# **RDTextractor**

### Installation

```
pip install -r requirements.txt
python setup.py install
```

Once it's installed, you can run the extractor by typing: extract -h

### Introduction

This tool is designed to extract data from the *in vivo* repeat-dose toxicity (RDT) studies' database generated within the context of the eTOX project. It can work with versions 2016.1 and 2016.2. For the former, you need to request access to the data files. For the latter, you need to have the Oracle database provided by Lhasa installed and run the script from the Oracle server. Additionally, you'll need to set up the ORACLE\_HOME and LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH environment variables. This project is an extension of the work published in the following paper:

• López-Massaguer O, Pinto-Gil K, Sanz F, Amberg A, Anger LT, Stolte M, Ravagli C, Marc P, Pastor M. Toxicol Sci. 2018 Mar; 162(1): 287–300.

### Manual

Exract studies' findings based on the given filtering and the organs' and morphological changes' ontologies-based expansions of these findings.

- Required arguments:
  - -a / --organ ORGAN Anatomical entity that the finding refers to (case insensitive). You can filter for more than one organ by passing a blank space-separated list.
- Optional arguments:
  - Version-related arguments:
    - -v / --version {local, oracle}Vitic database version (default: oracle).
    - -d / --sid SID
       If working with Vitic database version 2016.2, provide the Oracle SID's.
    - -u / --user USER If working with Vitic database version 2016.2, provide the Oracle database user name.
    - -p / --passw PASSW If working with Vitic database version 2016.2, provide the Oracle database password.
  - Study design-related arguments:
    - -i / --min\_exposure MIN\_EXPOSUREMinimum exposure period (days).
    - -e / --max\_exposure MAX\_EXPOSURE Maximum exposure period (days).
    - -r / --route {Cutaneous, Diertary, Oral, Oral gavage, Intragastric, Nasogastric,
       Oropharyngeal, Endotracheal, Intra-articular, Intradermal, Intraesophageal, Intraileal,
       Intramuscular, Subcutaneous, Intraocular, Intraperitoneal, Intrathecal, Intrauterine,

Intravenous, Intravenous bolus, Intravenous drip, Parenteral, Nasal, Respiratory (inhalation), Percutaneous, Rectal, Vaginal, Subarachnoid} Administration route (case insensitive). You can filter for more than one administration route by passing a blank space-separated list.

- -s / --species {Mouse, Rat, Hamster, Guinea pig, Rabbit, Dog, Pig, Marmoset, Monkey, Baboon}
   Species (case insensitive). You can filter for more than one species by passing a blank space-separated list.
- -x / --sex {F,M,Both} Study design sex.
- o Finding-related arguments:
  - -m / --observation OBSERVATION Morphological change type that the finding refers to (case insensitive). You can filter for more than one morphological change by passing a blank space-separated list.
  - -t / --treatment\_relatedKeep only treatment-related findings.
- Output-related arguments:
  - -o / --output\_basename OUTPUT\_BASENAME Output file base name. Two output files will be generated: basename\_quant.tsv and basename\_qual.tsv, with quantitative and qualitative results respectively. (default: output).

## Use examples

- 1. Extract all studies with liver-related findings
  - vitic 2016.1:

    python extract.py -v 2016.1 -a liver
  - vitic 2016.2:

```
python extract.py -v 2016.2 -d ORACLE_SID -u ORACLE_USER -p ORACLE_PASSWORD -a
liver
```

### 2. Extract all studies with liver- and kidney-related findings

Note that you can filter for more than one organ by passing a blank space-separated list.

• vitic 2016.1: python extract.py -v 2016.1 -a liver kidney

• vitic 2016.2:

python extract.py -v 2016.2 -d ORACLE\_SID -u ORACLE\_USER -p ORACLE\_PASSWORD -a liver kidney

### 3. Extract only studies of interest

Filter the studies of interest based on exposure time (days), administration route, and species. Note that for route and species you can filter for more than one value by passing a blank space-separated list.

Using long arguments:

```
python extract.py -v 2016.1 --organ liver --min_exposure 1 --max_exposure 10 --
route ORAL --species MOUSE RAT
```

• Using short arguments:

### 4. Extract treatment-related findings only

python extract.py -v 2016.1 -a liver -i 1 -e 10 -r ORAL -s MOUSE RAT -t

#### 5. Output example

After extracting data using this tool, two output files are generated, one with quantitative and the other with qualitative data. Both have five common columns, namely:

- subst\_id: Substance ID.
- study\_count: Number of relevant studies (according to the current filtering scheme) in which the substance appears.
- dose\_max: Maximum dose at which the substance has been tested among the relevant studies.
- dose\_min: Minimum dose at which the substance has been tested among the relevant studies.
- is\_active: Boolean indicating whether the substance has been found to have any toxicity according to the current finding-related filtering criteria.

After these, there is a column for each relevant finding. In these columns a value is provided if the finding is reported for the given substance, and it is empty otherwise. The value will be 1 in the qualitative file and the minimum dose at which the finding is reported in the quantitative file.

This is an example of the qualitative output:



This is an example of the quantitative output:

subst	id sugar	durk mind dose mind	t dose ni	n stive	Mar Interest	The Interest of the State of th	"Cellular content"	ed herodre night ed her	ligid content.	me hetor	dedet	or met internation	, Lean donated in the man	Bet Internation	Wet introcultur	Wet Intracting
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X	1	504	97.9	False												
Х	1	25	8	False												
X	2	400	400	False												
X	1	10		False												
X	1	1000	1000	False												
X	8	2000	10	True												
X	1	110	64	False												
X	1	140	120	True											120	
X	8	2000		True		1		1			10		5	5	5	
X	4	150		False												
X	1	2000		False												
X	1	30		False												
X	1	3		False												
Х	1	2		False												
X	4	120.5		True	0.5											
X	2	650		True												
X	5	500		True		5		5			5		5	5	5	
X	1	50		False												
X	5	12	0.04		1.2										0.12	
X	1	100		False												
X	2	1000	50	True											50	