

$$a). \sum_{i=1}^k \theta(1)$$

$$= k \theta(1)$$

$$= \theta(k) \quad \text{Number of times looping}$$

to find  $k$ :

~~$$2^{2^k} = n$$~~

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$$k = \log(\log n)$$

$$= \theta(\log(\log n))$$

$$b.) \sum_{i=1}^n \theta(1) + O\left(\sum_{k=0}^i \theta(1)\right)$$

$$= \theta(n) + \sum_i \sum_{k=0}^{i^3} \theta(1)$$

$$= \theta(n) + \sum_i \theta(i^3)$$

$$i = \sqrt{n}, 2\sqrt{n}, \dots, \sqrt{n}\sqrt{n}$$

$$= \theta(n) + \theta(\sqrt{n}^3 + (2\sqrt{n})^3 + \dots + (\sqrt{n}\sqrt{n})^3)$$

$$= \theta(n^{\frac{3}{2}})$$

$$c. \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{k=1}^n \theta(i) + O\left(\sum_m \theta(i)\right)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{k=1}^n \theta(i) + O(\theta(\log n))$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n \theta(n) + \sum_k \theta(\log n)$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n \theta(n) + \theta(\log n) \times 1$$

$$= \theta(n^2) + \theta(n \log n)$$

$$\approx \theta(n^2)$$

$$d.) \sum_{i=0}^n \theta(1) + O(\theta(n))$$

$$= \theta(n) + \sum_{i=1}^n \theta(1)$$

$$i = 10, \frac{3}{2} \cdot 10, \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 \cdot 10, \dots, \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^x \cdot 10$$

find  $x$ :

$$\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^x \cdot 10 = n$$

$$\frac{n}{10} = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^x$$

$$\log\left(\frac{n}{10}\right) = x \log\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)$$

$$x = \frac{\log\left(\frac{n}{10}\right)}{\log\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{3}{2} \log\left(\frac{n}{10}\right)$$

$$= \theta(n) + \theta\left(10 + \frac{3}{2} \cdot 10 + \dots + \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^x \cdot 10\right)$$

$$= \theta(n) + \theta\left(10 \left(\frac{3}{2}^x - 1\right)\right)$$

$$= \theta(n) + \theta\left(20 \left(\frac{n}{10} - 1\right)\right)$$

$$= \theta(n) + \theta(n)$$

$$= \theta(n)$$