

Agda Backends: A survey and a UHC backend prototype

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Agda Introduction

- Why dependent types?

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- **head** :: forall a . **List** a -> a
 head (x:xs) = x
 head [] = **error** "something went wrong ..."

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- Why dependent types?
- **head** :: forall a . **List** a -> a
 head (x:xs) = x
 head [] = **error** "something_went_wrong..."
- Runtime crashes are possible in Haskell!

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- We need to encode the length of lists in the type

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data Nat : Set where  
  zero : Nat  
  succ : Nat → Nat
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```
data Nat : Set where
```

```
  zero : Nat
```

```
  succ : Nat → Nat
```

```
data Vec : (A : Set) → (n : Nat) → Set where
```

```
  nil : ∀ {A} → Vec A zero
```

```
  cons : ∀ {A n} → A → Vec A n → Vec A (succ n)
```


Cont.

We can now write the head function in Agda

`head1` : $\forall \{A\} n \rightarrow \text{Vec } A \ n \rightarrow A$

`head1` (`cons` `x` `xs`) = `x`

`head1` `nil` = ????

Cont.

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This will not type check!

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We can now write the head function in Agda

```
head1 : ∀ {A n} → Vec A n → A
```

```
head1 (cons x xs) = x
```

```
head1 nil = ????
```

This will not type check!

```
head2 : ∀ {A n} → Vec A (succ n) → A
```

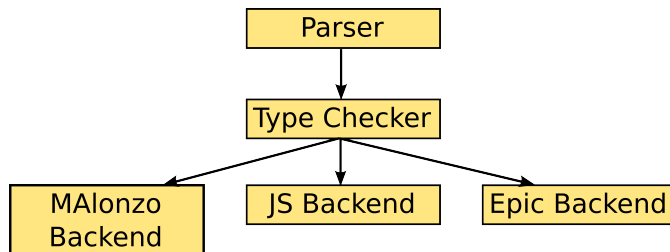
```
head2 (cons x xs) = x
```

The typechecker now knows that the nil-case cannot happen!

Agda Characteristics

- Values can be used as types
- Types cannot influence value of an expression
- Functions need to be total
- Single language for proofs and programs
- Typechecking requires evaluation

Agda Architecture



MAlonzo backend

MAlonzo backend

- Targets Haskell
- Maintained
- Relies on GHC for optimizations

MAlonzo - Code Generation

```
vecToStr : ∀ {A m} → (A → String)
           → Vec A m → String
vecToStr f [] = ""
vecToStr f (x :: xs) = ", " ++ ((f x)
                                ++ (vecToStr f xs))
```


MAlonzo - Code Generation

```
d55 v0 v1 v2 v3
= MAlonzo.RTE. mazCoerce
  (d_1_55 (MAlonzo.RTE. mazCoerce v0)
    (MAlonzo.RTE. mazCoerce v1)
    (MAlonzo.RTE. mazCoerce v2)
    (MAlonzo.RTE. mazCoerce v3))
where d_1_55 v0 v1 v2 (C51 v3 v4 v5)
  = MAlonzo.RTE. mazCoerce
    (d33 (MAlonzo.RTE. mazCoerce " ,␣")
      (MAlonzo.RTE. mazCoerce
        (d33 (MAlonzo.RTE. mazCoerce (v2 (MAlonzo.RTE. mazCoerce v4)))
          (MAlonzo.RTE. mazCoerce
            (d55 (MAlonzo.RTE. mazCoerce v0) (MAlonzo.RTE. mazCoerce v3)
              (MAlonzo.RTE. mazCoerce v2)
              (MAlonzo.RTE. mazCoerce v5)))))))
  d_1_55 v0 v1 v2 v3 = MAlonzo.RTE. mazIncompleteMatch name55
```

MAlonzo - Summary

- Produces 'strange' haskell code
- Can lead to size blow-up
 - 84 lines Agda - 250'000 lines Haskell - 300 Mb executable (CITE)
- Relies on GHC for optimization
- But generated code is not always suited for optimization!

MAlonzo - FFI

- Provides simple FFI to haskell
- Very limited
 - No class support
 - Can't export Agda datatypes
 - Not automatic

MALonzo - FFI

```
{-# IMPORT Data.List #-}  
  
data List : (A : Set) -> Set where  
  nil : ∀ {A} → List A  
  cons : ∀ {A} → A → List A → List A  
{-# COMPILED_DATA List Data.List nil cons #-}  
  
postulate  
  head : ∀ {A} → List A -> A  
{-# COMPILED head Data.List.head #-}
```

JS backend

JS backend

- Targets Javascript
- Not maintained
- Very similar to MAlonzo

Epic backend

Epic backend

- Targets Epic
- Not maintained

Epic

- Untyped-lambda calculus with some extensions
- Intended as building block for compilers
- Also not maintained

Epic Language

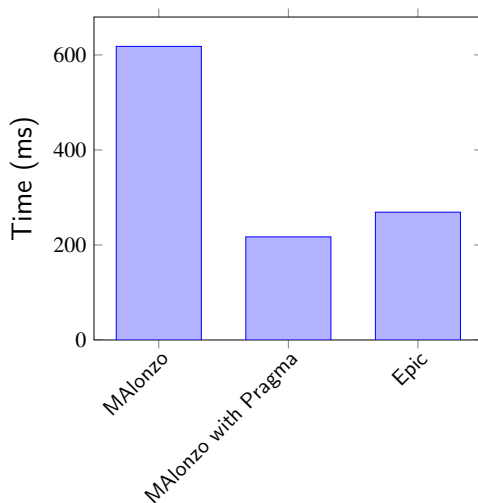
Epic Language		
t	$::=$	x Variable
		$t \vec{t}$ Application
		$\lambda x \rightarrow t$ Abstraction
		$\text{Con } i \vec{t}$ Constructor application
		$\text{if } t \text{ then } t \text{ else } t$ if-then-else
		$\text{case } t \text{ of } \vec{a} \vec{t}$ Case expression
		$\text{let } x = t \text{ in } t$ Let expression
		$\text{lazy } t$ Suspended term
		i Integer constants

Optimizations

Nat - Primitive Data

- `data Nat : Set where`
 `zero : Nat`
 `succ : Nat -> Nat`
 `{-# BUILTIN NATURAL Nat #-}`
- Naive translation is horribly slow
- Can be transformed into arbitrary precision Integers
- Automatic detection of Nat-like datatypes in Epic backend

Nat Performance



TODO

other optimization, either forcing or smashing

Comparison

	MAlonzo (HS)	Epic	Javascript
Forcing	No	Yes	No
Erasure	No	Yes	No
Smashing	No	Yes	Yes
Primitive Data	Builtins only (Nat)	Yes	Builtins only (Nat)
Maintained	Yes	No	No
User Documentation	Usable	Bad	Bad

How to fix these issues?

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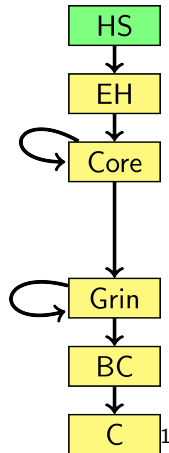
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- Untyped, functional, maintained

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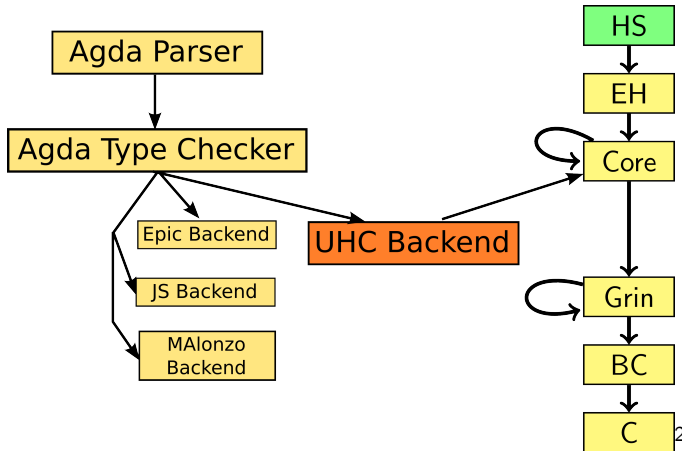
- How can we solve this problem?
- Let's write another backend :-)
- What would be a good target language?
- Untyped, functional, maintained
- UHC Core fits that bill!

UHC Compiler



¹Dijkstra, Fokker, and Swierstra, 2009.

UHC Backend



²Dijkstra et al., 2009.

Epic vs UHC Core

Epic Language	UHC Core
$t ::= x$	$t ::= x$
$t \vec{t}$	$t t$
$\lambda x \rightarrow t$	$\lambda x \rightarrow t$
$\text{Con } i \vec{t}$	$\text{Con } i \vec{t}$
$\text{if } t \text{ then } t \text{ else } t$	
$\text{case } t \text{ of } \vec{a} \vec{t}$	$\text{case } t \text{ of } \vec{a} \vec{t}$
$\text{let } x = t \text{ in } t$	$\text{let } x = t \text{ in } t$
	$\text{let! } x = t \text{ in } t$
$\text{lazy } t$	
i	i

UHC Backend - Challenges

- Agda is a moving target
- UHC Core was not intended as public API
- Undocumented assumptions inside UHC

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- Agda is a moving target
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```
case x of
  []      -> a
  (x : xs) -> b
```

is not the same as

```
case x of
  (x : xs) -> b
  []      -> a
```

UHC Backend - What works?

- (Dependent) datatypes, functions
- Compiling single Agda modules
- Agda - Haskell FFI, but involves manual work

Demonstration

UHC Backend - Future work

- Support whole Agda language
 - Multiple modules
 - Complete IO bindings
 - Agda Standard Library
- Optimizations
- Improve Agda - Haskell FFI
- Agda support for Cabal
- Contracts for FFI

Thank you!

Questions?

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