# Fully abstract models for effectful $\lambda$ -calculi via category-theoretic logical relations

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with sum types

A category-theoretic construction that:

takes a [suitable] model of an effectful  $\lambda\text{-calculus}$ 

 $\dots$  and returns an adequate & fully-abstract model

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... and returns an adequate & fully-abstract model

## Adequacy and full abstraction

$$\Gamma \vdash M \simeq_{\mathrm{ctx}} M' : \sigma \qquad \Longleftrightarrow \qquad \begin{array}{c} \mathcal{C}[M] \Downarrow V \iff \mathcal{C}[M'] \Downarrow V \\ \mathcal{C}[-] \text{ any closed ground context} \end{array}$$

Intuition:
swapping M and M'
doesn't affect
observable behaviour

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Reasoning about  $\simeq_{ctx}$  is hard

motivates semantic interpretation [M]

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 relate to  $M \simeq_{\text{ctx}} M'$ ?
$$[\textit{c.f.} \text{ soundness and completeness in logic}]$$

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[c.f. soundness and completeness in logic]

Adequacy:  $\llbracket M \rrbracket = \llbracket M' \rrbracket \implies M \simeq_{\operatorname{ctx}} M'$ 

Full abstraction:  $M \simeq_{\text{ctx}} M' \implies \llbracket M \rrbracket = \llbracket M' \rrbracket$ 

## $\textbf{Contextual equivalence} \ [ \texttt{Morris}, \ \texttt{Milner}, \ldots ]$

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In an adequate, fully abstract model semantic equality characterises contextual equivalence

## Effectful $\lambda$ -calculi

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 $\underline{\mathbf{n}}$ : nat, and: bool \* bool  $\rightarrow$  bool, ...

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• A monadic effect e.g. exceptions
```

• Base types nat, bool, ...

• Effectful operations raise<sub>e</sub>, ...

• Primitives  $\underline{\mathbf{n}}$ : nat, and : bool \* bool  $\rightarrow$  bool, ...

→ determines a HO language with products & sums

e.g. a HO language with exceptions

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## Effectful $\lambda$ -calculi: semantics [à la Moggi]

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    - $raise_e, \dots$
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Specified by a model: you choose

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Strong monad T

$$T(X) = X + E$$

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## Effectful $\lambda$ -calculi: semantics [à la Moggi]

Specified by a model: you choose

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- $[\![\beta]\!] \in \mathcal{M}$  for each base type  $\beta$

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$$T(X) = X + E$$

$$[\![\mathrm{bool}]\!]=2,[\![\mathrm{nat}]\!]=\mathbb{N}$$

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## Specified by a model: you choose

- A CCC *M* with (0, +)
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- $[\![\beta]\!] \in \mathcal{M}$  for each base type  $\beta$
- Arrows interpreting the operations and primitives

$$T(X) = X + E$$

$$[bool] = 2, [nat] = \mathbb{N}$$

$$[[raise_e]] = \lambda x \cdot inl(e),$$

$$[\![\underline{\mathbf{n}}]\!] = (* \mapsto n : 1 \to \mathbb{N})$$

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## Specified by a model: you choose

- A CCC *M* with (0, +)
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- [β] ∈ M for each base type β [bool] = 2, [nat] = N
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e.g. Set

r—n

 $[n] = (* \mapsto n : 1 \to \mathbb{N})$ 

T(X) = X + E

 $\longrightarrow$  determines an interpretation  $\llbracket \Gamma \vdash M : \sigma \rrbracket : \llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket \rightarrow T \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket$ 

chosen base types,effect operations,& primitives

semantic mode

= CCC with coproducts  $\mathcal{M}$ 

+ strong monad 7

+ conditions on M interr

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sufficient: full d at

 $\downarrow$ 

## fully abstract model $OHR(\mathcal{M})$

inspired by O'Hearn & Riecke's PCF model, 1999

concrete over  $\mathcal{M}$ :
maps in  $\mathrm{OHR}(\mathcal{M})$  are
maps in  $\mathcal{M}$  satisfying predicates

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## Cranking the handle

#### signature

$$\begin{split} \textit{e.g.} \ \mathsf{base} \ \mathsf{types} \ \mathrm{nat}, \mathsf{bool} \\ + \ \mathsf{primitives} \ \mathsf{tt}, \mathrm{ff}, \underline{\mathrm{n}} \ \mathsf{for} \ \textit{n} \in \mathbb{N} \\ + \ \mathsf{effect} \ \mathsf{operation} \ \mathrm{read}, \ \ldots \end{aligned}$$

#### semantic model

 $\begin{array}{l} \textit{e.g.} \; \mathsf{subcategory} \; \mathsf{Set}_{\kappa} \; \; \mathsf{of} \; \mathsf{Set} \\ + \; \; \mathsf{reader} \; \mathsf{monad} \; \mathsf{R} \\ + \; [\![ \mathsf{nat}]\!] = \mathbb{N}, \\ [\![ \mathsf{bool}]\!] = \{0,1\}, \; \dots \\ \\ \mathsf{not} \; \mathsf{fully} \; \mathsf{abstract!} \\ \mathsf{(Matache} \; \& \; \mathsf{Staton)} \\ \end{array}$ 



fully abstract model of read-only state

## Cranking the handle

#### signature

e.g. base type real
+ primitive <u>f</u> for each measurable f
+ effect operations
sample, score, normalise, . . .

#### semantic model

 $\begin{array}{l} \textit{e.g.} \; \mathsf{small} \; \mathsf{sub\text{-}CCC} \; \mathsf{of} \; \mathsf{Qbs} \\ + \; \mathsf{probability} \; \mathsf{monad} \\ + \; [\![ \mathrm{real} ]\!] \; = \; (\mathbb{R}, \Sigma_{\mathbb{R}}) \end{array}$ 



fully abstract model of idealised probabilistic programming language

## The OHR construction

## The big picture

#### Obstruction to full abstraction:

∃ 'bad' morphisms expressing behaviour the syntax cannot [c.f. parallel-or]

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refine the model to remove all bad morphisms

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#### What follows:

- 1. A general construction for refining models [hom-sets and function spaces!]
- 2. How to instantiate to remove all bad morphisms

# A general construction for refining models

 $\mathbf{Aim} \colon \mathsf{refine} \ \mathsf{a} \ \mathsf{category} \ \mathcal{M} \ \mathsf{so} \ \mathsf{maps} \ \mathsf{all} \ \mathsf{satisfy} \ \mathsf{certain} \ \mathsf{properties}$ 

 $\mbox{\bf Aim:}$  refine a category  ${\cal M}$  so maps all satisfy certain properties

**Example:** category Pred over Set:

objects: pairs  $(W \in Set, predicate A \subseteq W)$ 

maps: maps in  $\mathcal M$  preserving the predicates

# $\mbox{\bf Aim:}\,$ refine a category ${\cal M}$ so maps all satisfy certain properties

```
The category Pred(\mathcal{M}):
```

```
objects: pairs (W \in \mathcal{M}, \text{ 'relation' on } W)
[unary, n-ary, varying arity; families of relations,...]
```

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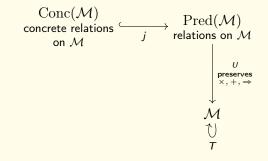
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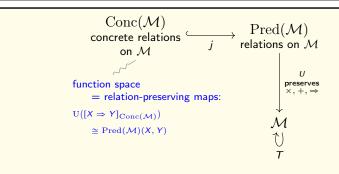
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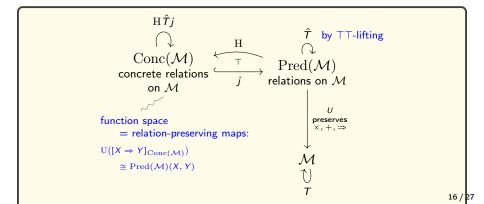
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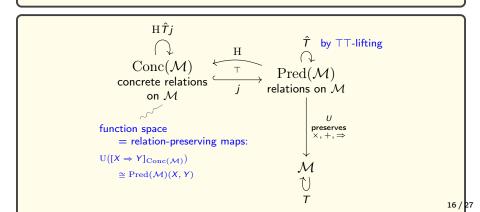
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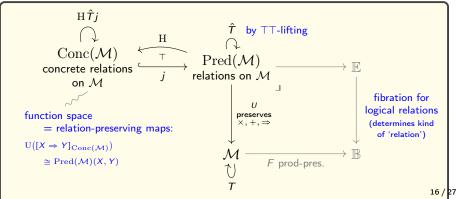
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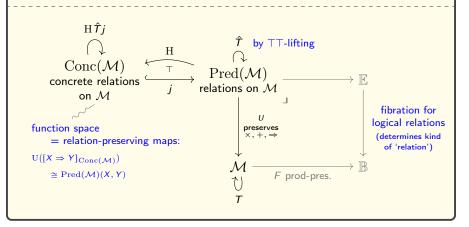
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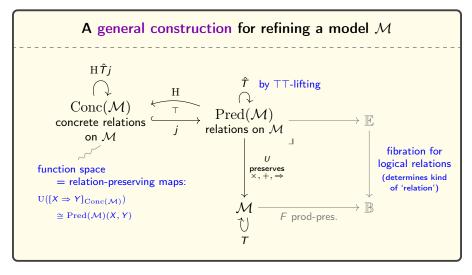
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## A general construction for refining a model ${\cal M}$





 $\longrightarrow$  OHR( $\mathcal{M}$ ) will be Conc( $\mathcal{M}$ ) for a careful choice of "relations"

#### Obstruction to full abstraction:

 $\exists$  'bad' morphisms expressing behaviour the syntax cannot [c.f. parallel-or]

#### Solution:

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#### What follows:

- $\begin{tabular}{ll} 1. A general construction for refining models \\ & [hom-sets \ \underline{and} \ function \ spaces!] \end{tabular}$
- 2. How to instantiate to remove all bad morphisms

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  [hom-sets and function spaces!]
  - ? How to instantiate to remove all bad morphisms

# Instantiating the general construction

If f is definable  $(f = [M]) \dots$ 

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**Lemma:** [c.f. Curien's "definable separability condition"] any well-pointed model in which every map  $\llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket \to T \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket$  is definable is fully abstract.  $f = g : X \to Y$ iff  $f \circ \gamma = g \circ \gamma \text{ for all } \gamma : 1 \to X$ 

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Lemma: [c.f. Curien's "definable separability condition"] any well-pointed model in which every map \llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket \to \mathcal{T} \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket is definable is fully abstract. f = g : X \to Y iff f \circ \gamma = g \circ \gamma for all \gamma : 1 \to X
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Question: which relations guarantee definability? [Plotkin, Jung & Tiuryn, Alimohamed, ...]

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f is definable ←⇒ f preserves every logical relation

type-indexed family of relations compatible with type- & term-formers
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instantiate general construction with a set  $\ensuremath{\mathbb{I}}$  and an interpretation s.t.

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1. objects of  $OHR(\mathcal{M})$  are pairs  $(W, \{R_i \mid i \in \mathbb{I}\})$  + concreteness

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instantiate general construction with a set  ${\mathbb I}$  and an interpretation s.t.

- 1. objects of OHR( $\mathcal{M}$ ) are pairs  $(W, \{R_i \mid i \in \mathbb{I}\})$  + concreteness
- 2. for any logical relation  $(L_{\sigma} \mid \sigma \in \text{Type})$  there exists  $i_0 \in \mathbb{I}$  s.t.

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \text{relation at index } i_0 \\ \text{for interpretation of } \sigma \end{array}\right) = \mathbf{L}_{\sigma}$$

for every type  $\sigma$ 

instantiate general construction with a set I and an interpretation s.t.

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Then:

$$\begin{pmatrix} f : \llbracket \Gamma \rrbracket \to \operatorname{H} \hat{T} j \llbracket \sigma \rrbracket \\ \operatorname{in} \operatorname{OHR}(\mathcal{M}) \end{pmatrix} \iff \begin{pmatrix} f \text{ preserves} \\ \operatorname{every relation } R_i \end{pmatrix}$$
$$\implies \begin{pmatrix} f \text{ preserves} \\ \operatorname{the logical relation } L \end{pmatrix}$$

instantiate general construction with a set I and an interpretation s.t.

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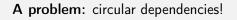
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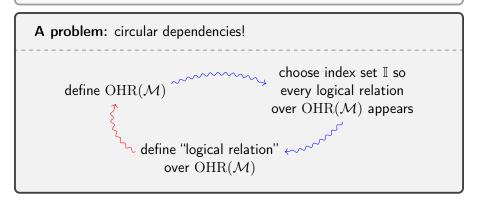
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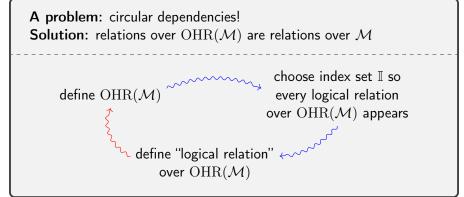
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A problem: circular dependencies! **Solution**: relations over  $OHR(\mathcal{M})$  are relations over  $\mathcal{M}$ choose family I so define  $OHR(\mathcal{M})$ every possible relation over  $\mathcal{M}$  appears identify logical relations over  $OHR(\mathcal{M})$ amongst these relations

objects:  $(W \in \mathcal{M}, \{R_i \mid i \in \mathbb{I}\})$  + concreteness | maps: maps in  $\mathcal{M}$  preserving all  $R_i$ 

# The OHR construction $\mathrm{OHR}(\mathcal{M})$

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for every logical relation ( $L_{\sigma} \mid \sigma \in \mathrm{Type}$ ) and base type  $\beta$ 

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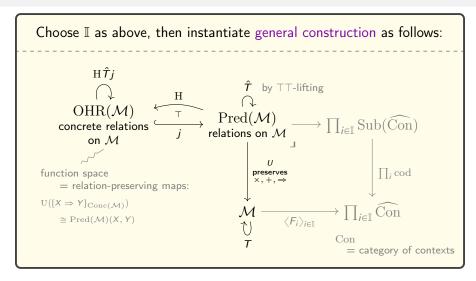
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## The OHR construction



Codomain fibration on presheaves

vvv relations are Kripke relations of varying arity

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#### Still to do

- 1. Weaken assumptions: well-pointedness, hull functor H, ...
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