Package 'ukbbhelpr'

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Type Package
Title Helper functions for UK Biobank data
Version 0.2.0
Description A collection of helper functions for working with UK Biobank data.
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Suggests testthat
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2 ehr_map_codes

ehr_extract	Extract observations/test results from raw EHR data

Description

Extracts values from linked EHR data. Data is extracted from the value1 field with the exception of data provider 2 where values are extracted from value2 if value1 is empty. Units are taken from value3 for data provider 2 (otherwise units are unavailable). NA, zero and duplicate values are dropped.

Usage

```
ehr_extract(ehr_data, read_codes)
```

Arguments

ehr_data Data table/frame with UK Biobank clinical event data i.e. gp_clinical.txt.

read_codes Values are extracted from these codes. Data table/frame with Read v2 (read_2)

and CTV3 (read_3) columns.

Value

Data table with value and unit columns.

em_map_codes Map ETTK codes to unother terminology	ehr_map_codes	Map EHR codes to another terminology
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Description

Map EHR codes from one terminology to another using UK Biobank mapping dictionaries. Currently supports mapping Read v2 to CTV 3 only.

Usage

```
ehr_map_codes(codes, from = "read2", to = "ctv3", overwrite = FALSE)
```

Arguments

codes	Vector of codes to map	
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from Terminology to map from. Currently supports Read v2 codes only (first 5 digits

excluding the final 2 digit term). Full 5 digit codes must be passed i.e. no partial

matching.

to Terminology to map to. Currently supports CTV3 only. overwrite Overwrite existing mapping dictionary (default FALSE).

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Value

Data table with mapped codes and description.

get_coding

Get UK Biobank coding

Description

Returns the UK Biobank coding file for the supplied id. The file is downloaded if it is unavailable locally.

Usage

```
get_coding(id, overwrite = FALSE)
```

Arguments

id ID for coding file. Obtain this from the data dictionary for your application, or

directly from the Data Showcase (https://biobank.ndph.ox.ac.uk/showcase/), by

looking up the relevant data field.

overwrite Overwrite existing file (default FALSE).

Value

Data table with contents of coding file.

get_hdr_phenotype

Get phenotype from HDR UK phenotype library.

Description

Queries HDR UK phenotype library for a given phenotype. Read v2 codes are mapped to CTV3 if the read2 argument is passed.

Usage

```
get_hdr_phenotype(id, version_id, api = NULL, read2 = NULL)
```

Arguments

id Phenotype ID.

version_id Phenotype version ID.

Optional HttpClient to connect to phenotype library (default uses https://phenotypes.healthdatagateway.or api read2

Optional vector of terms corresponding to Read v2 codes in the coding_system

field. If provided, rows with these terms are mapped to CTV3 using UK Biobank

mapping dictionaries.

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Value

Data table with phenotype codes.

visit

Example UK Biobank visit data set.

Description

Synthetic UK Biobank visit data for function testing and demonstration.

Usage

visit

Format

Data table with columns as set out below.

Details

Data is provided for 100 synthetic participants with two instances (visits) for 40% of participants. Fields provided are 50 (height), 53 (visit date) and 21002 (weight).

visit_cancer

Extract self-reported cancer history

Description

Extracts self-reported cancer history in a "long" format that is easier to work with than "wide" as provided by UK Biobank (NOTE: watch for type coercion of different data types). Wrapper function for visit_mult_array().

Usage

```
visit_cancer(visit_data)
```

Arguments

visit_data

Data frame/table with UK Biobank data. Must include fields 20001 and 20006.

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Value

Data table with the following columns:

eid UK Biobank identifier.

date Reported date of diagnosis.

condition Cancer type coded as in https://biobank.ctsu.ox.ac.uk/crystal/coding.cgi?id=3.

desc Description of cancer type (added if coding data can be downloaded).

reported Visit date at which the cancer was self-reported.

visit_conditions

Extract self-reported non-cancer medical history

Description

Extracts self-reported non-cancer medical history in a "long" format that is easier to work with than "wide" as provided by UK Biobank (NOTE: watch for type coercion of different data types). Wrapper function for visit_mult_array().

Usage

```
visit_conditions(visit_data)
```

Arguments

visit_data

Data frame/table with UK Biobank data. Must include fields 20002 and 20008.

Value

Data table with the following columns:

eid UK Biobank identifier.

date Reported date of diagnosis.

condition Health condition coded as in https://biobank.ctsu.ox.ac.uk/crystal/coding.cgi?id=6.

desc Description of health condition (added if coding data can be downloaded).

reported Visit date at which the condition was self-reported.

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visit_extract

Extract field data from UK Biobank visit data

Description

Extracts all instances/arrays of data for a UK Biobank field(s) in clean "long" format (NOTE: watch for type coercion of different data types). See https://biobank.ndph.ox.ac.uk/showcase/ to identify field codes. Wrapper for visit_fields() which extracts raw field data.

Usage

```
visit_extract(visit_data, fields, format = NULL)
```

Arguments

visit_data Data frame/table with UK Biobank data.

fields Vector of fields to extract e.g. 50 or c(50,21002). Field name will be identified

from UK Biobank schema. Alternatively, field names can be set using a named

vector e.g. c("height" = 50, "weight" = 21002).

format Format of output table (raw or source). Default is currently raw but will change

to source in a future release.

Value

Data table with values of all instances/arrays for each field in "long" format. The following columns are provided:

eid UK Biobank identifier.

date Visit date.

field/variable Field name (see below).

array Provided if any fields have multiple arrays (more than one value recorded on the same date e.g repeated blood pressure).

value Value recorded.

If format = "source", an additional column source = "ukbb" is added to indicate data was recorded by UK Biobank and the field column is renamed variable. This will be the default in a future release. Use format = "raw" to keep current format.

Examples

```
## Not run:
# Load data
data_path <- "" # add path to your data
visit_data <- fread(data_path)

# Extract a field
visit_extract(visit_data, 50)</pre>
```

visit_family_history 7

```
# Extract multiple fields
visit_extract(visit_data, c(50, 21002))
# Manually specify a field name
visit_extract(visit_data, c("height" = 50, 21002))
## End(Not run)
```

Description

Determines presence of a specified condition in the self-reported family history data. If multiple history fields are provided (e.g. history of mother and father), presence of the condition in either field determines a positive family history.

Usage

```
visit_family_history(
  visit_data,
  fields,
  condition,
  collapse = TRUE,
  name = NULL
)
```

Arguments

visit_data	Data frame/table with UK Biobank data.
fields	Vector of family history fields to extract e.g. one or more from 20107 (father), 20110 (mother) or 20111 (sibling).
condition	Code for condition. Only a single condition at a time is currently supported. See https://biobank.ndph.ox.ac.uk/showcase/coding.cgi?id=1010 to identify condition codes.
collapse	Summarise results across all visit dates (default TRUE). If FALSE, the presence of the condition is provided at each visit date in the output table.
name	Optional column name for condition (default history).

Value

Data table with TRUE (condition was reported), FALSE (condition was not reported) or NA (unknown/no response).

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Examples

```
## Not run:
# Load data
data_path <- ""  # add path to your data
visit <- fread(data_path)

# Extract history for father
visit_family_history(visit, 20107, 9)

# Extract history for father, mother and siblings
visit_family_history(visit, c(20107, 20110, 20111), 9)

# Name column in output
visit_family_history(visit, c(20107, 20110, 20111), 9, name = "diabetes")

# Get history reported at each visit date
visit_family_history(visit, c(20107, 20110, 20111), 9, collapse = FALSE)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

visit_fields

Extract raw field data from UK Biobank visit data

Description

Extracts all instances/arrays of data for a UK Biobank field(s). See https://biobank.ndph.ox.ac.uk/showcase/to identify field codes.

Usage

```
visit_fields(visit_data, fields, format = "wide")
```

Arguments

visit_data Data frame/table with UK Biobank data.

fields Vector of fields to extract e.g. 50 or c(50,21002).

format Format of output table i.e. "wide" or "long" (default "wide"). NOTE: watch for

type coercion if use long format.

Value

Data table with all instances/arrays for each field.

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Examples

```
## Not run:
# Load data
data_path <- "" # add path to your data
visit_data <- fread(data_path)</pre>
# Extract a field
visit_fields(visit_data, 50)
# Extract multiple fields
visit_fields(visit_data, c(50, 21002))
# Extract multiple fields in long format
visit_fields(visit_data, c(50, 21002), format = "long")
## End(Not run)
```

visit_mult_array

Extract data from two UK Biobank fields jointly

Description

Some fields relate to each other e.g. self-reported medical history where field 20002 contains the disclosed conditions and 20008 the date of diagnosis. The date in array i of 20008 corresponds to the condition in array i of 20002. visit_mult_array() jointly extracts such fields in a "long" format that is easier to work with than "wide" as provided by UK Biobank (NOTE: watch for type coercion of different data types).

Usage

```
visit_mult_array(visit_data, fields)
```

Arguments

visit_data

Data frame/table with UK Biobank data.

fields

Vector of fields to extract e.g. c(50, 21002). Must be length two. Field name will be identified from UK Biobank schema. Alternatively, field names can be

set using a named vector e.g. c("height" = 50, "weight" = 21002).

Value

Data table with eid, reported, and columns corresponding to the fields argument. reported is the date corresponding to the field instance e.g. the UK Biobank visit at which the data was collected. Each row shows the data for an array.

10 visit_subset

visit_subset	Subset fields from UK Biobank visit data	
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Description

Loads UK Biobank data and subsets required fields. Use to avoid loading full data each time. See https://biobank.ndph.ox.ac.uk/showcase/ to identify field codes.

Usage

```
visit_subset(data_path, fields, ..., save = NULL)
```

Arguments

data_path Path to raw UK Biobank data unpacked using ukbunpack utility.

fields Vector of fields to extract e.g. 50 or c(50,21002).

... Passed to fread e.g. to set file separator.

save Optional path to save output.

Value

Data table with all instances/arrays for each field. Note the date field (53) is always returned.

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