

# Task 2

---

## Cloud Server

Task: The task of the following summary consists of selecting and registering to a free-tier Service of either Google Cloud Platform, Windows Azure or Amazon Webservice. Using this platform the goal is to install a linux operating system, access the system and use it. While using the system there should be done some practice with commands learnt at the class. (For example: Shell Programming, Java Programming, C Programming)

**Student:** Philipp Moritzer

**Student ID:** 21170004

**Module:** Unix System

**Professor:** 이길흥

**Due Date:** 6th June 2021

**Date of assignment:** 11th May 2021

## Microsoft Azure

Microsoft Azure is a Cloud Computing Service provided by Microsoft. It provides Software as a Service (SaaS), Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS) and Platform as a Service (PaaS). The Applications, Platforms and Infrastructure is run on Microsoft managed data centers. In this special occasion Microsoft Azure is used to build a Cloud Linux Server running Ubuntu. The goal of this project is to create an accessible Linux (Ubuntu) Virtual Machine. The Virtual Machine is supposed to be accessed by Telnet or SSH. After creating the Machine it should be usable and there will be some minor practice done with commands learnt at the class.

## Setting up the Virtual Machine

To setup the Virtual Machine, the website <https://portal.azure.com/> is accessed and a free account created. The next step is to create the Virtual Machine using the Wizard provided by the platform (see Figure 1 and Figure 2).

### Azure services

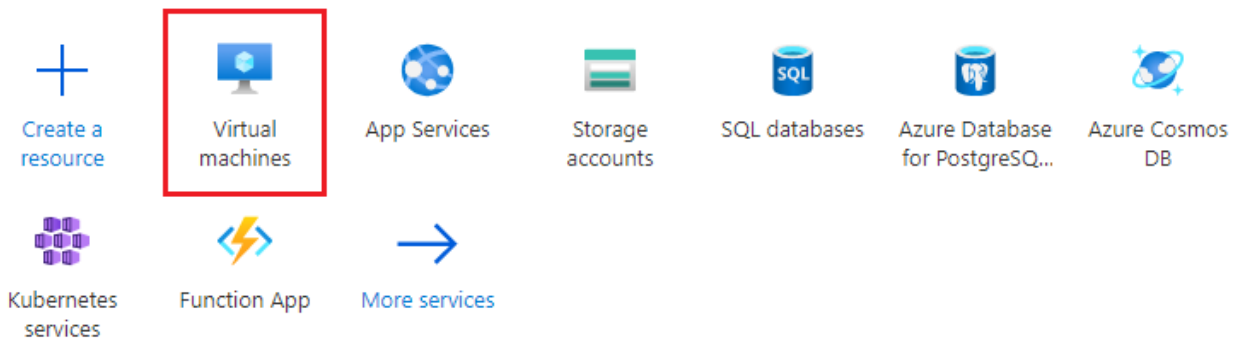


Figure 1: Main Page of the Azure Portal

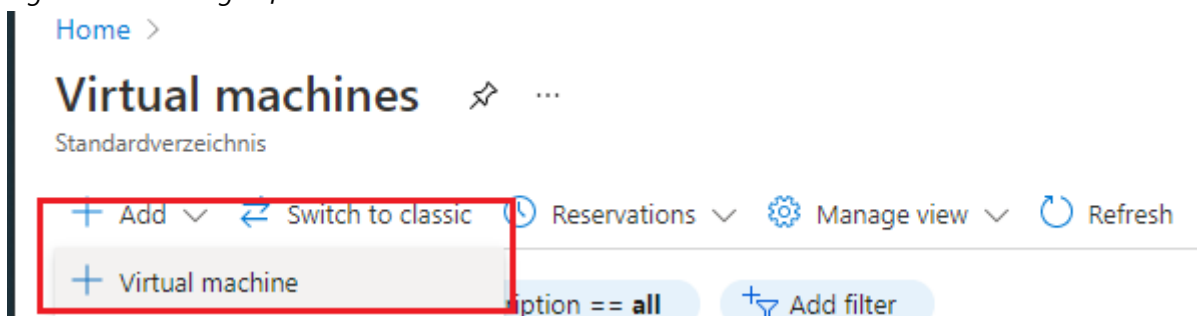


Figure 2: Add

### Virtual Machine in the VM Overview Page

After initializing the Setup Wizard the Virtual Machine's properties have to be set. (see Figure 3).

### Project Details

The section Project Details defines the cost and resource management of the Virtual Machine.

## Project details

Select the subscription to manage deployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage all your resources.

Subscription \* ⓘ Azure für Bildungseinrichtungen ▼

Resource group \* ⓘ Linux ▼

[Create new](#)

- Subscription: Azure for Educational Institutions
  - Defines that we use the free Azure Service provided for Educational Institutions
- Resource Group: Linux
  - Assign a group to manage multiple Virtual Machines in one's Account

## Instance Details

In the instance details the properties of this certain Virtual Machine will be set.


**Instance details**

Virtual machine name \* ⓘ my-ubuntu-16 ✓

Region \* ⓘ (US) South Central US ▼

Availability options ⓘ Availability zone ▼

Availability zone \* ⓘ 1 ▼

Image \* ⓘ 
 Ubuntu Server 16.04 LTS - Gen1
  ▼

[See all images](#)

Azure Spot instance ⓘ ☐

Size \* ⓘ Standard\_D2\_v3 - 2 vcpus, 8 GiB memory (67,72 €/month) ▼

[See all sizes](#)

- Virtual Machine Name: my-ubuntu-16
  - The name of the Virtual Machine in the Azure Portal
- Region: (US) South Central US
  - The region in which the Server will be located. It will be left on South Central US
- Availability Options: Availability zone
  - Availability zone options means that the resources will be physically separated within an Azure region.
- Availability Zone: 1
  - Set to default since it is not important in this step
- Image: Ubuntu 16.04 LTS - Gen1
  - Defines that the Virtual Machine will run Ubuntu 16.04 Latest Stable Release. If a Windows Virtual Machine is needed it is also possible to choose this here or any other Version of a listed Operating System
- Azure Spot instance: Not selected
  - Makes the user pay for workload instead of time. It is not needed here since the Virtual Machine will be set on a free account.
- Size: Standard\_D2\_v3 - 2 vcpus, 8 GiB memory (67,72 €/month)

- There will be 2 virtual CPUs and 8 Gigabytes of Memory assigned to this Virtual Machine. More Power is more expensive but the free budget is used here so it is not changed.


## Administrator Account

In this section it is determined how to access the server.

### Administrator account

Authentication type ⓘ

☒ SSH public key  
☐ Password

 Azure now automatically generates an SSH key pair for you and allows you to store it for future use. It is a fast, simple, and secure way to connect to your virtual machine.

Username \* ⓘ


pmoritzer ✓

SSH public key source

Use existing public key ✓

SSH public key \* ⓘ

ssh-rsa  
 AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAQDbKQQPVLtubNCDwSsT4cLuAIP  
 1+s00Mc/oME6/y1PHq77MQMek73J6/2EbK9sqOZYrn+Eu9zjG8ZZbhHRD ✓

 [Learn more about creating and using SSH keys in Azure](#)

- Username: pmoritzer
  - The username to access the server, using my id
- SSH public key source: Use existing public key
  - Generating a Public Key using the ssh-gen Windows Command-Line Tool
- SSH public key: <ssh key>

To generate the Public SSH-Key following command has to be used. The result will be saved to a id\_rsa.pub-File which content has to be inserted into the SSH public key field.

```
$ ssh-keygen -m PEM -t rsa -b 4096
```

## Inbound Port Rules

Inbound Port rules decide on which port the virtual machine can be accessed. Here only the SSH Standard Port 22 will be used.

### Inbound port rules

Select which virtual machine network ports are accessible from the public internet. You can specify more limited or granular network access on the Networking tab.

Public inbound ports \* ⓘ

- ☐ None
- ☒ Allow selected ports

Select inbound ports \*

SSH (22) ▼

**⚠ This will allow all IP addresses to access your virtual machine.** This is only recommended for testing. Use the Advanced controls in the Networking tab to create rules to limit inbound traffic to known IP addresses.

- Public inbound ports: Allow selected ports
  - Only selected ports are allowed
- Select inbound ports: SSH(22)
  - Only the standard SSH Port (22) is allowed to access the server

### Disks - Disk Type

The disk type will be set to Standard HDD to save running costs:

Basics **Disks** Networking Management Advanced Tags Review + create

Azure VMs have one operating system disk and a temporary disk for short-term storage. You can attach additional data disks. The size of the VM determines the type of storage you can use and the number of data disks allowed. [Learn more](#) ↗

#### Disk options

OS disk type \* ⓘ

Standard HDD (locally-redundant storage) ▼

### Management - Monitoring

In the management Tab a monitoring account will be set up. The name is the same as the user id:

Basics Disks Networking **Management** Advanced Tags Review + create

Configure monitoring and management options for your VM.

### Azure Security Center

Azure Security Center provides unified security management and advanced threat protection across hybrid cloud workloads.

[Learn more](#)

Enable basic plan for free ⓘ



This will apply to every VM in the selected subscription

### Monitoring

Boot diagnostics ⓘ



Enable with managed storage account (recommended)



Enable with custom storage account



Disable

Enable OS guest diagnostics ⓘ



Diagnostics storage account \* ⓘ

(new) pmoritzer



[Create new](#)

## Finishing the Setup

After Validating a click on "Review + create" creates the Virtual Machine and it is ready to be accessed.



## Your deployment is complete



Deployment name: CreateVm-Canonical.UbuntuServer-16.04-LTS-2...  
Subscription: [Azure für Bildungseinrichtungen](#)  
Resource group: [Linux](#)

Start time: 5/12/2021, 11:17:38 PM

Correlation ID: c3d145da-be6f-4ce3-8452-2616055e39c1

## Accessing the Virtual Machine

To connect to the Virtual Machine the Azure Portal provides connection instructions. This time how to connect with SSH:

4. Run the example command below to connect to your VM.

```
ssh -i <private key path> pmoritzer@20.64.90.16
```



The connection using this command will be successful by providing the private key for the connection:

```
C:\Users\Philipp Moritzer\.ssh>ssh -i ./id_rsa pmoritzer@20.64.90.16
Welcome to Ubuntu 16.04.7 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.15.0-1113-azure x86_64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:    https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:       https://ubuntu.com/advantage

0 packages can be updated.
0 of these updates are security updates.

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

Welcome to Ubuntu 16.04.7 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.15.0-1113-azure x86_64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:    https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:       https://ubuntu.com/advantage

0 packages can be updated.
0 of these updates are security updates.

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".
See "man sudo_root" for details.

pmoritzer@my-ubuntu-16:~$
```

## Using the Virtual Machine

### Basic Commands

Using simple Unix commands to show that the server is working:

```
pmoritzer@my-ubuntu-16:~$ date
Wed May 12 14:26:59 UTC 2021
pmoritzer@my-ubuntu-16:~$ id
uid=1000(pmoritzer) gid=1000(pmoritzer) groups=1000(pmoritzer),4(adm),20(dialout),24(cdrom),25(floppy),27(sudo),29(audio),
30(dip),44(video),46(plugdev),109(netdev),110(lxd)
pmoritzer@my-ubuntu-16:~$ cat /etc/passwd | tail -5
dnsmasq:x:109:65534:dnsmasq,,,:/var/lib/misc:/bin/false
sshd:x:110:65534:./var/run/ssh:/usr/sbin/nologin
pollinate:x:111:1:./var/cache/pollinate:/bin/false
unsd:x:112:117:./var/lib/unsd:/bin/false
pmoritzer:x:1000:1000:Ubuntu:/home/pmoritzer:/bin/bash
pmoritzer@my-ubuntu-16:~$ tty
/dev/pts/0
pmoritzer@my-ubuntu-16:~$ echo hello | write pmoritzer

Message from pmoritzer@my-ubuntu-16 on pts/0 at 14:27 ...
hello
EOF
pmoritzer@my-ubuntu-16:~$
```

## C Programming

Writing a simple 'Hello World' language using C Programming Language:

```
$ sudo apt install gcc # installs gcc compiler for c language
$ vi hello_world.c
```

```
C:\> pmoritzer@my-ubuntu-16: ~
```

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    printf("Hello World");
    return 0;
}
```

```
$ gcc -o hello_world hello_world.c
$ ./hello_world
```

```
pmoritzer@my-ubuntu-16:~$ ./hello_world
Hello Worldpmoritzer@my-ubuntu-16:~$ D
```

## Java Programming

Writing a simple Java Programm that prints an array of input strings:

```
$ sudo apt install openjdk-8-jdk-headless # install JDK for Java Compiling and
Runnings
$ vi PrintStrings.java
```

```
C:\> pmoritzer@my-ubuntu-16: ~
```

```
public class PrintStrings {
    public static void main(String... args) {
        for(String s : args) {
            System.out.println(s + "\n");
        }
    }
}
```

```
$ javac PrintStrings.java
$ java PrintStrings Ubuntu Debian Mint Elementary
```



```
pmoritzer@my-ubuntu-16:~$ java PrintStrings Ubuntu Debian Mint Elementary
Ubuntu

Debian

Mint

Elementary
```

## Shell Programming

Writing a simple shell programm that asks the user for the name and greets the user:

```
$ vi askname.sh
```

```
pmoritzer@my-ubuntu-16: ~
#!/bin/sh
echo "Please input your name: "
read name
echo "Hello, $name"
```

```
$ chmod u+x askname.sh
$ ./askname.sh
```

```
pmoritzer@my-ubuntu-16:~$ ./askname.sh
Please input your name:
Philipp
Hello, Philipp
```

## AWK