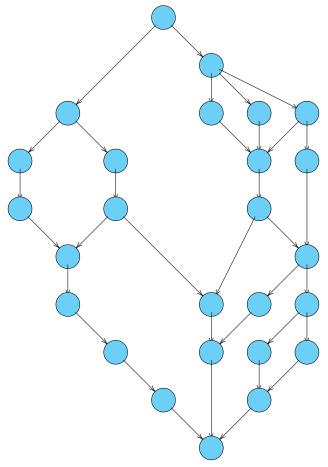
Consider the following dag representing a multithreaded computation, where each circle denotes a serially executing strand that takes unit time to execute:



Please provide a numerical answer to the following questions.

- What is the work of this computation?
- What is the span of this computation?
- What is the parallelism of this computation?

Five students have implemented recursive Fibonacci programs, where the base case of each program returns 1 if the program input is n=0 or n=1. For n>1, the various students calculate Fibonacci using the code snippets for the recursive cases shown below:

```
a: x = fib(n - 1);
y = fib(n - 2);

b: x = cilk_spawn fib(n - 1);
y = cilk_spawn fib(n - 2);
cilk_sync;

c: x = fib(n - 1);
y = cilk_spawn fib(n - 2);
cilk_sync;

d: y = cilk_spawn fib(n - 2);
x = fib(n - 1);
cilk_sync;
e: x = cilk_spawn fib(n - 1);
y = fib(n - 2);
cilk_sync;
```

Assume that the overhead of spawning a function is about 10 times the cost of an ordinary function call. Rank these codes in order of the performance you would expect for large n. (e.g., fastest > second fastest  $> \cdots >$  slowest):