	5% CS						
	$\overline{\text{PCCC}}$	PCCC-R	COPKM	CSC	DILS	LCC	KMEANS
Dataset							
Appendicitis	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
Breast Cancer	0	0	_	189	3	23	39
Bupa	0	0	_	70	1	6	58
Circles	0	0	_	49	0	6	31
Ecoli	0	0	0	70	0	0	21
Glass	0	0	0	36	0	0	11
Haberman	0	0	_	42	0	4	28
Hayesroth	0	0	0	14	0	1	6
Heart	0	0	_	49	0	1	18
Ionosphere	0	0	_	61	1	8	23
Iris	0	0	0	15	0	0	2
Led7Digit	0	0	0	210	0	_	18
Monk2	0	0	_	123	1	15	64
Moons	0	0	0	44	0	1	15
Movement Libras	0	0	0	100	0	0	6
Newthyroid	0	0	0	29	0	0	11
Saheart	0	0	_	122	6	25	55
Sonar	0	0	_	25	0	1	14
Soybean	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Spectfheart	0	0	_	32	0	2	29
Spiral	0	0	_	51	0	5	29
Tae	0	0	0	15	0	0	7
Vehicle	0	0	_	603	7	87	204
Wine	0	0	0	25	0	0	2
Zoo	0	0	0	2	0	0	0
Mean	0	0	0*	79	1	8*	28

^{*}Nan values (-) are ignored when computing the sum.

Table W17: Average number of cannot-link constraint violations of the PCCC and the PCCC-R algorithms and the four state-of-the-art algorithms (COPKM, CSC, DILS, LCC) for the constraint sets of size 5% CS. The lowest values are stated in bold. The column KMEANS reports the average number of cannot-link constraint violations obtained with the k-means algorithm. The hyphen indicates that the respective algorithm returned no solution within the time limit of 1,800 seconds.