	5% CS							
	$\overline{\text{PCCC}}$	PCCC-R	COPKM	CSC	DILS	LCC	KMEANS	$\operatorname{GT}$
Dataset								
Appendicitis	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0
Breast Cancer	0	0	_	189	3	23	39	0
Bupa	0	0	_	70	1	6	58	0
Circles	0	0	_	49	0	6	31	0
Ecoli	0	0	0	70	0	0	21	0
Glass	0	0	0	36	0	0	11	0
Haberman	0	0	_	42	0	4	28	0
Hayesroth	0	0	0	14	0	1	6	0
Heart	0	0	_	49	0	1	18	0
Ionosphere	0	0	_	61	1	8	23	0
Iris	0	0	0	15	0	0	2	0
Led7Digit	0	0	0	210	0	_	18	0
Monk2	0	0	_	123	1	15	64	0
Moons	0	0	0	44	0	1	15	0
Movement Libras	0	0	0	100	0	0	6	0
Newthyroid	0	0	0	29	0	0	11	0
Saheart	0	0	_	122	6	25	55	0
Sonar	0	0	_	25	0	1	14	0
Soybean	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Spectfheart	0	0	_	32	0	2	29	0
Spiral	0	0	_	51	0	5	29	0
Tae	0	0	0	15	0	0	7	0
Vehicle	0	0	_	603	7	87	204	0
Wine	0	0	0	25	0	0	2	0
Zoo	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Mean	0	0	0*	79	1	8*	28	0

<sup>\*</sup>Nan values (-) are ignored when computing the sum.

Table W13: Average number of cannot-link constraint violations of the PCCC and the PCCC-R algorithms and the four state-of-the-art algorithms (COPKM, CSC, DILS, LCC) for the constraint sets of size 5% CS. The lowest values are stated in bold. The column KMEANS reports the average number of cannot-link constraint violations obtained with the k-means algorithm. The hyphen indicates that the respective algorithm returned no solution within the time limit of 1,800 seconds.