

# Appendix A NetWare Event Service Layer

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The NetWare Event Service Layer (NESL) handles event registry and notification. NESL is provided as part of the event service API in NIOS. The NESL component is portable. In fact it can be used independent of NIOS on other platforms such as the NetWare OS.

# **Event Registery and Notification**

NESL is designed around the concept of consumers and producers. Generally, a producer will produce an event and a consumer will consume the event.

For a given event type, there can be many producers and many consumers simultaneously. A Client module must register as a producer of an event type in order to produce that event. Likewise, a module must register as a consumer of an event type in order to consume the event. A module can register as both a producer and consumer of the same event type.

When a producer registers to produce an event, it specifies whether it is the sole producer of the event, and whether the event is consumable or broadcast. If the event is broadcast, notification is sent to every registered consumer. If consumable, notification of the event is sent to every consumer unless one of them consumes the event..

If a consumer chooses to consume an event, it will notify the producer that the event is consumed, and event notification will end.

When a producer or consumer is removed from the system, it must deregister all producer/consumer events it has registered.

Note: NIOS is currently an event driven subsystem. Tasks should be designed to run to completion. If producer and consumer routines are running on asynchronous events (e.g. IPX packet interrupts) then the routines must be re-entrant.

NESLProduceEvent will not protect the consumer routine from being reentered.

The NESL maintains a consumer list for each event type. When a producer calls the NESL to signal that an event has occurred within a class, the NESL notifies everyone in the consumer list. The order that the consumers are called depends on level of the OSI model the consumer belongs to and the calling direction defined by the event class.

# **NESL APIs**

Following is a brief description of each of the functions that are available for the NESL. The remainder of this chapter contains full details of these functions.

**NESLDeRegisterConsumer** Deregisters the specified consumer of an event.

**NESLDeRegisterProducer** Deregisters the specified producer.

**NESLEnumerateEvents** Enumerates the registered events.

**NESLProduceEvent** Notifies registered consumers that an event has occurred.

**NESLRegisterConsumer** Registers a consumer of an event.

**NESLRegisterProducer** Registers an event producer.

**NESLScanConsumersByName** Enumerates the registered consumer for the specified event.

NESLScanProducersByName Enumerates the registered producers for the specified event.

# NESLDeRegisterConsumer

**Description** Deregisters a consumer of the specified event.

Syntax UINT32

NESLDeRegisterConsumer(

NESL\_ECB \*Consumer);

Parameters Consumer The NESL\_ECB passed to NESLRegisterConsumer

**Return values** NESL\_OK Deregistry succeeded.

NESL\_EVENT\_NOT\_REGISTERED

The specified NESL\_ECB is not registered.

NESL\_CONSUMER\_NOT\_FOUND

The consumer is NULL or cannot be located.

**Remarks** Called from foreground with interrupts enabled.

See also NESLRegisterConsumer

NESLRegisterProducer NESLDeRegisterProducer NESLProduceEvent NESLEnumerateEvents NESLScanProducersByName NESLScanConsumersByName

# NESLDeRegisterProducer

**Description** Deregisters the producer. If the producer is the last producer of its type,

this routine will place any remaining consumers of the event onto an

orphaned consumer's list.

Syntax UINT32

NESLDeRegisterProducer(

NESL\_ECB \*Producer);

Parameters Necb The NESL\_ECB passed to NESLRegisterProducer.

**Return values** NESL\_OK Deregistry succeeded.

NESL\_EVENT\_NOT\_REGISTERED

The event cannot be located.

NESL\_PRODUCER\_NOT\_FOUND

The producer is NULL or couldn't be located.

**Remarks** Called from foreground with interrupts enabled.

See also NESLRegisterProducer

NESLRegisterConsumer NESLDeRegisterConsumer

NESLProduceEvent NESLEnumerateEvents

NESLScanProducersByName NESLScanConsumersByName

## **NESLEnumerateEvents**

**Description** Returns a copy of the specified *EventName* to the caller's buffer.

Syntax UINT32

NESLEnumerateEvents(

Parameters ContextHandle Context of the previous call to

**NESLEnumerateEvents.** Equals 0 if this is the first

call.

EventName The destination for a copy of the event name. This

destination MUST already have allocated memory associated with it. The maximum length for an event

name is MAX\_EVENT\_NAME (81 bytes).

Return values NESL\_EVENT\_IS\_CONSUMABLE

The returned event is consumable.

NESL EVENT IS NOT CONSUMABLE

The returned event is not consumable.

NESL\_INVALID\_DESTINATION

EventName is a NULL pointer.

NESL\_NO\_MORE\_EVENTS

There are no more events to retur

**Remarks** If *ContextHandle* is NULL, the first registered event is used. Otherwise,

\*ContextHandle specifies the previous context and the next event is used.

**Note:** Enumerating events must be done from a single thread or context of execution. Because any number of consumers or

producers may register or deregister events when the

broducers may register or deregister events when the

foreground is relinquished, relinquishing control will invalidate

the ContextHandle.

The caller MUST provide a buffer with MAX\_EVENT\_NAME space

already allocated.

This call will NOT enumerate the events currently on the orphan list.

See also NESLProduceEvent

NESLRegisterProducer NESLDeRegisterProducer NESLRegisterConsumer NESLDeRegisterConsumer NESLScanProducersByName NESLScanConsumersByName

## **NESLProduceEvent**

**Description** An event producer calls this to notify registered consumers that the

event has occurred.

Syntax UINT32

NESLProduceEvent(

NESL\_ECB \*ProducerNecb, NESL\_ECB \*\*ConsumerNecb, void \*eventData);

Parameters ProducerNecb Pointer to NESL\_ECB used during

NESLRegisterProducer.

ConsumerNecb Points to a pointer to the NESL\_ECB of the

consumer who consumed the event. NULL if the producer does not care who consumed the event.

eventData Event-specific parameters. If more than a single

data item needs to be passed, a pointer to an array is passed. Otherwise, the single value is passed.

**Return values** NESL\_PRODUCER\_NOT\_FOUND

The producer is NULL.

NESL\_EVENT\_CONSUMED

Event is consumable and is consumed. Consumer set

to the consumer's NESL\_ECB.

NESL\_EVENT\_NOT\_CONSUMED

Event is consumable and is not consumed.

Consumer set to NULL.

NESL\_EVENT\_BROADCAST

Event has been broadcast to all consumers.

Consumer not changed.

**Remarks** If the event is consumable, then one of the consumers may consume the

event, and event notification will stop.

If the producer and consumer routines are running on asynchronous events (e.g., IPX packets, interrupts), then the routines must be

reentrant. NESLProduceEvent will not protect the consumer routine

from being reentered.

For example, if the consumer routine reenables interrupts, another asynchronous event can be issued from the producer and thus reenter the consumer. It is up to either the producer or the consumer routine to protect themselves from reentrancy issues. Further, they must take steps to ensure that there is no stack overflow because of their activities.

See also

NESLRegisterProducer NESLDeRegisterProducer NESLRegisterConsumer NESLDeRegisterConsumer NESLEnumerateEvents NESLScanProducersByName NESLScanConsumersByName

# NESLRegisterConsumer

**Description** Registers the consumer of an event. If a producer of the event is not

currently registered, the consumer is placed onto an orphaned consumer

list.

Syntax UINT32

NESLRegisterConsumer(

NESL\_ECB \*Consumer);

Parameters Necb Points to NESLEventControlBlock.

NecbNext RESERVED. This field should not be modified by the

calling routine while the NESL\_ECB is registered.

NecbVersion

The support level expected by the application. This field allows the interface to be expanded while still providing full

backward compatibility.

NecbOsiLayer

Determines the ordering of registered consumers of the same event. The format of this field is 0xLRRR, where L is the number (0-7) corresponding to the OSI Layer and RRR (0-4095) is the relative order with other modules also registered on that layer. The relative ordering is useful when certain events require specific consumer ordering.

The defintion NESL\_HOOK\_FIRST may also be used in element *NecbOsiLayer*. This definition causes a consumer to be hooked first, no matter what. If the caller sets the low byte of *NecbOsiLayer* to the value, the consumer will be hooked first in the consumer list. Normally NESL events will put lower layer identifiers before the hooked lead element. If another call is made specifying this definition an error will be returned to the caller and the element will not be added to the list.

NecbEventName

ASCIIZ name string of the event or class of events. This name has a maximum length of NESL\_MAX\_NAME\_LENGTH.

## NecbRefData

RESERVED. The value of this field will be ignored.

## PNecbNotifyProc

This field is a pointer to the event notification callback procedure.

```
UINT32
MyNotifyProc(
    NESL_ECB *ConsumerNecb,
    NESL_ECB *ProducerNecb,
    void *eventData);
```

## ConsumerNecb

Points to NESL\_ECB used by consumer during **NESLRegisterConsumer**.

#### ProducerNecb

Points to NESL\_ECB used by producer during **NESLRegisterProducer**.

#### eventData

If the producer only has one data item, it can be passed to the consumer as an argument or as an address.

If the producer has more data than one item or if the producer wishes to guarantee portability, then the address of an array of the data items should be passed. The structure of the *eventData* must be defined by the producer and known by the consumer if it is to be interpreted properly.

# Return from a Consumer after an event notification callback:

# NESL\_EVENT\_CONSUMED Event was consumed by the consumer process

## NESL\_EVENT\_NOT\_CONSUMED

Event was not consumed by the consumer process

NOTE: This is only really applicable if the event is consumable, but a consumer should always do this to be compatible with both types of events. Called from foreground time or from interrupt time with interrupts enabled or disabled.

NecbOwner

Specifies the owner of the NESL\_ECB. This field is platform-specific and platform-dependent. The DOS/MS Windows implementation *requires* this field to be set to the owner's module handle information.

NecbWorkSpace

RESERVED. This field should not be modified by the calling routine while the NESL\_ECB is registered.

Return values

NESL\_OK Registry succeeded.

NESL\_EVENT\_TABLE\_FULL

The event was not registered because the event table is full.

NESL\_DUPLICATE\_NECB

The NESL Event Control Block was previously registered in the event table.

NESL\_INVALID\_NOTIFY\_PROC

The consumer's notification procedure is NULL.

NESL\_CONSUMER\_NOT\_FOUND

The NESL Event Control Block is NULL.

NESL\_FIRST\_ALREADY\_HOOKED

The head of the consumer list has already been hooked.

Remarks

Called from foreground with interrupts enabled.

See also

NESLDeRegisterConsumer NESLRegisterProducer NESLDeRegisterProducer NESLProduceEvent NESLEnumerateEvents NESLScanProducersByName NESLScanConsumersByNamey

# NESLRegisterProducer

**Description** Registers the producer of an event and creates a consumer list

containing the consumers of this event currently on the orphan list.

Syntax UINT32

NESLRegisterProducer(

NESL\_ECB \*Producer);

Parameters Necb Points to NESLEventControlBlock

NecbNext RESERVED. This field should not be modified by the

calling routine while the NESL\_ECB is registered.

NecbVersion The support level expected by the application. This field

allows the interface to be expanded in the future while still

providing full backward compatibility.

NecbOsiLayer RESERVED. The value of this field will be ignored.

NecbEventName

ASCIIZ name string of the event or class of events.

This name has a maximum length of NESL\_MAX\_NAME\_LENGTH.

NecbRefData This is a flag field used to specify whether the event is

unique or consumable. It also indicates the sorting order

for callouts to registered consumers.

Consumers which are already on the orphan list WILL be sorted when a new producer is registered. All consumers that are registered after a producer is

registered will be correctly sorted.

NESL\_SORT\_CONSUMER\_BOTTOM\_UP

Use bottom-up relative ordering on the consumer's *NecbOsiLayer* field in maintaining an ordered list of

consumers requiring notification.

#### NESL CONSUME EVENT

The event can be consumed by one of the registered consumers. By default, an event is broadcast to all registered consumers.

This flag will cause a chaining effect among the consumers which will start with the first registered comsumer and proceed to the next until one of the comsumers consumes the event or the end of the consumer list is reached.

## NESL\_UNIQUE\_PRODUCER

The producer of the event must be unique. If there is another producer registered with the same event string, then this call will fail. By default, there can be multiple producers of the same event.

This flag is used to prohibit multiple producers provided that this is the first producer registered.

## PNecbNotifyProc

RESERVED. The value of this field will be ignored.

#### NecbOwner

Specifies the owner of the NESL\_ECB. This field is platform-specific and platform-dependent. The DOS/MS Windows implementation REQUIRES this field to be set to the owner's module handle information.

## NecbWorkSpace

RESERVED. This field should not be modified by the calling routine while the NESL\_ECB is registered.

## Return values

#### NESL\_OK Registry succeeded

#### NESL\_REGISTED\_UNIQUE

A previous producer has registered the event as unique and this producer tried to register the event as non-unique.

## NESL\_REGISTERED\_NOT\_UNIQUE

A previous producer has registered the event as non-unique and this producer tried to register the event as unique.

## NESL\_REGISTERED\_CONSUMABLE

A previous producer has registered the event as consumable and this producer tried to register the event as broadcast.

NESL\_REGISTERED\_BROADCAST

A previous producer has registered the event as broadcast and this producer tried to register the event as consumable.

NESL\_EVENT\_TÂBLE\_FULL

The event was not registered because the event table is full.

NESL\_DUPLICATE\_NECB

The NESL Event Control Block was previously registered in the event table.

NESL\_PRODUCER\_NOT\_FOUND

The NESL Event Control Block is NULL.

#### Remarks

The event producer defines the rules necessary concerning process and interrupt time execution.

Called from foreground with interrupts enabled.

#### See also

NESLDeRegisterProducer NESLRegisterConsumer NESLDeRegisterConsumer NESLProduceEvent NESLEnumerateEvents NESLScanProducersByName NESLScanConsumersByName

# **NESLScanConsumersByName**

**Description** Returns a copy of the *Consumer* structure to the caller.

Syntax UINT32

NESLScanConsumersByName(

void \*ContextHandle,
MEON\_STRING \*EventName,
NESL\_ECB \*Consumer);

**Parameters** ContextHandle Context of the previous call to

**NESLEnumerateEvents**. Equals 0 if this is the first call.

EventName ASCIIZ event name.

Consumer Pointer to a valid NESL\_ECB structure ready to

receive a copy of the consumer's information.

**Return values** NESL\_OK The copy was successful.

NESL\_CONSUMER\_NOT\_FOUND

The event is not found on the active list.

NESL\_INVALID\_DESTINATION

There is no destination.

NESL\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE

The previous context handle could not be located.

NESL\_CONSUMER\_NOT\_FOUND

There are no more consumers to be found.

**Remarks**If *ContextHandle* is NULL, the first registered event is used. Otherwise, \*ContextHandle specifies the previous context and the next event is used.

**Note:** The caller *must* provide an allocated structure to copy into. This call will *not* enumerate the events currently on the orphan list.

**Note:** Scanning events must be done from a single thread or context of execution. Because any number of consumers or producers

may register or deregister events when the foreground is relinquished, relinquishing control will invalidate the

ContextHandle

See also NESLProduceEvent

NESLRegisterProducer NESLDeRegisterProducer NESLRegisterConsumer NESLDeRegisterConsumer NESLEnumerateEvents NESLScanProducersByName

# NESLScanProducersByName

**Description** Returns a copy of the *Producer* structure to the caller.

Syntax UINT32

NESLScanProducersByName(

void \*ContextHandle, MEON\_STRING \*EventName, NESL\_ECB \*Producer);

**Parameters** *ContextHandle* Context of the previous call to

**NESLEnumerateEvents**. Equals 0 if this is the

first call.

EventName ASCIIZ event name.

Producer Pointer to a valid NESL\_ECB structure ready to receive

a copy of the producer's information.

**Return values** NESL\_OK The copy was successful.

NESL PRODUCER NOT FOUND

The event was not found in the active list.

NESL\_INVALID\_DESTINATION

There is no destination.

NESL\_INVALID\_CONTEXT\_HANDLE

The previous context handle could not be located.

NESL\_PRODUCER\_NOT\_FOUND

There are no more producers to be found.

If *ContextHandle* is NULL, the first registered event is used. Otherwise, \**ContextHandle* specifies the previous context and the next event is used.

The caller *must* provide an allocated structure to copy into.

This call will *not* enumerate the events currently on the orphan list.

**Note:** Scanning events must be done from a single thread or context of execution. Because any number of consumers or producers may register or deregister events when the foreground is relinquished, relinquishing control will invalidate the *ContextHandle*.

See also NESLProduceEvent

NESLRegisterProducer NESLDeRegisterProducer NESLRegisterConsumer NESLDeRegisterConsumer NESLEnumerateEvents NESLScanConsumersByName

# NESL NecbRefData Flags

This list of flags are used by producers to define their NecbRefData.

#define NESL_NOT_UNIQUE_PRODUCER	0x000000000
#define NESL_BROADCAST_EVENT	0x000000000
#define NESL_SORT_CONSUMER_BOTTOM_UI	P 0x00000001
#define NESL_SORT_CONSUMER_TOP_DOWN	0x00000000
#define NESL_CONSUME_EVENT	0x00000002
#define NESL_UNIQUE_PRODUCER	0x000000004

## **NESL Return Codes**

The return codes are all enumerated with the exception of NESL\_EVENT\_CONSUMED which is simply an alias for NESL\_OK. See the function descriptions for a discussion of the meaning of any particular return code.

```
#define NESL_EVENT_CONSUMED
                               NESL OK
enum {
   NESL_OK = 0,
   NESL EVENT NOT CONSUMED,
   NESL_EVENT_BROADCAST,
   NESL_EVENT_NOT_REGISTERED,
NESL_EVENT_TABLE_FULL,
   NESL EVENT IS CONSUMABLE,
   NESL EVENT IS NOT CONSUMABLE,
   NESL_NO_MORE_EVENTS,
   NESL PRODUCER NOT FOUND,
   NESL CONSUMER NOT FOUND,
   NESL INVALID CONTEXT HANDLE,
   NESL INVALID DESTINATION,
   NESL_REGISTERED_UNIQUE,
   NESL REGISTERED NOT UNIQUE,
   NESL_REGISTERED_CONSUMABLE,
   NESL REGISTERED BROADCAST,
   NESL REGISTERED SORT TOP DOWN,
   NESL REGISTERED SORT BOTTOM UP,
   NESL DUPLICATE NECB,
   NESL INVALID NOTIFY PROC,
   NESL FIRST ALREADY HOOKED
);
```

# **PNecbNotifyPROC**

A typedef which defines the callback function for consumer NESL\_ECBs.

```
typedef UINT32 (*PNecbNotifyPROC)(
   NESL_ECB *consumerNecb,
   NESL_ECB *producerNecb,
   void *eventData);
```

# **NESL OSI Layer Definitions**

These definitions are used for the NESL\_ECB structure element *NecbOsiLayer*.

#define NESL_APPLICATION_LAYER	0x7000
#define NESL_PRESENTATION_LAYER	0x6000
#define NESL_SESSION_LAYER	0x5000
#define NESL_TRANSPORT_LAYER	0x4000
#define NESL_NETWORK_LAYER	0x3000
#define NESL_DATALINK_LAYER	0x2000
#define NESL_PHYSICAL_LAYER	0x1000
#define NESL_NIOS_LAYER	0x0000

The following defintion is also used in element NecbOsiLayer.

The defintion NESL\_HOOK\_FIRST may also be used in element *NecbOsiLayer*. This definition causes a consumer to be hooked first, no matter what. If the caller sets the low byte of *NecbOsiLayer* to ths value, the consumer will be hooked first in the consumer list. Normally NESL events will put lower layer identifiers before the hooked lead element. If another call is made specifying this definition an error will be returned to the caller and the element will not be added to the list.

## **NESL\_ECB Structure**

typedef struct NECBStruct

```
struct
NECBStruct *NecbNext;
   UINT16
                     NecbVersion;
   UINT16
                     NecbOsiLayer;
   MEON_STRING
                     *NecbEventName;
   UINT32
                     NecbRefData:
   UINT32
                     (*PNecbNotifyProc)(
                     NECBStruct *consumerNecb,
       struct
                     NECBStruct *producerNecb,
       struct
       void
                     *eventData);
       void
                     *NecbOwner;
       void
                     *NecbWorkSpace;
   } NESL_ECB;
```

NecbNext A link pointer used by NESL to link NESL\_ECBs

together into processing lists.

*NecbVersion* Identifies the support level expected by the application.

This field allows the interface to be expanded in the future while still providing full backward-compatibility.

NecbOsiLayer A value used in sorting linked lists of consumer

NESL\_ECBs.

This field is used to sort the consumers according to the producer's specifications (either top-down or bottom-up). The first nibble should be the OSI layer number (0 - 7). The remaining 3 nibbles should define the relative order with other consumers registered at the same OSI level. (i.e., 0xLRRR) This relative ordering is useful for several event consumers on the same OSI level which require a specific processing order for the event.

NecbEventName A pointer to an ASCIIZ string defining the name of the

event or class of events. This name may have a

maximum length of NESL\_MAX\_NAME\_LENGTH.

NecbRefData Flags specified by producer NESL\_ECBs defining

whether the produced event is consumable or broadcast, and whether the producer is to be a unique producer or if other producers can register. If the NESL\_ECB is a consumer, this field is not used by NESL.

PNecbNotifyProc The callback routine registered by a consumer of an event. If the NESL\_ECB is a producer, this field is not

used by NESL.

NecbOwner A platform-specific field which identifies the owner

module of the NESL\_ECB. The DOS/Windows platforms use the module handle of the NLM to specify

the owner.

NecbWorkSpace Field used by NESL to keep track of processing lists.

This field must not be used by the owner module while

the NESL\_ECB is registered with NESL.

# NESL\_MAX\_NAME\_LENGTH

The maximum length (including the NULL terminator) of a NecbEventName. A buffer of this size must have been allocated to receive the return value from **NESLEnumerateEvents**.

#define NESL\_MAX\_NAME\_LENGTH 81