

The Texas Department of Transportation's (TxDOT's) Statewide Rural Connectivity Initiative is focused on systematically upgrading rural corridors on the Texas Highway Trunk System (TTS) to four-lane divided or better highways.

The TTS provides safe, reliable, high-speed travel between economic activity centers – e.g., major cities, oil and gas production areas, deep-draft sea ports, land ports of entry, and agricultural areas - in Texas while supporting the economic health of communities along the corridors. These communities along rural connectivity corridors are defined as small and medium size cities outside urbanized areas that benefit from improved access to markets throughout the state.

The Statewide and Rural Connectivity Task Force guides and provides strategic direction on the prioritization of Key Corridors on the TTS for upgrade to four lane divided or better highways.



US 59 from Laredo to Houston is one of the key corridors identified by the Statewide and Rural Connectivity Program for improvement to a four-lane divided corridor. This key corridor is a major freight corridor that connects Laredo (the number one land border crossing in the U.S.) and the Port of Houston (the number one sea port in the U.S. in terms of tonnage), provides an alternative to the I-35 and I-10 corridors, continues development of I-69, and connects to Texas sea ports.

Key Corridor Supports Texas' Economic Prosperity and Communities



7.1 M people **3.1 M jobs**

Source: 2023, U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Census Bureau
Includes county that the corridor traverse plus adjacent county



Annual Average Daily Traffic
1K - 55k

Source: 2023 TxDOT Roadway Inventory Annual Data



Annual Average Daily Truck Traffic
600 - 17K (~29% of all traffic)

Source: 2023 TxDOT Roadway Inventory Annual Data



Support Manufacturing Sector's Contribution to Texas GDP*

\$89.1 B



Support Wholesale & Retail Trade Sector's Contribution to Texas GDP*

\$106.9 B



Support Energy Sector's Contribution to Texas GDP*

\$53.8 B

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis (2022 GDP in current dollars)
Includes establishments engaged in the mechanical, physical, or chemical transformation of materials, substances, or components into new products.

* Includes county that the corridor traverse plus adjacent county

Safety Along Corridor

In 2023, statewide rural crashes occur 1.8 times as often on undivided highways than on divided highways. Rural undivided roadways account for 2 in 3 rural crashes and 3 in 4 rural fatalities.



Number of Crashes
5,056

Number of Fatal Crashes
70

Source: TxDOT Crash Records Information System (CRIS)

Investments Needed to Address Crash Hotspots

\$665.8 M (High-level Estimates)

Source: TxDOT Road Inventory and TxDOT Crash Records Information System (CRIS)
Connecting Texas 2050 Statewide Long-Range Transportation Plan

Crash hotspots are locations where crash rates are equal to or higher than 90 crashes per hundred million VMT.

Corridor Project Summary



Completed (Since 2019)
2.3 mi (\$19.1 M)

Source: Sitemanager



Under Construction
23.9 mi (\$885.6 M)

Source: 2025 UTP, Sitemanager, TxDOTCONNECT



Fully Funded
58.2 mi (\$1572.1M)

Source: 2025 UTP, TxDOTCONNECT



Partial/Unfunded
112 mi (\$1522.5M)

Source: 2025 UTP, TxDOTCONNECT

Project tracking since 2019, following the identification of key corridors.
Project data verified by TxDOT Districts and TPP-UTP. Data accurate as of February 2025.
Mileage includes sum of all project lengths. Cost includes sum of Estimated Construction Cost.

Total Corridor Length	To TTS Standards	Not to TTS Standards		
	4+ Lane Divided	2 Lanes	4 Lanes Undivided	Total
264 mi	112 mi (46%)	136 mi	16 mi	152 mi

Source: 2023 TxDOT Roadway Inventory Annual Data