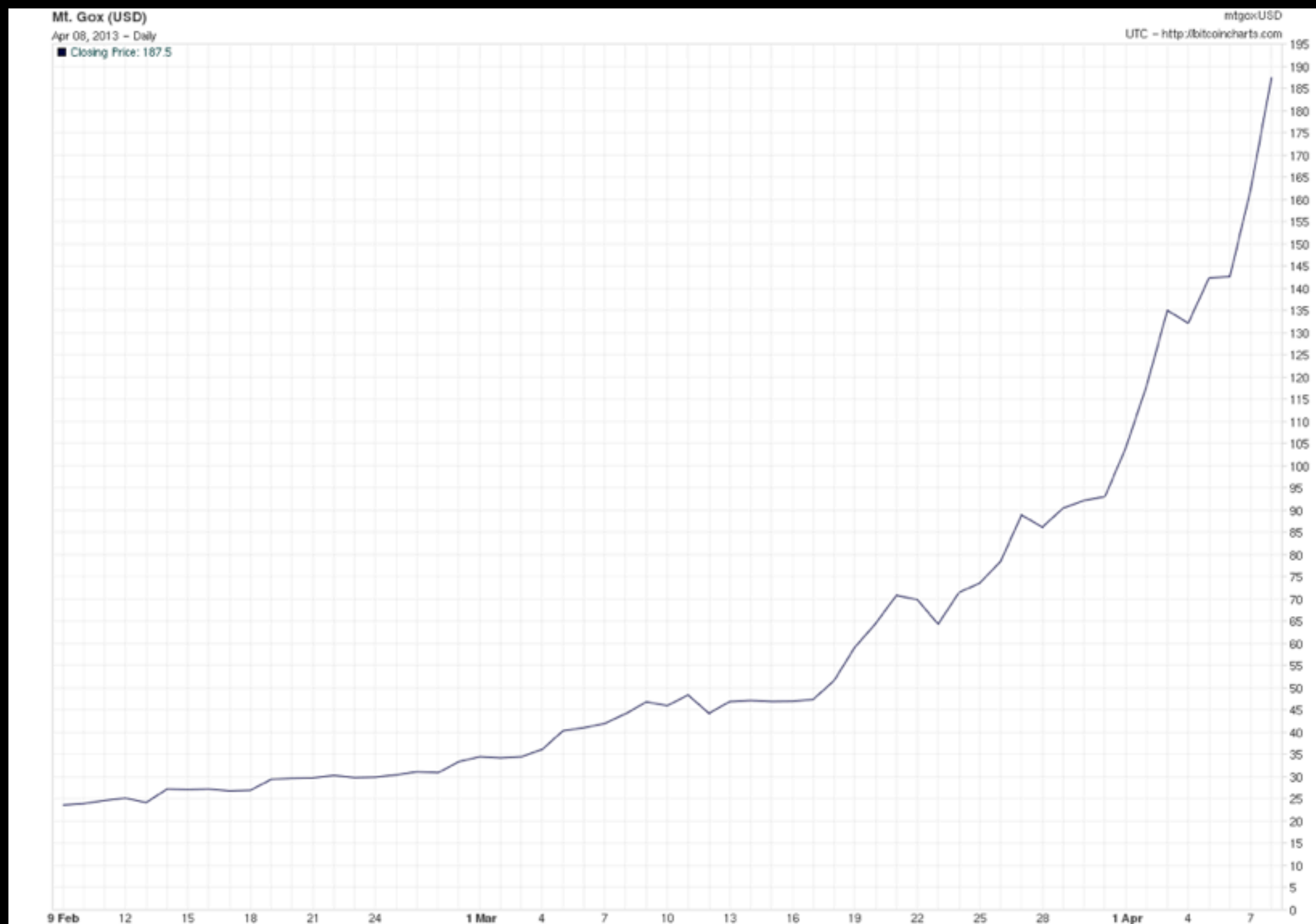


# Single Page Docs

@BrandonPhilips  
[brandon@ifup.org](mailto:brandon@ifup.org)



# Doc Anti-Patterns

[View PDF](#)[Go to the forums](#)[Download to Kindle](#)Did this page help you? [Yes](#) | [No](#) | [Tell us about it...](#)

## Welcome

[What Is Route 53 and How Does it Work?](#)[Getting Started with Route 53](#)[Creating a Domain that Uses Route 53 as the DNS Service](#)[Migrating an Existing Domain to Route 53](#)[Creating a Subdomain that Uses Route 53 without Migrating the Parent Domain](#)[Migrating a Subdomain to Route 53 without Migrating the Parent Domain](#)[Working with Hosted Zones](#)[Working with Resource Record Sets](#)[Creating Weighted Resource Record Sets](#)[Creating Alias Resource Record Sets](#)[Creating Latency Resource Record Sets](#)[Managing Resource Availability](#)[Routing Queries to a Website That Is Hosted in an Amazon S3 Bucket](#)[Using IAM to Control Access to Route 53 Resources](#)[Making API Requests](#)[Route 53 Tutorials](#)[Example: Using dnscurl.pl](#)[Additional Route 53 Resources](#)[Third-Party Tools and Libraries](#)[Document History](#)

## Welcome

The *Amazon Route 53 Developer Guide* gives developers an overview of how Route 53 works as a DNS service, explains how to use the Route 53 console and the Route 53 API to create new domains and subdomains that use Route 53 as the DNS service, and how to migrate existing domains and subdomains to Route 53, explains how to work with hosted zones and resource record sets, and explains how to make API requests.

### How Do I...?

How Do I?	Relevant Topic
Get Started	<a href="#">Getting Started with Route 53</a>
Understand whether Route 53 is right for my use case	<a href="#">Amazon Route 53 detail page</a>
Use the Route 53 console	<a href="#">Getting Started: Creating a Domain that Uses Route 53</a>
Create a new domain that uses Route 53 using either the console or the API	<a href="#">Creating a Domain that Uses Route 53 as the DNS Service</a>
Migrate an existing domain to Route 53 using either the console or the API	<a href="#">Migrating an Existing Domain to Route 53</a>
Make API requests	<a href="#">Making API Requests</a>
Get reference information about the Route 53 API	<a href="#">API Reference</a>

[Document Conventions](#)

Next »

[Terms of Use](#)Did this page help you? [Yes](#) | [No](#) | [Tell us about it...](#)

- 3.6. Date/Time Format
- 3.7. Pagination
- 3.8. Faults
  - 3.8.1. Synchronous Versus Asynchronous Faults
- 3.9. Database Instance Status
- 3.10. Database Instance Accessibility
- 3.11. Repose Integration
- + 4. API Operations
- Glossary

Best ▾

Community



**Andy F** · 8 months ago

I threw together a s

<https://github.com/v>

4 ^ | ▾ · Reply · Sh

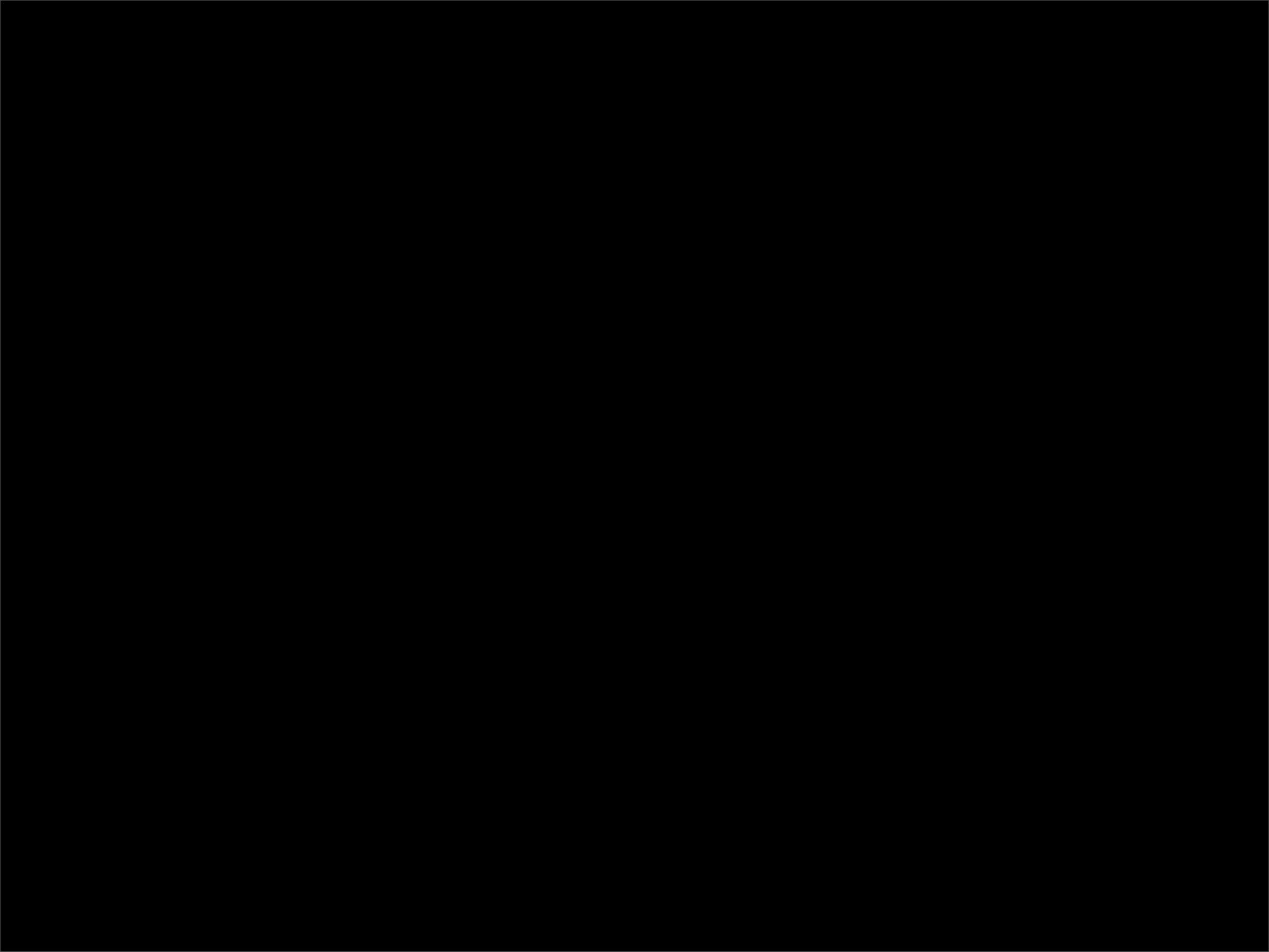


**Alexey Strelkov** · 6 da

wait, can't I just use

0 ^ | ▾ · Reply · Sh

# Single Page Patterns



- Single Page



- Single Page
- Persistent Navigation

- Single Page
- Persistent Navigation
- Dynamic Orientation

# Single Page

## Main Page

## Quickstart Guide

## User Manual

[Introduction](#)[Getting Started](#)[Pricing & Features Overview](#)[Configuring a Domain](#)[Sending Messages](#)[Sending via API](#)[Sending via SMTP](#)[Message Queue](#)[Batch Sending](#)[Mailing Lists](#)[Scheduling Delivery](#)[Sending in Test Mode](#)[Tracking Messages](#)[Events/Webhooks](#)[Contact us!](#)  [Data to Messages](#)

# User Manual

## Introduction

This document is meant to be an overview of all of the capabilities of Mailgun and how you can best leverage those capabilities. It is organized around the three major features that Mailgun provides:

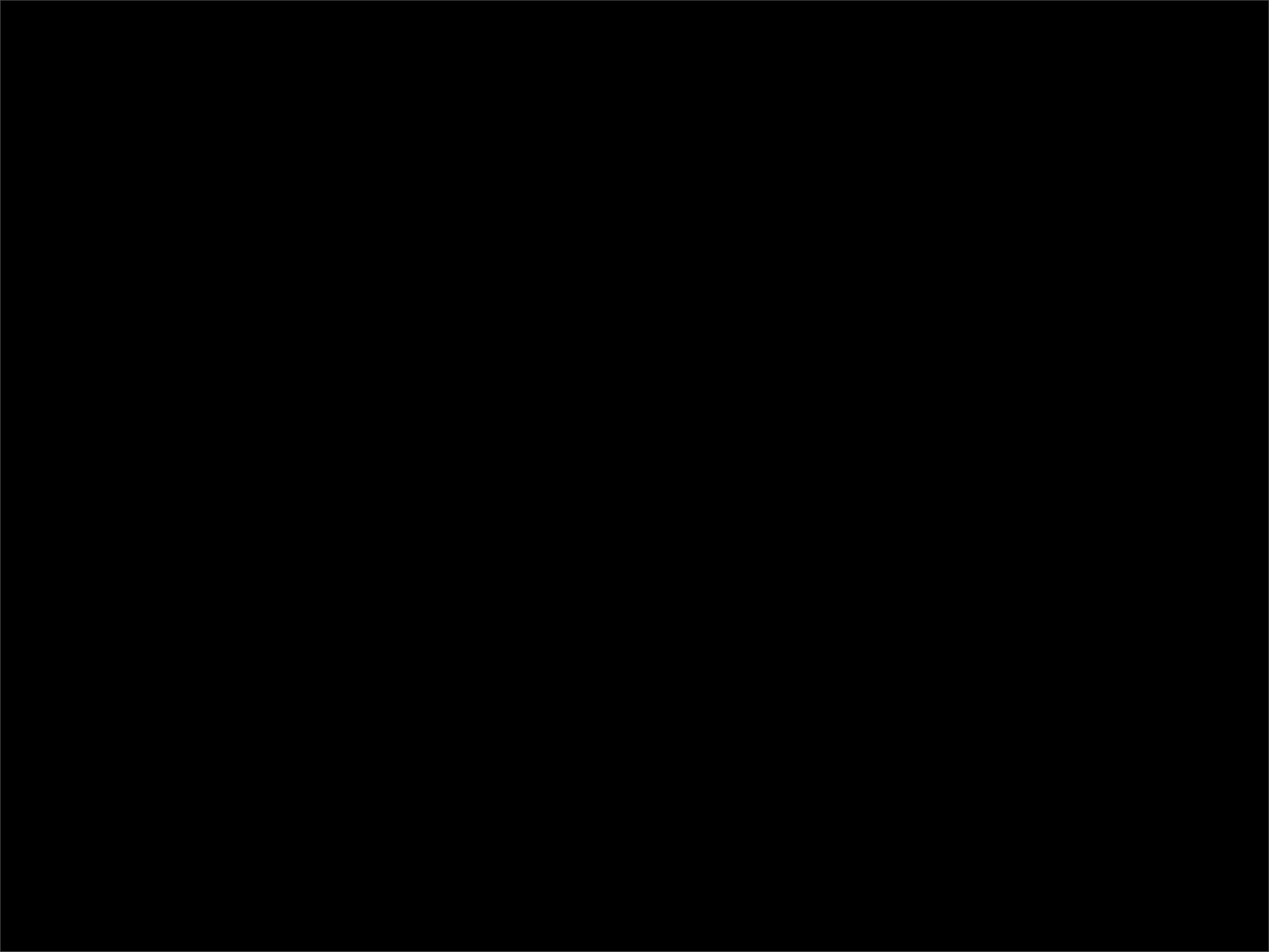
- [Sending Messages](#)
- [Tracking Messages](#)
- [Receiving Messages](#)

At the heart of Mailgun is the API. Most of the Mailgun service can be accessed through the RESTful HTTP API without the need to install any libraries.

You can also access many Mailgun features through your Mailgun Control Panel using your browser and logging in at <https://mailgun.net/cp>.

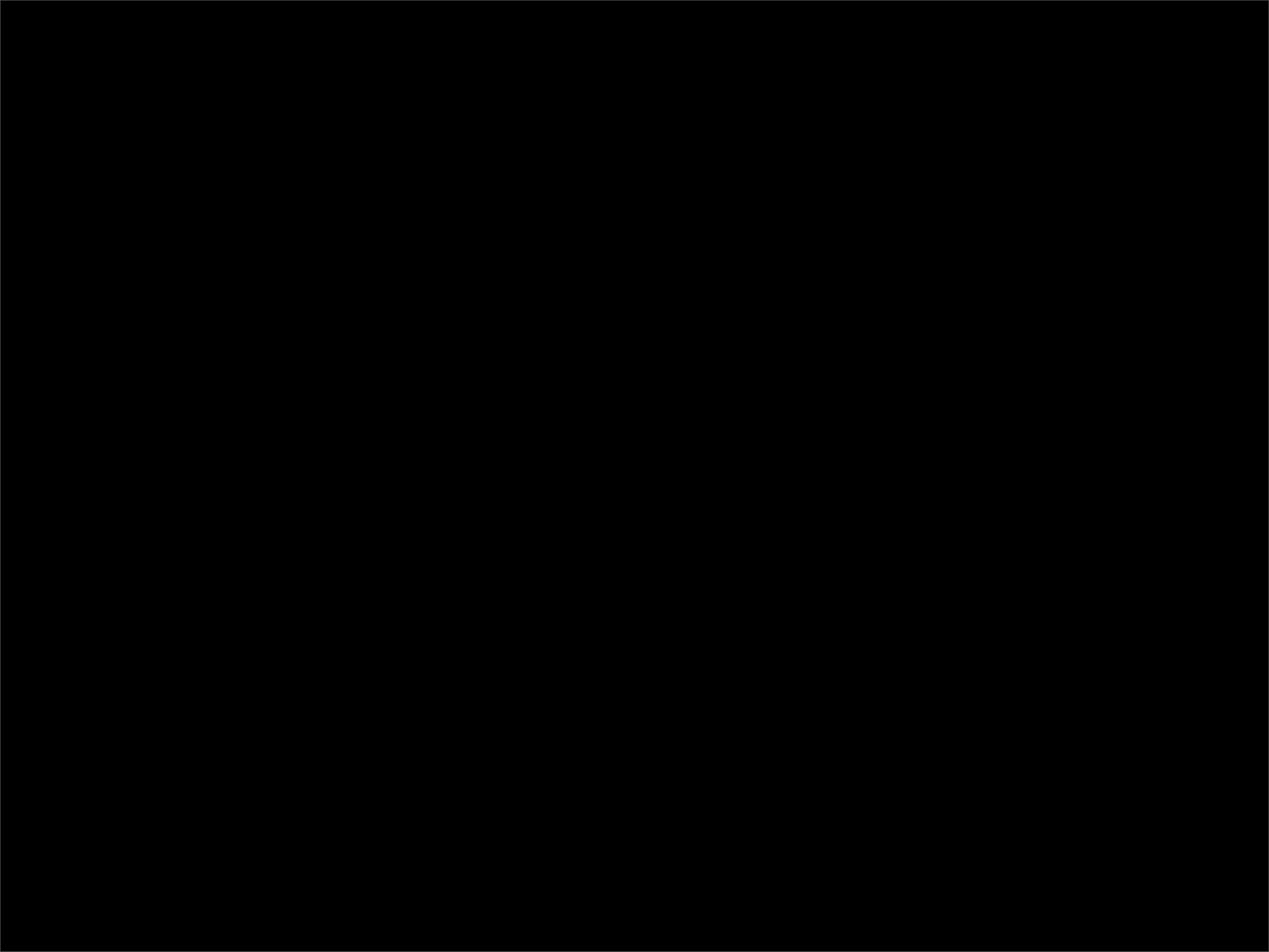
In addition to the API, Mailgun supports standard email protocols (SMTP, POP3 and IMAP). We have included some [instructions](#) on how to use Mailgun with these protocols at the end of the User Manual.

If you are anxious to get started right away, feel free to check out the [Quickstart Guide](#) or [API Reference](#). There are also [FAQ](#) and [Email Best Practices](#) that you can reference.



- Scrolling is natural

- Scrolling is natural
- Search is free in browsers





- Forces beginning, middle and end thinking

- Forces beginning, middle and end thinking
- Fewer and simpler editor windows

# Persistent Navigation

to prevent any future surprises.

```
{
  "name": "hello-world",
  "description": "hello world test app",
  "version": "0.0.1",
  "private": true,
  "dependencies": {
    "express": "3.x"
  }
}
```

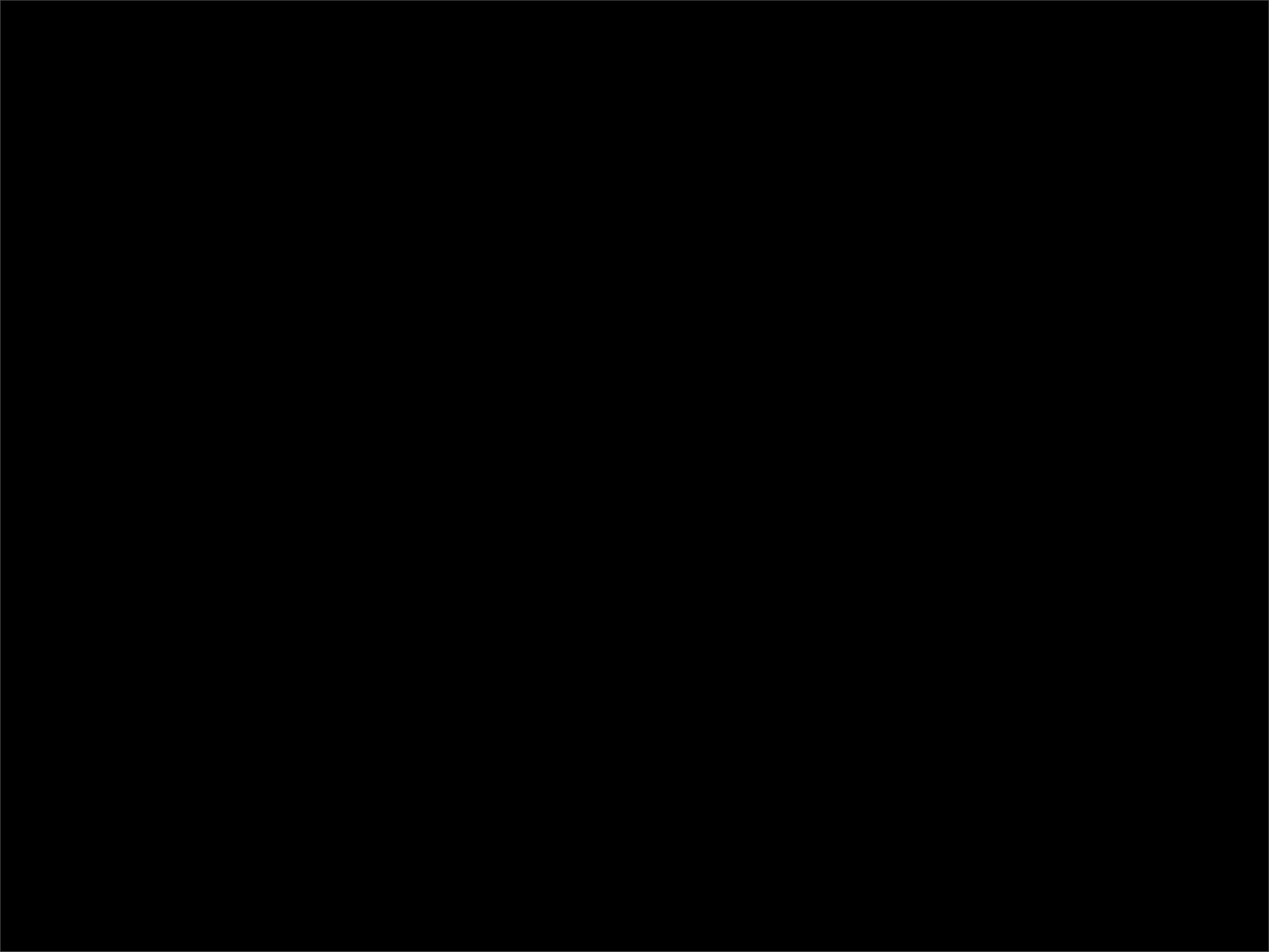
[Getting started](#)[express\(1\) executable](#)[Error handling](#)[Users online count](#)[Express behind proxies](#)

Now that you have a package.json file in this directory you can use `npm(1)` to install the dependencies, in this case just Express:

```
$ npm install
```

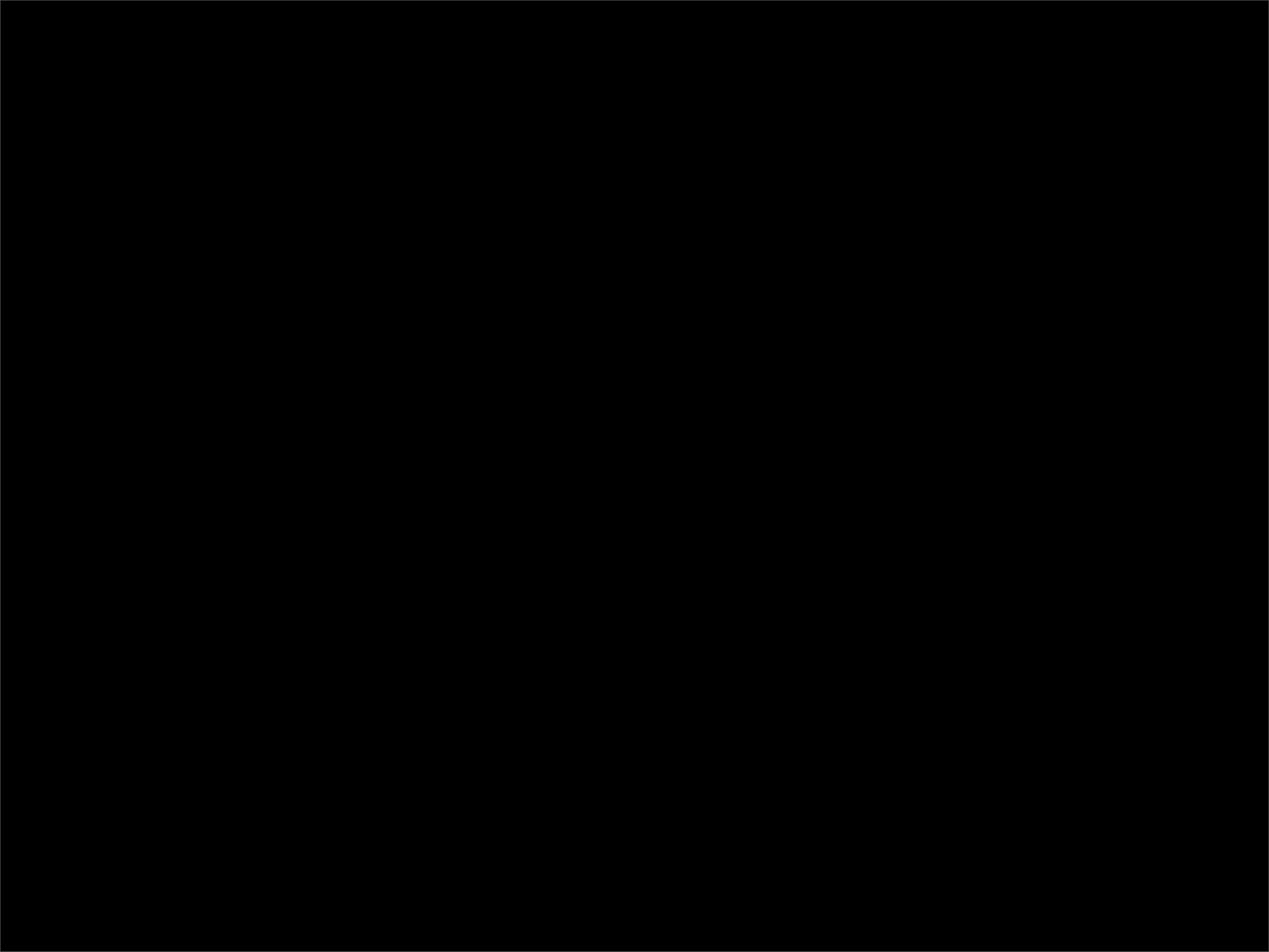
Once npm finishes you'll have a localized Express 3.x dependency in the `./node_modules` directory. You may verify this with `npm ls` as shown in the following snippet displaying a tree of Express and its own dependencies.





- Reduces frustration of skipping ahead

- Reduces frustration of skipping ahead
- Feels natural to quickly find TOC





- Constantly reminded of section bloat

- Constantly reminded of section bloat
- Reduce length of section names

# Dynamic Orientation

Overview

Push Notification  
Guide

iOS/OS X Guide

Objects

The PFObjct

Saving Objects

Retrieving Objects

Working In The

Background

Saving Objects Offline

Updating Objects

Deleting Objects

Relational Data

Data Types

Queries

Subclasses

Files

Analytics

# iOS/OS X Guide

If you haven't installed the SDK yet, please [head over to the QuickStart guide](#) to get our SDK up and running in Xcode. Note that our SDK supports iOS 4.3 and higher.

## Introduction

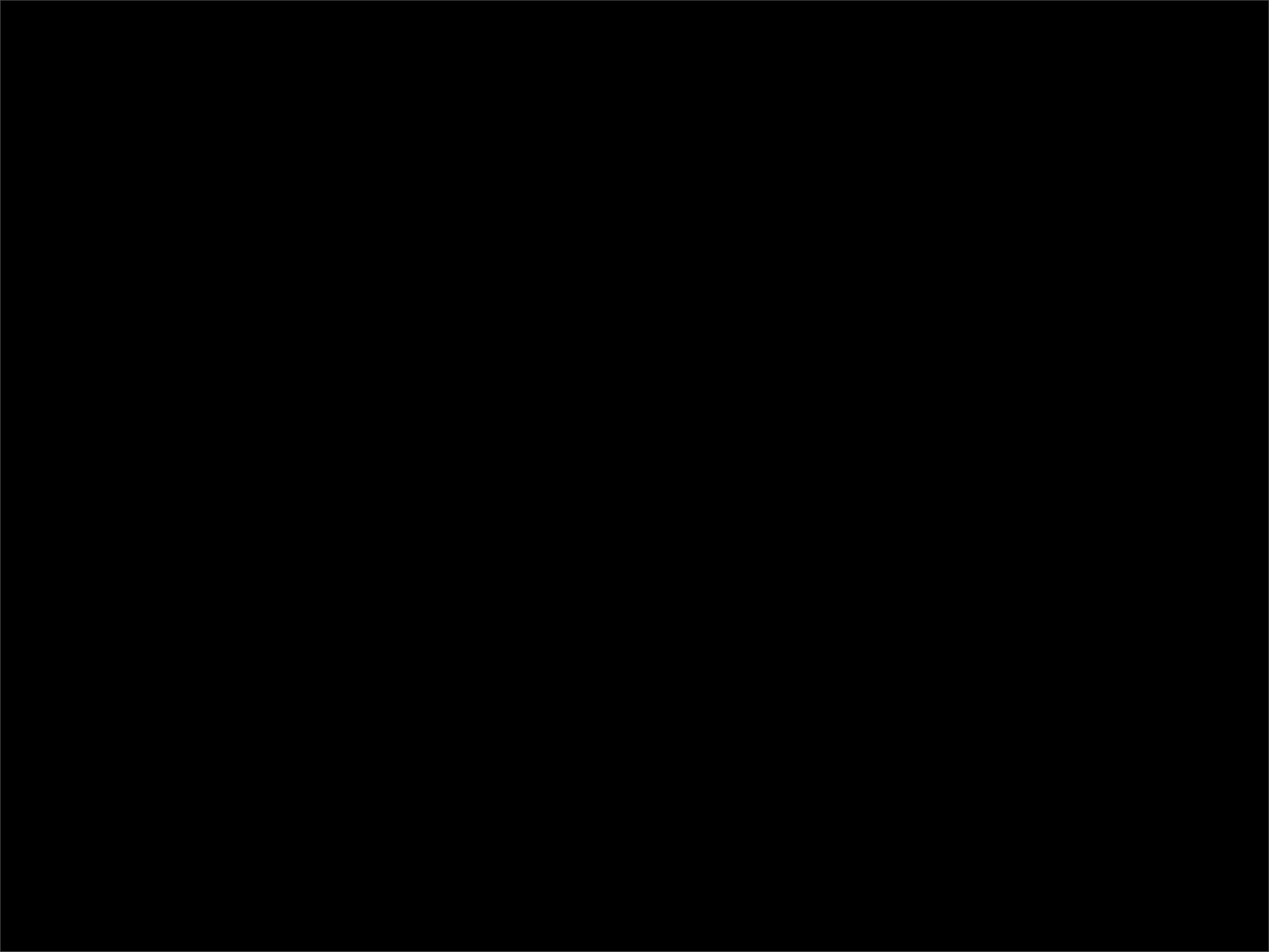
The Parse platform provides a complete backend solution for your mobile application. Our goal is to totally eliminate the need for writing server code or maintaining servers.

If you're familiar with web frameworks like Ruby on Rails, we've taken many of the same principles and applied them to our platform. In particular, our SDK is ready to use out of the box with minimal configuration on your part.

## Apps

On Parse, you create an App for each of your mobile applications. Each App has its own application id and client key that you apply to your SDK install. Your account on Parse can accommodate multiple Apps. This is useful even if you have one application, since you can deploy different versions for test and production.

## Objects



- How much more?

- How much more?
- What did I read?

- How much more?
- What did I read?
- Should I skip ahead?



# Terminology



# Fixie Docs

# Building a Fixie

# Know the Downsides

# The Right Match



Twilio Basics »

Billing & Pricing »

Voice »

SMS »

Phone Numbers »

Porting »

Short Codes »

Twilio Client »

Twilio Connect »

# Twilio Basics

## General

- » [What is a good example of a Twilio application?](#)
- » [What can I build with Twilio?](#)
- » [Do you have any pre-built applications using Twilio?](#)
- » [What languages can I use to write Twilio applications?](#)
- » [I'm not a developer, what can I do with Twilio?](#)
- » [What can't I build with Twilio?](#)
- » [Do you support fax?](#)
- » [How does Twilio's Free Trial work?](#)
- » [What is the Auth Token, and how can it be reset?](#)
- » [How does the Twilio Sandbox number work?](#)
- » [Can I change my phone number during the free trial?](#)

## Application Configuration

- » [How do I configure a phone number to receive phone calls or SMS messages?](#)
- » [What is an application SID?](#)

## Accounts

- » [What is a subaccount?](#)
- » [Do subaccounts support international calls and SMS messaging?](#)
- » [How do I cancel my account?](#)

# Splitting the Docs



# Getting started

Overview of the project, its contents, and how to get started with a simple template.

## Download

[File structure](#)[What's included](#)[HTML template](#)[Examples](#)[What next?](#)

## 1. Download

Before downloading, be sure to have a code editor (we recommend [Sublime Text 2](#)) and some working knowledge of HTML and CSS. We won't walk through the source files here, but they are available for download. We'll focus on getting started with the compiled Bootstrap files.

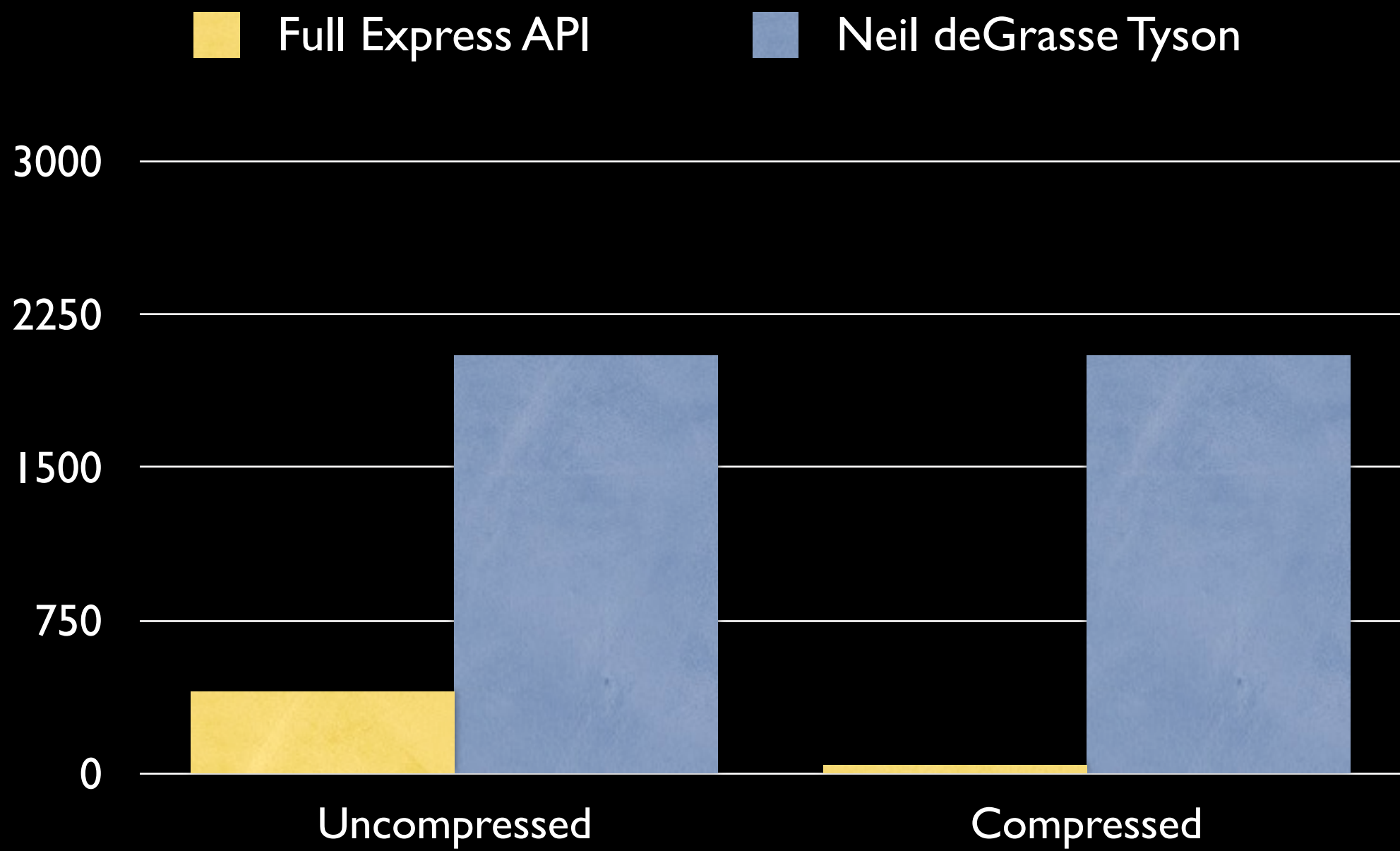
[Download compiled](#)[Download source](#)



# Tools



What about size?



A Product\*

```
iTerm Shell Edit View Profiles Toolbelt Window Help
5. vim (Vim)
grunt (node) vim (Vim) ..ees/fixiedocs (zsh) ..ees/fixiedocs (zsh)

# Fixie Docs

> Transform your markdown documentation into a single navigable html
> document.

This tool takes a single markdown input file, named README.md by
convention, and turns it into a single html page. The target audience
are people writing reference documentation for products, APIs or
libraries. It was written as a reaction to complex tools and inspired by
single page docs like [express][express].

Notable features:

- Single input file
- Auto-refresh on edits
- Generated navigation
- Open source (MIT)

Give it a shot and let me know what you think.

[express]: http://expressjs.com/api.html

## Usage

Lets get started by downloading the code and dependencies. This step you
will only need to run once.

...
git clone https://github.com/philips/fixiedocs.git
cd fixiedocs
npm install
...

Now the fun part: getting a preview of the document. In the same
terminal run the following command to launch a server and open your
browser.

...
grunt server
...

This browser preview will continue to update everytime you save a change
to the README.md file. Lets try that out. Open the README.md file in
your favorite editor and start editing. If you aren't familiar with
markdown you can find a [full guide here][markdown]. But, you should be
N README.md unix | utf-8 | markdown 5% LN 5:0
```

localhost:9000/#customi: x

localhost:9000/#customizing

Read Later Read Now Subscribe... Add Wish List c mus doc watch Other Bookmarks

Usage

Publishing Customizing Future Directions

# Fixie Docs

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Now the fun part: getting a preview of the document. In the same terminal run the following command to launch a server and open your browser.

```
grunt server
```

This browser preview will continue to update everytime you save a change to the README.md file. Lets try that out. Open the README.md file in your favorite editor and start editing. If you aren't familiar with markdown you can find a [full guide here](#). But, you should be able to infer the basics from reading the Fixie Docs README.md file.

[github.com/philips/fixiedocs](https://github.com/philips/fixiedocs)

Thanks!  
@BrandonPhilips  
<http://ifup.org>