MATH-COMPUTING

January 18, 2024

- 1. **Question(MATH-12.10.5.17):** Let **a** and **b** be two unit vectors and θ is the angle between them. Then $\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}$ is a unit vector.
 - (A) $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$
 - (B) $\theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$
 - (C) $\theta = \frac{\pi}{2}$
 - (D) $\theta = \frac{2\pi}{3}$

solution:

Given,

$$\|\mathbf{a}\| = \|\mathbf{b}\| = 1,\tag{1}$$

$$\|\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}\| = 1 \tag{2}$$

Squaring on both sides of (2), we get

$$\|\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}\|^2 = 1^2 \tag{3}$$

$$\implies \|\mathbf{a}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{b}\|^2 + 2\mathbf{a}^{\mathsf{T}}\mathbf{b} = 1 \tag{4}$$

Substituting (1) in (4), we get

$$\implies 1 + 1 + 2(|\mathbf{a}|| |\mathbf{b}|| \cos \theta) = 1 \tag{5}$$

$$\implies 2 + 2(|\mathbf{a}||||\mathbf{b}||\cos\theta) = 1 \tag{6}$$

$$\implies 2(|\mathbf{a}|||\mathbf{b}||\cos\theta) = -1 \tag{7}$$

$$\implies (|\mathbf{a}|||\mathbf{b}||\cos\theta) = \frac{-1}{2} \tag{8}$$

Substituting (1) in (8), we get

$$\implies \cos \theta = \frac{-1}{2} \tag{9}$$

$$\implies \theta = \frac{2\pi}{3} \tag{10}$$

Let,

$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta_1 \\ \sin \theta_1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{11}$$

$$\mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta_2 \\ \sin \theta_2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{12}$$

Matrix multiplication of **a.b** is:

$$\mathbf{a.b} = \cos(\theta_1 - \theta_2) = \frac{-1}{2} \tag{13}$$

$$\theta_1 - \theta_2 = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{-1}{2}\right) \tag{14}$$

$$\theta_1 - \theta_2 = \frac{2\pi}{3} \tag{15}$$

$$\theta_1 = \theta_2 + \frac{2\pi}{3} \tag{16}$$

(17)

Let, θ_2 be any random value

$$\|\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b}\| = \sqrt{(\cos \theta_1 + \cos \theta_2)^2 + (\sin \theta_1 + \sin \theta_2)^2}$$
 (18)