# Bellwork 9/13

Evaluate

$$\lim_{x\to 5} \left(\frac{x^2+x-30}{5-x}\right)$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{4-x} & \text{if } x < 0 \\ x+2 & \text{if } x \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

## Bellwork 9/13 - Solutions

$$\lim_{x \to 5} \left( \frac{x^2 + x - 30}{5 - x} \right) = \boxed{-11}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{4-x} & \text{if } x < 0 \\ x+2 & \text{if } x \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\lim_{x \to 0^{-}} f(x) = 2 \quad \lim_{x \to 0^{+}} f(x) = 2$$

$$\implies \lim_{x \to 0} f(x) = \boxed{2}$$

#### Exercise 1

$$f(2) = 3$$
  $\lim_{x \to 2} f(x) = 4$   $\lim_{x \to 2} g(x) = -6$   $\lim_{x \to 2} h(x) = 2$ 

What is 
$$\lim_{x\to 2} [h(x)(5f(x)+g(x))]$$
?



#### Exercise 1 - Solution

Since all the limits are defined and nonzero, we can directly rewrite the expression and substitute:

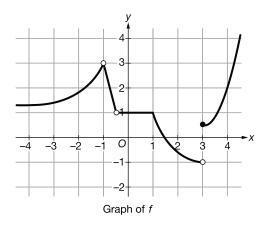
$$\lim_{x \to 2} [h(x)(5f(x) + g(x))]$$

$$= \lim_{x \to 2} h(x) \cdot \left[ 5 \lim_{x \to 2} f(x) + \lim_{x \to 2} g(x) \right]$$

$$= 2(5 \cdot 4 - 6)$$

$$= \boxed{28}$$

## Exercise 2



What is  $\lim_{x\to -1} f[f(x)]$ ?

## Exercise 2 - Solution

$$\lim_{x \to -1} f(x) = 3$$

$$\implies \lim_{x \to -1} f[f(x)]$$

$$=$$