



Class Objective

- Overview of programming
- Setting up the programming environment
- Writing and running the first program

"To understand what dev said"



Class Objective





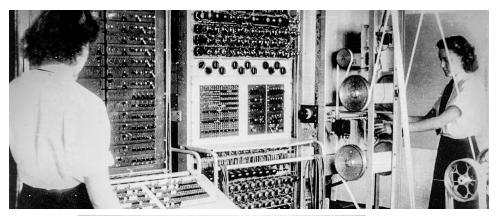
Class Schedule

Date	Time	Topic
2024-07-16	Morning	Introduction of programming & Set up computer
	Afternoon	Basic programming & Workshop
2024-07-17	Morning	Introduction of api -what is api, -api in daily
	Afternoon	API Basic , mini game



Programming?



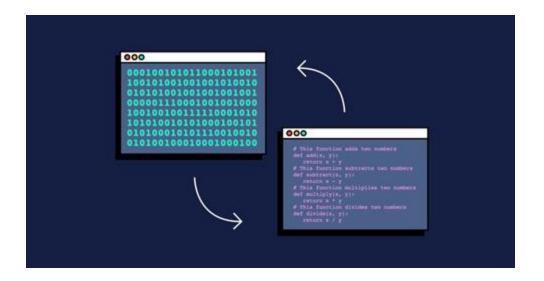


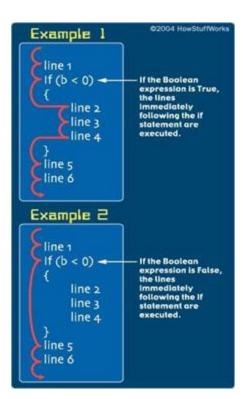




Programming?

Programming is the process of creating a set of instructions that tell a computer how to perform a task.







Programming?

Telling a computer what to do

Machine language

- · Easy for computer.
- Error-prone for human.

```
10: 8A00 RA \leftarrow mem[00]

11: 8B01 RB \leftarrow mem[01]

12: 1CAB RC \leftarrow RA + RB

13: 9C02 mem[02] \leftarrow RC

14: 0000 halt
```

Adding two numbers (see TOY lecture)

Natural language

- Easy for human.
- Error-prone for computer.

Red Tape Holds Up New Bridge. Police Squad Helps Dog Bite Victim. Local High School Dropouts Cut in Half.

Actual newspaper headlines
-Rich Pattis

High-level language

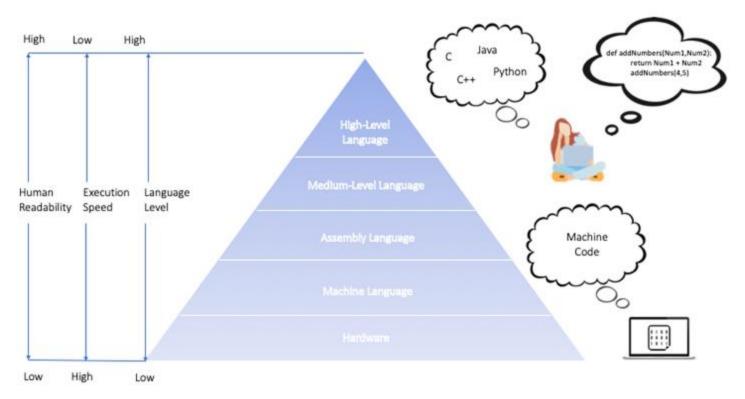
- Some difficulty for both.
- An acceptable tradeoff.

```
for (int t = 0; t < 2000; t++)
{
    a[0] = a[11] ^ a[9];
    System.out.print(a[0]);
    for (int i = 11; i > 0; i--)
        a[i] = a[i-1];
}
```

Simulating an LFSR (see Prologue lecture)



Programming





Low Level vs High Level





Low Level vs High Level



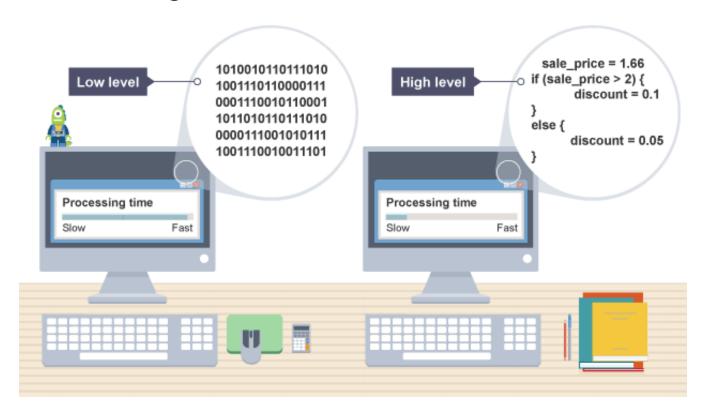
```
section .data
  year dw 2024
 month db 7
  day db 16
section .text
 global start
start:
  ; Set year
 mov ax, year
  ; Call BIOS interrupt 1 A to set the year
  mov ah. 0x05
  int 0x1A
  : Set month
  mov al. month
  ; Call BIOS interrupt 1 A to set the month
  mov ah. 0x03
  int 0x1A
  : Set dav
  mov al, day
  ; Call BIOS interrupt 1A to set the day
  mov ah. 0x02
  int 0x1A
  ; Exit program
  mov ax. 0x4C00
  int 0x21
```

```
package main
import (
  "fmt"
   "time"
func main() {
  // Create a specific date
  vear := 2024
  month := 7
  dav := 16
  // Construct the date
  date := time.Date(year, time.Month(month), day, 0, 0, 0, 0, time.UTC)
  // Format the date as YYYYMMDD
  dateStr := date.Format("20060102")
  // Print the formatted date
  fmt.Println(dateStr)
```

Low



Low Level vs High Level



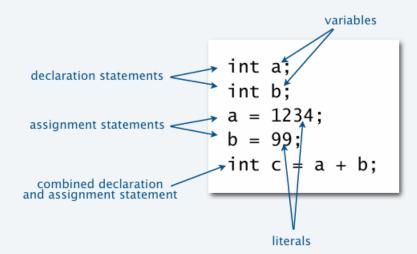
Basic Definitions

A variable is a name that refers to a value.

A literal is a programming-language representation of a value.

A declaration statement associates a variable with a type.

An assignment statement associates a value with a variable.





Function

A block of code designed to perform a particular task, which can be reused in the program.

Parameter

A variable used in a function to refer to one of the pieces of data provided as input to the function.

Return Value

The value that a function produces and sends back to the part of the program that called it.

Source Code

The human-readable instructions written by a programmer using a programming language.

Conditional Statements

Instructions that only run when a specific condition is true (e.g., if, else, else if).

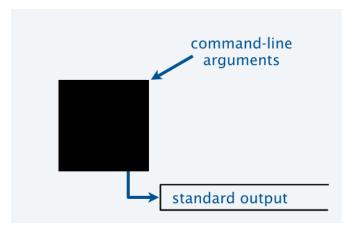
Loop

- A sequence of instructions that is continually repeated until a certain condition is reached (e.g., for, while).



Function

 A block of code designed to perform a particular task, which can be reused in the program.





Function

 A block of code designed to perform a particular task, which can be reused in the program.



Function : Dragon Input : "dracarys"

Output : fire



```
Quiz 1
 Func DivNumber(a,b int) int {
   return a+b
 What will DivNumber(3, 5) return?
   a) 35
    b) 8
 • c) a + b
 • d) An error
```



Quiz 2

- What is a function in programming?
- a) A block of code designed to perform a specific task
- b) A variable that stores data
- c) A loop that repeats actions
- d) An error in the code



Parameter

- The information you give to a machine or a function to help it do its job.



Function: Dragon Input: "dracarys"

Output : fire



Return Value

-The value that a function produces and sends back to the part of the program that called it.





Pseudocode

Pseudocode is like a recipe or a set of instructions that explains what you want the computer to do, but it's written in plain language that you can easily understand.

It's not real code, but it helps you plan out what your program will do.

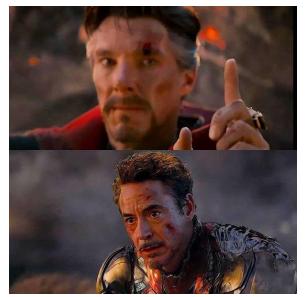
Example:

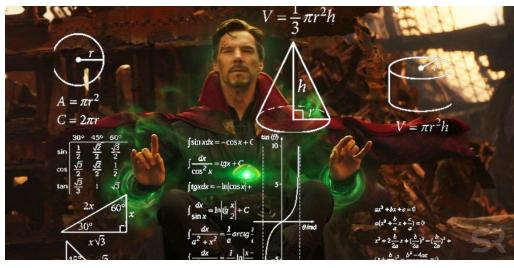
เดินไปซื้อกาแฟ
ถ้าร้านเปิด
สั่งคาปูชิโน่
ถ้าร้านปิด
หาร้านใหม่
ถ้าไม่อยากเดินหา
กลับมาทำงาน



Pseudocode Quit Time 1

เขียน pseudocodedสำหรับสิ่งที่คุณหมอเห็น 1dใน 14dล้าน







Pseudocode Quit Time 2

```
while game is running
  print "Enter a spell (or type 'exit' to quit):"
  spellName = get user input
  if spellName is "exit"
     print "Goodbye!"
     break
  end if
  if spellName is "Lumos"
     print "The wand lights up!"
  else if spellName is "Nox"
     print "The light on the wand goes out!"
  else if spellName is "Expelliarmus"
     print "Disarming charm cast!"
  else if spellName is "Wingardium Leviosa"
     print "The object floats in the air!"
  else
     print "Unknown spell. Try again."
  end if
end while
```

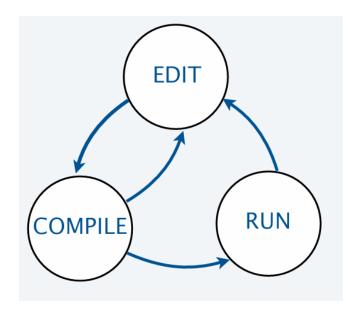


ถ้าลูน่าท่องคาถาว่า Lumos จะเกิดอะไรขึ้น?



Program development (Before coding)

- 1. EDIT
- 2. COMPILE
- 3. RUN









Tools

- 1. Install Homebrew
- 2. Install Go
- 3. Set Up Go Workspace

Set up: https://github.com/pheerapack/Hello-world



Hello World

```
package main
import "fmt"

func main() {

fmt.Println("Hello World from Go!")
}
```

go run main.go