Districts: Houston, Yoakum, Corpus Christi, San Antonio, Laredo

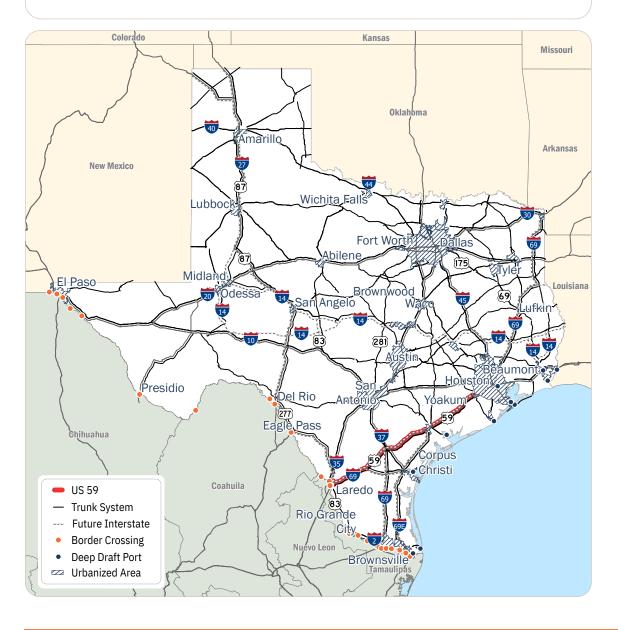
STATEWIDE AND **RURAL CONNECTIVITY** KEY CORRIDORS

**TPP Division** 

The Texas Department of Transportation's (TxDOT's) Statewide Rural Connectivity Initiative is focused on systematically upgrading rural corridors on the Texas Highway Trunk System (TTS) to four-lane divided or better highways.

The TTS provides safe, reliable, high-speed travel between economic activity centers – e.g., major cities, oil and gas production areas, deep-draft sea ports, land ports of entry, and agricultural areas - in Texas while supporting the economic health of communities along the corridors. These communities along rural connectivity corridors are defined as small and medium size cities outside urbanized areas that benefit from improved access to markets throughout the state.

The Statewide and Rural Connectivity Task Force guides and provides strategic direction on the prioritization of Key Corridors on the TTS for upgrade to four lane divided or better highways.



US 59 from Laredo to Houston is one of the key corridors identified by the Statewide and Rural Connectivity Program for improvement to a four-lane divided corridor. This key corridor is a major freight corridor that connects Laredo (the number one land border crossing in the U.S.) and the Port of Houston (the number one sea port in the U.S. in terms of tonnage), provides an alternative to the I-35 and I-10 corridors, continues development of I-69, and connects to Texas sea ports.

## Key Corridor Supports Texas' Economic Prosperity and Communities



Socio-economic Demographics

**7.1** M people **3.1** M jobs



Annual Average Daily Traffic

1K - 55k



Annual Average Daily Truck Traffic

**600 - 17K** (~29% of all traffic)



Support Manufacturing Sector's Contribution to Texas GDP\*

\$89.1 B



Support Wholesale & Retail Trade Sector's Contribution to Texas GDP\*

\$106.9 B



Support Energy Sector's Contribution to Texas GDP\*

\$53.8 B

## **Key Corridor Characteristics**

rural mobility, connect major activity centers (i.e., connections to communities over 20,000 population and connections to commerce), and provide access to ports of entry into Texas. The goal is to upgrade these highways to 4-lane or better divided highways.



264 mi

To TTS Standards

4+ Lane Divided

4 Lanes Undivided

Total

152 mi

Safety Along Corridor

In 2023, statewide rural crashes occur 1.8 times as often on undivided highways than on divided highways. Rural undivided roadways account for 2 in 3 rural crashes and 3 in 4 rural fatalities.



Between 2019-2023

Number of Crashes

Number of **Fatal Crashes** 

5,056

70



Investments Needed to Address Crash Hotspots

**\$665.8** M (High-level Estimates)

Source: TxDOT Road Inventory and TxDOT Crash Records Information System (CRIS) Connecting Texas 2050 Statewide Long-Range Transportation Plan

Crash hotspots are locations where crash rates are equal to or higher than 90 crashes per hundred million VMT.

## **Key Corridor Improvements**



Completed (Since 2019)

2.3 mi (\$19.1 M)



(\$885.6 M)

Under

Construction

**23.9** mi



Fully Funded

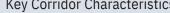
58.2 mi (\$1572.1M)



Unfunded **112** mi

Partial/

(\$1522.5M)



The Texas Highway Trunk System (TTS) is a network of rural highways that aims to improve



**Total Corridor** Length

**112** mi

136 mi

2 Lanes

**16 mi** 

Not to TTS Standards