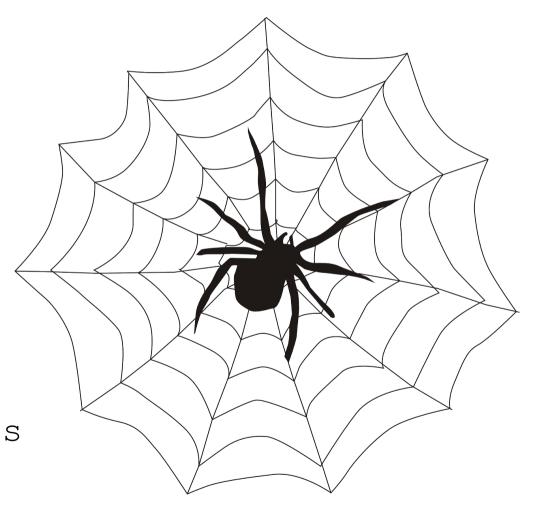
# HackerFrogs Afterschool Web App Hacking Basics: Part 4

Class: Web App Hacking

Workshop Number: AS-WEB-04

Document Version: 1.5

Special Requirements: Completion of previous workshop, AS-WEB-03



## What We Learned In The Previous Workshop

This is the fourth intro to web app hacking workshop.

In the previous workshop we learned about the following web app hacking concepts:



### Sourcecode Analysis

Sourcecode analysis is the process of analyzing the code of a piece of software with the goal of deeper understanding regarding its function.

```
include "includes/secret.inc";

if(array_key_exists("submit", $_POST)) {
    if($secret == $_POST['secret']) {
        print "Access granted. The password for
    } else {
        print "Wrong secret";
    }
    }
}
```

#### Sourcecode Analysis

It is a common technique used in software security testing, but it requires the software sourcecode be readily available.

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    if($secret == $_POST['secret']) {
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```

#### **URL** Parameters



URL parameters are variables attached to the end of URLs. They are often used to send search queries to webservers, but they can be used to retrieve other data as well.

#### Local File Inclusion

Local File Inclusion (LFI) is a web app vulnerability where arbitrary local webserver files can be accessed through a web interface.



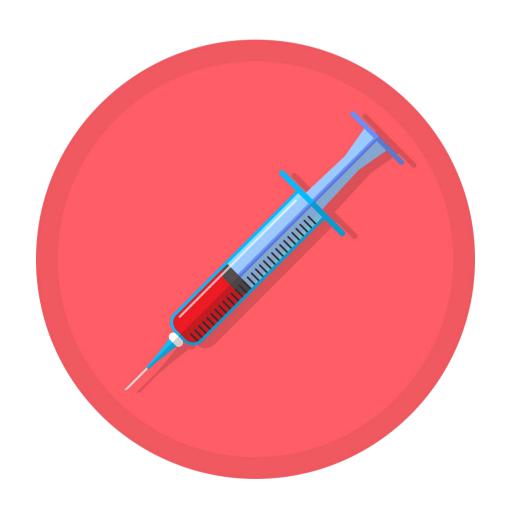
#### Let's Continue Where We Left Off!

Let's pick up where we left off in the Natas CTF:

http://natas8.natas.labs.overthewire.org/

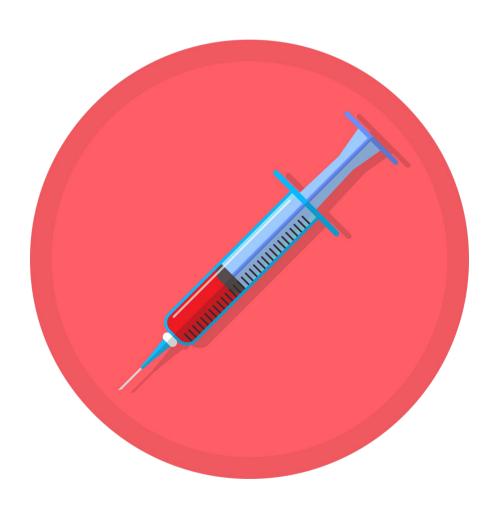
#### P-9 OS Command Injection

Operating System (OS) Command Injection is a web app vulnerability where arbitrary OS commands can be performed on the webserver through a web interface.



#### P-9 OS Command Injection

**OS Command Injection** is a serious vulnerability, and can often lead to complete compromise of the webserver, and if so, the webserver can be used as a foothold to attack other machines on the network.



- 1) The semicolon terminates a command
- 2) The cat command reads files
- 3) This is the filepath to the natas 10 password file
- 4) The hash symbol nullifies anything that follows

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- 1) An argument to the grep command, searching for the letter A
- 2) The file to be searched, the Natas 11 password file
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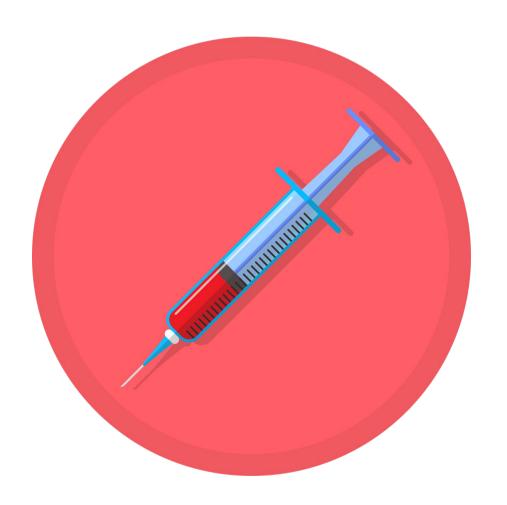
#### Summary



Let's review the web exploitation concepts we learned in this workshop:

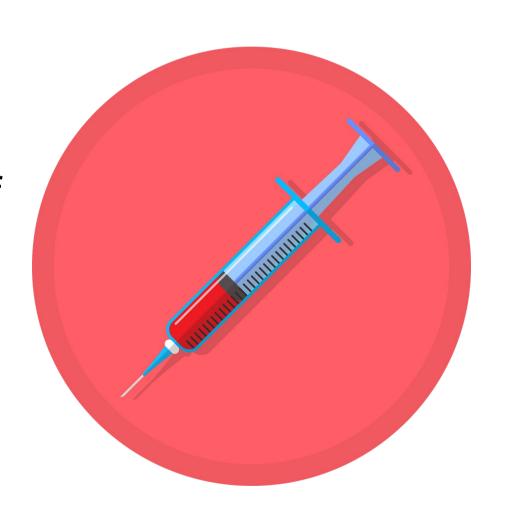
#### **OS Command Injection**

Operating System (OS) Command Injection is a web app vulnerability where arbitrary OS commands can be performed on the webserver through a web interface.



#### **OS Command Injection**

OS Command Injection can often lead to complete compromise of the webserver, and if so, the server can be used as a foothold to attack other machines on the network.



#### What's Next?

In the next HackerFrogs
Afterschool web app hacking
workshop, we'll learn about
the SQL database language
which most web apps
use for user account
credentials.



#### Extra Credit

Looking for more study material on this workshop's topics?

See this video's description for links to supplemental documents and exercises!



### Until Next Time, HackerFrogs!

