ (i. e., when the mean energy loss in the absorber is greater than the maximum energy transfer in a single collision).
- 2. Particles traversing thin counters and incident electrons under any conditions.

The relevant inequalities and distributions are $0.01 < \kappa < 10$, Vavilov distribution, and $\kappa < 0.01$, Landau distribution.

5.2 VARIOUS MATHEMATICAL EXAMPLES

If n > 2, the identity

$$t[u_1,\ldots,u_n]=t\big[t[u_1,\ldots,u_{n_1}],t[u_2,\ldots,u_n]\big]$$

defines $t[u_1, \ldots, u_n]$ recursively, and it can be shown that the alternative definition

$$t[u_1,...,u_n] = t[t[u_1,u_2],...,t[u_{n-1},u_n]]$$

gives the same result.

Part III APPENDIX



APPENDIX TEST

Aliquam lectus. Vivamus leo. Quisque ornare tellus ullamcorper nulla. Mauris porttitor pharetra tortor. Sed fringilla justo sed mauris. Mauris tellus. Sed non leo. Nullam elementum, magna in cursus sodales, augue est scelerisque sapien, venenatis congue nulla arcu et pede. Ut suscipit enim vel sapien. Donec congue. Maecenas urna mi, suscipit in, placerat ut, vestibulum ut, massa. Fusce ultrices nulla et nisl.

Etiam ac leo a risus tristique nonummy. Donec dignissim tincidunt nulla. Vestibulum rhoncus molestie odio. Sed lobortis, justo et pretium lobortis, mauris turpis condimentum augue, nec ultricies nibh arcu pretium enim. Nunc purus neque, placerat id, imperdiet sed, pellentesque nec, nisl. Vestibulum imperdiet neque non sem accumsan laoreet. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Etiam condimentum facilisis libero. Suspendisse in elit quis nisl aliquam dapibus. Pellentesque auctor sapien. Sed egestas sapien nec lectus. Pellentesque vel dui vel neque bibendum viverra. Aliquam porttitor nisl nec pede. Proin mattis libero vel turpis. Donec rutrum mauris et libero. Proin euismod porta felis. Nam lobortis, metus quis elementum commodo, nunc lectus elementum mauris, eget vulputate ligula tellus eu neque. Vivamus eu dolor.

A.1 APPENDIX SECTION TEST

Nulla in ipsum. Praesent eros nulla, congue vitae, euismod ut, commodo a, wisi. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Aenean nonummy magna non leo. Sed felis erat, ullamcorper in, dictum non, ultricies ut, lectus. Proin vel arcu a odio lobortis euismod. Vestibulum ante ipsum primis in faucibus orci luctus et ultrices posuere cubilia Curae; Proin ut est. Aliquam odio. Pellentesque massa turpis, cursus eu, euismod nec, tempor congue, nulla. Duis viverra gravida mauris. Cras tincidunt. Curabitur eros ligula, varius ut, pulvinar in, cursus faucibus, augue.

More dummy text

LABITUR BONORUM PRI NO	QUE VISTA	HUMAN
fastidii ea ius	germano	demonstratea
suscipit instructior	titulo	personas
quaestio philosophia	facto	demonstrated

Table 2: Autem usu id.

Listing 1: A floating example

```
for i:=maxint to 0 do
begin
{ do nothing }
end;
```

A.2 ANOTHER APPENDIX SECTION TEST

Your own text.

A.2.1 Sub

Sed feugiat. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Ut pellentesque augue sed urna. Vestibulum diam eros, fringilla et, consectetuer eu, nonummy id, sapien. Nullam at lectus. In sagittis ultrices mauris. Curabitur malesuada erat sit amet massa. Fusce blandit. Aliquam erat volutpat. Aliquam euismod. Aenean vel lectus. Nunc imperdiet justo nec dolor.

[1] National Archives and Records Administration. *The Soundex Indexing System*. May 2007. URL http://www.archives.gov/

research/census/soundex.html. accessed May 4th, 2015.

[2] Kresimir Bojcic. What are the Benefits of Ruby on Rails? After Two Decades of Programming, I Use Rails. 2013. URL http://www.toptal.com/ruby-on-rails/ after-two-decades-of-programming-i-use-rails. accessed th, 2015.

- [3] Hussain Fakhruddin. *JSON or XML Which Data Format Is Better For Developers?* April 2015. URL http://teks.co.in/site/blog/json-or-xml-which-data-format-is-better-for-developers/. accessed May 5th, 2015.
- [4] Steve Francia. *REST Vs SOAP, The Difference Between Soap And Rest.* Jan 2010. URL http://spf13.com/post/soap-vs-rest. accessed May 5th, 2015.
- [5] Introducing JSON. *json.org*. 2015. URL http://www.json.org. accessed May 5th, 2015.
- [6] Robert Edwin Matheson. Special report on surnames in Ireland. 1894. URL https://archive.org/details/cu31924029805540. accessed May 4th, 2015.
- [7] Robert Edwin Matheson. Varieties and synonymes of surnames and christian names in Ireland. 1901. URL https://archive.org/details/varietiessynony00math. accessed May 4th, 2015.
- [8] John Mueller. Understanding SOAP and REST Basics. Jan 2013. URL http://blog.smartbear.com/apis/understanding-soap-and-rest-basics/. accessed May 5th, 2015.
- [9] Vincent Ramdhanie. What is a 'web service' in plain English? Oct 2008. URL http://stackoverflow.com/a/226159/459794. accessed May 5th, 2015.
- [10] ruby lang.org. *Ruby, a programmer's best friend*. 2015. URL https://www.ruby-lang.org/en/. accessed May 6th, 2015.
- [11] ruby lang.org. *About Ruby*. 2015. URL https://www.ruby-lang.org/en/about/. accessed May 6th, 2015.

- [12] rubyonrails.org. Web development that doesn't hurt. 2015. URL http://rubyonrails.org. accessed May 6th, 2015.
- [13] The Java EE 6 Tutorial. *Types of Web Services*. 2013. URL http://docs.oracle.com/javaee/6/tutorial/doc/giqsx.html. accessed May 5th, 2015.
- [14] tutorialspoint.com. Object Oriented Ruby. 2015. URL http://www.tutorialspoint.com/ruby/ruby_object_oriented.htm. accessed May 6th, 2015.
- [15] Bill Venners. *The Philosophy of Ruby*. Sep 2003. URL http://www.artima.com/intv/rubyP.html. accessed May 6th, 2015.
- [16] Wikipedia. *Edit distance*. 2015. URL http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Edit_distance. accessed May 4th, 2015.
- [17] Wikipedia. Levenshtein distance. 2015. URL http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Levenshtein_distance. accessed May 4th, 2015.
- [18] Adam Winstanley. *Identifying People on the Morpeth Roll*. July 2014. Postgraduate Diploma in Genealogical, Palaeographic & Heraldic Studies 2013-14.

COLOPHON

This document was typeset using the typographical look-and-feel classicthesis developed by André Miede. The style was inspired by Robert Bringhurst's seminal book on typography "The Elements of Typographic Style". classicthesis is available for both LATEX and LXX:

http://code.google.com/p/classicthesis/

Happy users of classicthesis usually send a real postcard to the author, a collection of postcards received so far is featured here:

http://postcards.miede.de/

DECLARATION	
Put your declaration here.	
Co. Kildare, Ireland, April 2015	
	Phattara Wangrungarun, May 6, 2015