# 13 日志服务

在软件开发中,日志服务是提升系统健壮性相当重要的组件。有了它,系统维护人员可以跟踪系统的异常状况,而系统管理人员可以跟踪敏感数据的变动状况。

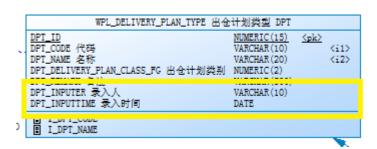
日志服务提供两种形式的记录日志方式,一种是由框架自动写日志,另一种是由业务对象主动控制写日志。日志主要用来记录用户操作历史、上机日志记录、某个用户在什么时间从哪台机器对哪个数据做了什么操作、是否成功执行等信息。

### 13.1 业务数据操作日志

应用系统中某些业务数据对于用户来说是蛮重要和关键的,其增删改等痕迹必须记录下来。由于这种记录方式具有普遍性,而且代码又是非常的繁琐无趣,那这种无聊的任务就交给 Phenix 、统一处理吧,但前提是要求开发人员按照一定规范进行设计。

## 13.1.1自动填充业务对象的录入信息

在业务数据上往往要记录当前的操作人和操作时间,而持久化时往往是记录在对应的表字段中,比 如在表结构设计中会出现很多类似下图的表字段:



那么,只要我们统一命名了它们,剩下的工作(比如自动填充、持久化)就可以交给 Phenix \*来自动完成了。

为此,我们要遵守 Phenix · 在 Phenix. Core. Mapping. CodingStandards 类中约定的表字段命名规则:

属性	说明	备注
DefaultInputerColumnName	缺省"录入人工号"字段名	缺省值:字段名后缀为"_INPUTER"
DefaultInputTimeColumnName	缺省"录入时间"字段名	缺省值:字段名后缀为"_INPUTTIME"
DefaultDepartmentColumnName	缺省"录入人部门"字段名	缺省值:字段名后缀为"_DEPARTMENT"
DefaultPositionColumnName	缺省"录入人岗位"字段名	缺省值:字段名后缀为"_POSITION"
DefaultInputerAddressColumnName	缺省"录入人地址"字段名	缺省值:字段名后缀为"_INPUTERIP"

当表字段是以上述格式命名的,则这个字段必定是 IsInputerInfoColumn,并强制纳入到 Phenix in "自动填充录入信息"服务的管理范围内。

只要业务类中映射了符合上述命名规则的字段,则当新增、修改业务对象的时候,都会自动将当前机器时间、当前用户的工号等信息填充到这些字段中,并持久化(当前用户信息来源于Phenix. Business. Security. UserPrincipal. User,它代表了当前所登录的用户,在跨域调用服务的时候会作为上下文内容之一(用户验证信息)传递出去; User. Identity 属性包含了当前用户的一些特性,其中就有诸如"UserNumber"等信息)。

由于上述这些字段是由 Phenix × 全程控制的, 所以其关联的属性是不允许写的:

```
/// <summary>
       /// 录入人
       /// </summary>
        public static readonly Phenix.Business.PropertyInfo<string> InputerProperty =
RegisterProperty<string>(c => c.Inputer);
        [Phenix. Core. Mapping. Field (FriendlyName = "录入人", Alias = "DPT_INPUTER", TableName =
"WPL_DELIVERY_PLAN_TYPE", ColumnName = "DPT_INPUTER", NeedUpdate = true, OverwritingOnUpdate = true,
IsInputerColumn = true)]
       private string inputer;
       /// <summary>
       /// 录入人
       /// </summary>
        [System. ComponentModel. DisplayName ("录入人")]
       public string Inputer
            get { return GetProperty(InputerProperty, _inputer); }
       /// <summary>
        /// 录入时间
        /// </summary>
        public static readonly Phenix. Business. PropertyInfo<DateTime?> InputtimeProperty =
RegisterProperty<DateTime?>(c => c. Inputtime);
        [Phenix. Core. Mapping. Field (Friendly Name = "录入时间", Alias = "DPT INPUTTIME", Table Name =
"WPL_DELIVERY_PLAN_TYPE", ColumnName = "DPT_INPUTTIME", NeedUpdate = true, OverwritingOnUpdate = true,
IsInputTimeColumn = true) ]
       private DateTime? _inputtime;
       /// <summary>
       /// 录入时间
       /// </summary>
        [System. ComponentModel. DisplayName ("录入时间")]
       public DateTime? Inputtime
```

```
get { return GetProperty(InputtimeProperty, _inputtime); }
```

当然,如果字段命名不符合规范,这也问题不大,就是要多做一步工作,在相应的业务类字段 Phenix. Core. Mapping. FieldAttribute 标签上自行设置对应的标记属性值为 true 即可:

属性	说明	备注
IsInputerColumn	指示该字段是输入人	缺省为 false; 当 ColumnName 包含
		Phenix. Core. Mapping. CodingStandards. Defaul
		tInputerColumnName 时必定是输入人;
IsDepartmentColumn	指示该字段是部门	缺省为 false; 当 ColumnName 包含
		Phenix. Core. Mapping. CodingStandards. Defaul
		tDepartmentColumnName 时必定是部门;
IsPositionColumn	指示该字段是岗位	缺省为 false; 当 ColumnName 包含
		Phenix. Core. Mapping. CodingStandards. Defaul
		tPositionColumnName 时必定是岗位;
IsInputTimeColumn	指示该字段是输入时间	缺省为 false; 当 ColumnName 包含
		Phenix. Core. Mapping. CodingStandards. Defaul
		tInputTimeColumnName 时必定是入时间;
IsInputerAddressColumn	指示该字段是输入人地址	缺省为 false; 当 ColumnName 包含
		Phenix. Core. Mapping. CodingStandards. Defaul
		tInputerAddressColumnName 时必定是输入人地
		址;

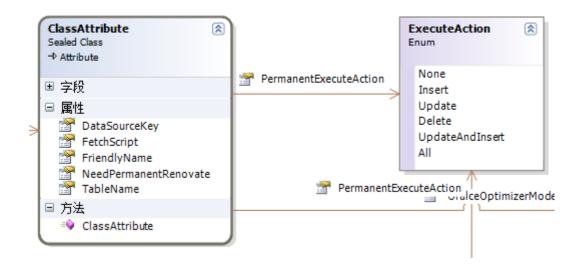
# 13.1.2自动记录业务数据的增删改痕迹

上述方法是静态地记录了业务数据被操作的行为,那动态的操作痕迹如何记录下来?这需要在业务 类上打上标记,告知 Phenix \*\*在持久化这个业务对象的时候如何记录操作痕迹。

### 13.1.2.1 配置方法

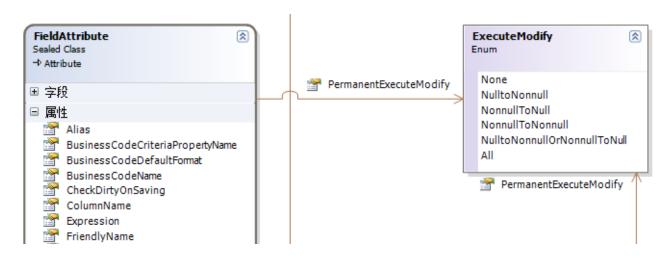
首先在ClassAttribute标签上设置PermanentExecuteAction属性值,类型为ExecuteAction,申明 当业务数据处于什么持久化状态下才需要记录下痕迹。

ExecuteAction 枚举内容如下图(望文生义,不必解释):



当 ExecuteAction 申明中含有 ExecuteAction. Update 时,应该在希望留痕的字段 FieldAttribute 标签上设置 PermanentExecuteModify 属性值(类型为 ExecuteModify),申明当业务对象的这些字段值发生改变,且处于哪种新旧值变换状况下才需要记录下痕迹。

ExecuteModify 枚举内容如下图(望文生义,不必解释):



#### 举例如下:

```
/// <summary〉
/// 用户
/// </summary〉
[Phenix.Core.Mapping.ClassAttribute("PH_User", FriendlyName = "用户", PermanentExecuteAction =

ExecuteAction.All)]

public abstract class User<T>: Phenix.Business.BusinessBase<T> where T : User<T>

/// <summary〉
/// 姓名
/// </summary〉
```

```
public static readonly Phenix.Business.PropertyInfo<string> NameProperty =
RegisterProperty<string>(c => c.Name);
    [Phenix.Core.Mapping.Field(FriendlyName = "姓名", Alias = "US_Name", TableName = "PH_User",
ColumnName = "US_Name", NeedUpdate = true, IsNameColumn = true, InLookUpColumn = true,
InLookUpColumnDisplay = true, PermanentExecuteModify = ExecuteModify.All)]
    private string _name;
    /// <summary>
    /// 姓名
    /// </summary>
    [System.ComponentModel.DisplayName("姓名")]
    public string Name
    {
        get { return GetProperty(NameProperty, _name); }
        set { SetProperty(NameProperty, ref _name, value); }
}
```

## 13.1.2.2 持久化的方法

业务数据的操作痕迹,在对象 Save ()时会被 Phenix v 自动记录在表 PH ExecuteActionLog 里:

```
EA_ID NUMERIC(15) NOT NULL,

EA_Time DATE NOT NULL,

EA_UserNumber VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,

EA_BusinessName VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,

EA_BusinessPrimaryKey VARCHAR(4000) NULL,

EA_Action NUMERIC(5) NOT NULL,

--执行动作(Phenix.Core.Mapping.ExecuteAction)

EA_Log LONG /*TEXT*/ NULL,

--日志
```

### 13.1.2.3 检索与删除的方法

我们可以直接操作表来检索它们,也可以通过业务类上的相关方法:

### 13.1.2.3.1 Phenix. Business. BusinessBase(T)提供的方法

```
/// <summary>
/// 检索执行动作
/// </summary>
/// <returns>执行动作信息队列</returns>
public IList<ExecuteActionInfo> FetchExecuteAction()

/// <summary>
/// 检索执行动作
// userNumber = null
/// </summary>
/// <param name="action">执行动作</param>
/// <param name="startTime">起始时间</param>
/// <param name="finishTime">结束时间</param>
```

```
/// <returns>执行动作信息队列</returns>
   public static IList (Execute Action Info) Fetch Execute Action (Execute Action action, Date Time start Time,
DateTime finishTime)
   /// <summary>
   /// 检索执行动作
   /// </summary>
   /// <param name="userNumber">登录工号, null代表全部</param>
   /// <param name="action">执行动作</param>
   /// <param name="startTime">起始时间</param>
   /// <param name="finishTime">结束时间</param>
   /// <returns>执行动作信息队列</returns>
   public static IList (Execute Action Info) Fetch Execute Action (string user Number, Execute Action action,
DateTime startTime, DateTime finishTime)
   /// <summary>
   /// 清除执行动作
   /// userNumber = null
   /// </summary>
   /// <param name="action">执行动作</param>
   /// <param name="startTime">起始时间</param>
   /// <param name="finishTime">结束时间</param>
   public static void ClearExecuteAction (ExecuteAction action, DateTime startTime, DateTime finishTime)
   /// <summary>
   /// 清除执行动作
   /// </summary>
   /// <param name="userNumber">登录工号, null代表全部</param>
   /// <param name="action">执行动作</param>
   /// <param name="startTime">起始时间</param>
   /// <param name="finishTime">结束时间</param>
   public static void ClearExecuteAction(string userNumber, ExecuteAction action, DateTime startTime,
DateTime finishTime)
13.1.2.3.2 Phenix. Business. CommandBase T>提供的方法
   /// <summary>
   /// 检索执行动作
   /// </summary>
   /// <returns>执行动作信息队列</returns>
   public IList<ExecuteActionInfo> FetchExecuteAction()
   /// <summary>
   /// 检索执行动作
```

/// </summary>

/// <param name="startTime">起始时间</param>

```
/// <param name="finishTime">结束时间</param>
   /// <returns>执行动作信息队列</returns>
   public static IList (Execute Action Info) Fetch Execute Action (Date Time start Time, Date Time finish Time)
   /// <summary>
   /// 检索执行动作
   /// </summary>
   /// <param name="userNumber">登录工号, null代表全部</param>
   /// <param name="startTime">起始时间</param>
   /// <param name="finishTime">结束时间</param>
   /// <returns>执行动作信息队列</returns>
   public static IList<ExecuteActionInfo> FetchExecuteAction(string userNumber, DateTime startTime,
DateTime finishTime)
   /// <summary>
   /// 清除执行动作
   /// </summary>
   /// <param name="action">执行动作</param>
   /// <param name="startTime">起始时间</param>
   /// <param name="finishTime">结束时间</param>
   public static void ClearExecuteAction (ExecuteAction action, DateTime startTime, DateTime finishTime)
   /// <summary>
   /// 清除执行动作
   /// </summary>
   /// <param name="userNumber">登录工号, null代表全部</param>
   /// <param name="action">执行动作</param>
   /// <param name="startTime">起始时间</param>
   /// <param name="finishTime">结束时间</param>
   public static void ClearExecuteAction(string userNumber, ExecuteAction action, DateTime startTime,
DateTime finishTime)
```

## 13.1.2.3.3 执行动作信息类 Phenix. Core. Log. ExecuteActionInfo

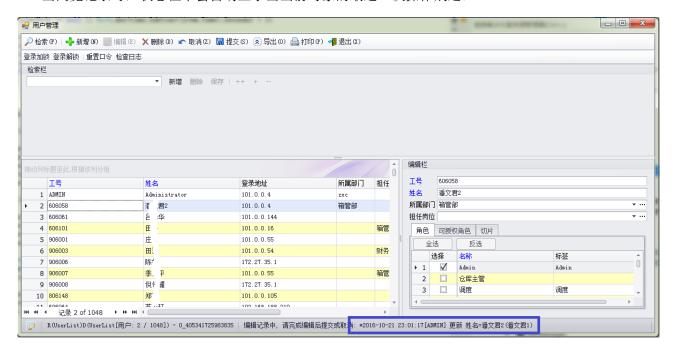
以上函数都用到了 ExecuteActionInfo 对象来返回业务对象的操作痕迹信息,结构如下:



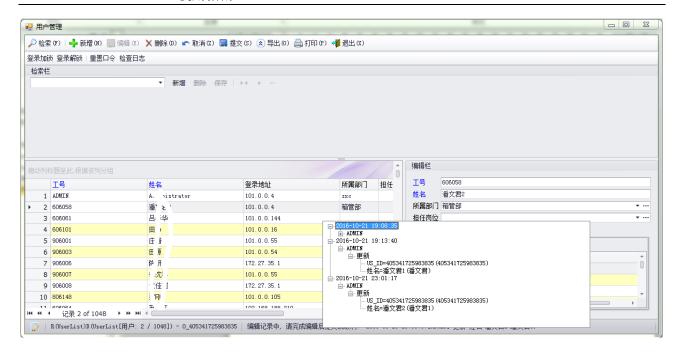
# 13.1.2.3.4 案例

在 BarManager 组件上已集成了查看日志的功能。

当浏览记录时,状态栏中会自动显示出当前对象的最近一次操作痕迹:



点击它,会弹出窗体供浏览全部的历史痕迹:



## 核心代码见:

```
namespace Phenix. Windows
  partial class ShowExecuteActionForm : Form
    private ShowExecuteActionForm()
      InitializeComponent();
   private static ShowExecuteActionForm _self;
   /// <summary>
   /// 执行
   /// </summary>
    public static void Execute(IBusinessObject business)
      if (self = null)
       _self = new ShowExecuteActionForm();
      _self.Left = MousePosition.X - _self.Width / 2;
      _self.Top = MousePosition.Y - _self.Height;
      if (_self.Visible)
        _self.Hide();
       return;
```

```
_self.treeView.Nodes.Clear();
if (business != null)
 IList<ExecuteActionInfo> infos = business.FetchExecuteAction();
 if (infos != null && infos.Count > 0)
   TreeNode timeNode = null;
   DateTime time = DateTime.Now;
   TreeNode userNumberNode = null:
   string userNumber = null;
   TreeNode actionNode = null;
   ExecuteAction action = ExecuteAction. None;
   foreach (ExecuteActionInfo item in infos)
      if (timeNode == null | | Math. Abs(time. Subtract(item. Time). Seconds) > 1)
        time = item. Time;
        timeNode = new TreeNode();
        timeNode. Text = item. Time. ToString();
        _self.treeView.Nodes.Add(timeNode);
        if (userNumberNode != null)
          userNumberNode. ExpandAll();
          userNumberNode = null;
        actionNode = null;
      if (userNumberNode == null || String.CompareOrdinal(userNumber, item.UserNumber) != 0)
        userNumber = item.UserNumber;
        userNumberNode = new TreeNode();
        userNumberNode.Text = item.UserNumber;
        timeNode. Nodes. Add(userNumberNode);
        actionNode = null;
      if (actionNode == null | action != item. Action)
        action = item. Action;
        actionNode = new TreeNode();
        actionNode.Text = item.ActionCaption;
        userNumberNode. Nodes. Add(actionNode);
      TreeNode changeInfo = new TreeNode();
      changeInfo. Text = item. ChangeInfo;
      actionNode. Nodes. Add(changeInfo);
```

```
if (userNumberNode != null)
    userNumberNode.ExpandAll();
    _self.Show();
}

}

}

}
```

# 13.2 事件日志

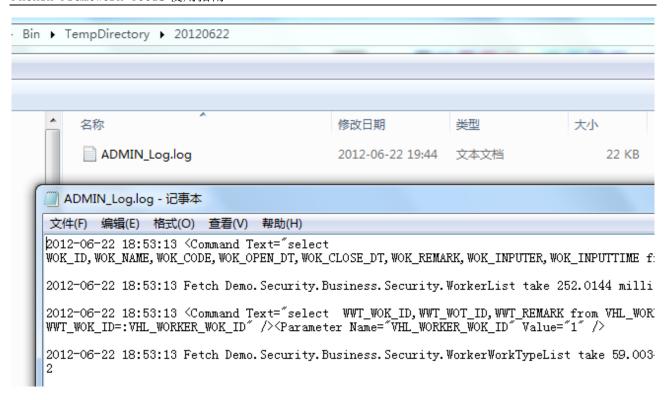
Phenix > 提供了自有的事件日志 EventLog 类:



EventLog 有一个总开关属性: Enabled, 缺省为 true, 当设置成 false 时, 调用 Save()函数将不会有任何动作。

# 13.2.1辅助开发的日志

要将日志保存在本地(目录 TempDirectory)日志文件中:



可调用 EventLog 类中的如下函数,想存什么就存什么:

```
/// <summary>
/// 保存日志
/// </summary>
/// <param name="log">日志</param>
public static void Save(string log)
/// <summary>
/// 保存日志
/// </summary>
/// <param name="log">日志</param>
/// <param name="extension">后缀</param>
public static void Save(string log, string extension)
/// <summary>
/// 保存错误日志
/// </summary>
/// <param name="log">日志</param>
/// <param name="error">错误</param>
public static void Save(string log, Exception error)
/// <summary>
/// 保存错误日志
/// </summary>
/// <param name="log">日志</param>
```

```
/// <param name="error">错误</param>
/// <param name="extension">后缀</param>
public static void Save(string log, Exception error, string extension)
/// <summary>
/// 保存错误日志
/// </summary>
/// <param name="sender">发送者</param>
/// <param name="error">错误</param>
public static void Save (object sender, Exception error)
/// <summary>
/// 保存错误日志
/// </summary>
/// <param name="sender">发送者</param>
/// <param name="error">错误</param>
/// <param name="extension">后缀</param>
public static void Save (object sender, Exception error, string extension)
/// <summary>
/// 保存错误日志
/// </summary>
/// <param name="method">函数的信息</param>
/// <param name="log">日志</param>
/// <param name="error">错误</param>
public static void Save (MethodBase method, string log, Exception error)
/// <summary>
/// 保存错误日志
/// </summary>
/// <param name="method">函数的信息</param>
/// <param name="log">日志</param>
/// <param name="error">错误</param>
/// <param name="extension">后缀</param>
public static void Save (MethodBase method, string log, Exception error, string extension)
```

# 13.2.2辅助维护的日志

应用系统上线后,维护日志必须存放在数据库中,这样才能方便检索。否则,如按上述方法,日志将会散落在每台机器上,是无法收集、整理和分析的。

存储日志的表 PH ExecuteLog 结构如下:

```
EL_ID NUMERIC(15) NOT NULL,

EL_Time DATE NOT NULL,

EL_UserNumber VARCHAR(10) NOT NULL,

-- 登录工号
```

```
EL_BusinessName VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL, --业务类名
EL_Message VARCHAR(4000) NULL, --消息
EL_ExceptionName VARCHAR(255) NULL, --错误名
EL_ExceptionMessage VARCHAR(4000) NULL, --错误消息
```

请注意: 当系统处于测试状态(Phenix. Core. AppConfig. Debugging = true),或者当前用户带 ADMIN 权限(user. IsAdminRole = true),则仅保存到本地日志文件中。

### 13.2.2.1 保存日志

```
/// <summary>
/// 保存对象消息
/// </summary>
/// <param name="user">登录用户</param>
/// <param name="objectType">类</param>
/// <param name="log">日志</param>
public static void Save(IPrincipal user, Type objectType, string log)
/// <summary>
/// 保存对象消息
/// </summary>
/// <param name="user">登录用户</param>
/// <param name="objectType">类</param>
/// <param name="error">错误</param>
public static void Save(IPrincipal user, Type objectType, Exception error)
/// <summary>
/// 保存对象消息
/// </summary>
/// <param name="user">登录用户</param>
/// <param name="method">函数的信息</param>
/// <param name="error">错误</param>
public static void Save(IPrincipal user, MethodBase method, Exception error)
```

### 13.2.2.2 检索日志

```
/// <summary>
/// 检索日志消息
/// </summary>
/// <param name="userNumber">登录工号, null代表全部</param>
/// <param name="objectType">类, null代表全部</param>
/// <param name="startTime">起始时间</param>
/// <param name="finishTime">结束时间</param>
/// <param name="finishTime">结束时间</param>
/// <param name="finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime">finishTime
```

DateTime finishTime)

上述函数中, 日志消息是通过填充到 EventLog Info 对象来返回的:



# 13.2.2.3 删除日志

```
/// <summary>
/// 清除日志消息

/// </summary>
/// <param name="userNumber">登录工号, null代表全部</param>
/// <param name="objectType">类, null代表全部</param>
/// <param name="startTime">起始时间</param>
/// <param name="finishTime">结束时间</param>
public static void Clear(string userNumber, Type objectType, DateTime startTime, DateTime finishTime)
```