

# HackerFrogs Afterschool Network Hacking – Session 8

Class:  
Network Hacking

Workshop Number:  
AS-NET-08

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Special Requirements:  
Registered account  
at [tryhackme.com](https://tryhackme.com)



# Welcome to HackerFrogs Afterschool!

This is the eighth session  
for network hacking!

Let's go over the concepts  
we covered in the previous  
session!



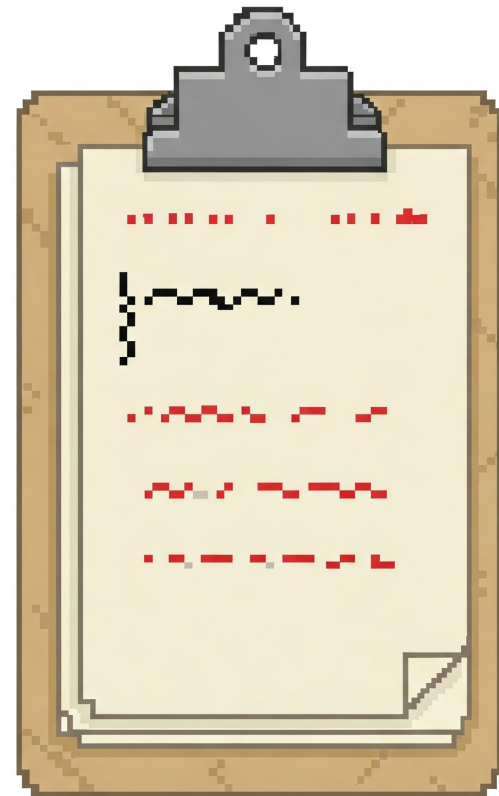
# What are File Transfers?

File transfers are an essential operation of computer networking, and we learned a few different methods for file transfer



# Transferring Small Files by Clipboard and Base64

The clipboard and Base64 method of file transfer is safe and convenient for small files, but it's not practical for larger files



# Transferring Files via Python HTTP and Wget

In controlled networks, hosting files using the Python HTTP module and downloading with Wget is convenient, but it's not recommended for real-world scenarios, since it sends data unencrypted



# Transferring Files via Scp (SSH)

If we have SSH on both devices and a set of credentials, the Scp program is an ideal file transfer solution, since it sends files over an encrypted protocol



# This Session's Topics

- What are File Upload Attacks?
  - Uploading via Web Page
- Uploading via Web Page /w Filter Bypass

# What are File Upload Attacks?

File Upload Attacks are a type of web app hack where malicious files can be uploaded to a web server and then accessed on the web app, executing the code within the uploaded malicious files





# What are File Upload Attacks?

In order to perform a file upload attack, there are three conditions that must be met

- 1) There must be a way to upload files to a web-accessible location, via web app, or another service (e.g., FTP, SMB)
- 2) The upload location must be known to us
- 3) The app must be able to execute code: e.g., PHP or ASP

# Accessing TryHackMe

Let's access this TryHackMe room to learn about file upload attacks:

<https://tryhackme.com/room/dvwa>

# File Upload Condition

The app lets us upload files, and a lot of apps only let you upload files of a certain type, but this app allows any file type to be uploaded, aka unrestricted file upload



# Code Execution Condition

File upload attacks will not work unless the web app executes code in files. PHP is a classic example, and web apps that host PHP files is a good indicator that an app is vulnerable

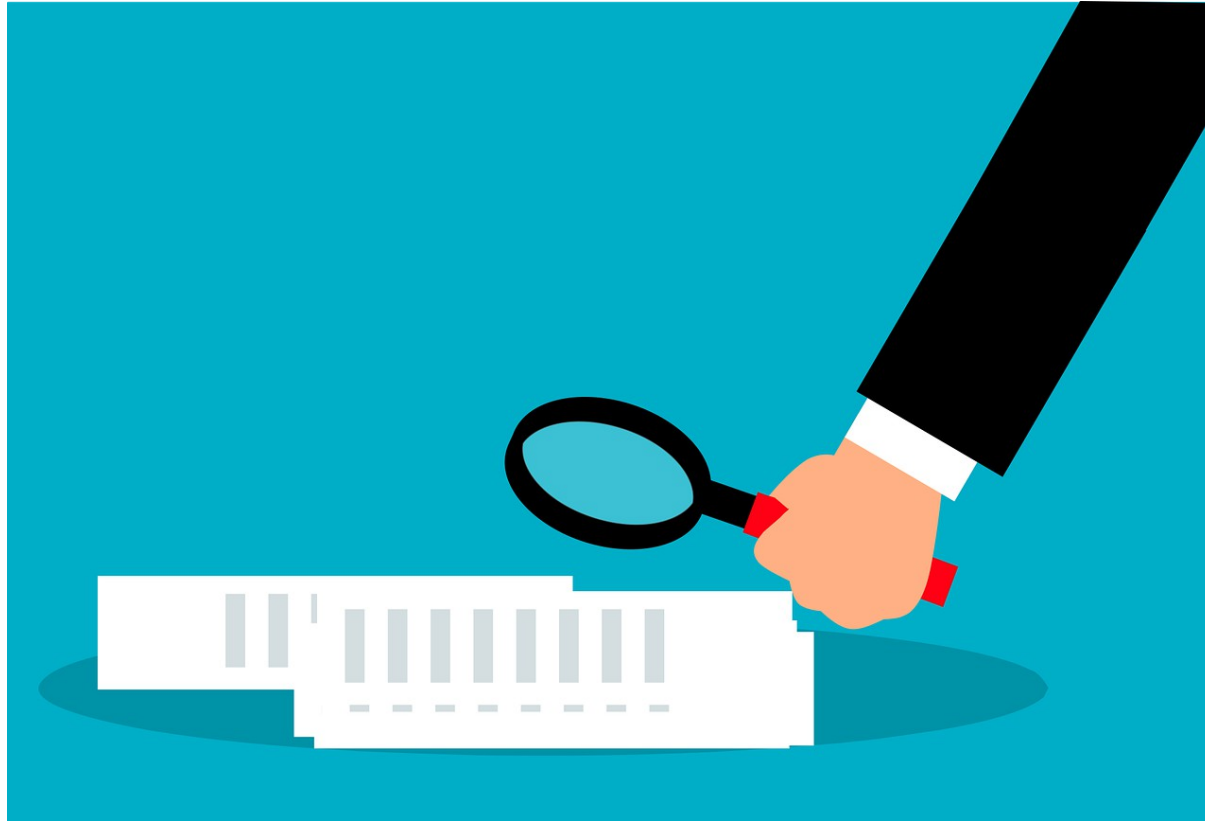


# Known Upload Location Condition

The last condition of file upload attack is the ability to access the malicious file you upload to the application. This app explicitly lets us know where uploaded files are located in the app



# Summary



Let's review the network hacking concepts we learned in this workshop:

# What are File Upload Attacks?

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# What's Next?

In the next HackerFrogs  
Afterschool Network  
Hacking workshop,  
we'll be learning how  
escalate privileges on  
Linux servers!

