

Práctica 3 - PLP

Philips

1er Cuatrimestre 2025

Dedución natural

$$\frac{\frac{\overline{\Gamma \vdash A} \text{ Ax} \quad \overline{\Gamma \vdash A \Rightarrow B} \text{ Ax}}{\Gamma \vdash B} \Rightarrow E}{\Gamma' \vdash A \Rightarrow B} \Rightarrow I$$

1 Ejercicio 5

I. Modus ponens relativizado: ?

$$\frac{\frac{\overline{\rho \Rightarrow q \Rightarrow \tau, \rho \Rightarrow q, \rho \vdash \rho \Rightarrow q \Rightarrow \tau} \text{ ax} \quad \overline{\rho \Rightarrow q \Rightarrow \tau, \rho \Rightarrow q, \rho \vdash \rho \Rightarrow q} \text{ ax}}{\frac{\frac{\rho \Rightarrow q \Rightarrow \tau, \rho \Rightarrow q, \rho \vdash \tau}{\rho \Rightarrow q \Rightarrow \tau, \rho \Rightarrow q \vdash \rho \Rightarrow \tau} \Rightarrow i}{\rho \Rightarrow q \Rightarrow \tau \vdash (\rho \Rightarrow q) \Rightarrow \rho \Rightarrow \tau} \Rightarrow i}{\vdash (\rho \Rightarrow q \Rightarrow \tau) \Rightarrow (\rho \Rightarrow q) \Rightarrow \rho \Rightarrow \tau} \Rightarrow i$$

II. Reducción al absurdo:

$$\frac{\frac{\overline{(p \Rightarrow \perp), p \vdash p \Rightarrow \perp} \text{ ax} \quad \overline{(p \Rightarrow \perp), p \vdash p} \text{ ax}}{(p \Rightarrow \perp), p \vdash \perp} \Rightarrow e}{\frac{(p \Rightarrow \perp) \vdash \neg p}{\vdash (p \Rightarrow \perp) \Rightarrow \neg p} \neg i} \Rightarrow i$$

III. Introducción de la doble negación:

$$\frac{\frac{\overline{p, \neg p \vdash p} \text{ ax} \quad \overline{p, \neg p \vdash \neg p} \text{ ax}}{p, \neg p \vdash \perp} \neg e}{\frac{p \vdash \neg \neg p}{\vdash p \Rightarrow \neg \neg p} \neg i} \Rightarrow i$$

IV. Eliminación de la triple negación:

$$\frac{\frac{\overline{\neg \neg \neg p, p \vdash \neg \neg p} \text{ III} \quad \overline{\neg \neg \neg p, p \vdash \neg \neg \neg p} \text{ ax}}{\neg \neg \neg p, p \vdash \perp} \neg e}{\frac{\neg \neg \neg p \vdash \neg p}{\vdash \neg \neg \neg p \Rightarrow \neg p} \neg i} \Rightarrow i$$

V. Contraposición:

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{}{(p \Rightarrow \sigma), \neg \sigma, p \vdash \neg \sigma} \text{ax} \quad \frac{}{(p \Rightarrow \sigma), \neg \sigma, p \vdash p} \text{ax} \quad \frac{}{(p \Rightarrow \sigma), \neg \sigma, p \vdash p \Rightarrow \sigma} \text{ax} \\
\frac{}{(p \Rightarrow \sigma), \neg \sigma, p \vdash \sigma} \neg e \\
\frac{}{(p \Rightarrow \sigma), \neg \sigma, p \vdash \perp} \neg i \\
\frac{}{(p \Rightarrow \sigma), \neg \sigma \vdash \neg p} \Rightarrow i \\
\frac{}{(p \Rightarrow \sigma) \vdash \neg \sigma \Rightarrow \neg p} \Rightarrow i \\
\frac{}{\vdash (p \Rightarrow \sigma) \Rightarrow (\neg \sigma \Rightarrow \neg p)} \Rightarrow i
\end{array}$$

VI. Adjunción: $((p \wedge \sigma) \Rightarrow \tau) \Leftrightarrow (p \Rightarrow \sigma \Rightarrow \tau)$

(\Rightarrow) ida

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{}{((p \wedge \sigma) \Rightarrow \tau), p, \sigma \vdash \sigma} \text{ax} \quad \frac{}{((p \wedge \sigma) \Rightarrow \tau), p, \sigma \vdash p} \text{ax} \\
\frac{}{((p \wedge \sigma) \Rightarrow \tau), p, \sigma \vdash (p \wedge \sigma)} \wedge i \\
\frac{}{((p \wedge \sigma) \Rightarrow \tau), p, \sigma \vdash (p \wedge \sigma) \Rightarrow \tau} \text{ax} \\
\frac{}{(p \wedge \sigma) \Rightarrow \tau, p, \sigma \vdash \tau} \Rightarrow i \\
\frac{}{(p \wedge \sigma) \Rightarrow \tau, p \vdash \sigma \Rightarrow \tau} \Rightarrow i \\
\frac{}{(p \wedge \sigma) \Rightarrow \tau \vdash (p \Rightarrow \sigma \Rightarrow \tau)} \Rightarrow i \\
\frac{}{\vdash ((p \wedge \sigma) \Rightarrow \tau) \Rightarrow (p \Rightarrow \sigma \Rightarrow \tau)} \Rightarrow i
\end{array}$$

(\Rightarrow) vuelta

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{}{(p \Rightarrow \sigma \Rightarrow \tau), (p \wedge \sigma), p \vdash (p \wedge \sigma)} \text{ax} \\
\frac{}{(p \Rightarrow \sigma \Rightarrow \tau), (p \wedge \sigma), p \vdash \sigma} \wedge e_2 \\
\frac{}{(p \Rightarrow \sigma \Rightarrow \tau), (p \wedge \sigma) \vdash p \Rightarrow \sigma} \Rightarrow i \\
\frac{}{(p \Rightarrow \sigma \Rightarrow \tau), (p \wedge \sigma) \vdash p \Rightarrow \sigma \Rightarrow \tau} \text{ax} \\
\frac{}{(p \Rightarrow \sigma \Rightarrow \tau), (p \wedge \sigma) \vdash \tau} \Rightarrow i \\
\frac{}{(p \Rightarrow \sigma \Rightarrow \tau) \vdash ((p \wedge \sigma) \Rightarrow \tau)} \Rightarrow i \\
\frac{}{\vdash (p \Rightarrow \sigma \Rightarrow \tau) \Rightarrow ((p \wedge \sigma) \Rightarrow \tau)} \Rightarrow i
\end{array}$$

VII. Ley de Morgan (I): $\neg(p \vee \sigma) \Leftrightarrow (\neg p \wedge \neg \sigma)$

(\Rightarrow) ida

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{}{\neg(p \vee \sigma), \sigma \vdash \sigma} \text{ax} \quad \frac{}{\neg(p \vee \sigma), \sigma \vdash p \vee \sigma} \vee i_2 \quad \frac{}{\neg(p \vee \sigma), \sigma \vdash \neg(p \vee \sigma)} \text{ax} \\
\frac{}{\neg(p \vee \sigma), \sigma \vdash \perp} \neg i \\
\frac{}{\neg(p \vee \sigma) \vdash \neg \sigma} \neg e \\
\frac{}{\neg(p \vee \sigma) \vdash \neg p \wedge \neg \sigma} \wedge i \\
\frac{}{\vdash \neg(p \vee \sigma) \Rightarrow (\neg p \wedge \neg \sigma)} \Rightarrow i
\end{array}$$

(\Rightarrow) vuelta

$$\begin{array}{c}
\frac{}{\Gamma, \sigma \vdash \neg p \wedge \neg \sigma} \text{ax} \\
\frac{}{\Gamma, \sigma \vdash \neg \sigma} \wedge e_2 \\
\frac{}{\Gamma, \sigma \vdash \sigma} \text{ax} \\
\frac{}{\Gamma, \sigma \vdash \perp} \neg e \\
\frac{}{\Gamma, p \vdash \neg p \wedge \neg \sigma} \text{ax} \\
\frac{}{\Gamma, p \vdash \neg p} \wedge e_1 \\
\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash p} \text{ax} \\
\frac{}{\Gamma, p \vdash \perp} \neg e \\
\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash p \vee \sigma} \vee e \\
\frac{}{\Gamma \equiv (\neg p \wedge \neg \sigma), (p \vee \sigma) \vdash \perp} \neg i \\
\frac{}{(\neg p \wedge \neg \sigma) \vdash \neg(p \vee \sigma)} \neg i \\
\frac{}{\vdash (\neg p \wedge \neg \sigma) \Rightarrow \neg(p \vee \sigma)} \Rightarrow i
\end{array}$$

VIII. Ley de Morgan (II): $\neg(p \wedge \sigma) \Leftrightarrow (\neg p \vee \neg \sigma)$

(\Rightarrow) ida

$$\frac{\frac{\overline{\neg(\rho \wedge \sigma), \neg p \vdash \neg \rho}^{\text{ax}}}{\neg(\rho \wedge \sigma), \neg p \vdash \neg \rho \vee \neg \sigma} \vee i_1 \quad \frac{\overline{\neg(\rho \wedge \sigma) \vdash p \vee \neg p}^{\text{LEM}} \quad \frac{\text{Sigo este caso abajo}}{\neg(\rho \wedge \sigma), p \vdash \neg \rho \vee \neg \sigma} (*)}{\frac{\neg(\rho \wedge \sigma) \vdash \neg \rho \vee \neg \sigma}{\vdash \neg(\rho \wedge \sigma) \Rightarrow (\neg \rho \vee \neg \sigma)} \Rightarrow i} \vee e$$

$$\frac{\frac{\overline{\Gamma, \sigma \vdash p}^{\text{ax}} \quad \overline{\Gamma, \sigma \vdash \sigma}^{\text{ax}}}{\Gamma, \sigma \vdash \rho \wedge \sigma} \wedge i \quad \frac{\overline{\Gamma, \sigma \vdash \neg(\rho \wedge \sigma)}^{\text{ax}}}{\Gamma, \sigma \vdash \perp} \neg e \quad \frac{\overline{\Gamma, \neg \sigma \vdash \neg \sigma}^{\text{ax}}}{\Gamma, \neg \sigma \vdash \neg \rho \vee \neg \sigma} \vee i_2 \quad \frac{\overline{\Gamma \vdash \sigma \vee \neg \sigma}^{\text{LEM}}}{\Gamma \vdash \neg \rho \vee \neg \sigma} \vee e}{\Gamma \vdash \neg \rho \vee \neg \sigma} \{*\}$$

(\Rightarrow) vuelta

$$\frac{\frac{\overline{\Gamma, \neg \sigma, p \vdash p \wedge \sigma}^{\text{ax}}}{\Gamma, \neg \sigma, p \vdash \sigma} \wedge e_2 \quad \frac{\overline{\Gamma, \neg \sigma, p \vdash \neg \sigma}^{\text{ax}}}{\Gamma, \neg \sigma, p \vdash \perp} \neg i}{\frac{\overline{\Gamma, \neg \sigma \vdash \neg p}^{\neg i} \quad \frac{\overline{\Gamma, \neg p \vdash \neg p}^{\text{ax}} \quad \overline{\Gamma \vdash \neg p \vee \neg \sigma}^{\text{ax}} \quad \frac{\overline{\Gamma \vdash p \wedge \sigma}^{\text{ax}}}{\Gamma \vdash p} \wedge e_1}{\frac{\Gamma \equiv (\neg \rho \vee \neg \sigma), (\rho \wedge \sigma) \vdash \perp}{(\neg \rho \vee \neg \sigma) \vdash \neg(\rho \wedge \sigma)} \neg i}{\vdash (\neg \rho \vee \neg \sigma) \Rightarrow \neg(\rho \wedge \sigma)} \Rightarrow i}$$

IX. Conmutatividad (\wedge):

$$\frac{\frac{\overline{(p \wedge \sigma) \vdash (p \wedge \sigma)}^{\text{ax}}}{(p \wedge \sigma) \vdash p} \wedge e_1 \quad \frac{\overline{(p \wedge \sigma) \vdash (p \wedge \sigma)}^{\text{ax}}}{(p \wedge \sigma) \vdash \sigma} \wedge e_2}{\frac{(p \wedge \sigma) \vdash (\sigma \wedge p)}{\vdash (p \wedge \sigma) \Rightarrow (\sigma \wedge p)} \Rightarrow i} \wedge i$$

X. Asociatividad (\wedge): $((p \wedge \sigma) \wedge \tau) \Leftrightarrow (p \wedge (\sigma \wedge \tau))$

(\Rightarrow) ida

$$\frac{\frac{\overline{((p \wedge \sigma) \wedge \tau) \vdash ((p \wedge \sigma) \wedge \tau)}^{\text{ax}}}{((p \wedge \sigma) \wedge \tau) \vdash \tau} \wedge e_2 \quad \frac{\frac{\overline{((p \wedge \sigma) \wedge \tau) \vdash ((p \wedge \sigma) \wedge \tau)}^{\text{ax}}}{((p \wedge \sigma) \wedge \tau) \vdash (p \wedge \sigma)} \wedge e_1 \quad \frac{\overline{((p \wedge \sigma) \wedge \tau) \vdash ((p \wedge \sigma) \wedge \tau)}^{\text{ax}}}{((p \wedge \sigma) \wedge \tau) \vdash p} \wedge e_1}{\frac{((p \wedge \sigma) \wedge \tau) \vdash (\sigma \wedge \tau)}{\vdash ((p \wedge \sigma) \wedge \tau) \Rightarrow (p \wedge (\sigma \wedge \tau))} \Rightarrow i} \wedge i$$

(\Rightarrow) vuelta

$$\frac{\frac{\overline{\Gamma \vdash (p \wedge (\sigma \wedge \tau))}^{\text{ax}}}{\Gamma \vdash (\sigma \wedge \tau)} \wedge e_2 \quad \frac{\overline{\Gamma \vdash (p \wedge (\sigma \wedge \tau))}^{\text{ax}}}{\Gamma \vdash p} \wedge e_1 \quad \frac{\overline{\Gamma \vdash p \wedge (\sigma \wedge \tau)}^{\text{ax}}}{\Gamma \vdash (\sigma \wedge \tau)} \wedge e_2}{\frac{\Gamma \vdash p \wedge \sigma}{\Gamma \equiv (p \wedge (\sigma \wedge \tau)) \vdash ((p \wedge \sigma) \wedge \tau)} \wedge i} \wedge i$$

XI. Conmutatividad (\vee)

$$\frac{\frac{\overline{(p \vee \sigma), \sigma \vdash \sigma}^{\text{ax}}}{(p \vee \sigma), \sigma \vdash (\sigma \vee p)} \vee i_1 \quad \frac{\frac{\overline{(p \vee \sigma), p \vdash p}^{\text{ax}}}{(p \vee \sigma), p \vdash (\sigma \vee p)} \vee i_2 \quad \frac{\overline{(p \vee \sigma) \vdash (p \vee \sigma)}^{\text{ax}}}{\vdash (p \vee \sigma) \Rightarrow (\sigma \vee p)} \vee e}{\vdash (p \vee \sigma) \Rightarrow (\sigma \vee p)} \Rightarrow i$$

XII. Asociatividad (\vee): $((p \vee \sigma) \vee \tau) \Leftrightarrow (p \vee (\sigma \vee \tau))$
 (\Rightarrow) ida

$$\frac{\overline{((p \vee \sigma) \vee \tau) \vdash (p \vee (\sigma \vee \tau))}}{\vdash ((p \vee \sigma) \vee \tau) \Rightarrow (p \vee (\sigma \vee \tau))} \Rightarrow i$$

(\Rightarrow) vuelta

$$\overline{\vdash (p \vee (\sigma \vee \tau)) \Rightarrow ((p \vee \sigma) \vee \tau)}$$