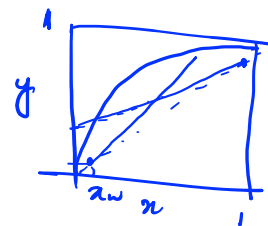


McCabe - Thiele Method Continue..

Recap: For the enriching section, we have:

$$y_{n+1} = \frac{R}{R+1} x_n + \frac{x_D}{R+1} \quad ; \quad (x_D, x_D)$$



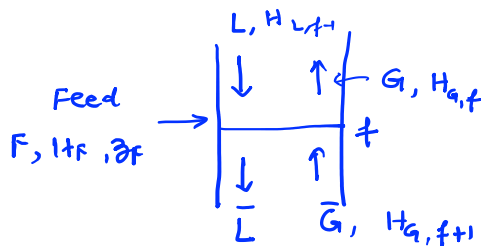
Similarly, for the stripping section, we have:

$$y_{m+1} = \frac{\bar{L}}{\bar{L}-W} x_m - \frac{\bar{W}}{\bar{L}-W} x_w \quad ; \quad (x_w, x_w)$$

Introduction of feed:

Feed: May be a single phase or two phase mixture

$$F : \begin{cases} L_F, z_F, H_{L,F} \\ G_F, y_F, H_{G,F} \end{cases}$$



Mass balance on the figure drawn above: $F + L + \bar{G} = \bar{L} + G \quad \text{---(i)}$

Energy balance: $F H_F + L H_{L,f-1} + \bar{G} H_{G,f+1} = \bar{L} H_{L,f} + G H_{G,f} \quad \text{---(ii)}$

Since the temperature & composition change over a tray can be assumed to be small:

$$\Rightarrow H_{G,f} \approx H_{G,f+1} = H_G$$

$$\approx H_{L,f-1} \approx H_{L,f} = H_L$$

The previous equation can be written as:

$$(\bar{L} - L) H_L = (\bar{G} - G) H_G + F H_F \quad \text{---(3)}$$

$$(1) \& (3) \Rightarrow \frac{\bar{L} - L}{F} = \frac{H_G - H_F}{H_G - H_L} = q \quad (\text{Quantity of the feed})$$

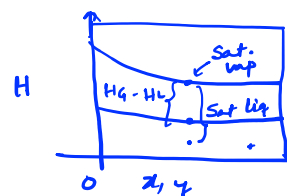
↳ Amount of liquid in the feed.

q - for different feeds:

Case 1: Liquid below bubble point : $q > 1$

Case 2: Saturated liquid : $q = 1$

Case 3: Saturated vapor : $q = 0$



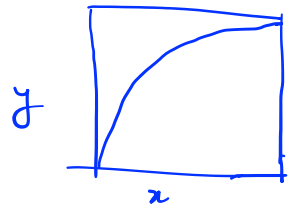
Case 4: Superheated vapor
 $H_F > H_G \Rightarrow q < 0$

Case 5: Mixture of vapor & liquid
 $H_L < H_F < H_G \Rightarrow 0 < q < 1$

Feed line: From the previous discussion, we know

$$\frac{\bar{L}-L}{F} = q \Rightarrow (\bar{L}-L) = qF$$

Similarly: $(\bar{G}-G) = F(q-1)$



From mass / species balance on enriching & stripping section, we have

$$\begin{aligned} yG &= Lx + D x_D & \text{---(i)} \\ y\bar{G} &= \bar{L}x - W x_W & \text{---(ii)} \end{aligned}$$

[x, y are the point of intersection of the two operating lines]

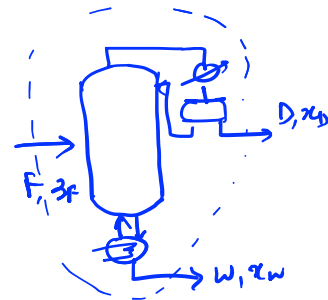


Subtract the above equations:

$$(ii) - (i) \Rightarrow y(\bar{G}-G) = x(\bar{L}-L) - (W x_W + D x_D)$$

From overall species balance:

$$F z_F = D x_D + W x_W$$



$$\Rightarrow x(\bar{L}-L) - F z_F = y(\bar{G}-G)$$

$$\Rightarrow y(q-1)F = xqF - F z_F$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{y = \frac{q}{q-1} x - \frac{z_F}{q-1}}$$

$$x = z_F \Rightarrow y = z_F$$

← Feed line: Equation of straight line of slope $\frac{q}{q-1}$ ← passing from $x = y = z_F$

Feed line for different types of feed: (See Table 9.1 of RE Treybal)

(i) Liquid below bubble point: $q > 1 \Rightarrow \frac{q}{q-1} > 1$ [line MR]

(ii) Saturated liquid: $q = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{q}{q-1} \rightarrow \infty$ [line MP]

(iii) Saturated vapor: $q = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{q}{q-1} = 0$ [line MN]

(iv) Superheated vapor: $q < 0 \Rightarrow 0 < \frac{q}{q-1} < 1$ [line MT]

(v) Mixture of liquid & vapor: $1 > q > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{q}{q-1} = \frac{L_f}{L_f - F}$ [line Md]

