

Linux Plumbers 2010

November 3rd, Boston





Real-Time API

Tommaso Cucinotta, Dhaval Giani, Dario Faggioli, Fabio Checconi Real-Time Systems Lab (RETIS)

Center for Excellence in Information, Communication and Perception Engineering (CEIICP)

Scuola Superiore Sant'Anna, Pisa (Italy)



Recently Proposed Real-Time Scheduler(s)



Features

- > Temporal isolation among processes
- ➤ Applications have to provide reservation parameters (sporadic real-time task model)
 - runtime every period
- Deadline-based scheduling
- > Hierarchical scheduling
 - Attach more tasks as a whole to a single reservation

Problems

- I) Suitable **kernel-space / user-space** interface
- II) Suitable application-level interface



Recently proposed schedulers and their APIs

EDF RT Throttling (a.k.a., The IRMOS Scheduler)

- > Parameters: runtime, period, cpu mask, tasks
 - RT priorities of real-time tasks
- > cgroup-based interface
 - Problem of atomic changes to scheduling parameters

SCHED_SPORADIC

- > Parameters: runtime, period, low-priority
- > POSIX standard system call: sched_setscheduler()
 - Breaks binary interface & compatibility
- > Alternative system call: sched_setscheduler_ex()

SCHED_DEADLINE

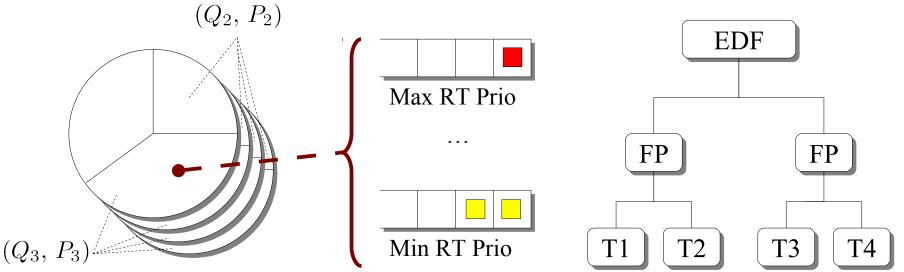
- > Parameters: runtime, period, flags
- > system call: sched_setscheduler_ex()





Hierarchical Scheduling





Needed operations

- create & destroy reservations
- > list tasks attached to reservations (and list reservations)
- > Standard operations: get & set parameters



Other Features



Warning: features & parameters may easily grow

- > Addition of parameters, such as
 - deadline
 - desired vs guaranteed runtime (for adaptive reservations)
- > Set of flags for controlling variations on behaviour
 - work conserving vs non-conserving reservations
 - what happens at fork() time
 - what happens on tasks death (automatic reclamation)
 - notifications from kernel (e.g., runtime exhaustion)
- Controlled access to RT scheduling by unprivileged applications (e.g., per-user "quotas")
- > Monitoring (e.g., residual runtime, available bandwidth)
- ➤ Integration/interaction with **power management**



What US/KS mechanism(s)?



cgroup-based interface?

> multi-valued cgroup entries (for atomic changes)

system-call interface?

- Only sched_setscheduler[_ex]()
- > A set of system calls?

Special-device & ioctl()?

proc-based interface ? (e.g., for monitoring)

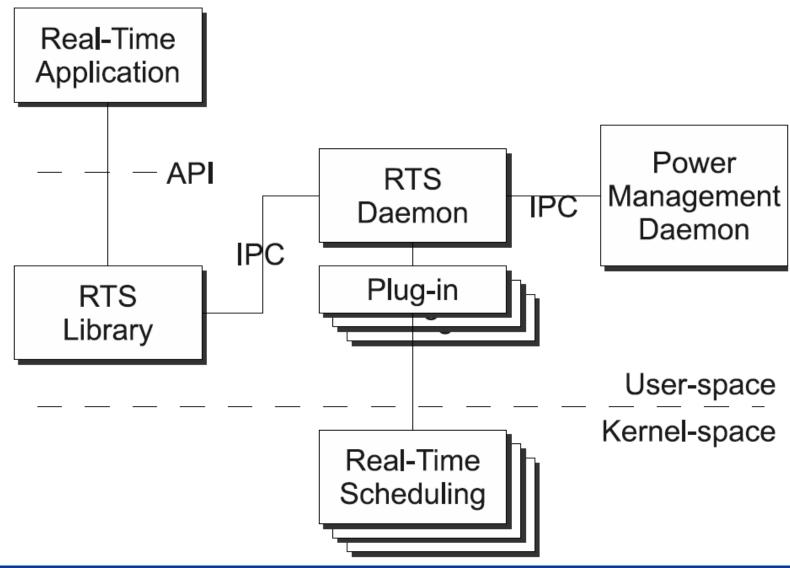
Integration with capabilities?

> setrlimit() / getrlimit()



Proposed API for applications







Thanks for your attention





http://retis.sssup.it/people/tommaso