# Building Energy Modelling

prescriptive



Design for SANS 10400-XA

#### Contents

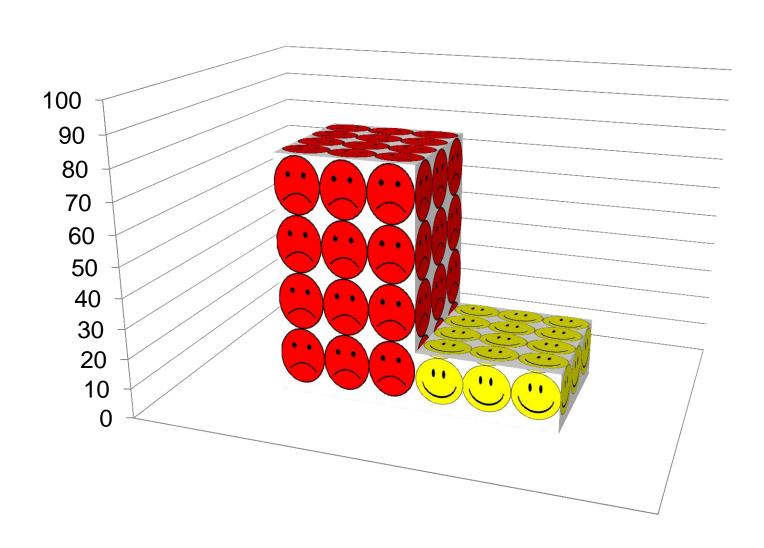
 Complying with the new building energy standard -SANS 10400-XA

• 3 Compliance options



- Two rational design routes using energy modelling
- How energy models are created
- What do you gain by doing energy modelling?
- To model or not to model?

# SANS 10400-XA Architects Happiness Scale





What you want to do is this

What you *think* you are allowed to do...is this



# The road that should be less travelled?

"Where are we going?" - asked Piglet



"Nowhere" - said Pooh

So they all started going

### The essence of the XA Functional Regulations

**Building** shall be **energy-efficient** – but must still have:

1. Vertical transportation, if required

2. Thermal comfort and ventilation rates maintained

3. Adequate lighting levels

4. Adequate hot water

Lift/escalator energy

**HVAC** energy

>50% non-resistance

Lighting energy



2. Building envelope shall be energy efficient

Calculating the correct size and type of glazing does not cover all

### Compliance: Which route to travel?

#### **SANS 10400-XA COMPLIANCE OPTIONS**

#### PRESCRIPTIVE DESIGN

#### **BUILDING ENERGY MODELLING**

ISBN 978-0-626-25224-3

SANS 10400-XA:2011

SOUTH AFRICAN NATIONAL STANDARD

The application of the National Building Regulations

Part X: Environmental sustainability

Part XA: Energy usage in buildings



Published by SABS Standards Division 1 Dr Lategan Road Groenkloof ⊠ Private Bag X191 Pretoria 0001 Tel: +27 12 428 7911 Fax: +27 12 344 1568







### Compliance: Which route to travel?

#### **SANS 10400-XA COMPLIANCE OPTIONS**

#### PRESCRIPTIVE DESIGN

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### Prescriptive Design – some consequences

- 1. Extremely restrictive in terms of design freedom
  - a) Allowable window (glazing) sizes are restricted
  - b) Rigorous requirements for shading and roof overhangs
- 2. Many prescriptive design fenestration analyses indicate a requirement for double / high-performance glazing
  - a) Very expensive
  - b) Limits heat loss from buildings but not always beneficial i.t.o. annual energy
  - c) Improves thermal comfort (especially cold southern façade)

### Prescriptive Design – consequences (2)

- 3. **Methodology** based on tables etc. and is relatively crude and incorporates large 'safety margins'
- 4. Resultant designs not always optimised
- 5. Keep in mind that fenestration calculations alone *do not* satisfy the functional requirements

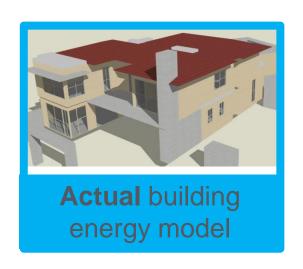
# Compliance: Which route to travel?

SANS 10400-XA
COMPLIANCE OPTIONS

**BUILDING ENERGY MODELLING** 



### Energy modelling – via SANS tables



Modelled building to perform better than stipulated thresholds

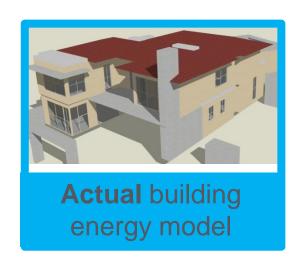




Fastest and cheapest method

	Maximum energy demand <sup>o</sup>							Maximum energy consumption					
	VA/m <sup>2</sup>						kWh/m²						
	Climatic zone <sup>b</sup>						Climatic zone <sup>a</sup>						
1		2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	4	5	6	
85		80	90	80	80	85	420	400	440	390	400	420	
85		80	90	80	80	85	420	400	440	390	400	420	
80		75	85	75	75	80	420	400	440	390	400	420	
80		75	85	75	75	80	120	115	125	110	115	120	
90		85	95	85	85	90	240	245	260	240	260	255	
80		75	85	75	75	80	200	190	210	185	190	200	
90		85	95	85	85	90	650	600	585	600	620	630	

### Energy modelling – via Reference building



Modelled <u>actual</u> <u>building</u> to perform better than equivalent <u>reference</u> <u>building</u>

Route to take when no tables are available





Reference building energy model

### Energy modelling – some consequences

#### 1. Extremely sophisticated method

- a) Takes into account hundreds of different parameters simultaneously
- b) Based on actual weather data
- c) Accurate heat gain- and heat loss calculations every hour
- d) Accurate **shading** calculations
- e) Determines performance of every part of the building simultaneously
- f) Accurate hourly **performance of building systems** (e.g. HVAC)

### Energy modelling – consequences (2)

#### 2. Allows complete design freedom

- a) Freedom to pursue and test any design concept
- b) Reports combined building energy performance
- c) Performance gains in one area can be **offset** against losses elsewhere
- d) Can save large amounts of money by avoiding unnecessary installation of double glazing etc.

### Building energy modelling – The software

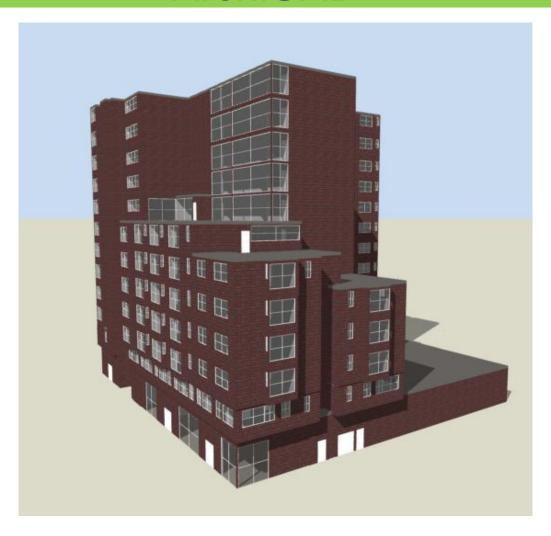
- SANS 10400-XA requires certified software for calculating energy requirements using rational design
- This software certification is performed by Agrement



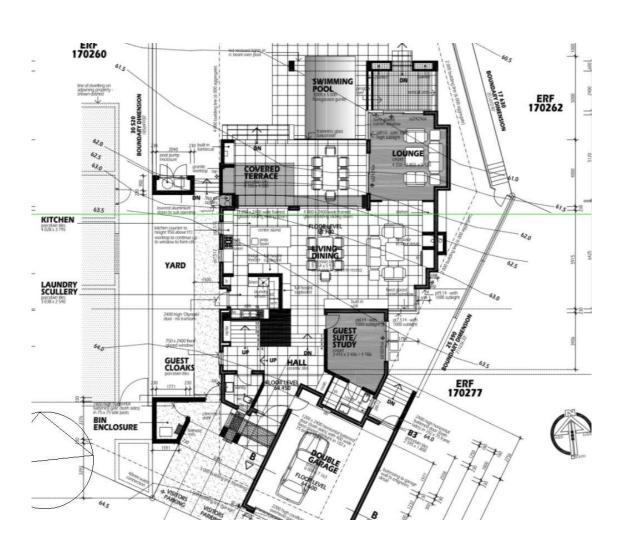
# How energy models are created



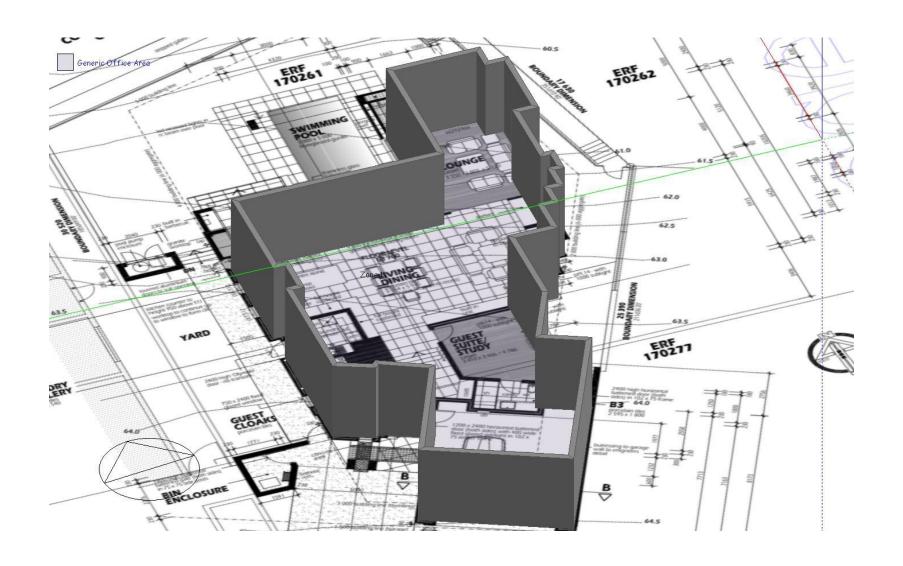
# Import 3-D *energy* model from Revit® or ArchiCAD®



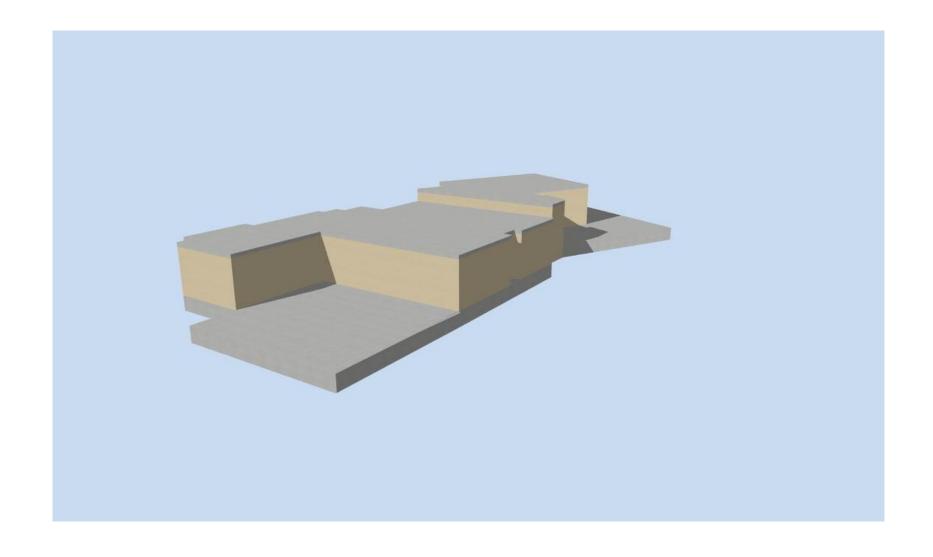
# ....OR built up from architect's plans



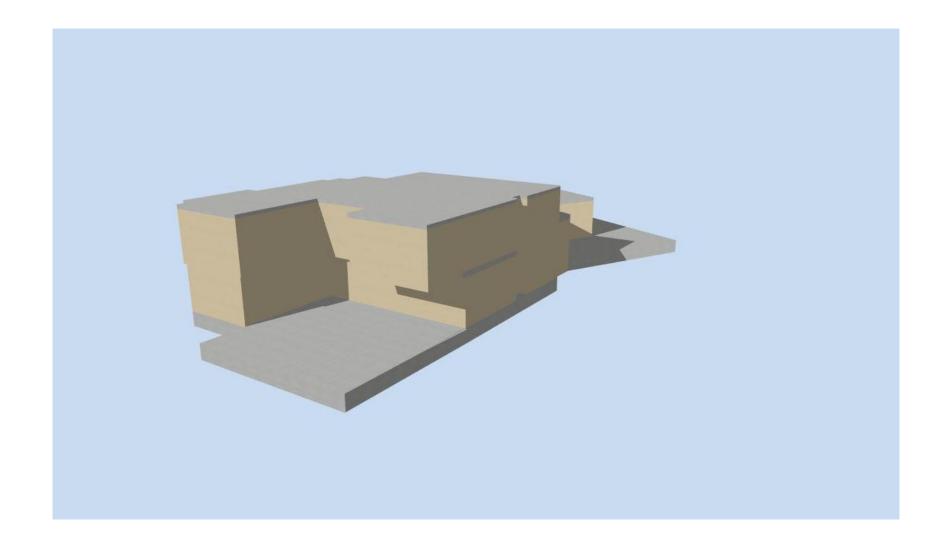
#### **External Walls**



# Ground Floor



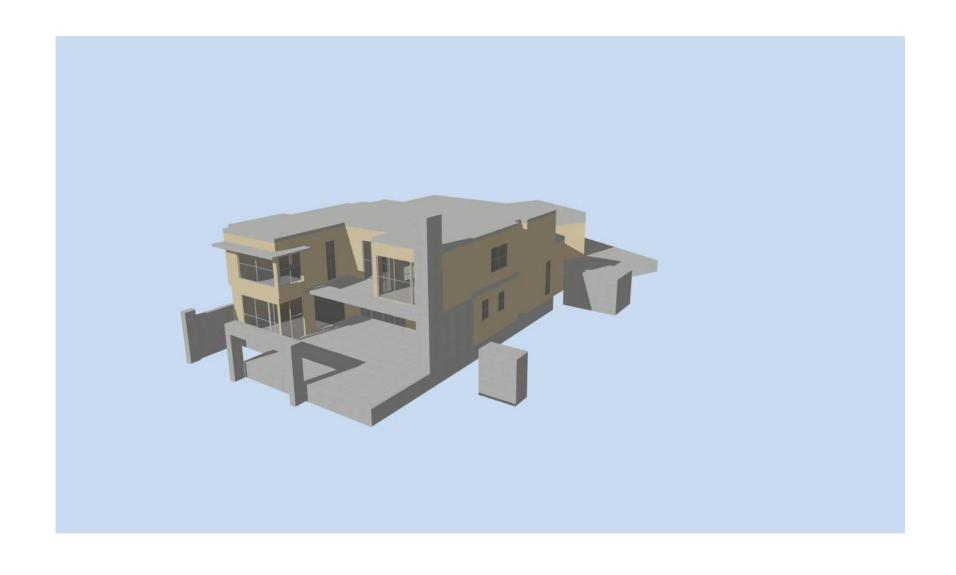
# Second Floor



# Glazing, doors



# External details & shading



# Complete 3-D energy model







AC equipment



Lighting & loads









Construction materials

#### Occupation, metabolic

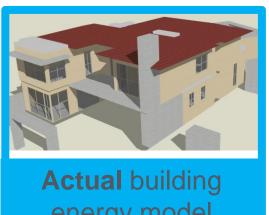


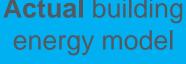
#### Fresh air, temperatures

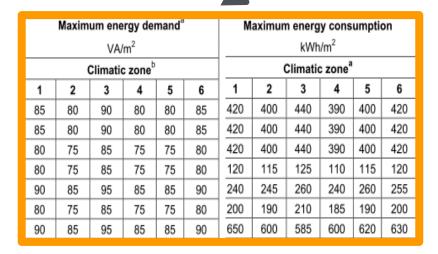














Reference building energy model

# Reference building conforms to **minimum** SANS 10400-XA requirements

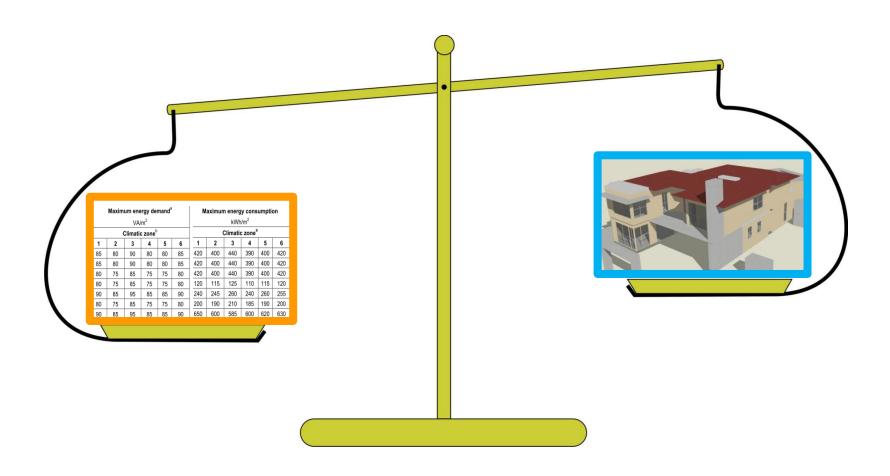
- Same building shape (but SANS walls, roof, glazing etc.)
- Remove external shading / balconies etc.
- Use worst possible (but still legal) performance parameters



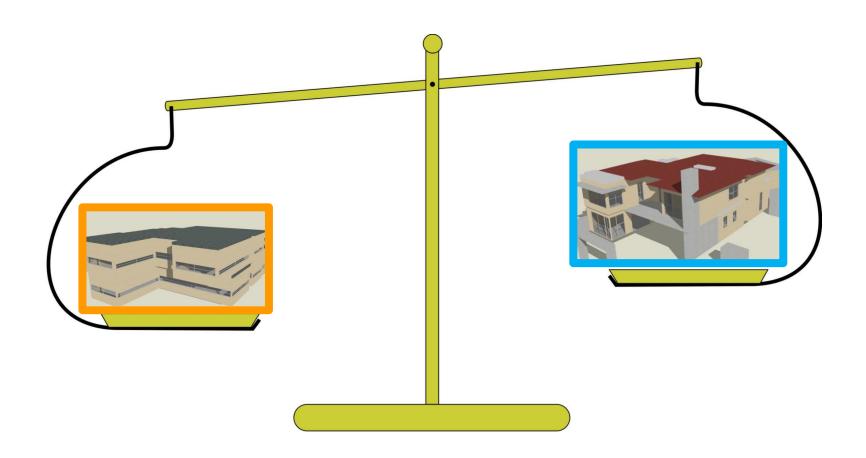
# Running annual simulations



### Actual building model versus SANS tables

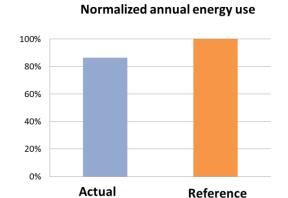


# Actual building versus Reference building

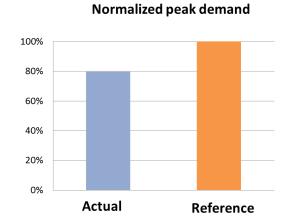


### Principal modelling results

Annual energy usage [kWh]



Peak demand



# To Sum Up

### What do you gain by modelling?

#### Allows complete design freedom

- a) Freedom to *pursue and test any design concept*
- b) It reports *combined* building energy performance
- c) Performance gains in one area can be offset against losses elsewhere
- d) Can save large amounts of money by avoiding unnecessary installation of double glazing etc.

### Consider to do modelling yourself?

- a) Buy *certified* building energy modelling **software** 
  - a) DesignBuilder
  - b) Bsimac
- b) Do training to use software
- c) Immediately after training, use software on an actual job!



# Consider a professional service?

Building system	Non-Eng. background	Engineering background
Simple HVAC installation	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Complex HVAC installation	X	$\checkmark$
Complex Control systems	X	$\checkmark$
Water treatment plant	X	$\checkmark$
Variable speed fans & pumps	X	$\checkmark$
Domestic hot water with combined Heat Pumps & Solar panels	<b>√</b>	<b>√</b>
Lifts & Escalators	X	$\checkmark$
Lighting with daylight control	X	$\checkmark$

# Some notes on competency

#### SANS 10400-XA related duties

3 Three duties pertain to energy



#### Duty 19

design & assessment of fenestration per SANS 204



- rational design & assessment of
  - annual energy consumption and
  - peak demand per SANS 10400-XA

## Your legal responsibility – Form 4



hereby certify as required by section 14(2A) of the National Building Regulations and Building Standards Act, 1977 (Act No. 103 of 1977) that for the above project\*¶

☐→ energy efficiency in buildings

for which I am responsible has, to the best of my knowledge, been designed and

#### This includes .....

- HVAC
- Lifts & escalators
- Lighting
- Pumps & fans etc.

### What we do

#### Our service

- a) Build the 3-D energy models
- b) Analyse data & discuss with architect / client
- c) Produce report (model inputs / due diligence)
- d) Declaration by appointed competent person, Form 2 signed
- e) Do Site inspection & sign completion Form 4



# Thank you!



pdf-version available on our site www.greenplan.co.za

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