



HPV AND CERVICAL CANCER SCREENING AND PREVENTION EDUCATION MODULE

(English Version)

Scroll down to begin



Today we are going to give you a test to see if you are at high risk of developing cancer of the cervix.

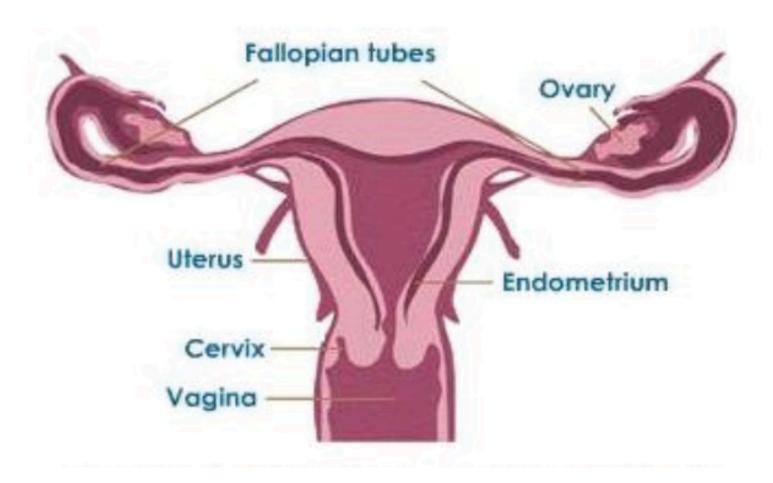
I will explain to you how we are going to do the test. Feel free to ask questions at any time during the talk, or later when you are given the test.

It is very important that all women like you, should have regular medical check-ups even when they feel all right in order to prevent disease.

What is cancer?

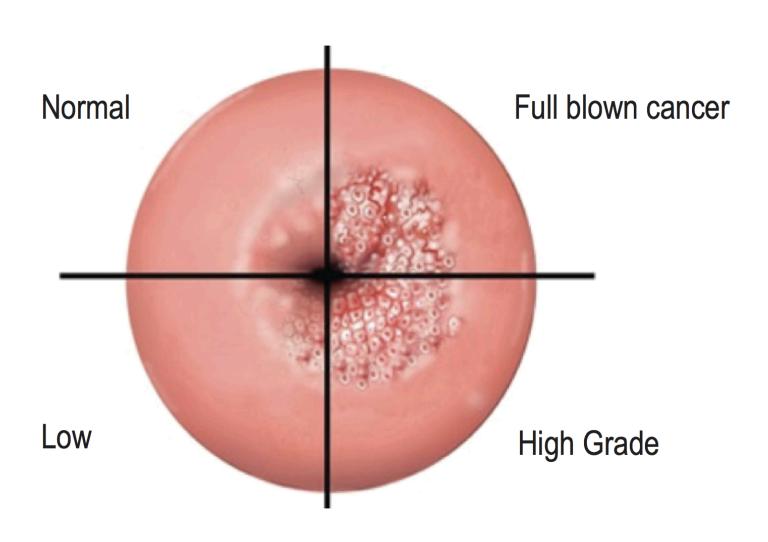
The uncontrolled growth of some cells in the body. If these spread to other parts of the body and interfere with normal body functions, then they are referred to as cancer.

What do you see in this picture?



Where is the mouth of the womb?

Cancer of the mouth of the womb is also called cervical cancer.



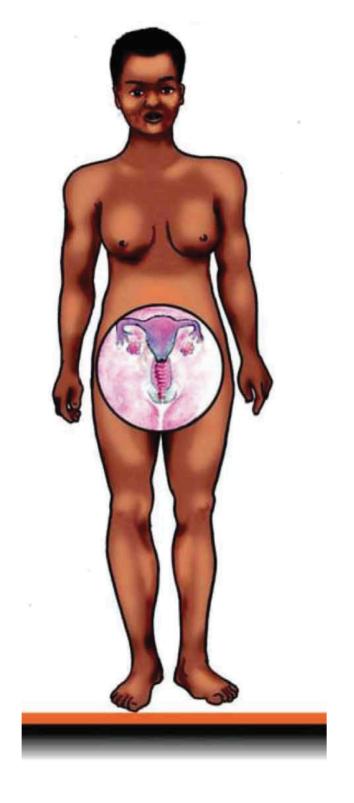
Cervical cancer is the leading cause of death from cancer among Kenyan women ages 30-60.

Cervical cancer spreads very slowly with no pain at the beginning, once you feel pain it is too late to treat easily.

We can prevent women from dying of cervical cancer!

We can remove "precancerous" changes.

These women can stay healthy after the removal of bad cells.



What is Human Papillomavirus?

Human Papillomavirus or HPV is the virus that causes cervical precancer and cancer.

HPV is the most common sexually transmitted infection in the world.

Since cervical cancer is caused by HPV, we test for HPV.

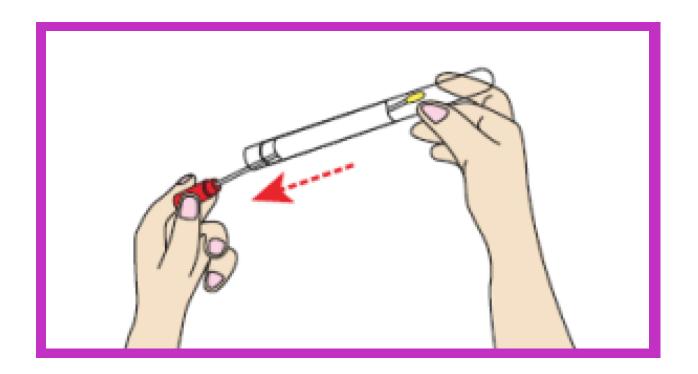
A positive screening test for HPV DOES NOT mean you have cervical cancer.

HPV testing can be done by a woman herself.

Today we will be showing you how to do this correctly.

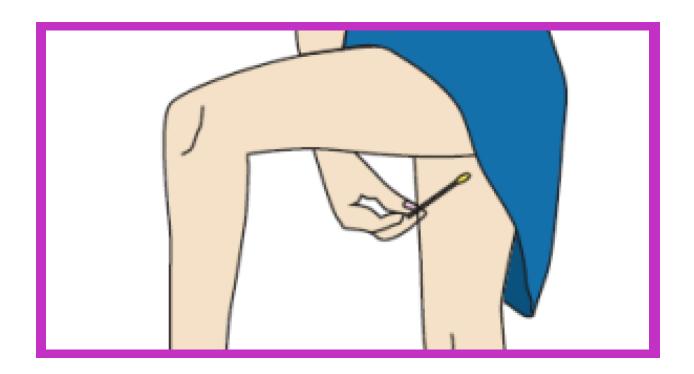
First, I will tell you how to collect the specimen.

Then you will go into the private area and perform the self-collection. The process is fast and safe if done correctly.



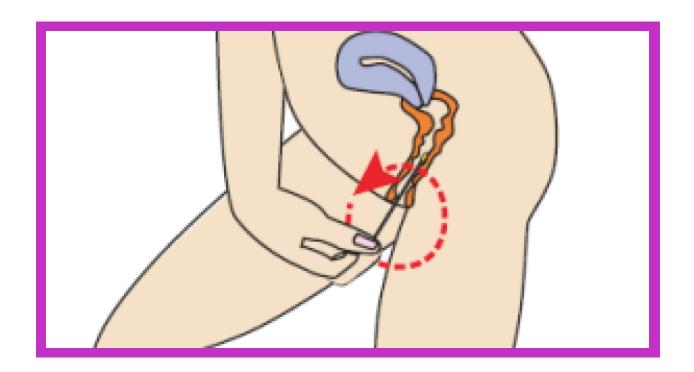
Step One

- Lower your underwear
- Twist and remove the cap on the tube. Place the tube on a level surface with the cap face up
- Open the package containing the brush. Remove the brush without touching the tip. Be sure that the tip does not touch anything



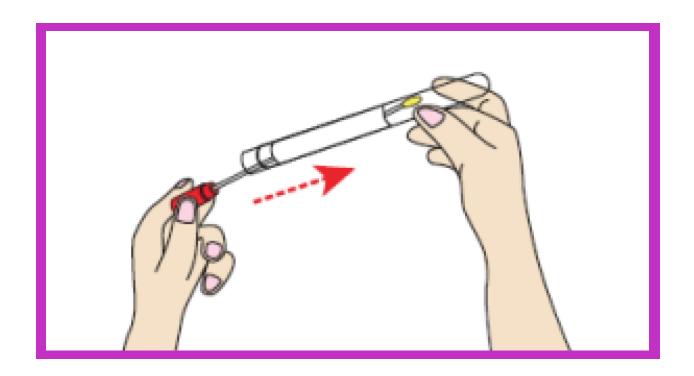
Step Two

- Get in a comfortable position.
 This could be spreading your legs, squatting or lifting one leg
- Insert the brush into your vagina, slowly by slowly, until it cannot go further



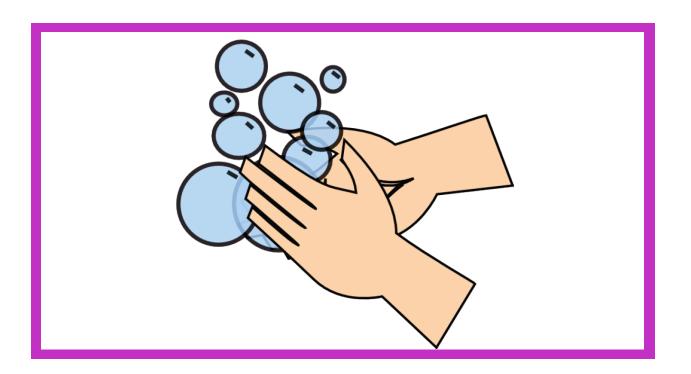
Step Three

- Rotate the brush gently 5 or more times, it should not hurt
- Then remove the brush, it should not hurt



Step Four

- Place the brush back in the tube
- Break the brush at the mark, close the lid of the tube
- Put back on your underwear



Step Five

- Dispose of the brush handle and packaging
- Return the tube to your doctor or nurse
- Wash your hands
- If you have any questions ask your doctor or nurse

Follow Up and Treatment



You will get your test results
by the notification method
you prefer:
Text Message
Phone Call
Home Visit

Negative: Get next screening in 5 years

Return to Clinic

Positive: This DOES NOT mean you have cancer. Come back in for a small procedure to remove the infected cells. It is not an operation, you will not be put to sleep.

Thank you for helping keep your body safe and healthy!