1 POLYOMINOES DATA FOR DANCING 1

November 24, 2020 at 13:24

1. Data for dancing. This program creates data suitable for the DANCE routine, given the description of a board to be covered and a set of polyomino shapes.

The first line of input names all the board positions, in any order. Each position is a two-digit number representing x and y coordinates; each "digit" is a single character, 0-9 or a-z representing the numbers 0-35. For example,

```
11 12 13 21 22 23 31 32 33
```

is one way to describe a 3×3 board.

The second line of input names all the pieces. Each piece name consists of at most three characters; the name should also be distinguishable from a board position. (The program does not check this.)

The remaining lines of input describe the polyominoes. First comes the name, followed by two integers s and t, meaning that the shape should appear in s rotations and t transpositions. Then come two-digit coordinates for each cell of the shape. For example, the line

```
P 4 2 00 10 01 11 02
```

describes a pentomino that can appear in 8 orientations; it is equivalent to eight lines

```
P 1 1 00 10 01 11 02
P 1 1 00 10 01 11 21
P 1 1 10 01 11 02 12
P 1 1 00 10 20 11 21
P 1 1 00 01 10 11 20
P 1 1 00 01 02 11 12
P 1 1 01 10 11 20 21
P 1 1 00 01 10 11 12
```

obtained by rotating the original shape, then transposing and rotating again. The values of s and t depend on the symmetry of the piece; six cases (1,1), (1,2), (2,1), (2,2), (4,1), and (4,2) can arise, for pieces with full symmetry, swastika symmetry, double-reflection symmetry, 180° symmetry, reflection symmetry, and no symmetry. If s had been 2 instead of 4, only the first, second, fifth, and sixth of these eight orientations would have been generated.

After optional rotation and/or translation, each piece is translated in all possible ways that fit on the given board, by adding constant values (x, y) to all of its coordinate pairs. For example, if the piece P 1 1 00 10 01 11 02 is specified with the 3×3 board considered above, it will lead to two possible rows in the exact cover problem, namely P 11 21 12 22 13 and P 21 31 22 32 23.

```
#define max_pieces 100
                                   /* at most this many shapes */
#define buf_size 36 * 36 * 3 + 8 /* upper bound on line length */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
  (Global variables 4)
  \langle \text{Subroutines } 3 \rangle;
  main()
  {
     register char *p, *q:
     register int j, k, n, x, y, z;
     \langle \text{Read and output the board } 2 \rangle:
     \langle \text{ Read and output the piece names 5} \rangle;
     \langle \text{ Read and output the pieces 6} \rangle;
  }
```

2 DATA FOR DANCING POLYOMINOES §2

```
#define panic(m)
          { fprintf(stderr, "%s!\n%s", m, buf); exit(-1); }
\langle \text{ Read and output the board } 2 \rangle \equiv
  fgets(buf, buf_size, stdin);
  if (buf[strlen(buf) - 1] \neq `\n') panic("Input_line_too_long");
  bxmin = bymin = 35; bxmax = bymax = 0;
  for (p = buf; *p; p += 3) {
     while (isspace(*p)) p \leftrightarrow ;
     if (\neg *p) break;
     x = decode(*p);
    if (x < 0) panic("Bad_\x_\coordinate");
     y = decode(*(p+1));
     if (y < 0) panic("Bad_{\sqcup}y_{\sqcup}coordinate");
     if (\neg isspace(*(p+2))) panic("Bad\_board\_position");
    if (board[x][y]) panic("Duplicate_board_position");
    if (x < bxmin) bxmin = x;
    if (x > bxmax) bxmax = x;
    if (y < bymin) bymin = y;
    if (y > bymax) bymax = y;
     board[x][y] = 1;
  if (bxmin > bxmax) panic("Empty_board");
  fwrite(buf, 1, strlen(buf) - 1, stdout); /* output all but the newline */
This code is used in section 1.
     \langle \text{Subroutines } 3 \rangle \equiv
  int decode(c)
       char c;
     if (c \le 9)
       if (c \geq 0) return c - 0;
     } else if (c \geq 'a') {
       if (c \leq z') return c + 10 - a';
     return -1;
See also section 12.
This code is used in section 1.
     \langle \text{Global variables 4} \rangle \equiv
  char buf [buf_size];
  int board [36][36];
                          /* cells present */
  int bxmin, bxmax, bymin, bymax; /* used portion of the board */
See also section 7.
This code is used in section 1.
5. \langle \text{Read and output the piece names 5} \rangle \equiv
  if (\neg fgets(buf, buf\_size, stdin)) panic("No\_piece\_names");
  printf("$\_\%s", buf);
                          /* just pass the piece names through */
This code is used in section 1.
```

```
\langle \text{Read and output the pieces } 6 \rangle \equiv
  while (fgets(buf, buf_size, stdin)) {
     if (buf[strlen(buf) - 1] \neq '\n') panic("Input_line_too_long");
     for (p = buf; isspace(*p); p++);
     if (\neg *p) panic("Empty_line");
     for (q = p + 1; \neg isspace(*q); q \leftrightarrow);
     if (q > p + 3) panic("Piece_name_too_long");
     for (q = name; \neg isspace(*p); p++, q++) *q = *p;
     *q = '\0';
     for (p++; isspace(*p); p++);
     s = *p - '0';
     if ((s \neq 1 \land s \neq 2 \land s \neq 4) \lor \neg isspace(*(p+1))) panic("Bad_\suvalue");
     for (p += 2; isspace(*p); p++);
     t = *p - '0';
     if ((t \neq 1 \land t \neq 2) \lor \neg isspace(*(p+1))) panic("Bad_\t_value");
     n=0;
     xmin = ymin = 35; xmax = ymax = 0;
     for (p += 2; *p; p += 3, n++) {
       while (isspace(*p)) p \leftrightarrow ;
       if (\neg *p) break;
       x = decode(*p);
       if (x < 0) panic("Bad_{\sqcup}x_{\sqcup}coordinate");
       y = decode(*(p+1));
       if (y < 0) panic("Bad_y_coordinate");
       if (\neg isspace(*(p+2))) panic("Bad_{\sqcup}board_{\sqcup}position");
       \textbf{if } (n \equiv 36*36) \ \textit{panic} (\texttt{"Pigeonhole} \bot \texttt{principle} \bot \texttt{says} \bot \texttt{you} \bot \texttt{repeated} \bot \texttt{a} \bot \texttt{position"});\\
       xx[n] = x, yy[n] = y;
       if (x < xmin) \ xmin = x;
       if (x > xmax) xmax = x;
       if (y < ymin) ymin = y;
       if (y > ymax) ymax = y;
     if (n \equiv 0) panic("Empty_piece");
     ⟨ Generate the possible piece placements 8⟩;
This code is used in section 1.
7. \langle \text{Global variables 4} \rangle + \equiv
  char name [4]; /* name of current piece */
              /* symmetry type of current piece */
  int xx[36*36], yy[36*36]; /* coordinates of current piece */
  int xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax; /* range of coordinates */
```

4 DATA FOR DANCING POLYOMINOES §8

```
\langle Generate the possible piece placements 8\rangle \equiv
  while (t) {
    for (k = 1; k \le 4; k ++) {
      if (k \leq s) (Output translates of the current piece 11);
      ⟨Rotate the current piece 10⟩;
    ⟨Transpose the current piece 9⟩;
    t--:
This code is used in section 6.
    \langle \text{Transpose the current piece } 9 \rangle \equiv
  for (j = 0; j < n; j ++) {
    z = xx[j];
    xx[j] = yy[j];
    yy[j] = z;
  z = xmin; xmin = ymin; ymin = z;
  z = xmax; xmax = ymax; ymax = z;
This code is used in section 8.
10. \langle \text{Rotate the current piece } 10 \rangle \equiv
  for (j = 0; j < n; j ++) {
    z = xx[j];
    xx[j] = 35 - yy[j];
    yy[j] = z;
  z = xmin; xmin = 35 - ymax; ymax = xmax; xmax = 35 - ymin; ymin = z;
This code is used in section 8.
11. (Output translates of the current piece 11) \equiv
  for (x = bxmin - xmin; x \le bxmax - xmax; x++)
    for (y = bymin - ymin; y \le bymax - ymax; y++) {
      for (j = 0; j < n; j ++)
         if (\neg board[x + xx[j]][y + yy[j]]) goto nope;
      printf(name);
      printf("\n");
    nope:;
This code is used in section 8.
     \langle \text{Subroutines } 3 \rangle + \equiv
  char encode(x)
      int x;
    if (x < 10) return '0' + x;
    return 'a' -10 + x;
```

§13 POLYOMINOES INDEX 5

13. Index.

```
board: 2, \underline{4}, 11.
buf: 2, \underline{4}, 5, 6.
buf\_size: 1, 2, 4, 5, 6.
bxmax: 2, 4, 11.

bxmin: 2, 4, 11.
by max: 2, \underline{4}, 11.
bymin: 2, \underline{4}, 11.
c: \underline{3}.
decode: 2, \underline{3}, 6.
encode: 11, \underline{12}.
exit: 2.
fgets: 2, 5, 6.
fprintf: 2.
fwrite: 2.
isspace: 2, 6.
j: \underline{1}.
k: \underline{1}.
main: \underline{1}.
max\_pieces: \underline{1}.
n: \underline{1}.
name: 6, \underline{7}, 11.
nope: \underline{11}.
p: <u>1</u>.
panic: \underline{2}, 5, 6.
printf: 5, 11.
q: \underline{1}.
s: \overline{\underline{7}}.
stderr: 2.
stdin: 2, 5, 6.
stdout: 2.
strlen: 2, 6.
t: \underline{7}.
x: \quad \underline{1}, \quad \underline{12}.
xmax: 6, 7, 9, 10, 11.
xmin: 6, 7, 9, 10, 11.
xx: 6, <u>7</u>, 9, 10, 11.
y: <u>1</u>.
ymax: 6, 7, 9, 10, 11.
ymin: 6, <u>7</u>, 9, 10, 11.
yy: 6, <u>7</u>, 9, 10, 11.
z: \underline{1}.
```

6 NAMES OF THE SECTIONS

POLYOMINOES

POLYOMINOES

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