Philly Tech Sistas Intermediate HTML & CSS Class 3

Responsive Design

An introduction

Web page, text and images adjust depending on screen size of browser (desktop, tablet, phone)

CSS Media Queries: Responsive Images

We can use **CSS media queries** to display different images (or adjust the width) depending on the window size:

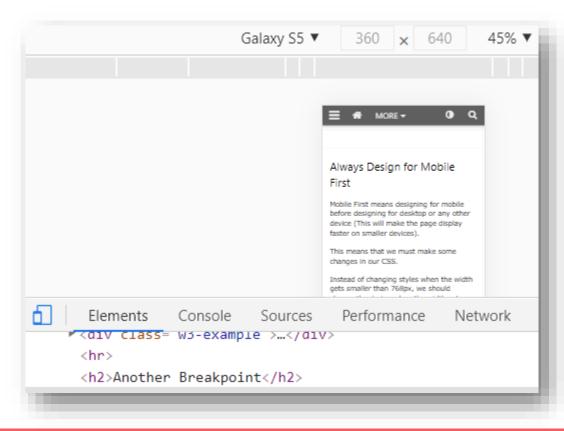
- If Window greater than 400px display the large logo
- If Window less than 400px display small logo

```
img {
    content:'large_logo.jpg';
    width: 100%;
}

@media only screen and (min-width: 400px) {
    img {
        content:'small_logo.jpg'; //or width: 50%;
        //width: 50%;
}
```

Testing Media Queries in the Browser

- Click inspect element
- Click the double monitor icon





Exercise: Responsive Media Queries

Create media queries using different images.

Based on the size of the window, you will see a different image.

Create a new page.

Add This is how much I love mobile design to the HTML

Add the below to the CSS

Try in different browser sizes

```
p.heart {
    content:'https://image.freepik.com/free-vector/heart_53876-25531.jpg';
    width: 70%;
}

@media only screen and (min-width: 400px) {
    p.heart {
        content:'https://image.freepik.com/free-vector/illustration-medical-icon_53876-6166.jpg';
        width: 25%;
    }
}
```

Flexbox

Flex containers are helpful tools for creating websites that respond to changes in screen sizes. In this section we'll cover:

1. Flexible Box Layout

CSS: The Box Model

All websites based on a 'box' design

- https://www.w3schools.com/css/css_boxmodel.asp
- https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/CSS Box Model/Introduction to the CSS box model

BOXY EMAIL TEMPLATE

Hybrid Coding

Mailchimp Ready

MyMail/Mailster Ready

Stampready Builder Ready

Campaign Monitor Ready

Creative & Responsive

Major Email Clients Support



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Flexbox

Flexbox is a web layout model that allows responsive elements within a container to be automatically arranged bases on different size screens or devices.

Flexbox requires a div (with a class or id) around the desired flex elements.

```
.container {
    display: flex;
    flex-direction: row;
    background-color: #ff5050;
}
.flex-container > img {
    margin: 10px;
    max-width: 110px;
    max-height: 110px;
}
```

Flexbox

```
flex-direction: row;
flex-direction: row-reverse;
   .container {
     display: flex;
     flex-direction: row;
```

 $Flexbox \qquad \text{Use the justify-content property to align the flex items as desired} \\$

```
.flex-container {
 display: flex;
 justify-content: center;
 background-color: #ff5050;
             justify-content: center;
             justify-content: space-around;
             justify-content: space-between;
```

More Flexbox

- Display: inline-flex (displays images on same line, especially for smaller windows)
- Flex-Grow, Flex-Shrink Allows items to grow & shrink
- Flex-Wrap, Indicates if items in a flex container should wrap or not



Exercise: Flexbox - Women in Tech (WIT)

Let's use flexbox and media queries to make a *Women in Tech* site responsive. Do with instructor.

Preparation:

- Create a new project, womenintech.
- Upload an image from https://www.flickr.com/photos/wocintechchat/
- Create a blog post about your experience as a woman in tech

Step 1: Add a div with class="wit-pic" around your main image.

Add the below FLEX styles focused on the *about-wit* id to your CSS tab & then test!

Your image should grow and shrink in size as you increase the window size.

And, your images should appear on one line!

```
img {
width: 75%;
}
#about-wit {
    display: inline-flex;
}

#about-wit img {
flex-grow: 2;
flex-shrink: 1;
}
```

Exercise: Flexbox - WIT section

At the bottom of the CSS, add the following media query & re-test your site!

```
@media screen and (max-width:500px) {
    #about-wit {
      display: flex;
      flex-direction: column;
      flex-wrap: wrap;
    #about-wit p {
      width: 100%;
      margin-bottom: 5%;
    #about-wit img {
      width: 50%;
```


 break />!



CSS Frameworks

Bootstrap

CSS Frameworks are software frameworks that outsource much of the design effort and web standard enforcement.

Using CSS frameworks you can make complex websites quickly and easily.

CSS Frameworks

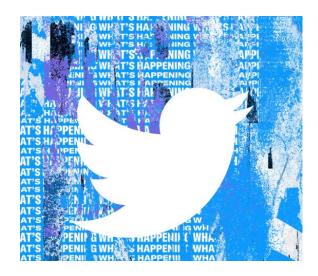
A few notable CSS frameworks are:

- <u>Bootstrap</u>
- <u>Grumby</u>
- Foundation
- <u>Materialize</u>
- Pure

The best known, and most used of the bunch, is Bootstrap. So let's take a look at that!

What is Bootstrap?

- Developed by Twitter
- Pre-packaged code that creates stylized site
- Built-In Responsive Design
- Built-In Styles you can use!

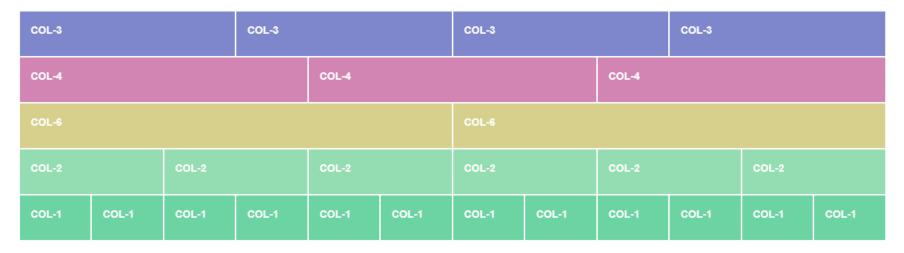


Examples

- Site with Bootstrap: https://bootstrapmade.com/#featured-templates
- Site without Bootstrap: https://www.free-css.com/free-css-templates/page1/modular-business

Bootstrap Grid

Similar to Flex Box, based on mentality that a website is split up into boxes The idea you can have up to 12 boxes on a screen



https://medium.com/gridbox/bootstrap-4-vs-foundation-6-grid-system-5874e0e87a95

How to include Bootstrap

Bootstrap is like a huge premade style sheet.

To include Bootstrap in a project, add a link to it **inside the head element.**

Using Bootstrap Styles

Accessing bootstrap styles is supposed to be easy,
Just add a bootstrap style to your class
(WITHOUT CREATING THE CORRESPONDING CSS!)

Text Formatting:

FieldType-Fieldformat text-lowercase text-uppercase

Column Formatting:col-colwidthcol-8

Responsive Column Formatting:
 Col-targetScreenSize-ColumnWidth
 col-md-4
 col-sm-3

Example of Bootstrap Styles: P Tags

this paragraph has class: text-lowercase

THIS PARAGRAPH HAS CLASS: TEXT-UPPERCASE

This Paragraph Has Class: Text-Capitalize

This paragraph has class: text-muted

This paragraph has class: text-success

This paragraph has class: text-danger

This paragraph has class: small

```
This paragraph has class: text-lowercase
This paragraph has class: text-uppercase
This paragraph has class: text-capitalize
This paragraph has class: text-muted
This paragraph has class: text-success
This paragraph has class: text-danger
This paragraph has class: text-danger
This paragraph has class: small
```

Example of using Bootstrap Styles: Images





```
<img src="https://git.io/pts_img_2_md.jpg" class="img-rounded" />
<img src="https://git.io/pts_img_2_md.jpg" class="img-circle" />
```



Group Code Along: Bootstrap nav

Create a new project, bootstrap.

Add the script tags in bold to the head tag of your HTML page.

```
<head>
    <link rel="stylesheet"</pre>
    href="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/3.4.0/css/bootstrap.mi
    n.css">
    <script
    src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/3.3.1/jquery.min.js"
    ></script>
    <script
    src="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/3.4.0/js/bootstrap.min.
    js"></script>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="css/style.css" type="text/css">
</head>
```



Code Along (in groups): Bootstrap nav

In the body tag, paste the below Navbar section

```
<nav class="navbar navbar-default">
  <div class="container-fluid">
    <div class="navbar-header">
      <button type="button" class="navbar-toggle" data-toggle="collapse" data-</pre>
target="#myNavbar">
        <span class="icon-bar"></span>
        <span class="icon-bar"></span>
        <span class="icon-bar"></span>
      </button>
    </div>
    <div class="collapse navbar-collapse" id="myNavbar">
           <!-- ... this is a comment: see next page for what should go here -->
    </div>
  </div>
</nav>
```



Replace the comment in the previous code with...

```
<a href="#about-me">About Me</a>
 <a href="#projects">Projects</a>
 <a href="#skills">Skills</a>
 <a class="dropdown-toggle" data-toggle="dropdown" href="#">Blog
    <span class="caret"></span>
  </a>
  <a href="#">Post 3</a>
   <a href="#">Post 2</a>
   <a href="#">Post 1</a>
```

Paste the nav related CSS below to style.css

```
nav.navbar {
    margin-bottom: 50px;
nav ul li a {
    color: #0F2417;
    display: block;
    font-family: 'Source Sans Pro', sans-serif;
    font-size: 16px;
    font-weight: bold;
    padding: 14px 16px;
    text-align: center;
    text-decoration: none;
    text-transform: uppercase;
```

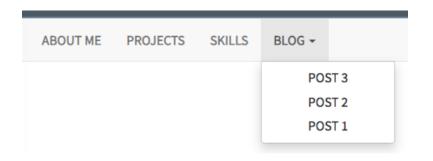
Paste below header and caption styles inside CSS.

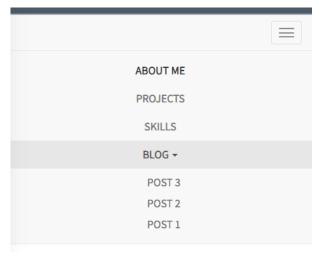
```
header {
    color: #fff;
    background: #4e5a65;
    border-bottom: 2px solid #708090;
    padding: 20px;
    text-align: center;
}
```

```
caption {
    font-family: 'Fredoka One',
cursive;
    font-size: 16px;
    margin-top: 20px;
    margin-bottom: 5px;
    text-align: left;
    color: #333;
}
```



Behold your responsive nav





More About Stylesheets

Now that we've added Bootstrap, have some of your custom styles disappeared?

If two CSS rules are applied to the same element, the one with higher specificity wins. Bootstrap's CSS selector might have taken precedence over your CSS.

If you think bootstrap is overwhelming your HTML, then give the element a class or id and then

style that.

Specificity Hierarchy

| Category | Example | Specificity |
|--|--|---------------|
| !important | color: blue !important; | n/a (Highest) |
| Inline styles | style="color: blue;" | 1000 |
| IDs | #whatever | 100 |
| Classes, attributes, pseudo-classes | .class, [attribute], :active, :focus, etc | 10 |
| Elements, pseudo- elements | pre, :before, :after, :first-line, etc | 1 |

Can I Do This?

YES! You Can!!! You don't have to be a programmer to do Tech!

- Indeed's Fastest Tech Jobs:
- Technical Director
- Architect
- Consultant
- Tech Support
- Helpdesk
- Developer

https://www.indeed.com/career-advice/finding-a-job/rising-tech-jobs-and-skills

Homework



Exercise: Responsive Media Queries

- We can use **CSS media queries** to hide elements depending on the window size.
- Create a new project. Add 3 images to the HTML. Add the CSS below to the CSS tab.

Then try adjusting the width of the page to very small and very wide, watch the image

shrink or disappear.

```
@media screen and (max-width: 300px) {
  img {
    display: none;
@media screen and (max-width: 600px) {
  imq {
    width: 25%;
@media screen and (max-width: 800px) {
  img {
    width: 50%;
```



Exercise: Flexbox - Profile

Next, let's use flexbox and media queries to make your *Profile* responsive.

Go to your profile project.

Add "flex-container" to the outermost div or main tag.

If you don't have one div or Main tag surrounding the content inside the body tag, then add one.

Exercise: Flexbox - Profile

Add the below CSS to your styles page (after what you already have) & then test!

```
.flex-container {
    display: flex;
}
```

```
@media screen and (max-width:768px) {
    .flex-container {
        display: flex;
        flex-direction: column;
    article, section {
        width: 70%;
        margin-right: 15%;
        margin-left: 15%;
     img {
        width: 100%;
```



Web Accessibility

Websites should be usable by everyone. We need to make conscious effort to remove barriers to interaction and access.

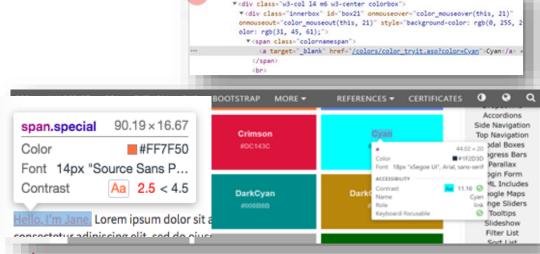
Specifically, we need to be mindful of our visitors':

- Vision
- Hearing
- Motor skills
- Cognitive abilities
- Medical conditions (such as epilepsy)
- https://www.webdevelopmentgroup.com/2017/09/508-compliance-making-websites-accessible-for-people-with-disabilities/
- https://www.section508.gov/manage/laws-and-policies



Exercise: Web Accessibility Test color contrast in Browser

- 1. Go to https://www.w3schools.com/cssref/css colors.asp
- 2. Click the select icon (the arrow)
- 3. Hover over the different boxes
- 4. You will see if they're accessible and have contrast



Get inspired by <u>high contrast color schemes</u>.

Walk through Flexbox Froggy Exercises: https://flexboxfroggy.com/

Update your profile page with the drop down menu we created in class

Review A Complete Guide to Flexbox: https://css-tricks.com/snippets/css/a-guide-to-flexbox/

CSS Transitions: https://css-tricks.com/almanac/properties/t/transition/

- CSS Transitions are used to allow elements to change value over a specific duration to animate the property changes instead of having them change immediately.
- To see the transition property at work:
 https://codepen.io/impressivewebs/pen/zqpEg

CSS Animations: https://css-tricks.com/almanac/properties/a/animation/

- Here's some inspiration for what you can do with CSS animations:
 - https://codepen.io/jcoulterdesign/pen/BrdPaw
 - https://codepen.io/astrixsz/pen/RRxyKz
 - https://codepen.io/miocene/pen/jLzmJq

- CSS Variables: https://developer.mozilla.org/en-us/docs/Web/CSS/Using CSS custom properties
- See how variables can be used: https://codepen.io/danwilson/pen/oBrOGW

A Complete Guide to Flexbox: https://css-tricks.com/snippets/css/a-guide-to-flexbox/

Offers clear visuals and instructions for each flexbox property

Flexbox Froggy: https://flexboxfroggy.com/

A fun game that helps you learn flexbox

CSS Grid: https://css-tricks.com/snippets/css/complete-guide-grid/

CSS Grid is a responsive layout system based on rows and columns.

Free Resources to Continue Learning

Codecademy: https://www.codecademy.com/

- Offers a variety of courses for front end, back end, and more
- Has a free version, pro subscription, and paid 8-10 week specialized courses

Freecodecamp: https://www.freecodecamp.org/

- Offers curriculums for a variety of paths with certificates upon completion
- Completely free