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Teaching Assistant

2 De Juan and Pierskalla 2017

The Comparative Politics of Colonialism and Its Legacies: An Introduction

3 Gartzke and Rohner 2011

The Political Economy of Imperialism, Decolonization, and Development

4 Summaries



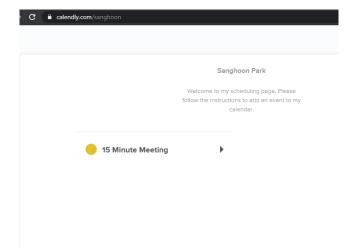
Who is your TA?



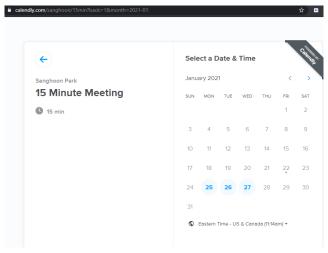
- Sanghoon Park
- sp23@email.sc.edu
- Office Hours
 - Mon 11 am 12 pm / Tue 1 2 pm
 - You can make appointment: Here
- Research Interests
 - Authoritarian regimes
 - Democratization
 - Regime breakdown

Introduction 0000

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General question

Check for updates

Introduction to the Special Issue

The Comparative Politics of Colonialism and Its Legacies: An Introduction*

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Alexander De Iuan

GIGA German Institute of Global and Area Studies and the University of Konstana

Jan Henryk Pierskalla The Ohio State University

Abstract

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Keywor

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Corresponding Author

Jan Henryk Redsulls, Department of Political Science, The Ohio State University, 2147 Derby Hall, 154 N Oral Mall, Columbus, OH 43210, USA. Email: perinalsi-4(00sus-doi:

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special lasses "Comparative Politics of Colonialism and la Legacies" surveys recent literature in policia clience, sociology, and economics that address colonial state building and colonial legacies. Plast research has made important controbations to an extremellation of the colonial legacies. Plast research has made important controbations to an extremellation of the colonial intervention of the colonial colonial colonial colonial colonial in understanding the transmission of those effects to present day outcomes and in understanding the transmission of those effects to present day outcomes and entirects of the day of design beautiful colonial comparison of the colonial intervention of the plant of the colonial intervention to (1) the interval plasmics of colonial interventions, and (4) a finer yained diaggregation of outcomes, colonial units of the colonial interventions and (4) a finer yained diaggregation of outcomes.

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Ouestion:

What are the causes and consequences of colonial rule?

Existing explanations

- Impacts of colonial legacies on economic/political development
 - Types of colonies affect the outcomes after decolonization
 - Different economic/political institutions, legal systems, and social factors

However, most of the explanations focus on between-variations in effects of decolonization based on different colonizers.

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However, most of the explanations focus on between-variations in effects of decolonization based on different colonizers.

What should we do next?



De Juan and Pierskalla (2017) argue that we need something more to understand colonialism and its legacies fully.

- Survey the previous literature in Comparative Politics on colonialism.
- Show how recent scholars develop their theoretical arguments.

Theories

- Four trends in recent studies
 - 1 Internal dynamics of colonial rule: within-variations

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10/24

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 - Increased disaggregation of outcome, explanatory variables, and unit of analysis

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 - 3 The role of contextual conditions
 - Influence of pre-colonial conditions after decolonization
 - Increased disaggregation of outcome, explanatory variables, and unit of analysis
 - Go narrower and narrower.
 - Macro (system-, cross-country institutions-level) → micro-foundational



General question

B.J.Pol.S. 41, 525-556 Copyright © Combridge University Press, 2011 doi:10.1017/S0007123410000232 First published online 1 Petersary 2011

The Political Economy of Imperialism, Decolonization and Development

ERIK GARTZKE AND DOMINIC ROHNER*

Nations have historically sought power and prosperity through centre of physical space. In record decides, however, this has largely reason flow that stars that can did so a uppear relaxant, while the work centre capsed. This studie protons a theory of inspectation and docolorisation that explains the contract of the Particle-Spiral shokes, exact because the size of the contract of the contract of uniform technology probably dilute trappear industance. Stantinescondy, economic development ands to a centre declare in specific trappearities that, missed has deputed from consequence to longer may centre declare in specific proposed in the contract of the contract o

'Other nations in history have fought in foreign lands and remained to occupy and exploit.

Americans, following a baltle, want nothing more than to return home....'

Two recent American wars in the Middle East have reavalented discussions of American Empire. In contrast to traditional patterns, however, the United States appears to have no desire to acquire more sentiony. Whether empire requires physical expansion and colonization, or simply effective control of another society; seems to us to be largely definitional.³ Labelling American motives and practices as imperial, longemonic or something dets is perhaps less critical than attempting to understand why such behaviour

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Ouestion:

What motivates an end of empire?

What makes empires (territorial expansions) unattractive now?



Existing explanations

- Imperialism: Find causes at Demand-side / Supply-side / System-level.
- Decolonization: Domestic politics in metropolis vs. International factors

Gartzke and Rohner (2011) point out that existing explanations can only explain one-way:



Theories

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What should we do next?



Gartzke and Rohner (2011) offer a theory of imperialism and decolonization.

Why Military < Capital? Why Conquest < Commerce?



Gartzke and Rohner (2011) offer a theory of imperialism and decolonization.

• Why Military < Capital? Why Conquest < Commerce?

Gartzke and Rohner (2011) suggest micro-foundations for colonial expansion and decline.

Theories

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- Military effectiveness
- Economic development → *Imperialists' Dilemma*

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Preference of territorial aggression is not given, but a variable driven by environmental conditions.



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Preference of territorial aggression is not given, but a variable driven by environmental conditions.

• The preference can vary: decline and RECUR AGAIN.

Models

When you read an article with scary models with *Formula, Math symbols, or Greeks*.



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Read step-by-step.

From the assumptions to their theoretical connections.

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Here? Read Hypotheses carefully.

Models

General assumptions

- Two actors
 - N, S: Tribal groups, countries, or regions of the world.
 - Gartzke and Rohner (2011) implicitly refer N as colonizers, and S as colonies in the models.

Models

Let's try!



The Political Economy of Imperialism, Decolonization, and Development

Models

Let's try! Really just try.



 $The\ Political\ Economy\ of\ Imperialism,\ Decolonization,\ and\ Development$

Models

Let's try! Really just try.

2 Production functions for each actor.

$$y_N = \alpha L_N^a K_N^b$$
$$y_S = \beta L_S^c K_S^d$$

- y_i = production output for actor i
- L_i = labor allocated to domestic production for actor i
- K_i = physical capital and land stock for actor i
- α , β = total factor productivities
- a, b, c, d =exogenous parameters



Models

- Production functions for each actor.
 - We can change the previous-scary formula in plain words.
 - $y_N = \alpha L_N^a K_N^b$
 - "The production output for N is determined by domestic labor allocations for N **AND** physical capital and land stock for N, which depend on total factor productivity for N (α)."
 - "Also, there exists external influences (a, b) on the labor allocations, physical capital, and land stocks in N."

Models

Let's read the hypotheses (theoretical expectations)

- Colonialism and imperialism
 - H_1 : Economic development \cap Territorial Empire (concave)
 - H_2 : Military effectiveness $\uparrow \rightarrow$ Colonies \uparrow
 - H₃: Military tech↑ → Colonies ↓
- Political liberalization
 - H₄: Democracies → Colonies ↓
- System effects
 - H₅: System contains many colonies → Pr(Holding colonies)↑
 - H₆: Hegemon has many colonies → Pr(Holding colonies)↑
 - H₇: System development ∩ Pr(Holding colonies) (concave)



The Political Economy of Imperialism, Decolonization, and Development

Empirical results

Sample



The Political Economy of Imperialism, Decolonization, and Development

Empirical results

Sample \rightarrow **IMPORTANT**

- Scope: Countries / Time: 1816-1992
- Unit of analysis: country-year (i.e. U.S. in 1816, U.S. in 1817)

Variables

- DV: Binary and counts of dependencies.
- EV: Economic development / Fighting tech / Democracy / Fighting effectiveness / Major power status / Temporal dependence

Methods



Empirical results

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- Scope: Countries / Time: 1816-1992
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- DV: Binary and counts of dependencies.
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Methods → **IMPORTANT**, but not now

Negative binomial regression with robust standard errors.



EV	Coeff.	S.E.	Expect
Economic Develp.	1.909***	(0.399)	-
Economic Develp. ²	-0.183***	(0.046)	Concave
Fighting Effectiveness	41.17	(24.40)	Positive
Fighting Technology	-69.01***	(18.68)	Negative
Develp.×Fight Tech	6.639***	(1.536)	
Democracy	-0.0103	(0.0649)	Negative
Sys. Develp.	12.35***	(3.424)	-
Sys. Develp. ²	-4.099***	(1.166)	Concave
Hegemon (US)	-2.317***	(0.585)	Positive
Hegemon (US) ²	0.168***	(0.042)	Concave
Major Power	1.036	(1.061)	-
# States in System	-0.0365***	(0.011)	-
# Major Powers	0.345	(0.186)	-

Table: The Political Economy of Decolonization



Conclusions

See Gartzke and Rohner (2011, 555-556)

- "The desire to control land \cdots remains strong in the developing world."
- "Successful development could increase middle tier, which is against territorial aggression."
- Tech. innovation↑ → Labor costs ↑ = Costly empire
- However, decline of empire is not deterministic \rightarrow It can recur or revive.



Summaries

De Juan and Pierskalla (2017)



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- Review previous literature on imperialism, colonialism.
- Suggest that we should look into micro-foundational dynamics.
- Good to skim: How are existing theories developed?.

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Summaries

De Juan and Pierskalla (2017)

- Review previous literature on imperialism, colonialism.
- Suggest that we should look into micro-foundational dynamics.
- Good to skim: How are existing theories developed?.

Gartzke and Rohner (2011)

- I know...
- However, it addresses micro-foundations of imperialism, decolonization, and development.
- "Decolonialism" by strategic actors with varying preferences.
- Maybe a good practice if you read step-by-step.

Questions

Thank you!

Any questions or meetings?

™Email: sp23@email.sc.edu

™Calendly: Here



- De Juan, Alexander and Jan Henryk Pierskalla. 2017. "The Comparative Politics of Colonialism and Its Legacies: An Introduction." *Politics and Society* 45(2):159–172.
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