

Chapter 16 - Unix Networking

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TCP/IP Protocol

- TCP: Layer 4 of Internet Protocols
- IP: Layer 3 of Internet Protocols
- ICMP: Internet Control Message Protocol (ping, traceroute)
- UDP: Layer 4 Protocol
- ARP: Address Resolution Protocol (arp -a)
- HTTP: Hypertext Transfer Protocol
- FTP: File Transfer Protocol
- Telnet: Remote Access
- SMTP: Simple Mail Transport Protocol
- RIP: Routing Information Protocol
- DNS: Name Server (Resolves domain name and IP Address)
- DHCP: Dynamic host configuration protocol

IP Setup

```
$ ifconfig -a # shows network interfaces (name, ip, netmask, etc.)
$ ifconfig e1000g0 plumb # automatically sets the ip to the interface
$ ifconfig e1000g0 10.0.2.5 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.0.2.255 # sets ip
address, subnetmask and broadcast address for network interface e1000g0
$ ifconfig e1000g0 up # starts the e1000g0 interface
$ route add net default 10.0.2.2 # adds 10.0.2.2 (router) as default route
$ ping 10.10.54.75 # icmp message returns if successful
```

Network Configuration Files

- /etc/hostname.e1000g0
- /etc/hosts
- /etc/netmasks
- /etc/defaultrouter
- /etc/resolv.conf
- /etc/nsswitch.conf

/etc/hostname.e1000g0

- The interface name can be different depending on the system
- Sol300
 - IP address is located under /etc/hosts
- 10.0.2.5 - can be specified directly

/etc/hosts

Contains internal IP Adresses

```
127.0.0.1    localhost
10.0.2.5     sol300 sol300.snut.ac.kr loghost
```

/etc/netmasks

Network address and subnetting netmask is specified

```
10.0.2.0     255.255.255.0
```

/etc/defaultrouter

Router Address is specified

```
10.0.2.2
```

/etc/nsswtich.conf

```
hosts: files dns
```

- If the system is not able to find an ip address of a domain name at the /etc/hosts file it will send the query request to the DNS Server which is specified in /etc/resolv.conf

/etc/resolv.conf

Nameserver (DNS) specified

```
domain seoultech.ac.kr
nameserver 164.124.101.2
nameserver 203.248.252.2
```

Network commands

```
$ arp -a # shows IP address / Mac Address caching table
$ ping 10.0.2.2 # sends ICMP-Message and receives one if the target is alive
$ traceroute 10.10.54.75 # check route to target and see all the routers on the way
$ nslookup www.snut.ac.kr # Domain name and IP Address resolution
$ ftp 10.10.54.75 # starts FTP Session to 10.10.54.75
```

```
$ telnet 10.10.54.75 # starts Telnet Session to 10.10.54.75  
$ telnet www.snu.ac.kr 80 # web page access
```

netstat

- Show network status
- -i: status of the interface
- -r: routing table