	0% CS								
	PCCC	PCCC-N2-S	PCCC-N5-S	PCCC-N2-S-RD	COPKM	CSC	DILS	LCC	KMEANS
Dataset									
n500-k2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n500-k5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n500-k10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n500-k20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n500-k50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n500-k100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n1000-k2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n1000-k5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n1000-k10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n1000-k20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n1000-k50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n1000-k100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n2000-k2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n2000-k5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n2000-k10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n2000-k20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n2000-k50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n2000-k100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n5000-k2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n5000-k5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n5000-k10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n5000-k20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n5000-k50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
n5000-k100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0
Mean	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	0

Table W90: Average number of cannot-link constraint violations of the versions of the PCCC algorithm and the four state-of-the-art algorithms (COPKM, CSC, DILS, LCC) for the constraint sets of size 0% CS. The lowest values are stated in bold. The column KMEANS reports the average number of cannot-link constraint violations obtained with the k-means algorithm. The hyphen indicates that the respective algorithm returned no solution within the time limit of 3.600 seconds.