

Bellwork 9/6

Find the slope of the tangent line to $f(x) = x^2$ at $(-2, 4)$ by approximating with secant lines.

$$P = (-2, 4), \quad Q = (x, x^2)$$

$$m_{PQ} = \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - (-2)}$$

x	0	-1	-1.5	-1.9	-1.99
m_{PQ}					

reset

Bellwork 9/6 - Solutions

$$P = (-2, 4), Q = (x, x^2)$$

$$m_{PQ} = \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - (-2)}$$

x	0	-1	-1.5	-1.9	-1.99
m_{PQ}	-2	-3	-3.5	-3.9	-3.99

\Rightarrow The slope of the tangent line to f at $(-2, 4)$ is $\boxed{-4}$.

Exercise 1

If a rock is thrown upward on the planet Mars with a velocity of $10 \frac{m}{s}$, its height in meters t seconds later is given by $y = 10t - 1.86t^2$.

① Find the average velocity over the given time intervals:

① $[1, 1.1]$

② $[1, 1.01]$

③ $[1, 1.001]$

② Estimate the instantaneous velocity when $t = 1$.

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Exercise 1 - Solutions

① ① $6.094 \frac{m}{s}$

② $6.2614 \frac{m}{s}$

③ $6.27814 \frac{m}{s}$

② $6.28 \frac{m}{s}$

Exercise 2

The table below shows the position of a motorcyclist after accelerating from rest.

t (seconds)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
s (feet)	0	4.9	20.6	46.5	79.2	124.8	176.7

1 Find the average velocity for each time period:

1 $[2, 4]$

2 $[3, 4]$

3 $[4, 5]$

4 $[4, 6]$

2 Use the graph of s as a function of t to estimate the instantaneous velocity when $t = 3$.

reset

Exercise 2 - Solutions

① ① $29.3 \frac{ft}{s}$

② $32.7 \frac{ft}{s}$

③ $45.6 \frac{ft}{s}$

④ $48.75 \frac{ft}{s}$

② $29.68 \frac{ft}{s}$