

# Mobile Application Store Product API Design Document

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## Introduction

This document defines the design for the Mobile Application Store Product API, which is a core component of the Mobile Application Store.

## Overview

The Product API Service component of the Mobile Application Store is used to allow end-Consumers and Administrators the ability to interact with the products that are stored in the Mobile Application Store. The Product API Service is critical to the overall success of the Mobile Application Store, since the vast majority of revenue generated by the store will be through Consumer interactions with the product catalog, and the Service is the primary broker for this interaction.

Consumers are able to search for content across all categories (application, ringtone, and wallpaper) through a rich search interface. Consumer content searches may query for content across nearly every aspect of a content item, and present the full list of matching content items back to the consumer.

Administrators may likewise search for content similarly to Consumers, but they also have the ability to manage content by adding, editing, or deleting individual content items. Application developers may also manage content similarly to Administrators.

## Requirements

This section defines the requirements for the Product API Service system component. Given that future sprints will incorporate authentication and authorization (Authentication Service) and that the Product API Service will need to interact with the Authentication Service, the design accounts for the notion of **protecting restricted interface** use cases, and will use a mock authentication token for now (for example, see requirements #1 and #4 in “Product API Requirements” from *MobileApplicationStoreProductAPIRequirements.pdf*).

Administrators and Application Developers that have a GUID access token should be able to add Countries, Devices, and Content to the product catalog via CSV import files loaded through the Importer. When Content items are added to the product catalog they should be

validated to include all required fields. The Importer will handle allowing items to be added to the product catalog.

Consumers may search for content across several different content criteria. The SearchEngine allows consumers, administrator, and application developers to execute content searches.

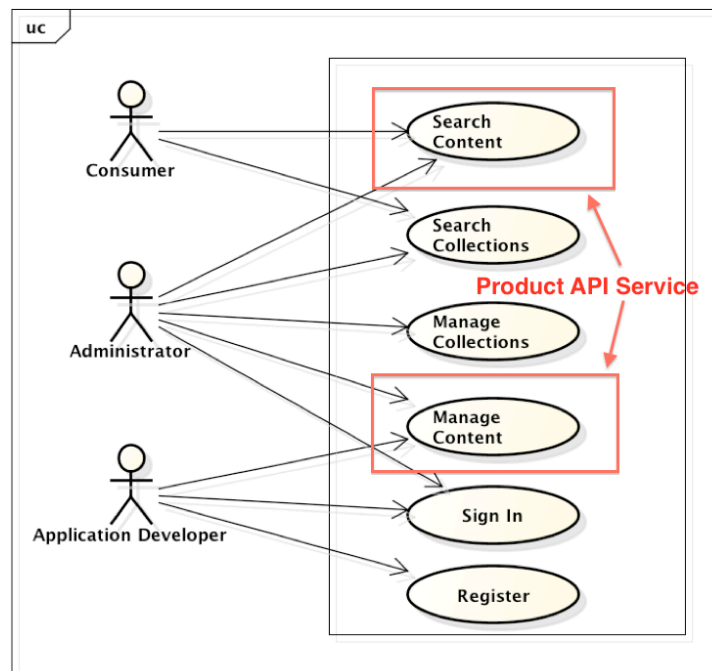
More specific details on the requirements are found in the *MobileApplicationStoreProductAPIRequirements.pdf* document.

## Use Cases

The following use case diagram shows the major functional tasks that each type of user of the Mobile Application Store can perform; the use cases surrounded with red boxes denote those that the Product API Service is responsible for. In future sprint iterations the other use cases will be built out separately from the Product API Service.

This design supports the following use cases:

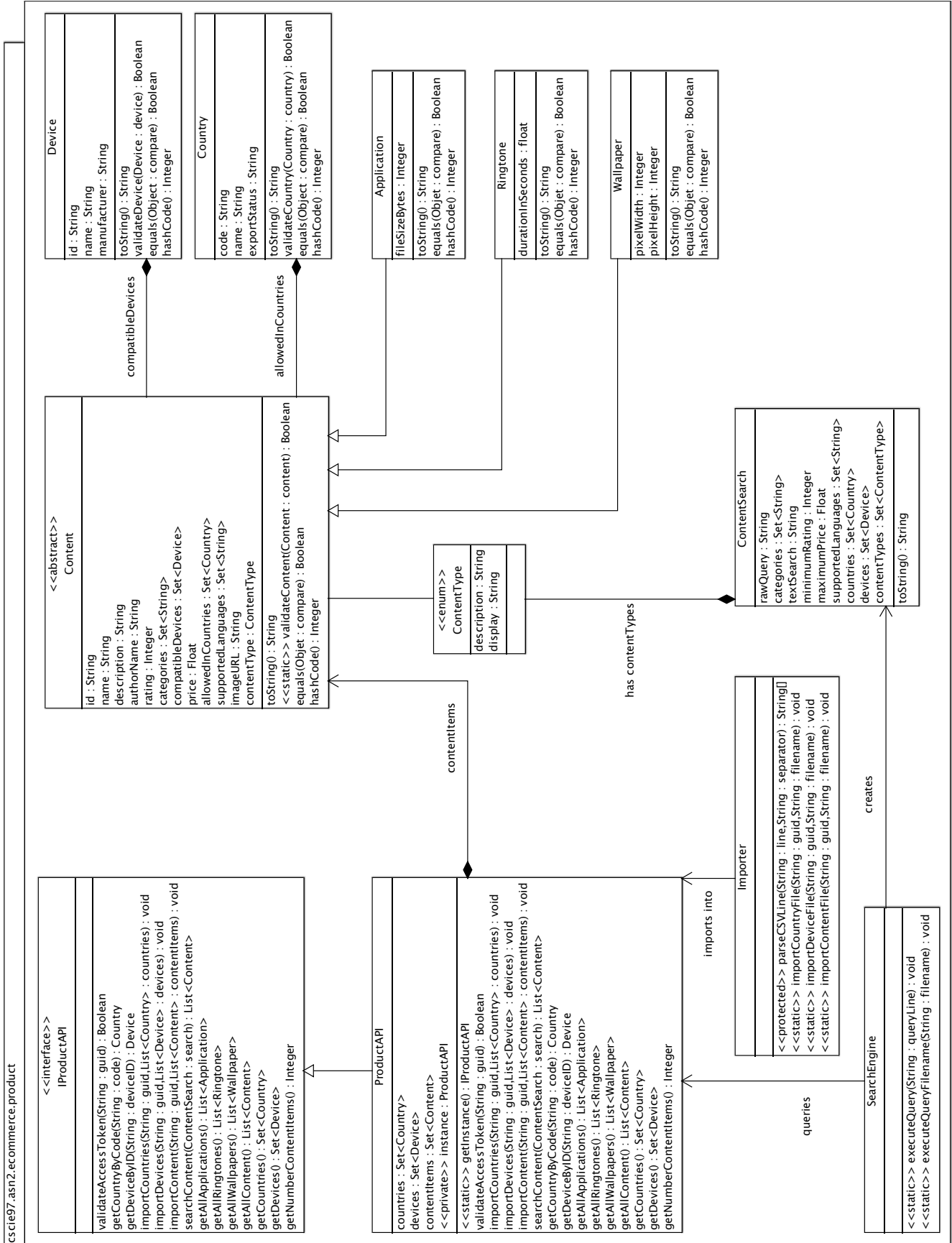
- Search Content (may be performed by Consumers or Administrators)
- Manage Content (may be performed by either Administrators or Application Developers)



## Class Diagram

The following class diagram defines the classes defined in this design.

Mobile Application Store Product API Design Document  
CSCI E-97 Assignment 2  
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## Class Dictionary

This section specifies the class dictionary for the Product API. The classes should be defined within the package “cscie97.asn2.ecommerce.product”.

### ProductAPI

The ProductAPI is responsible for the public interface for interacting with the product catalog, for end-consumers, application developers, and administrations. The ProductAPI is a singleton and follows the Singleton design pattern. The contentItems property contains references to the entire product catalog of content items.

#### Methods

Method Name	Signature	Description
getInstance	() : ProductAPI	This method returns a reference to the single static instance of ProductAPI.
validateAccessToken	(String : guid) : bool	If the guid passed is a valid authentication token, returns true; false otherwise. Currently the guids passed to this method will be mocked and may be any value; this method will currently always return true until the Authentication API is built in a future sprint.
importCountries	(String:guid, String:filename) : void	
importDevices	(String:guid, String:filename) : void	
importContent	(String:guid, String:filename) : void	
addCountry	(String:guid, String:code, String:name, String:exportStatus) : void	
addDevice	(String:guid, String:id, String:name, String:manufacturer) : void	
addContent	(String:guid, Content:item) : void	
validateCountry	(Country : country) : bool	
validateDevice	(Device : device) : bool	
validateContent	(Content : content) : bool	
parseSearchString	(String : searchString) : ContentSearch	
searchContent	(String : searchString) : List<Content>	
searchContent	(ContentSearch : search) :	

	List<Content>	
getAllApplications	() : List<Application>	
getAllRingtones	() : List<Ringtone>	
getAllWallpapers	() : List<Wallpaper>	
getAllContent	() : List<Content>	

### ***Properties***

Property Name	Type	Description
numberContentItems	Integer	Convenience method that gets the number of content items currently in the contentItems association.

### ***Associations***

Association Name	Type	Description
Countries	Set<Country>	Private association for maintaining the current set of Country instances.
Devices	Set<Device>	Private association for maintaining the current set of Devices.
contentItems	Set<Content>	Private association for maintaining the current set of Content items.

## **ContentSearch**

The ContentSearch is used to capture the whole set of potential search parameters (rather than have a search method that takes a very long parameter set. Although not used yet, this object could potentially be used later to allow customers to “save searches” for later use.

### ***Properties***

Property Name	Type	Description
categories	Set<String>	
textSearch	String	
minimumRating	Integer	
maximumPrice	float	
supportedLanguages	Set<String>	
country	Country	
device	Device	
contentTypes	Set<ContentType>	

## **ContentType**

This is a container enum type that simply holds the references to the various types of content that is supported; currently this holds APPLICATION, RINGTONE, and WALLPAPER (although in future sprints ebook and other types might be added).

### ***Properties***

Property Name	Type	Description
description	String	Contains the content type name; can be one of APPLICATION, RINGTON, WALLPAPER

### **Content**

This abstract class is the primary superclass for all main content type classes (such as Application, Wallpaper, Ringtone).

### ***Methods***

Method Name	Signature	Description
toString	() : String	Returns a string representation of the content item.
getName	() : String	
getDescription	() : String	
getAuthorName	() : String	
getRating	() : Integer	
getCategories	() : Set<String>	
getCompatibleDevices	() : Set<Device>	
getPrice	() : float	
getAllowedInCountries	() : Set<Country>	
getSupportedLanguages	() : Set<String>	
getImageURL	() : String	
getContentType	() : ContentType	

### ***Properties***

Property Name	Type	Description
name	String	
description	String	
authorName	String	
rating	Integer	
categories	Set<String>	
price	float	

supportedLanguages	Set<String>	
imageUrl	String	

### ***Associations***

Association Name	Type	Description
compatibleDevices	Set<Device>	
allowedInCountries	Set<Country>	
contentType	ContentType	

## **Device**

Represents a device.

### ***Methods***

Method Name	Signature	Description
getID	() : String	
getName	() : String	
getManufacturer	() : String	
toString	() : String	

### ***Properties***

Property Name	Type	Description
id	String	
name	String	
manufacturer	String	

## **Country**

Represents a country.

### ***Methods***

Method Name	Signature	Description
getCode	() : String	
getName	() : String	
getExportStatus	() : String	
toString	() : String	

### ***Properties***

Property Name	Type	Description
code	String	
name	String	
exportStatus	String	

### **Application**

Inherits from Content.

### ***Methods***

Method Name	Signature	Description
getFileSizeBytes	() : Integer	
toString	() : String	

### ***Properties***

Property Name	Type	Description
fileSizeBytes	Integer	

### **Wallpaper**

Inherits from Content.

### ***Methods***

Method Name	Signature	Description
getPixelWidth	() : Integer	
getPixelHeight	() : Integer	
toString	() : String	

### ***Properties***

Property Name	Type	Description
pixelWidth	Integer	
pixelHeight	Integer	

### **Ringtone**



Inherits from Content.

### ***Methods***

Method Name	Signature	Description
getDurationInSeconds	() : float	
toString	() : String	

### ***Properties***

Property Name	Type	Description
durationInSeconds	float	

## *Content, Country, Manufacturer, and Device Instance Management*

Due to the in-memory nature of this implementation, to optimize memory usage there should only be one instance for each unique Country, Manufacturer, Device, and Content item (where “Content” item is any concrete instance of an Application, Ringtone, or Wallpaper). This follows the Flyweight design pattern (see [http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Flyweight\\_pattern](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Flyweight_pattern)).

## Implementation Details

The Product API is implemented as a Singleton, as returned by the static getInstance() method. When loading Content, Devices, and Manufacturers into the Product Catalog, it is essential to load the data in the following order:

1. Manufacturers
2. Devices
3. Content

Since Devices contain information on Manufacturers, the Manufacturer data must be loaded first. Likewise, since Content contains information on the Devices that the Content supports, the associated Devices must be loaded into the Product Catalog prior to the Content. Administrators may create Manufacturers, Devices, and then Content through the Product API’s public “import\*” methods, each of which take a CSV file containing the appropriate data.

When Manufacturers, Devices, and Content are loaded into the Product Catalog from the “import\*” methods, new objects of those types are created and maintained in-memory in the Product Catalog (in the “contentItems” property).

To simplify searches of content, the design calls for the creation of ContentSearch objects. When a client of the Product API initiates a new content search via the searchContent() method, the client passes a single string as the search criteria. The searchCriteria() method passes control to parseSearchString(), which returns a ContentSearch object back to searchContent(). Then searchContent() performs the content search over all the contentItems in the Product Catalog based on the criteria in the ContentSearch object, and finally returns a list of all matching Content items.

## Changes from Original Design & Requirements

- Allows partial language code searches to match languages that have the criteria (for example, a content search for languages with code “fr” will match content items that have “fr\_ca”, French Canadian, as their language code).
- To further emphasize the differences in content item types:
  - Wallpaper has added two properties:
    - pixelWidth
    - pixelHeight
  - Ringtone has added property:
    - durationInSeconds

- To emphasize the separation of concerns, Content items handle the validation of their own types.
- Since Content items are added to collections in the product catalog, to maintain that the ProductAPI only contains a single copy of each item (Device, Country, Application, Ringtone, Wallpaper), each of these types overrides “equals” and “hashCode” to ensure that the Set collections don’t contain duplicates
- This implementation makes use of two Apache Commons JARs to facilitate more easily overriding the “equals” and “hashCode” methods in the content item classes, and also to simplify content searches (the ProductAPI’s searchContent() method makes use of CollectionUtils to compare the intersection of sets).
- Content items (Application, Wallpaper, and Ringtone) and Device and Country classes override the toString() method to simplify debugging, and to more easily observe all the properties of those objects when querying

## Testing

The TestDriver class will exercise both importing content into the product catalog via public methods on the ProductAPI as well as searching for specific content items. A static main() method will interactively prompt the user for Countries, Devices, and Content CSV files and call the public import methods on the ProductAPI to load them into the product catalog. Once all required content is loaded, the user will be prompted to supply a CSV query file that will query the API for matching content and output the results to standard out.

## Risks

As risks are uncovered in the development process they will be documented here.

## Instructions for Compiling and Running Application

Because there are two external JAR dependencies, the way to compile and run the application is slightly different from the original specifications.

To compile the code, run the following:

```
javac -cp ".:commons-collections4-4.0-alpha1.jar:commons-lang3-3.1.jar" cscie97/asn2/ecommerce/product/*.java  
cscie97/asn2/ecommerce/product/exception/*.java  
cscie97/asn2/test/*.java
```

To run the application, run the following:

```
java -cp ".:commons-collections4-4.0-alpha1.jar:commons-lang3-3.1.jar" cscie97.asn2.test.TestDriver countries.csv devices.csv  
products.csv queries.csv
```