vcluster Command Structure

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Abstract

This report provides the command scheme for vcluster.

1 TODO List

- Need to articulate this article
- Need to add outputs of commands
- Sort commands in alphabetical order

2 Overall View of Commands

A voluster command consists of **Command Category** and **Real Command**. Command category indicates where a real command is belonging to. For example, we have to use plugman as a command category when handling plugin related works. Following shows command categories implemented (or to be implemented) in voluster.

cloudman command plugman command

^{*}Additional authors will be listed depending on their contributions.

vmman command [vclman] command ...

There is a special command category called vclman which can be omitted. Types of commands belonging to this category are including configurations, start and stop of subsystems of vcluster.

3 Commands included in vclman Category

Commands in this category are including configuration, settings, starting and ending modules. vclman is generally obmitted. You can print out all commands in this category with --help option.

```
vclman
--help list up commands which belong to this category,
all commands and usages
```

3.1 check_q

This command checks the status of a queue of a batch system. Since this command requests data from an underlying batch system, a batch system plugin has to be loaded first. Like the other command, --help shows the usages and possible options.

check_q command prints out the status of a queue. It can be used with an option to extract specific jobs. For example, -r option returns the number of running jobs while -i and -h return the number of idle jobs and holding jobs respectively. Without an option, it shows all information. The following shows examples of check_q command.

```
vcluster> vclman check_q
vcluster> check_q
vcluster> check_q -r
vcluster> check_q --type=running
```

```
vcluster> check_q -i
vcluster> check_q --type=idle

vcluster> check_q -h
vcluster> check_q --type=hold
```

3.2 check_p

This command checks the status of a pool of a batch system. Since this command requests data from an underlying batch system, a batch system plugin must be loaded first.

--help option shows the usage of this command. check_p command prints out the status of a pool. It can be used with an option to extract specific systems. For example, -r option returns the number of running machines while -i returns the number of idle. -t option shows how machines are in trouble, which is not in service. The following shows some examples of this command.

```
vcluster> vclman check_p

vcluster> check_p

vcluster> check_p -r
vcluster> check_p --type=running

vcluster> check_p -i
vcluster> check_p --type=idle

vcluster> check_p --type=idle
```

3.3 start

This command makes a subsystem to start its service. For example, vmman, virtual manager, has to be running before creating virtual machines.

```
vclmann
start
[ --help |
vmman | ]
```

--help option shows the usage of this command and the other options which can be used in this command.

```
vcluster> vclman start vmman
vcluster> start vmman
```

3.4 stop

This command makes a subsystem to stop its service. For example, vmman, virtual manager, has to be running before creating virtual machines. In order to stop this service, use stop command.

```
vclmann
stop
[ --help |
vmman | ]
```

--help option shows the usage of this command and the other options which can be used in this command.

vcluster> vclman stop vmman
vcluster> stop vmman

4 Commands included in vmman Category

All virtual machines are managed by vmman (Virtual Machine Manager). Virtual machines are created through a cloud plugin and such virtual machines should be tracked by vmman.

Like the other categories, --help option provides information on commands that belong to this category.

```
vmman
--help list up commands that belong to this category,
all commands and usages
```

4.1 list

This command lists all virtual machines managed by vmman. Please make sure not all virtual machines are running on a same cloud; they can exist on different cloud systems. Like the other command, --help shows the usages and possible options.

Without any option, it lists up all virtual machines. Option -a shows how many virtual machines are available. Option -r extracts only running virtual machines while -s does suspended virtual machines. It can also specify a cloud with -n or --name option.

The below shows examples of list command.

vcluster> vmman list

```
vcluster> vmman list -a
vcluster> vmman list -r
vcluster> vmman list -s
vcluster> vmman list -n amazon
vcluster> vmman list -n amazon
```

4.2 create

This command creates a virtual machine in a cloud system. It can specify a cloud to create a virtual machine or bunch of virtual machines. Without any option, it creates a virtual machine in a default cloud. This command has to communicate with an underlying cloud plugin in order to generate proper command for the cloud. Since a new virtual machine has to be created, vmman has to be involved in order to keep track of the newly created virtual machine.

We have to decide whether this command should be included in vmman category rather than vclman category. I currently put this command in vmman category because this command anyway has to communicate with vmman.

```
vmman
    create
    [ --help ] |
    [ -n NUM_VMS | --num=NUM_VMS ] |
    { -c CLOUDNAME | --name=CLOUDNAME } [-n NUM_VMS | --num=NUM_VMS ]
```

The below shows some examples of this command.

```
vcluster> vmman create --help
vcluster> vmman create
vcluster> vmman create -n 2
```

4.3 destroy

TODO: make a command rule for destroying virtual machines.

4.4 suspend

TODO: make a command rule for suspending virtual machines.

5 Commands of plugman Category

All commands after plugman are plugin related ones. Such commands are including load, unload, list of plugins. There are two types of plugins which are batch plugin and cloud plugin, respectively. We will discuss plugin related commands in the following subsections.

Like a general Linux command, --help option shows the usages of plugman and commands.

```
plugman
-help list up all options and usages
```

5.1 load

This command loads a plugin or a bunch of plugins. Since one batch system plugin is only allowed at the same time, the structure of load command depends on the type of plugin.

```
plugman
  load
  -c PLUGIN... | --type=cloud PLUGIN...
  -b BATCH_PLUGIN | --type=batch PLUGIN
```

The options -c and --type=cloud are identical. These options are saying that we are about to load cloud type plugin(s). Like the cloud type options, we can use -b and --type=batch options for a batch type plugin. Please note that unlike a cloud type plugin, only one batch plugin should be provided.

Examples for this command are as below:

```
vcluster> plugman load -c plugin-1
vcluster> plugman load -c plugin-1
vcluster> plugman load -c plugin-1 plugin-2 plugin-3
vcluster> plugman load --type=cloud plugin-1 plugin-2 plugin-3
```

```
vcluster> plugman load -b plugin-1
vcluster> plugman load --type=batch plugin-1
vcluster> plugman load -b plugin-1 plugin-2 plugin-3
vcluster> plugman load --type=batch plugin-1 plugin-2 plugin-3
```

5.2 unload

This command unloads a plugin or a bunch of plugins. This command unlike load command does not indicate the type of plugin(s) to be unloaded.

```
plugman unload PLUGIN...
```

Below shows an example of this command.

```
vcluster> plugman unload plugin-1 vcluster> plugman unload plugin-1 plugin-2
```

5.3 list

This command lists up all designated plugins. Option --help shows the usage of this command and options in detail.

```
plugman
list --help
```

Since vcluster does not have register command, it retrieves all plugins under a specified plugin directory. When listing up plugins currently being used, option -1 or --loaded can be used at the end of command.

```
plugman
    list
    -c | --type=cloud
    -b | --type=batch
    -l | --loaded
```

You may combine -c and -1 options to show up all loaded cloud plugins. The following shows examples of this command.

```
vcluster> plugman list -c
vcluster> plugman list --type=cloud

vcluster> plugman list -b
vcluster> plugman list --type=batch

vcluster> plugman list -1
vcluster> plugman list -l-c
vcluster> plugman list -l-c
vcluster> plugman list -l-c
vcluster> plugman list -l--type=cloud
vcluster> plugman list -l--type=cloud
vcluster> plugman list -l--b
vcluster> plugman list -l--b
vcluster> plugman list -l--type=batch
vcluster> plugman list -l--type=batch
vcluster> plugman list -l--loaded -b
```

TODO: when listing up all plugins under a directory, the output should explicitly mention that the outputs are coming from a directory, not from memory.

5.4 info

This command prints the information about a plugin. It will be used to retrieve detailed information about the plugin. TODO: plugin interface needs to provide this feature. We may need to introduce a structure containing required fields for this command.

Plugman info PLUGIN

Below shows an example of this command.

vcluster> plugman info plugin-1

6 Commands included in cloudman Category

This command category is related with the management of cloud systems. It handles the information about cloud systems which will be used in vcluster. In order to create a virtual machine, vcluster must load cloud systems first. In general, this command category handles cloudelement defined in a configuration file.

Like a general Linux command, --help option shows the usages of cloudman and commands.

```
cloudman
-help list up all options and usages
```

6.1 register

This command registers cloud systems defined in a configuration file as cloudelement.

```
cloudman
  register <cloudsystem config file>
```

It registers all cloud systems defined in <cloudsystem config file>. All cloud systems are defined as cloudelemet in the configuration file. The following shows an example. TODO: we have to finalize all necessary fields in cloudelement.

```
[cloudelement]
type = private
name = mycloud
interface = proxy-opnenebula
endpoint = 150.183.234.2
max = 20

[cloudelement]
type = private
name = yourcloud
```

```
interface = proxy-openstack
endpoint = 150.183.234.3
max = 20
[cloudelement]
type = public
endpoint = http://fcl002.fnal.gov:4567/
accesskey = rsyoung
secretkey = <rsyoung's secretkey>
instancetype = m1.test
image = ami - 00000171
max = 10
version = 2011-05-15
signature version = 2
signaturemethod = HmacSHA256
[cloudelement]
type = public
endpoint = https://ec2.amazonaws.com/
accesskey = <your ec2 access key>
secretkey = <your ec2 secret key>
instancetype = m1.large
keyname = seoyoungnoh_key
image = ami-00000171
max = 30
version = 2011-05-15
signature version = 2
signaturemethod = HmacSHA256
rsyoung@diogenes: ~/developments/vcluster$
```

Below shows an example of this command.

vcluster> cloudman register cloudsystems.conf

6.2 load

This command loads a cloud system which has been unloaded. The cloud system must be defined in cloud system configuration file. When cloudman registers the configuration file, the cloud system was loaded at the first time,

but at a certain point, it was intentionally unloaed in order to prevent to launch virtual machines by vmman.

```
cloudman
load
CLOUDNAME...
```

If a cloud system has been already loaded, then this command does not affect the cloud system information; otherwise, the cloud system will be activated and vmman can create virtual machines.

Examples for this command are as below:

```
vcluster> cloudman load fermicloud vcluster> cloudman load fermicloud gcloud
```

6.3 unload

This command unloads a cloud system which has been already loaded.

```
cloudman unload PLUGIN...
```

Below shows an example of this command.

```
vcluster> plugman unload plugin-1 vcluster> plugman unload plugin-1 plugin-2
```

6.4 list

This command lists up all designated plugins. Option --help shows the usage of this command and options in detail.

```
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list --help
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Since voluster does not have register command, it retrieves all plugins under a specified plugin directory. When listing up plugins currently being used, option -1 or --loaded can be used at the end of command.

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plugman
list
-c | --type=cloud
-b | --type=batch
-l | --loaded
```

You may combine -c and -1 options to show up all loaded cloud plugins. The following shows examples of this command.

```
vcluster> plugman list -c
vcluster> plugman list --type=cloud

vcluster> plugman list -b
vcluster> plugman list --type=batch

vcluster> plugman list -1
vcluster> plugman list -l-c
vcluster> plugman list -l -c
vcluster> plugman list -l -c
vcluster> plugman list -l -c
vcluster> plugman list -l -type=cloud
vcluster> plugman list -l-type=cloud
vcluster> plugman list -l-b
vcluster> plugman list -l -b
vcluster> plugman list -l -type=batch
vcluster> plugman list -l-type=batch
vcluster> plugman list -l-loaded -b
```

TODO: when listing up all plugins under a directory, the output should explicitly mention that the outputs are coming from a directory, not from memory.

6.5 info

This command prints the information about a plugin. It will be used to retrieve detailed information about the plugin. TODO: plugin interface needs to provide this feature. We may need to introduce a structure containing required fields for this command.

plugman info PLUGIN	
Below shows an example of this command.	
vcluster> plugman info plugin-1	