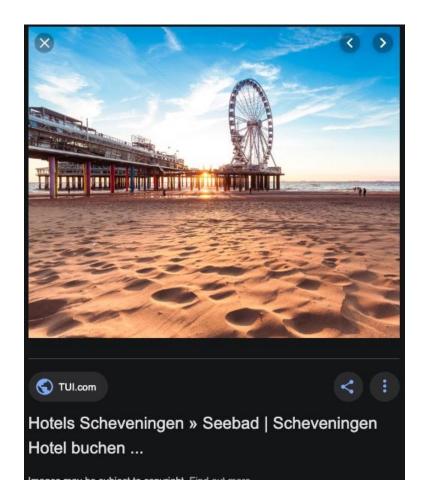


A beach robot ecosystem - on the Blockchain?





Stunning, right?





The reality



What is a beach?

"Beaches are natural resources that significantly enrich the tourist offer. [...] Beach management is mainly entrusted to authorities"



Where is the problem here?

- Beaches are considered as public good, but beach management is mainly entrusted to authorities = centralized
- Different strategies / focus per country
- **But:** The waste problem is global, as it affects the oceans

So, the conditions on our beaches depend on central planning?



The Tragedy of the Commons

- Describes, that commonly used shared resources are used with different individual objectives
- Some people are solely following their short-term interests
- Examples: Deforestation, overfishing, pollution without recycling strategy
- Back then: **Central planning** was the go-to solution proposed by Garrett Hardin in 1968

What about tomorrow?



Sustainable Self-Governance



Water irrigation in Nepal



High alpine forests in Switzerland



Why those communities are successful...

- They are flexible in decision making
- They monitor social and environmental behaviour in an efficient way
- Judicial instances are fast and cheap in case of dispute
- No outside authorities interfere with their rule-making

But could this work on a larger scale?





Design Principles for a sustainable governance

• Elinor Ostrom designed eight design principles for sustainable cooperation

Ostrom's Eight Design Principles

1. Define clear group boundaries	5. Use graduated sanctions for rule violators
Match rules governing use of common goods to local needs and conditions	6. Provide accessible, low-cost means for dispute resolution
Ensure that those affected by the rules can participate in modifying the rules	7. Make sure the rule-making rights of community members are respected by outside authorities
4. Develop a system, carried out by community members, for monitoring members' behavior	8. Build responsibility for governing the common resource in nested tiers from the lowest level up to the entire interconnected system



Principles translated to Smart Contracts

- 1. Token-based membership
- Rules enforced via Blockchain Governance / Smart Contracts
- Proposal system for members (vote / implement changes)
- 4. Monitoring & Machine Learning
- 5. Rising stakes for rule violations
- 6. Conditional dispute resolution
- 7. Censorship-resistance



The Idea behind DAOs

- DAOs are Smart Contracts talking to each other without human intervention
- Smart Contracts are agreements or if-then-statements manifested in code

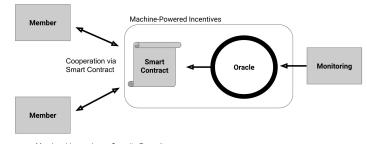
But: Rigidity is a problem

 the rules of a company are set in stone before the company is incorporated and cannot be changed in the future



DAO requirements

- System is able to run autonomously (Set of Smart Contracts, no influence from outside should be able to stop it)
- Smart Contracts require "oracles" as an objective source of observation
- Should have a fungible asset / token that can be used to pay contractors (energy providers, insurance, developers, maintenance, reward community)
- Consensus model (PoW / PoS / Hybrid)



Membership requires a Security Deposit



Flexibility of DAOs

- Changes in code (e.g. new rules in the system) require a hard fork
- Decentralized Applications need an organization to trust to fork contracts and development of the code
- dApps not yet fully decentralized (hosting)
- Development process can be slow

FOFO (Decentralized Flexible Organizations) could bring vast improvements



But do we really need a DAO (yet)?

- Robo.Foundation (and partners like T-Mobile) could fulfill all the requirements of a successful community:
 - They are flexible in decision making
 - They can monitor social and environmental behaviour in an efficient way
 - Judicial instances are fast and cheap in case of dispute
 - No outside authorities interfere with their rule-making (or e.g. censorship)
- Unless the robot itself is not fully autonomous, the so called "autonomous organization" would need to rely on many external factors
- Development process would carry too many obstacles and constraints in the testing phase



Client questions

- Could B.B be controlled as a Decentralized Autonomous Organization? YES
- Can we create a "trash coin" or a share for people that help to recognize litter? YES
- Could we combine this with the 5G test lab in The Hague? YES

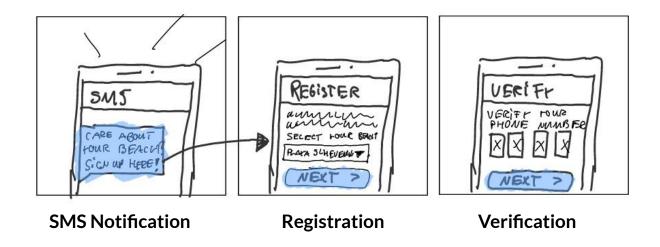


But how?



Phase 1 - 5G Test bed without Blockchain

- Users in The Hague area can **sign up and identify** using phone number
- Whenever robot is available, signed-up users in high speed network
 cells get notifications for participation





Phase 1 - 5G Test bed without Blockchain

- A speed test would determine who will control the robot or validate the collected trash
- Security measure: Users in surrounded cells could be excluded, as they could physically interfere with the robot



Notification for cleaning Challenge



Introduction



Phase 1 - 5G Test bed without Blockchain

- For 5 minutes, one user would be able to **control the robot and collect as many trash as possible** Scoring system and prizes as incentive
- Verifying users select, tag and verify single frames of delivered video evidence and thereby train the robot's Al model on common beach litter objects

Controller Mode (First person)





Verification Mode



Phase 2: Blockchain-based MVP

- Once AI model is trained and robot is autonomous in itself, no manual controlling would be needed anymore - Robot might trade AI datasets and algorithms using SingularityNET
- Financing through **local businesses** (those, who take financial profit from the beach as commons)
- Users could contribute to the ecosystem through Location sharing and thereby earn "TrashCoin" (robots know, where to go and meet consensus on that)
- Users could spend their "TrashCoins" in those businesses or hold it and propose improvements
 But let's talk about technical details.



Phase 2: Blockchain-based MVP

- **Ethereum Blockchain** allows implementation of Smart Contracts and connection with dApps
- Proof-of-Work base security layer summarizing transactions
- 2nd Layer as "real time" consensus layer
- Side chains for connected services
- DFO enables real democracy in the ecosystem
- Hosting of dApps / Micro Services within NFTs

Relevant projects: Aragon, Plasma





Phase 2: TrashCoin

- Fungible asset in the ecosystem
- Value backed by the natural demand on clean beaches by local businesses
- Can be earned by contributing users
- Users can spend their TrashCoins in participating businesses, they pay a discount while TrashCoin is returned back to the ecosystem

Why would businesses participate?



Phase 2: Participants in the ecosystem

Incentives - Local businesses:

- Clean beaches, attracting new customers
- Business exposure could be increased through placement of badge and **robot acting as affiliate** generating leads for local business

Incentives - Beach visitors:

- Interaction with beach robot as engaging experience
- Earn TrashCoins, contribute their part to the environment



Phase 2: Robot Swarm coordination

Beach cleaning through robot swarms would need to be controlled and **prioritized** in different ways:

- Are local business paying their contribution?
- Where on the beach did users report their locations / crowded places
- Is there actual demand?
- How will the demand develop in the next days / weeks / months?
- Do we need more robots?



Phase 2: dApps and Micro Services

Possible dApps / Micro Services for Business owners

- Manage their contribution
- Track the flow of attracted customers

Possible dApps / Micro services for Beach visitors:

- Location (provide location, help the robots in prioritization and receive TrashCoins)
- QR Validator (feed trash and receive TrashCoins for it)
- Beach guide including map with list of participating local businesses

Possible dApps / Micro services for Maintenance personnel:

- Maintenance tools for trusted external provider (Show last location of robot, possibly confirmed by other observing robots)



Phase 3 - Global roll-out

Decentralization is described as

"the process by which the activities of an organization, particularly those regarding planning and decision making, are **distributed or delegated away** from a central, authoritative **location** or group."

 A real proof of concept for the project could only be achieved through global expansion



Phase 3 - Opportunities

Lease robots to other markets in periods of low demands

 People in emerging markets would have smaller entry barrier to crowd-fund their local beach cleaning project

Self-sustainability without local businesses: On-site recycling

- Robots could buy AI models from SingularityNET to learn how to recycle
- They could hire employees to re / upcycle beach waste, sell it on local markets and get financed through the earned profit



Thank you!