VM. Grails
$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 7 & 8 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \times \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} A \mid b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 & 0 \\ 7 & 8 & 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

the Gauss 1 0 H-4H1 1 1 0 -3 -6 -4 H6-2H2

makin 2 2 3 1

makin 2 2 3 1

makin 2 3 1

tun glac Ven 2 3 3

Giài tre dubi len: X3 = -1 3 > X2 = 2 > X4 = -2.

 $A \times = b$ $A \times$ Khái quá hoa; PEGNIS Win=3

Matrix decomposition (phantich ma tran) A = (Lmy lnz Lz) 1. U

phân tích LU (L: B, U: V).

Tray vo ten
$$1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -4 & 1 & 0 \\ -7 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
, $1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$, $1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 4 & 1 & 0 \\ 7 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

Do phicotop tiltian: (numerical cample xity)

Quansit: 1 horse lest (n-1). (2n-1) flogs

Tour like: Deplie top = $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (i-1)(2i-1)$ (1) (viet volume = (n-1)(2n-1)+(n-2)(2n-3)+...+2.5+1.3). Theo (1) \Rightarrow Dephicop = $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (2i^2 - 3i + 1)$

 $= \sum_{i=1}^{n} 2i^{2} - \sum_{i=1}^{n} 3i + \sum_{i=1}^{n} 1$

$$= \sum_{k=1}^{3} 2^{\frac{k}{k}} - \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 3^{\frac{k}{k}} + \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 4$$

$$= 2 \cdot \frac{n \cdot 6 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 \cdot n^{2}}{1 \cdot 6 \cdot 1 \cdot 6} + \frac{1}{1 \cdot 6} +$$

Chief: Trop bestrich tie toght hid vit his blac sike he A = PLU.

1) Lougher plai pivol degliet vie P.

2) Buse custage plai lay chapter, cia P, va vet vo A = PLU.

Complexity: ~ LU, this PLU widge \(\frac{1}{3} \) \(\frac{1}{3} \) + \(\frac{1}{3} \) \(\frac{1