

November 24, 2020 at 13:24

1. Data for dancing. This program creates data suitable for the DANCE routine, given the description of a board to be covered and a set of polyiamond shapes.

The first line of input names all the board positions, in any order. Each position is a two-digit number representing x and y coordinates, or a two-digit number followed by an asterisk; each “digit” is a single character, 0–9 or a–z representing the numbers 0–35. The asterisk denotes a triangle with point down. For example,

00 00* 01 10

is one way to describe a triangular board, two units on a side.

The second line of input names all the pieces. Each piece name consists of at most three characters; the name should also be distinguishable from a board position. (The program does not check this.)

The remaining lines of input describe the polyiamonds. First comes the name, followed by two integers s and t , meaning that the shape should appear in s rotations and t transpositions. Then come two-digit coordinates for each cell of the shape. For example, the line

G 6 2 00* 01 01* 10 10* 20

describes a hexiamond that can appear in 12 orientations. (See the analogous program for polyominoes.)

```
#define max_pieces 100    /* at most this many shapes */
#define buf_size 36*36*3+8 /* upper bound on line length */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
  (Global variables 4)
  (Subroutines 3);
main()
{
  register char *p, *q;
  register int j, k, n, x, y, z;
  (Read and output the board 2);
  (Read and output the piece names 5);
  (Read and output the pieces 6);
}
```

```

2.  #define panic(m)
    { fprintf(stderr, "%s!\n%s", m, buf); exit(-1); }

⟨Read and output the board 2⟩ ≡
    fgets(buf, buf_size, stdin);
    if (buf[strlen(buf) - 1] ≠ '\n') panic("Input_line_too_long");
    bxmin = bymin = 35; bxmax = bymax = 0;
    for (p = buf; *p; p += 3) {
        while (isspace(*p)) p++;
        if (¬*p) break;
        x = decode(*p);
        if (x < 0) panic("Bad_x_coordinate");
        y = decode*(p + 1);
        if (y < 0) panic("Bad_y_coordinate");
        if (*(p + 2) ≡ '*') p++, z = 1; else z = 0;
        if (¬isspace*(p + 2)) panic("Bad_board_position");
        if (board[x][y][z]) panic("Duplicate_board_position");
        if (x < bxmin) bxmin = x;
        if (x > bxmax) bxmax = x;
        if (y < bymin) bymin = y;
        if (y > bymax) bymax = y;
        board[x][y][z] = 1;
    }
    if (bxmin > bxmax) panic("Empty_board");
    fwrite(buf, 1, strlen(buf) - 1, stdout);    /* output all but the newline */

```

This code is used in section 1.

```

3.  ⟨Subroutines 3⟩ ≡
    int decode(c)
        char c;
    {
        if (c ≤ '9') {
            if (c ≥ '0') return c - '0';
        } else if (c ≥ 'a') {
            if (c ≤ 'z') return c + 10 - 'a';
        }
        return -1;
    }

```

See also section 12.

This code is used in section 1.

```

4.  ⟨Global variables 4⟩ ≡
    char buf[buf_size];
    int board[36][36][2];    /* cells present */
    int bxmin, bxmax, bymin, bymax;    /* used portion of the board */

```

See also section 7.

This code is used in section 1.

```

5.  ⟨Read and output the piece names 5⟩ ≡
    if (¬fgets(buf, buf_size, stdin)) panic("No_piece_names");
    printf("_ %s", buf);    /* just pass the piece names through */

```

This code is used in section 1.

6. $\langle \text{Read and output the pieces 6} \rangle \equiv$

```

while (fgets(buf, buf_size, stdin)) {
  if (buf[strlen(buf) - 1] != '\n') panic("Input_line_too_long");
  for (p = buf; isspace(*p); p++) ;
  if (!*p) panic("Empty_line");
  for (q = p + 1; !isspace(*q); q++) ;
  if (q > p + 3) panic("Piece_name_too_long");
  for (q = name; !isspace(*p); p++, q++) *q = *p;
  *q = '\0';
  for (p++; isspace(*p); p++) ;
  s = *p - '0';
  if ((s != 1 & s != 2 & s != 3 & s != 6) || !isspace(*(p + 1))) panic("Bad_s_value");
  for (p += 2; isspace(*p); p++) ;
  t = *p - '0';
  if ((t != 1 & t != 2) || !isspace(*(p + 1))) panic("Bad_t_value");
  n = 0;
  xmin = ymin = 35; xmax = ymax = 0;
  for (p += 2; *p; p += 3, n++) {
    while (isspace(*p)) p++;
    if (!*p) break;
    x = decode(*p);
    if (x < 0) panic("Bad_x_coordinate");
    y = decode(*(p + 1));
    if (y < 0) panic("Bad_y_coordinate");
    if (*(p + 2) == '*') p++, z = 1; else z = 0;
    if (!isspace(*(p + 2))) panic("Bad_board_position");
    if (n == 36 * 36 * 2) panic("Pigeonhole_principle_says_you_repeated_a_position");
    xx[n] = x, yy[n] = y, zz[n] = z;
    if (x < xmin) xmin = x;
    if (x > xmax) xmax = x;
    if (y < ymin) ymin = y;
    if (y > ymax) ymax = y;
  }
  if (n == 0) panic("Empty_piece");
   $\langle \text{Generate the possible piece placements 8} \rangle$ ;
}

```

This code is used in section 1.

7. $\langle \text{Global variables 4} \rangle + \equiv$

```

char name[4]; /* name of current piece */
int s, t; /* symmetry type of current piece */
int xx[36 * 36 * 2], yy[36 * 36 * 2], zz[36 * 36 * 2]; /* coordinates of current piece */
int xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax; /* range of coordinates */

```

8. $\langle \text{Generate the possible piece placements 8} \rangle \equiv$
while (t) {
 for ($k = 1$; $k \leq 6$; $k++$) {
 if ($k \leq s$) $\langle \text{Output translates of the current piece 11} \rangle$;
 $\langle \text{Rotate the current piece 10} \rangle$;
 }
 $\langle \text{Transpose the current piece 9} \rangle$;
 $t--$;
 }

This code is used in section 6.

9. $\langle \text{Transpose the current piece 9} \rangle \equiv$
for ($j = 0$; $j < n$; $j++$) {
 $z = xx[j]$;
 $xx[j] = yy[j]$;
 $yy[j] = z$;
 }
 $z = xmin$; $xmin = ymin$; $ymin = z$;
 $z = xmax$; $xmax = ymax$; $ymax = z$;

This code is used in section 8.

10. $\langle \text{Rotate the current piece 10} \rangle \equiv$
 $xmin = ymin = 1000$; $xmax = ymax = -1000$;
for ($j = 0$; $j < n$; $j++$) {
 $z = xx[j]$;
 $xx[j] = z + yy[j] + zz[j]$;
 $yy[j] = -z$;
 $zz[j] = 1 - zz[j]$;
 if ($xx[j] < xmin$) $xmin = xx[j]$;
 if ($xx[j] > xmax$) $xmax = xx[j]$;
 if ($yy[j] < ymin$) $ymin = yy[j]$;
 if ($yy[j] > ymax$) $ymax = yy[j]$;
 }

This code is used in section 8.

11. $\langle \text{Output translates of the current piece 11} \rangle \equiv$
for ($x = bxmin - xmin$; $x \leq bxmax - xmax$; $x++$)
 for ($y = bymin - ymin$; $y \leq bymax - ymax$; $y++$) {
 for ($j = 0$; $j < n$; $j++$)
 if ($\neg board[x + xx[j]][y + yy[j]][zz[j]]$) **goto** *nope*;
 $printf(name)$;
 for ($j = 0$; $j < n$; $j++$) {
 $printf("\%c\%c", encode(x + xx[j]), encode(y + yy[j]))$;
 if ($zz[j]$) $printf("*")$;
 }
 $printf("\n")$;
 nope: ;
 }

This code is used in section 8.

12. $\langle \text{Subroutines } 3 \rangle + \equiv$

```
char encode(x)  
  int x;  
  {  
    if (x < 10) return '0' + x;  
    return 'a' - 10 + x;  
  }
```

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board: 2, 4, 11.
buf: 2, 4, 5, 6.
buf_size: 1, 2, 4, 5, 6.
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yy: 6, 7, 9, 10, 11.
z: 1.
zz: 6, 7, 10, 11.

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POLYIAMONDS

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