Bellwork 10/24

Find the equation of a line tangent to $f(x) = e^{\sin(x)}$ at $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$.



Bellwork 10/24 - Solution

$$f'(x) = \cos(x)e^{\sin(x)}$$

Point-Slope Form:
$$y - f(0) = f'(0)(x - 0)$$

$$\implies y = 0 + f(0)$$

$$\implies y = e$$

Exercise 1

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ of the implicitly defined curve:

$$e^y + y = x^2$$

Exercise 1 - Solution

$$e^{y} \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right) + \frac{dy}{dx} = 2x$$
$$\left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right) (e^{y} + 1) = 2x$$
$$\left[\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2x}{e^{y} + 1} \right]$$

Exercise 2

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ of the implicitly defined curve:

$$xy^2 = \tan(x)$$

Exercise 2 - Solution

$$2yx\left(\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x}\right) + y^2 = \sec^2(x)$$
$$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} = \frac{\sec^2(x) - y^2}{2yx}$$

Exercise 3

Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ of the implicitly defined curve:

$$xe^y = 2^{\cos(x)}$$

Exercise 3 - Solution

$$xe^y\left(\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x}\right) + e^y = -\ln(2)2^{\cos(x)}\sin(x)$$

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}y}{\mathrm{d}x} = \frac{-\ln(2)2^{\cos(x)}\sin(x) - \mathrm{e}^y}{x\mathrm{e}^y}$$